"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Rain or snow to-day; fair, much colder to-morrow; brisk to high southwest to northwest winds.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,327. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1910.—SIXTEEN PAGES. and Section Devoted to Review of Books. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

COLUMBIA IN A NEW HOSPITAL ALLIANCE

Will Control Appointments in Medical Staff of the Presbyterian.

NEW HOSPITAL TO BE BUILT

$1,300,000 and Surgical Pavilion Given by E. S. Harkness and an Anonymous Donor.

Within a short time a new hospital is to be built in this city and equipped with every appliance that money and the latest discoveries of science can provide. Its purpose is to widen instruction of the students of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, which is the medical branch of Columbia University.

The new institution will be the property of the Presbyterian Hospital, but through an alliance which has just been perfected the Presbyterian Hospital, so far as the appointment of its medical staff is concerned, is to become the property of Columbia University.

A large sum of money from two donors, one of whom is known, made possible the coalition of the university and the hospital, after each side had been seeking such an alliance for a considerable length of time.

At a moment when all was arranged but the financial end, Edward S. Harkness, a member of the Yale class of 1897, and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Central Council of Charities Organizations, entered the negotiations. The hospital authorities had expressed their willingness to form an alliance with the university provided the latter would pay for all research work, as this work would be undertaken primarily for the benefit of students. The university was equally willing to make the alliance provided it could raise the money.

$1,300,000 for Immediate Use.

Mr. Harkness announced that on his own behalf and that of an anonymous donor $1,300,000 would be at the immediate disposal of the university for use in the hospital's maintenance. He also found that the hospital could use to advantage a special surgical pavilion, and donated sufficient money to erect it. The exact amount of this fund was not made public, but the hospital authorities said it would be in the neighborhood of $300,000.

The announcement concerning the plan was made yesterday afternoon by Robert W. De Forest, Vice President of the hospital, and Chairman of its Building Committee.

"It has long been a source of regret," Mr. De Forest said, "that the hospitals and the medical schools were not together. On the one hand the patients could have the practical advantages of treatment from the great specialists who are university professors, and on the other hand the university students could come into close contact with hospital service in all its departments.

"The great fame of Johns Hopkins rests, I believe, very largely upon the administrative power of its medical faculty over the hospital. It makes for the rapid adoption of the best methods as quickly as they are perfected.

"In this State the Cornell Medical School, for instance, has worked apart from any hospital, and its graduates have gone into whatever hospital was open to them after leaving their instructors.

"Bellevue has received internes from many schools, but no hospital has worked closely with any university where the professors who taught in the class rooms could also dominate the hospital where the interne must work after leaving the direct class room influence."

Will Occupy Entire Block.

The new hospital buildings will occupy the entire block between Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Streets and Avenue A and the East River. The site adjoins the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research and is not far from Flower Hospital.

Mr. De Forest said that the new hospital will be one in which every one can take pride. The present plant at Seventieth Street and Madison Avenue has been in use since 1872 and the desire to build a new hospital dates back to Oct. 13, 1908, when a bequest of $1,000,000 was made by the President, John S. Kennedy, to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of his marriage.

He stipulated that the money should be spent for a new administration building and it was found that there was no room for such a building on the premises. Dr. Andrew J. McCosh, President of the Medical Board, suggested a new site and a new plant. While negotiating for the purchase of the site it is now proposed to utilize, Dr. McCosh was fatally injured in an accident on the streets, and died in the hospital. Mr. Kennedy, who took up the negotiations, died before completing them, but when his will was opened in November, 1909, it was found that he had left the hospital $2,500,000 to make the purchase and carry on the rebuilding operations.

"When I became Chairman of the Building Committee after Mr. Kennedy's death," said Mr. De Forest, "it seemed that an opportune time to ally the hospital with some good medical school was just prior to the erection of a new plant.

"The action was unanimously approved at the December meeting of the Board of Managers of the hospital, and by the Committee on Education of Columbia University on Dec. 17, the committee's approval being accompanied by a recommendation to the Trustees that the alliance be perfected.

"The time when the agreement is to go into effect has not been precisely determined. It will not doubt apply at once to all nominations for vacancies on the hospital staff, but those members of the staff who have no present connection with Columbia University may rest assured that no change will be made without ample notice and due consideration to them.

"The fundamental principle of the alliance, calling upon the university to meet the expenses of scientific investigation, means that both institutions will become more important factors in the cause of preventive medicines, and that the hospital will be relieved of the increasing expense incident to the modern development of medicine and surgery, such as its pathological, bacteriological, and X-ray departments."

Doctors Express Enthusiasm.

Physicians who were willing to discuss the new move in medical education were enthusiastic in their estimate of its possibilities to raise prevailing standards.

Dr. W. Gilman Thompson of the College of Physicians and Surgeons said the move was in harmony with a worldwide tendency that found its first expression in America in the case of Johns Hopkins, and was

Continued on Page 2.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages.
With increasing knowledge of the danger to health through carelessly prepared food, consumers grow more fastidious. DEERFOOT means purity, daintiness, cleanliness.—Adv.

COURT REBUKES JUDGE.

Justice Seabury Declares Trial of Heinemann Was Unfair.

Supreme Court Justice Seabury granted yesterday to William Heinemann, convicted of manslaughter in the first degree for shooting Robert Dolley last New Year's night, a certificate of reasonable doubt. In granting the certificate Justice Seabury said that Judge Swann of General Sessions, before whom Heinemann was tried and who gave him a heavy sentence, had not allowed him a fair trial. Said Justice Seabury:

"It was especially important that the trial Judge should have refrained from indicating to the jury his own opinion of the defendant's guilt, and from comment calculated to prejudice the rights of the defendant. An examination of the record shows that the defendant did not have a fair trial, and that grave errors were committed by the trial Judge. The attitude of the trial Judge in examining and cross-examining witnesses, his frequent remarks, elaborate discussions, and charge to the jury tended to prejudice the jury against the defendant."

One of the disputes in which Judge Swann engaged with ex-Judge Olcott, Heinemann's counsel, called forth this comment from Justice Seabury:

"The effect of this statement was to impress on all who heard it that in the opinion of the court, if the statement of the defendant's own counsel was correct, the defendant was guilty of murder. It seems to me that the statement of the court after the defendant's counsel had summed up was prejudicial to the defendant. The court's statement was incorrect as a matter of law, and was volunteered at a time and in a manner hurtful to the defendant. If the court desired to discuss the questions raised by the defendant's motion, the proper time to do so was while the motion was still undetermined."

Other parts of Judge Swann's charge to the jury were discussed and criticised by Justice Seabury in his decision. The principal ground of criticism was that Judge Swann had usurped the functions of the jury in passing upon the questions of fact where there was difference in the testimony.

WHEEL THROUGH CAR FLOOR.

Hurls a Woman Passenger from Her Seat and Breaks Her Leg.

There was a panic among the passengers on a crowded Long Island Railroad train just as it passed Forest Hills yesterday morning, in consequence of an odd accident, which threw Mrs. Frances P. Patterson of Central Islip, L. I., a widow, 70 years old, nearly half the length of the car. She struck an iron support, fracturing her left ankle.

A section of a broken wheel crashed through the floor of the rapidly moving train directly under the seat where Mrs. Patterson was sitting. She was thrown as though from a catapult over the seats, and landed against an iron support. The fifty other passengers were thrown into panic and most of them fled into other cars.

Some one, however, had presence of mind enough to pull the emergency cord, and the train was brought to a standstill near the station at Winfield. There the last two cars were taken off and the injured woman was placed in the first car. The train was then rushed to New York, where an ambulance from the New York Hospital, which had been summoned by telephone, was waiting at the Pennsylvania Station.

The broken section of the wheel, a jagged piece of steel and fully one-third of the wheel, not only ripped a large hole through the floor, but tore up several of the seats, struck the roof and badly wrecked the whole rear section of the car. According to some of the passengers, the emergency rope stuck, and it was only when the combined effort and weight of several men were applied on the cord that the valve opened and brought the train to a stop.

It was said at the New York Hospital last night that Mrs. Patterson was able to return to her home late yesterday afternoon.

HOLIDAY RUSH TIES UP TRAINS

Some on New York Central Delayed Nearly an Hour—Not Enough Cars.

An unusual rush of homeward bound New Englanders swept down on Grand Central station last night and gave the New York Central and New Haven officials all the work they wanted to handle the crowd safely and expeditiously.

Preparations had been made for a big exodus over the Christmas holidays but the numbers that turned up exceeded expectations and several extra sections had to be added to the regular train schedule. As a result some of the trains were as much as forty-five minutes late by the time they reached 125th Street and there was grumbling among commuters over the prospect of cold dinners. In the main, however, the crowd was good natured and took the delays cheerfully.

No accidents marred the service and the Station Master and his assistants expressed themselves as highly pleased at the way the traffic was handled. Much less trouble had been experienced, they said, than in preceding years. What delay did occur was caused by the difficulty in getting enough cars out of the yards and alongside the loading platforms and by the congestion of trains in the tunnel.

HALL SILENT ON CABLE DEAL.

Western Union Official Just from London Won't Discuss Control of Anglo.

Edward J. Hall, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Western Union, was a passenger on the Cunard liner Lusitania, which arrived yesterday. Mr. Hall would not talk about the acquisition of control of the Anglo-American Cable Company by the Western Union, reported from London just previous to his sailing for America. He was asked, also, regarding the status of negotiations for half rates on deferred cable messages, which was one of the matters involved in his recent mission to Europe.

"You cannot expect me to discuss the business of the company," he said. "For any statement you must go and see Mr. Vail, the President of the Western Union."

The Secretary of the British Post Office was quoted in cable dispatches to THE TIMES yesterday as saying that negotiations upon this matter were still pending, and admitting that the Western Union was in favor of the plan, which he said was a great factor counting toward its ultimate adoption. He expressed himself as very hopeful of a successful ending to the negotiations, especially in view of the fact that the Anglo-American Cable Company's future management has been intrusted to the Western Union, thus insuring the Anglo's support of the scheme.

LEATHER PRESENTS.
Articles of all kinds for travel and home use in cleverly chosen variety for holiday gifts are being sold to the general public on same conditions as heretofore to their regular customers only, namely, ¼ to ½ less than same goods elsewhere in the [illegible]. Innovation, 322 5th Ave.—Adv.

STRIKE OF ENGINEERS IS HELD OFF A DAY

Managers of Western Roads Agree to Another Conference with Brotherhood Chiefs.

CALL MAY COME TO-MORROW

Chicago Terminals Would Be Tied Up in Four Hours and Roads in Twelve, Say Labor Heads.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—The threatened strike of locomotive engineers of Western railroads is planned to take place by Christmas Day unless the railroad managers grant the demands of the Brotherhood. The tension was so great to-night that it seemed likely the call would be sent out before morning, tying up all Chicago terminals of roads running west and north.

It is asserted by the brotherhood officials that they can stop all traffic in or out of Chicago in the brief space of four hours, and that in twelve hours not a wheel will be turning on any road in the West. Such a result could be brought about only by telegraphing to the various local unions. The Strike Committee, now here conferring with the managers, could reach their homes and communicate the decision inside of three or four days. Which course will be pursued is open to conjecture, but Warren S. Stone, Chief of the Brotherhood, insists that the final decision of the managers must be made known to-morrow. If a strike is ordered it will involve about 33,700 engineers.

Late to-night all parties concerned had given up hope of a settlement, but at the last moment the managers agreed to hold one more conference, and this relieved the tension momentarily. Strike talk was strong and emphatic at the conferences. Labor Commissioner Charles P. Neill will cease his efforts to bring peace between the engineers and managers, with the close of the conference to-morrow, and unless concessions are made the strike will probably be called before Monday morning.

"The situation is serious," said Chief Stone to-night before entering the conference with Commissioner Neill. "I have not as much hope of a settlement now as a few days ago. We will not budge an inch from our stand, and the managers have not offered a single concession. It looks like a strike."

While Mr. Neill would not discuss the situation at length, he admitted that a crisis had been reached, and that it would be known to-morrow whether the ultimatum is peace or war.

The engineers conferred with the Commissioner during the afternoon. The meeting was short and decisive. The efforts of the mediator to obtain slight concessions from both sides failed. Following this meeting matters stood in the same condition as before. A final call was given the engineers to-night to attend one more meeting.

Commissioner Neill will leave to-morrow, and announced to-night that the negotiations would be terminated one way or the other before his departure. His attitude was not hopeful. It is said by some, however, that both sides are bluffing to the last minute and that when a break is imminent both will recede. According to the statements of the leaders of both sides, however, each has conceded as much as possible.

Just when the strike will be called, should such a step be taken, is not known. If it is decided by the Engineers' Advisory Board to call the men out one road at a time, a walkout in the Chicago terminals of the roads affected might occur within a few hours after the decision is made. If it is adjudged best by the leaders that the men be called out on all of the roads simultaneously, it will take longer.

Commissioner Neill has been indefatigable in his efforts to bring the two sides together. To-night, after a most strenuous day in conference, he prepared a compromise agreement embodying his personal suggestions of an equable settlement. It was this compromise suggestion that led the managers to agree to one more conference. Three issues will come before the conferrees.

First—Accept or reject the compromise agreement.

Second—Submit the points in dispute to arbitration under the Erdman act.

Third—Strike.

It is generally conceded that arbitration is not among the possibilities, and both sides are convinced that if the Neill compromise is rejected a strike will follow.

STATE TO IGNORE LAUNCHING.

Time Too Short to Provide Funds to Send Arkansas Officials East.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Gov. Donaghey telegraphed to the Navy Department to-day that the State officials would be unable to participate in the ceremonies when the battleship Arkansas is launched in the New York Shipbuilding Company's yard in Camden, N. J., on Jan. 14. The time is too short, he says, and as the Legislature did not anticipate that the ship would be ready so soon no money was provided for the part which the State should take in the ceremony.

The managers of the New York Shipbuilding Company and the Navy Department therefore will select some Arkansas girl to act as sponsor, the ceremonies in which the Governor and his staff are to take part being postponed to some time in the future. This plan meets the approval of the Arkansas authorities.

The keel of the ship was laid Jan. 15 last, so that the construction has been very rapid.

Special to The New York Times.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 23.—When Gov. Donaghey to-day learned that the new battleship Arkansas was to be launched Jan. 14 he expressed surprise and stated that owing to the fact that the State Legislature does not convene until Jan. 9 he feared he will be unable to attend the ceremony.

He to-night began the task of selecting a sponsor to name the ship, and although his decision probably will not be made for a few days he intimated that the honor would fall to one of the daughters of Senator James P. Clarke.

The Governor said he would recommend to the Legislature that an appropriation be made for a handsome silver service to be presented to the new battleship when she is put in commission. He also will urge contributions by citizens to the fund. With reference to his non-attendance at the launching Gov. Donaghey said:

"I had not expected the Arkansas to be launched for several months, and news that the ceremony was to take place Jan. 14 comes quite unexpectedly. I will give the matter my attention at once. On account of the meeting of the Legislature I fear that I will not be able to be present."

No Xmas table should be without ANGOSTURA BITTERS, the appetizer of exquisite flavor—delicious on grapefruit—refuse substitutes.—Adv.

JAMES LANE ALLEN ON "CHRISTMAS."
The noted novelist talks interestingly on the great festival in
TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

633 INDICTED FOR ELECTION BRIBERIES

Grand Jury of Adams County, Ohio, Uncovers Startling Political Corruption.

A JUDGE'S STERN REBUKE

Says Practice of Buying and Selling Votes Has Continued 35 Years—1,000 Indictments Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST UNION, Ohio, Dec. 23.—The special Grand Jury sitting in Adams County has brought 633 indictments against men of the cities of Manchester and Peebles for either selling their votes in the recent election or buying votes for the different candidates.

Of these 633, more than 400 have already come into court, pleaded their cases, and have either been fined or released under bond until their trials come up. The Grand Jury had returned 533 indictments up to noon to-day, and this afternoon another batch of 100 were returned. Common Pleas Judge A. Z. Blair says that it has been known in Adams County for many years that the man who gave the most money would be elected. In fact, it is estimated by the politicians of this city that more than $30,000 was used by the two parties in the November election. However, this is the money only that they know of, and they admit that $40,000 might have been used altogether in the county in the last Gubernatorial election. The price of votes ranged from $10 to $20.

All of the men who pleaded guilty today were sentenced to pay a fine of $25 each, serve six months in jail, and to lose their voting privilege for the next five years. Those who will contest their cases were released under bonds. The court officials say that they expect fully 1,000 indictments from the Grand Jury before the cases are finished and that they are positive of this number because they have just included the two cities of Manchester and Peebles in their investigation so far.

Adams County is one of the largest farming districts of Ohio, and has but four towns of any size. For many years it has been the practice, it is said, for the men to sell their votes to the highest bidder, regardless of party. In fact, in the last thirty-five years the voters of this county have ceased to look at the party issues, and have been selling their votes. In Adams County, according to Judge Blair's statement to this jury, there have been 2,000 votes purchased in every election. This is about one-third the voting strength of Adams County. He stated that this practice has grown so common that there is hardly a man to-day who is not identified with it in one way or another. Harding, a Republican, carried Adams County at the last election by fifty votes.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 23.—George Williams testified before Magistrates Matson and Hannan to-day that he had been bribed in the recent election. He said that a man talked with him before he entered the booth, and later paid him $1 for voting his way.

The defeated Democratic candidates say they will be seated by the General Assembly when they take the testimony collected to Columbus. Prosecutor Hunt said to-day that all the Grand Juries in Hamilton County are controlled by the Cox organization.

BONILLA GONE WITH HORNET.

Lee Christmas Also Missing—Honduran Minister Will Make Complaint.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—Coincident with the departure late yesterday of the steamer Hornet, Gen. Manuel Bonilla, ex-President of Honduras; Gen. Lee Christmas, soldier of fortune, and one of the leaders of the alleged revolutionary expedition against President Davila of Honduras, and several Americans who have seen service in Central American wars disappeared from this city.

That the Hornet took on arms and ammunition after sailing from this port and that she is planning an attack upon one of the gulf ports of Honduras will be reported to the State Department by the Honduran Minister, with the request that this country intercept the alleged filibuster.

Yesterday, for unexplained reasons, the long distance telephone between this city and Port Eads, at the mouth of the Mississippi River, ceased working about the time the Hornet sailed.

WOMAN DIES AT HER LODGE.

Herald of "The Eastern Stars" Expires of Heart Disease.

Mrs. Louisa P. Mink of 3,066 Hull Avenue, the Bronx, the Herald of "The Eastern Stars," Order of Amaranth, went to the annual election of officers in the Horton Building, at 115 East 125th Street, last night, determined to refuse a re-election if it were offered to her, because of heart trouble with which she had suffered for a year. The election was in progress when Mrs. Mink sank suddenly senseless to the floor.

Her husband was present and ran to her. Other women tried to revive her, and Dr. J. W. Harrin of 10 West 127th Street examined her. When he arose the physician said that Mrs. Mink had died of heart disease.

SHEEHAN PLEASES MACK.

Democratic National Chairman Believes Him Well Qualified for Senator.

BUFFALO, Dec. 23.—Norman E. Mack, Democratic National Chairman, returned here to-day after a ten days' absence. Referring to the candidacy of William F. Sheehan for the United States Senate Mr. Mack said:

"While I am not advancing the claims of any individual, I am naturally pleased with the very handsome tribute paid a former Buffalonian by so many of our leading citizens. I think Mr. Sheehan well qualified for United States Senator."

SEATTLE FOR RECALL VOTE.

Citizens Favor Election to Decide Question of Mayor's Recall.

SEATTLE, Dec. 23.—The petition for the recall of Mayor Hiram C. Gill was found last night to contain more than enough names to insure the holding of a recall election.

The number of signatures is 11,443, of which 702 are those of women voters.

Over Three Hours Quickest Thru Sleeping Car Service to Florida East Coast Resorts on Seaboard Air Line 1:38 P. M. train from New Penna. Station. Inq. 1183 B'dway, cor. 28th St.—Adv.

FRANK GOULD CALLS PARIS HIS HOME

Appeals Successfully to Loeb to Bring His Baggage in Free As a Non-Resident.

NEW WIFE ACCOMPANIES HIM

But While He Intends to Live Abroad, Mr. Gould Says He Still Considers Himself an American.

Frank J. Gould declared to the customs officials on his arrival yesterday with his wife on the Cunard liner Lusitania that he was no longer a resident of the country, having decided to make Paris his home in the future. Mr. Gould made this statement to avoid paying duty on the contents of seventeen trunks which he and Mrs. Gould brought with them. Mr. Gould appealed by telephone to Collector Loeb, who passed the trunks, and had Mr. Gould and his wife officially listed as no longer residents of New York.

In the declaration which Mr. Gould made on the voyage for himself and his wife, formerly Miss Edith Kelly, an actress, he gave no value for their foreign purchases, simply saying that they were non-residents. When the Deputy Collector in the boarding division went over the declarations he saw that Mr. Gould declared he was no longer a resident of this country, and started an investigation. The Deputy Surveyor asked Mr. Gould to put a value upon his effects. He said it was not necessary, as he lived permanently abroad and was immune as a non-resident from duty charges.

"But, Mr. Gould," said the Deputy Collector, "you were here last September. You also, I believe, own a residence in Fifth Avenue."

Mr. Gould admitted that all this was true, but said he had declared he no longer lived in this country, and pointed out that upon his arrival in September he had come in as a non-resident.

It was pointed out to him that he could not obtain immunity as a foreign visitor, and he was asked to give values, so that the appraisal of the contents of the many trunks could begin and the duty be collected. Mr. Gould was sure that he need not pay duty in this country, and the customs men were equally sure he had no immunity under the law. Mr. Gould is said to have produced as proof of the fact that he no longer lived here a lease for nine years of an apartment in Paris.

Mr. Gould finally said that he was willing to have the trunks of himself and wife examined and pay the duty. He added that such duty would be collected under protest. In the end it was agreed to entertain his protest at once, and Mr. Gould walked to the end of the pier and called up Mr. Loeb.

The Collector, after listening to the case and learning of the proof offered by Mr. Gould, decided that he was in the true sense an American living abroad and visiting this country only for a few weeks, and as such entitled to entry as a non-resident. The Collector so instructed the officials on the pier, and Mr. Gould was allowed to depart after paying less than $5 on some small trinkets they brought in as presents.

Mr. Gould said that he and his wife were here simply to spend the holidays and get some Christmas turkey. To reporters he denied he had given up his country. "I am an American," he said. "I was born here and I expect to be a citizen of this country all my life."

Asked about their reported marriage in Scotland Mr. and Mrs. Gould smiled. They would not say whether they had been married in Scotland or Paris. Several other places were mentioned by reporters where such a ceremony could have been performed.

"Ask Frank," was Mrs. Gould's smiling reply. The advice was followed but no information was obtained.

Mrs. Gould is accompanied by her sister, Miss Hattie Kelly. The latter, her sister said, wants to go on the stage but she will not let her do so. Mrs. Gould denied the report that her husband had purchased for her the Gaiety Theatre in London.

Mr. and Mrs. Gould have been constant in attendance at the French races. They will return to France in two weeks.

FIGHT ON DIVORCE LAW.

Nevada Gamblers for Repealing It if Gambling Is Not Licensed.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Dec. 23.—"Gambling must be licensed and open or divorces must cease" is the demand of the gambling interests of this State. It is now well known that they intend to fight for the repeal of the anti-gambling law passed by the last Legislature, or else have it so amended that it will be useless. Otherwise they threaten to have the divorce laws repealed, and so put an end to the divorce business of Reno and in other cities of the State. On their behalf it is contended that the divorce evil in the State is greater than the gambling evil.

Business men and lawyers are opposing any change in the divorce law, and will make every effort to preserve the law as it stands.

LIEUTENANCY FOR PASTOR.

The Rev. H. E. Martin the Only Clergyman Holding a Militia Commission.

ALBANY, Dec. 23.—Gov. White has approved a commission to the Rev. Herbert E. Martin as Second Lieutenant of Company I, Second Infantry, stationed at Whitehall.

He is the only clergyman holding a commission as a line officer in the State National Guard.

AUSTRIA JOINS PROTEST.

With Germany, Objects to Expulsion of Her Missionaries by Portugal.

BERLIN, Dec. 23.—Austria-Hungary has joined with Germany in a protest to Portugal against the announced expulsion of Austrian and German missionaries from Portuguese colonies.

According to the announcement the missionaries were to be expelled on Jan. 1.

Mr. L. H. Van Cleft announces that one of the attractions for New Year's Eve at the Cadillac Restaurants, Times Sq., will be the automobile room.—Adv.

$10 A MINUTE FOR LAWYER.

Attorney Gets Damages for Being Locked In an Office.

Ten dollars a minute is the value a Supreme Court jury attached yesterday to the time of Lawyer Samuel C. Herriman, who sued the owners of the Brunswick Building, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street, for damages for false imprisonment, he being locked in a room ten minutes by a janitor.

Herriman was locked in with a client whom he had advised to move without complying with demands of the owners of the building, who sought to prevent the tenant's leaving.

VIEWS HARBOR FROM BIPLANE

Hoxsey Flies Over Los Angeles at Altitude of 3,300 Feet.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 23.—Arch Hoxsey made an inspection to-day from his Wright biplane at 3,300 feet altitude of the inner and outer harbors of Los Angeles. He appeared a mere speck in the sky to those below.

Hoxsey reported afterward that he was able to see the ships and decks distinctly from that distance, and could have drawn accurate war maps of the entire territory if his hands had been free. He was in the air twenty-eight minutes, and made an average speed of more than forty miles an hour.

COASTING KILLS WOMAN.

Hurled Against Telegraph Pole When Sled Collides with Curb.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Dec. 23.—Mrs. Louis Patterson died to-day from injuries she received when a sled on which she and her husband were coasting in McKeesport dashed from its path and struck the curb.

Mrs. Patterson was violently thrown against a telegraph pole and sustained a fractured skull and other injuries. Her husband was also seriously hurt, but may recover.

The Pattersons are among the best known people in McKeesport.

GERMANS ACCUSE US.

Reports of Unquiet in Cuba Excite Charge of American Land Hunger.

BERLIN, Dec. 23.—The political situation in Cuba is discussed in this evening's Post, which says:

"The object behind the biased and highly colored dispatches regarding Cuba is quite clear. The Americans' land hunger is not satisfied with the present dependent position of Cuba, and they are striving for its complete annexation by the United States as soon as possible."

CHINESE KILL MISSIONARY.

Father Merigot Murdered at Yungpeh—An Inquiry on Foot.

HONGKONG, Dec. 23.—Father Merigot, who had been a French missionary in China since 1903, was murdered Thursday by natives at Yungpeh, in the Province of Yunnan.

An investigation into the cause of the murder is proceeding. The district about Yungpeh usually is quiet.

PARDON MORSE, TOWN URGES

Telegraphs Taft Suggesting Christmas as Good Time for Clemency to Banker.

BATH, Me., Dec. 23.—A telegram to President Taft asking for the pardon of Charles W. Morse, who is serving a sentence in the Federal Prison at Atlanta, is signed by Mayor John S. Hyde and six ex-Mayors, two members-elect of the Maine Legislature, and two ex-State Senators. The dispatch was sent to Washington this afternoon. It reads:

> All the citizens of this, his home city, are praying for the pardon of C. W. Morse. Good news at this present season would cause great rejoicing.

Voluminous petitions in behalf of the convicted banker are already under consideration at the Department of Justice.

KILL BUTT'S FINE DOGS.

Stray Dog's Visit to Hunting Kennels, Causes Outbreak of Rabies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—An outbreak of rabies in the pack of hunting dogs kept by Capt. Archie Butt, President Taft's military aid, has made it necessary to kill eight of them. Capt. Butt keeps his pack on the country estate of Clarence Moore.

The other day a strange dog jumped the fence and got in the kennels with the Captain's pointers and Moore's setters. When the stray was killed it was found that nearly every dog had been bitten. In a few days signs of rabies appeared, so that it was deemed wise to kill the dogs at once.

Among those doomed was Diana, an exceptionally beautiful and intelligent hunting dog, for which her master paid a big price.

THROWS BABY FROM WINDOW.

Tied in Pillows, It Is Not Hurt at Fire—Then Mother Is Rescued.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Hemmed in by fire in an upper story, Mrs. E. J. Cox to-day tied her year-old baby between two pillows and threw the infant out of a window.

The bundle was safely caught by a neighbor, who then climbed a porch and assisted Mrs. Cox across a slippery roof and down to the street. The woman's home was destroyed.

SUES FOR INHERITANCE TAX.

Wisconsin Will Try to Collect from Estates of Non-Residents.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 23.—A. C. Titus, First Assistant Attorney General, expects to file suit here to determine whether the State has a right to tax the estate of a non-resident decedent who owned stock in a Wisconsin corporation.

The suit is the outcome of unsuccessful negotiations by the department with representatives of the estate of Westly Hunt Tilford of New York. It is alleged Tilford owned Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul stock to the extent of $2,000,000, on which the tax is $60,000.

Another estate similar to the Tilford is that of J. Stewart Kennedy, who died in New York leaving $23,000,000 in Northern Pacific stock, on which the tax will aggregate $1,500,000. It is believed that the administrators of the Stewart estate, together with others involved, will join with the Tilford administrators in fighting the test case.

To aid the State, Secretary of State Frear, when the Legislature convenes, will recommend that two special attorneys be added to the Attorney General's force, whose work will be confined exclusively to inheritance tax work. It is asserted that the amount of taxes they can obtain for the State in excess of the amount now received will more than pay the entire expenses of the legal department.

New drink for Christmas dinners, Dole's [illegible] Hawaiian Pineapple Juice. Serve cold.—[illegible]—Adv.

DIX DENIES HE ASKED FOR A MURPHY O. K.

Quickly Answers a Report That Applicants for Office Were Sent to Tammany.

NO FOUNDATION FOR IT

Governor-Elect Busy on His Message, Which Will Be Compact—Says Senate Leadership Will Come Out Right.

Although Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy has more than once intimated that he would leave Gov.-elect John A. Dix free and untrammeled in his choice of men who are to serve in appointive places under his administration, it was asserted yesterday on what appeared to be excellent authority—a particular case being cited in proof of the statement—that the Governor-elect, on his recent visit to this city, had referred New York City applicants for places to Mr. Murphy for his indorsement.

The instance quoted was one in which a man who called on the Governor-elect to seek an office requiring professional skill of the highest quality was said to have been referred to the Tammany leader and given to understand that the O. K. of Mr. Murphy would help him to land the place he was looking for. It was a place involving an appointment which, in the interest of effective public service, according to the views of men familiar with the requirements, should have been made without the slightest regard to the approval or disapproval of any political leader in order to insure the absolute freedom from obligation to anybody in politics on the part of the appointee. The place had to do with the public health and sanitation.

When a TIMES correspondent in Albany however repeated this rumor to Mr. Dix yesterday, the Governor-elect gave to it an unequivocal denial.

"Governor," said the correspondent, "a story comes from New York that you have told applicants for office in New York county that they must get the indorsement of Mr. Murphy as leader of the party there. What is the truth?"

"There is absolutely no foundation whatever for the statement," answered Mr. Dix.

Prior to the arrival of Gov.-elect Dix in this city for his recent dinner engagements and conferences with applicants for office, a Democrat prominently identified with the Democratic machine in city and State told a TIMES reporter that the distribution of patronage under the Dix administration would be undertaken in the good old-fashioned way—that is, while appointments in all instances would be subject to fitness, the O. K. of the recognized leader in the county where the applicant lives, as well as of the representative in the State Committee of the Senate district where he was domiciled, would be essential.

When Mr. Dix came to town for his week of dinner engagements and conferences with office seekers, his first official action went a long way toward setting at naught the predictions made with such assurance. His first appointment—that of Adjutant General—went to William Verbeck, a Republican appointed by Gov. Hughes, who holds the office now. The Governor-elect explained then that he thought the National Guard should be kept out of politics.

His explanation was not received kindly in Tammany Hall by the bunch of small fry leaders who are in politics for what patronage and pelf the game brings them. Many of them talked to Leader Murphy about it, and Tammany Leader Murphy saw the Governor-elect. The fury in Tammany Hall over this display of independence on the part of the Governor-elect has since been voiced by a number of the leaders in conversation with their friends.

Mr. Dix's apparent acquiescence in the Murphy programme to make Thomas F. Grady President pro tem of the Senate and to send William F. Sheehan to the United States Senate has since caused misgivings in the minds of many Democrats who were identified with the activities essential to bring into the recent State campaign a reawakened and reunited Democratic Party, through which alone victory was made possible.

They believe that it would bode ill for the future if Tammany Leader Murphy, instead of Gov.-elect Dix, should be the real leader of the Democratic Party in this State, and they regard the sway of Mr. Murphy over the State organization as absolute at present. The open announcement made by Mr. Sheehan that he is a candidate for the Senatorship to succeed Chauncey M. Depew, and the letter urging Mr. Sheehan to become a candidate from Buffalo Democrats, many of whom are too closely allied with the machine to defy the wishes of Mr. Murphy, has thoroughly convinced the politicians that Mr. Murphy has put his O. K. on the Sheehan boom and will use the former Lieutenant Governor as a means of crushing the aspirations of Edward M. Shepard as punishing him for the independence of bosses he has shown.

Mr. Sheehan was at his office yesterday, but would have nothing to say to reporters who called there. It is the general belief that the appeal from Buffalo was framed and timed to pave the way for him to announce his candidacy at a time when he chose to make it. Mr. Sheehan is a shrewd politician, and the announcement has convinced the politicians that he feels certain of his ground, and that, besides Murphy's O. K., he believes he has the necessary number of votes in the next Legislature to elect him.

Mr. Murphy was not at the new Tammany headquarters in the Century Building yesterday. When last interviewed on the Senatorship the Tammany leader declared that he had no candidate, and it was "for the Legislature to decide" who should succeed Senator Depew.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 23.—Gov.-elect John A. Dix has denied himself to callers to-day, and will refuse to make any engagements until he has finished his annual message. He worked steadily on it up to 6:30 o'clock this evening, when he went for a two hours' walk.

"Will your message make 5,000 words?" THE TIMES correspondent asked him.

"I hope not," replied Mr. Dix. "I am trying to make it as compact as possible."

Mr. Dix has received a great amount of data from State departments. One of the greatest questions he will have to handle is the fact that the State budget, as prepared by Controller Williams on estimates furnished by State departments, provides needs for a total revenue of $50,600,000. It is believed that Mr. Dix will recommend the utmost economy in appropriations.

After dinner this evening Mr. Dix was asked: "Was the voice of The Argus the voice of Dix, expressed through a friend, when it said that Tom Grady was not to be the President pro tem. of the Senate?"

The Governor-elect replied:

"I did not reach home until last evening, and had no conversation with any one on the subject after my return. I have taken no part further than that of any citizen who wants good government. What we all want is the best. The matter is one purely for the Senate to settle, and it is going to work out to the satisfaction of the people."

Mr. Dix expressed the belief that the Senate leadership would be amicably settled before the caucus.

The fact that the Governor-elect denied himself to callers to-day led to the circulation of a story that he was ill. The contrary is the fact. He was a little fatigued to-night from his close application to his message, but his health was never better.

AN ACCEPTABLE CHRISTMAS PRESENT
Case of Selected Wines, $4.00, $5.00, $6.75. H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N.Y.—Adv.

SMITH BROKE FAITH, WILSON DECLARES

Promised Not to Run for Jersey Senator if the Doctor Would Try for Governor.

FOR THE INTERESTS, HE SAYS

Governor-Elect Sees No Political Difference Between Smith and Kean—Assemblyman Mylod Deserts Smith.

Developments in the fight for the New Jersey Senatorship yesterday included another attack on James Smith, Jr., by Gov.-elect Woodrow Wilson, in which he accused the ex-Senator of misleading him; the desertion of Assemblyman-elect James P. Mylod of Essex County from Smith to Martine, and a further conference at Princeton, at which Dr. Wilson tried to convince more Democratic legislators that it is their duty to vote for James E. Martine, the "Farmer Orator," who was indorsed for Senator at the September primaries.

Assemblyman-elect Mylod was one of the eleven Democratic Assemblymen-elect who, in a signed letter, recently invited ex-Senator Smith to become a candidate to succeed Senator John Kean. It was in reply to this letter that Mr. Smith publicly announced his candidacy. After suggesting that both Mr. Smith and Mr. Martine "are now in a position to render the party a greater service than they have ever done before by voluntarily withdrawing as candidates for United States Senator," and arguing that "a victory by either means a party split," Mr. Mylod asserts that the letter the Essex eleven sent to Mr. Smith "was the biggest mistake the party could make," inasmuch as "the sentiment of the people was decidedly against Smith."

"Becoming more and more convinced that the invitation to Mr. Smith was a mistake," he continues, "I went to him and explained that I could not support him for the Senatorship. I feel, therefore, that I am in no way pledged to Mr. Smith, and that it is only fair to the people, and a matter of justice to myself, that I should make public announcement of my attitude, for public opinion, after all, is the umpire of a man's character.

"At the present time, and until given a very definite and clearly stated reason why the result of the direct primary should be ignored, I stand committed to Mr. Martine as representing the principle upon which the law of 1907 is based."

The desertion of the Smith forces by Mylod has given rise to rumors that others are likely to follow suit. While this gives the Governor-elect the whip hand again, it is by no means certain that he will be able to bring about the election of Mr. Martine, though politicians say he will be able to defeat Smith.

Here is what Gov.-elect Wilson said about Mr. Smith and the Senatorship yesterday:

"In view of Mr. James Smith, Jr.'s, public avowal of his candidacy for the seat in the Senate of the United States presently to be vacated by the Hon. John Kean, it becomes my duty to lay before the voters of the State the facts as I know them, and the reasons why it seems to me imperative that Mr. Martine and not Mr. Smith should be sent to the Senate.

"Before I consented to allow my name to be put before the State Democratic Convention for the nomination as Governor, I asked the gentleman who was acting as Mr. Smith's spokesman if Mr. Smith would desire to return to the Senate in case the Democrats should win a majority in the State Legislature. I was assured that he would not. I was told that the state of his health would not permit it and that he did not desire it.

"Immediately after the election, Mr. Smith came to see me and said that what had been his feeling before election, but that he was feeling stronger and hoped that the Legislature would offer him the seat. I pointed out to him that this action on his part would confirm all the ugliest suspicions of the campaign concerning him, and urged him very strongly not to allow his name to be used at all, but my arguments had no effect upon him.

Tells of a Smith-Davis Deal.

"I subsequently learned that before my nomination, and at the very time I was told that he would not desire the seat, he had made an agreement with the leader of the Hudson County organization that the votes of the Hudson County members in the Legislature would be cast for him as Senator in case the Legislature should be Democratic. The gentlemen who were to be nominated for the Assembly from Hudson were not consulted; it was an agreement between leaders. The vote was to be turned over to Mr. Smith by the organization in case of a Democratic victory.

"Mr. Smith has at last publicly announced his candidacy, but he has been a candidate from the first. Ever since the election he has been using every means at his disposal to obtain the pledges of Democratic members of the Legislature to vote for him as Senator. He has assumed, in dealing with them, that the State organization would be in control of the Legislature; that its offices would be distributed as he should suggest; that members would be assigned to committees, and the committees made up as he wished them to be. He has offered to assist members in obtaining membership on such committees as they might prefer. In brief, he has assumed that he and other gentlemen not elected to the Legislature by the people would have the same control over the action of the houses that is understood to have been exercised by the so-called Board of Guardians of the Republican party in recent years.

"I said in my former statement regarding this matter that, if Mr. Smith should be sent to the United States Senate, he would not go as the representative of the people. I meant that he would go as the representative of particular interests in the State, with which it is well known he has always been identified. It is significant that his candidacy is supported by the Camden paper known to be owned or controlled by Mr. David Baird. Mr. John W. Griggs, in a letter recently published, has condemned me for taking any part in this matter, and has thereby confirmed the impression that he also has clients who are interested in being represented in the Senate by Mr. Smith. So far as the voters of the State are concerned, and the State's essential interests, there is no reason why a change should be made from Mr. John Kean to Mr. James Smith, Jr. They are believed to stand for the same influences, and to represent the same group of selfish interests. It should be a matter of indifference to both Republicans and Democrats which of the two represents the State at Washington.

"I say these things with genuine regret. I made every possible effort, consistent with dignity and self-respect, to induce Mr. Smith to withdraw from his candidacy. It was my sincere desire that he should earn the credit which is due him for the undoubted service of the Democratic State organization in the recent campaign. By withdrawing he would have won respect and applause, and I should have been very glad to join in according him all just praise. I had hoped that it would be possible for me to assume office and enter on the performance of my duties without giving utterance to anything about individuals that would give them pain, or draw me away from the attitude of entire respect, which I had tried to maintain. But I have been left without a choice in the matter.

What the Issue Is.

"The issue is plain. If Mr. Smith is sent back to the United States Senate, the Democratic Party and the State itself is once more delivered into the hands of the very influences from which it had struggled to set itself free. Nothing could have been more unfortunate than Mr. Smith's candidacy. It revives the alarms and prejudices which make fair and just legislation so difficult and doubtful. It renews and intensifies the struggle between the people and selfish interests, between popular rights and property rights, between privilege and opportunity, which ought to be accommodated by laws which will be fair to all parties. It is a sad circumstance that the conflict must be fought out through this last unfortunate stage. But, of course, it must be. Mr. Smith and those whom he represents have made it inevitable.

"The people must now speak their minds in unmistakable terms to those whom they have chosen to represent them. It must now be determined whether the present members of the Legislature are representatives of the people or puppets of a bipartisan machine. I believe in organization. I desire to co-operate with Democrats of every affiliation in carrying the party forward by union and harmony of action toward the great service which it can render the country, if it will but be true to its principles. But when organization is used for the elevation and benefit of individuals who do not represent the people, whose interests are opposed to those of the people, I must resist it by every means at my disposal.

"Over against all this selfish effort to use a machine, over against all this sinister pressure to put a man into the United States Senate who, by common consent, will not represent the people, stands the candidacy of Mr. Martine, supported by the votes of a very large majority of the Democrats who chose to express their preference at the primaries. It is my earnest and deliberate judgment that it is the duty of the Democratic members of the Legislature to ratify that expression of preference by electing Mr. Martine a member of the Senate.

"The last time a Senator from New Jersey was chosen the party caucus formally indorsed Mr. Martine as its candidate. Three years ago Mr. Smith proposed Mr. Martine for the Governorship. Throughout the Union the Democratic Party has turned with greater and greater enthusiasm to the practice of following the preference of the people expressed at the primaries in the choice of Senators. The Democratic Party in New Jersey has again and again indorsed the principle and favored the practice. It cannot turn from its duty in this instance without completely discrediting itself and all its professions of faith in this popular and admirable reform.

What His Election Means.

"Mr. Martine is a man of sterling character, of fine fidelity to his party and to its principles, and is considered by those who know him best to be undoubtedly qualified to serve the State well and honorably in the Senate. His election will definitely and finally commit the State to the practice of elevating to the Senate men indorsed at the polls by the people. This is the opportunity, the significant and critical opportunity, for the Democratic Party to prove its good faith in this cardinal matter of self-government. Confirm the vote of Mr. Martine and the principle of the people's choice is established—will live vitally in practice; ignore it and the people will distrust both primaries and parties. If the present members of the Legislature turn away from the people now they will never again have or deserve another opportunity to enjoy their support and confidence.

"The issue is, therefore, not merely an issue between choosing a representative of the people or a representative of the business machine but an issue between sustaining or rejecting a great principle to which the party is unequivocally committed. I do not see how any true Democrat can, in the circumstances, doubt his duty or turn away from it to hazard shame and utter discredit.

"WOODROW WILSON."

Ex-Senator James Smith, Jr., declined last night in Newark to discuss Gov.-elect Wilson's statement. All that he would say was: "I shall give out a signed statement on Sunday afternoon, and until then not a word in reply to Mr. Wilson's statement."

State Chairman James R. Nugent said he had absolutely nothing to say.

At the Governor-elect's conference in Princeton yesterday afternoon the five members-elect of the New Jersey Legislature present were McLaughlin of Union County, Matthews of Hunterdon, Dr. Ramsey of Middlesex, and the two Bergen County delegates.

Dr. Wilson denied yesterday the story from Illinois to the effect that Roger Sullivan had offered to support him for President at the 1912 convention if Dr. Wilson would discontinue his fight against Smith. Dr. Wilson declined to name the "personal representative" of Mr. Smith referred to in his statement.

After the caucus of the Hudson County members of the New Jersey Legislature in Jersey City yesterday one of the most conspicuous workers in the Democratic Party in the State told a TIMES reporter that not more than five, and probably only four, of the thirteen from that county will vote for the election of ex-United States Senator James Smith, Jr., to the United States Senatorship; that the other eight or nine hold that the primaries declaring for Martine take the place of the legislative caucus, and that they will refuse to go into the joint caucus for the selection of a candidate for the Senatorship.

Ex-Senator Smith reasserted in his Newark paper last night that he has thirty-six Democratic votes assured to him in the caucus, and even those who are opposing him admit that he will command the caucus nomination. His dependence upon the thirty-six who, he says, will go into caucus for him would have been five short of the number of votes needed to elect.

It has been said almost from the start that on the theory that the struggle in the State is not one between the parties over the Senatorship, but against the policy of the Senatorial referendum, enough Republicans will go to Mr. Smith's support, if necessary, to beat the referendum candidate, Martine.

This theory is supported by the attitude of the newspapers controlled by ex-State Assessor David Baird, a Republican leader in South Jersey. They are openly espousing Smith's election.

NO JERSEY INAUGURAL BALL.

Gov.-Elect Wilson's Reception at the State House Enough for One Night.

Special to The New York Times.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 23.—New Jersey will not have an inaugural ball this year as had been planned. Adjt. Gen. Wilbur F. Sadler announced here to-day that Col. Nelson Y. Dungan, commanding the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard, has decided to abandon the function in order that there will be no possibility of it interfering with the Governor's reception that evening at the State House. Gen Sadler said:

"Although it was thought, after a conference with Dr. Wilson on Monday, that it might be possible for him to be at the ball by 10 o'clock, it has since been considered that if the reception at the State House should last until a later hour it might be a great disappointment to many of those who would attend the ball. Rather than run the risk of this Col. Dungan decided to abandon the ball, but the officers of the Second Regiment will probably give a ball later in the season at which it is hoped to have Dr. Wilson present."

DENIES DEAL WITH WILSON.

Gov. Fort Says His Successor Hasn't Agreed to Make Executive's Son Judge

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 23.—Gov. Fort to-day issued a strong denial of the report that through a deal made between him and Dr. Wilson the Governor-elect, was t oappoint the Governor's son, Franklin Fort of Newark, to the Court of Errors and Appeals to succeed the late Judge George W. Gray.

Gov. Fort said that the Governor-elect does not make such agreements and offered his own actions during thre eyears of his own administration as evidence that he does not.

The story was to the effect that Fort's son was to be appointed in return for the Governor's appointment of Assemblyman aMrk A. Sullivan to the Errors Court berch.

"I want it distinctly understood that I made the Sullivan appointment and am responsible for it," said the Governor.

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SOME COMPENSATION FOR BEING KIDNAPPED

Michael and Giuseppe, Their Troubles Over, Taste the Joys of City Life.

HIPPODROME AND DINNER

The Latter, Described as "Swell Eats," Included Both Spaghetti and Ice Cream Besides Other Things.

These be happy days for little Giuseppe Longo and littler Michael Rizzo, the Brooklyn lads whose testimony brought about the conviction of Stanislao Pattenza and Maria Rappa as kidnappers. While Pattenza and Maria brood darkly in their cells in Raymond Street jail their rescued victims, Giuseppe and Michael, are having the time of their lives. From their point of view it's great fun to be public characters. They are enjoying themselves to such an extent that they don't want to go home.

Yesterday Detective Corrao, who found little Giuseppe in the den of the kidnappers, just as in a melodrama, called at the shelter of the Children's Society in Brooklyn and asked for Giuseppe and Michael.

"How would you like to see a fine show and have some good eats!" he proposed.

The visages of Giuseppe and Michael were suddenly cleft by smiles which ran around on either side of their faces until they were lost at the backs of their heads.

"Lead us to 'em," or something to that effect, said they, when they had controlled their emotions.

Detective Corrao was acting as ambassador for District Attorney John F. Clarke. Appreciating the aid which the youngsters had given him in convicting the kidnappers, Mr. Clarke planned to give the boys a treat. In the early afternoon a jolly expedition fared forth from th eDistrict Attorney's office in the gloomy old Court House in Brooklyn to view the wonders of Manhattan. Its members were Mr. Clarke, Giuseppe and Michael, and Corrao and two other detectives. The detectives went along to guard the boys against any possible attempt to do them harm on the part of friends of the kidnappers.

First of all, there were the marvels of the Subway, then the rush and roar of metropolitan life in Times Square; but as wonders, 1 nthe minds of Giuseppe and Michael, these sank into comparative insignificance when the Hippodrome was reached and the party sat down in the choicest seats in the great auditorium. After that were the delights of the "Ballet of Niagara," the "International Cup," "The Earthquake," a dozen circus acts, and several hours of unalloyed and unbroken bliss for Giuseppe and Michael. All too soon was it over.

"Well, how did you like the show?" asked the District Attorney, as they were filing out.

"Ther movin' pitchers ain't in it," was Giuseppe's enthusiastic indorsement.

Then came the "swell eats." These came to pass in a place where, whichever way the guests of honor looked, there was a highly-polished mirror to reflect the sparkle of their eyes. Giuseppe and Michael, however, had been greatly puzzled on entering by the strange bahvior of a gentleman in uniform. This character approached them and without any show of force took from them their hats and coats. Giuseppe and Michael were not for giving up theirs at first.

"It's all right; he'll give them back to you later," said the District Attorney.

Thus assured, Giuseppe and Michael permitted the stranger in uniform to take their coats and hats. Then all sat down to a big table. A man who wore what Giuseppe described in a whisper to Michael as a "full dress suit" came up and politely handed them printed cards. As to the "full dress suit." Giuseppe had once attended an early afternoon wedding in South Brooklyn, and he knew.

"Well, what will it be, boys?" asked Mr. Clarke.

Both were stumped. Eventually Giuseppe had an inspiration.

"Spaghetti," he said, sententiously and with decision.

Michael wavered for a moment between the dinner selected by Giuseppe and a certain frozen delicacy dar to the hearts of small boys.

"Ice cream," announced he finally.

A bare suggestion of a smile flitted across the solemn visage of the polite man in the "bull dress suit," but he said nothing. Well, as it developed to the delight and surprise of Giuseppe and Michael, they each had spaghetti and ice cream, with soup and meat and cheese and coffee, and lots of other good things added.

Then the man in uniform returned to them their hats and coatse, and Giuseppe and Michael, their waistbands grown tight and their minds filled with thoughts, passed out to view more wonders—the lights of the "Great White Way."

Assuredly they were tired but happy when they landed back in the society's shelter in Brooklyn last evening.

"Gee!" concluded Giusppe, after turning the matter over in his mind for some time, "it was worth being kidnapped for, Michael."

Michael sleepily indicated that such was also his view.

But the end is not yet. Mr. Clarke has arranged it so that Giuseppe and Michael will remain at the shelter house until Monday. The importance of this lies in the fact that to-morrow the children in the institution will have a Christmas tree party, and there will be a Christmas dinner. Lucky Michael and Giuseppe will eat this dinner, and on Monday they will go home and eat another Christmas dinner. All interested are hoping that Michael and Giuseppe will not be so affected that they will pine to be kidnapped and rescued every now and then.

ORDER CHILDREN DEPORTED.

Immigration Board Excludes Offspring of American Citizen.

Two little travelers are under sentence of deportation on Ellis Island. Their case has won them a great amount of sympathy, and yesterday an appeal was made to Washington in their behalf. They are Robert, 15 years, and Elisa Meyer, a year younger, brother and sister, who arrived on the Red Star liner Vaderland from Antwerp. The children come from Zurich, Switzerland, where their mother now lives. As they are under age, and were unaccompanied, they were taken to the island for examination.

Robert has a certificate showing that his father was an American citizen. He had also a paper from his mother to the effect that he was to be adopted by an uncle, Max Meyer, a manufacturer of sweaters in Broadway, and who is said to be worth $100,000. The girl has a paper committing her to the care of her aunt, Mrs. Isador Moore of 32 Guyon Street, New Rochelle, who expects to educate her.

It was explained that the father of the children came to this country some years ago. He prospered and became a citizen. He went abroad, where he died on May 30, 1910. It is said that he never renounced his citizenship, and when he died it was his wish that his son and daughter might go to the land of his adoption to be educated. He left some property, and Mrs. Meyer sent the children to this country.

Both the uncle and aunt have urged that the children be admitted. Waiving the fact that their father was an American a Board of Special Inquiry decided that it would be best for them to remain with their mother and both were ordered deported.

The case has attracted much attention because it involves the right of the Immigration Department to exclude the children of a citizen coming here with the consent of their parents. The children say it was impossible for their mother to come here.

Secretary Lipsitch of the Hebrew Aid Society has come to their rescue and stayed their deportation by an appeal to Washington.

CHICAGO DEMOCRATS SPLIT.

Bartzen and Sullivan at War Over Cook County Patronage.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Cook County politics have been seething since the Democrats won and the offices were turned over to them by the Republicans. Thousands of places were available for the faithful, and the scramble for the spoils, amounting to some $3,000,000 in salaries, has been like a football scrimmage.

Two factions developed in the Democratic Party after election, and the breach has been widened day by day.

Peter Bartzen, President of the County Board, found abuses in county institutions, and began his official duties by making summary removals of the heads of departments. His appointments to these vacancies were not satisfactory to Roger C. Sullivan of the Democratic National Committe, who heads the managing committee for the distribution of patronage, and Sullivan threatened to read Bartzen out of the party. Bartzen has gone so far in his hostility to the Sullivan wing as to ignore his fellow-members of the County Board, although the law states that appointments shall be made to certain positions by the President with the advice and assistance of the other members of the board.

County Judge John E. Owens has taken a somewhat similar stand to that held by Bartzen, and has refused to make appointments recommended by Sullivan, giving his reasons in language not to be misunderstood. In the case of the appointment of a minute clerk for Judge Owens's court, the Judge pointed out that the appointee had been found guilty of ballot box frauds.

Judge Owens refused to accept the Election Board members and appointed them of his own choosing. He made a new list of judges and clerks of election to avoid accepting certain undesirable citizens, including a few ex-convicts, it is said. He gave particular offense to Roger C. Sullivan by rejecting his cousin for Assistant County Judge, although the appointment was made by the County Clerk.

Bartzen's lack of loyalty lies in refusing to appoint a Sullivan follower Warden of the County Hospital and another Sullivan supporter, proprietor of a skating rink, Superintendent of the Dunning Institution for the Insane. Whether a skating rink proprietor is particularly adapted to care for insane patients was not the argument for the appointment that Sullivan advanced. He simply sent word to Bartzen that the candidate "must be taken care of for the good of the party."

Sullivan, as a member of the Democratic National Committee, feels that he must provide for the faithful, but public sentiment in Chicago favors Judge Owens and Bartzen in their efforts to make appointments according to fitness and ability rather than to pay political debts.

NO ENNUI ON THIS SHIP.

Bears, Snakes, and Salamanders Cooperate to Enliven an Eventful Trip.

Few vessels have had a more eventful voyage than that of the big freight steamship Muncaster Castle, which arrived yesterday from the Far East. She had many animals between decks, and these made much trouble. Many times they escaped from their cages in the storm and had to be recaptured. They varied this by fighting whenever the chance offered.

Twenty Arabs, crazed from lack of food and drink, were rescued from a disabled craft in which they had been adrift in the Indian Ocean for seventeen days by the Muncaster Castle. The story of the rescue is told in the report made by Capt. Watson to his owners. He said that the Muncaster Castle left Singapore on Oct. 21. On Oct. 24 a disabled craft was sighted, drifting with no man at the wheel and no watch on board. The steamer at once altered her course and ran down to the ships.

"As she came near us," said the Captain, "we saw a sight it is seldom given to sailors to see and one which chilled our hearts. On board the vessel was a score of human beings, all insane and some lying about as though dead. We read on the craft the name Futeluted Mubarik. Our men climbed down and we succeeded in rescuing every soul on board. One was atwelve-year-old girl. The first to revive was the Captain. He said that he was engaged in carrying passengers from Ceylon to Addu Attol. They were almost in sight of their destination when they were caught in a monsoon and driven dismasted and helpless out to sea. For twelve days they drifted in the terrific heat. Five days before the Mulcaster Castle hove in sight the provisions and water gave out. Those who had reason left were contemplating suicide when help came. The rescued seamen were landed on the Malabar coast.

On Dec. 12, as the vessel rolled, a crate containing salamnders and crocodiles was washed open. The reptiles were being recaptured when a Japanese bear ambled on deck. He climbed the mast before they captured him. All escaping salamanders were not accounted for until the Lascar crew lit their fire aft. The reptiles crept to the fire. For two days they kept the crew in terror and drove them from their quarters.

ONE KILLED AS ROOF FALLS.

Four Other Workmen Injured in Newark's Old Machinery Hall.

One workman was killed and four others were perhaps mortally injured late yesterday afternoon, when the roof of the old Machinery Hall, at Washington and Court Streets, Newark, N. J., which was undergoing remodeling, collapsed, with a roar that could be heard for a dozen blocks, adding another disaster in that city within a month.

The dead man was John Kowolski of 75 Livingston Street.

The injured men, who were taken to the City Hospital, are: John Lappey, 18 Edwin Place, broken leg and internal injuries; John Crooks, 77 Third Street, broken ribs and a broken wrist; Stephen Grimes, address unknown, injured about the body, possible internal injuries; Joseph Kraus, 96 Belmont Avenue, injured about the head, possible skull fracture.

About forty men at work on the building had narrow escapes. They scattered in all directions when they heard the grinding noise a moment before the roof caved in.

The police of the First Precinct, which is directly opposite the building, sent out a general call for ambulances. A still alarm was sent in for Engine Company 3 and Truck Company 1. With the aid of the police and firemen and volunteer rescuers the injured workmen were dug out of the deebris and hurried to the hospital.

While the work of rescue was going on the wreckage took fire, but it was extinguished without much difficulty.

According to the police, the roof sank in from the middle, carrying the iron girders down with it in a bowl formation. Many tons of bricks, iron, and other material went down in a mass.

A report soon spread that another disaster similar to that of the High Street factory fire of Nov. 26 had visited Newark. Crowds of people flocked to the scene of the accident, and a call was sent in for the police reserves from every precinct in the city.

The building was being remodeled for a theatre, which was to be opened on Jan. 16 as a vaudeville house. It was known as Machinery Hall, and is one of Newark's landmarks. It was expressly built for an industrial exposition which was held in 1872, and was attended by President Grant.

RAID PUSHCART PEDDLERS.

Police Arrest 48 on Complaint of Sixth Avenue Merchants.

In response to repeated complaints to Mayor Gaynor by the storekeepers in Sixth Avenue, between Fourteenth and Twenty-third Streets, of the number of push cart peddlers who blocked the thoroughfare in front of the stores the police of the West Twentieth Street Station raided the push cart market last night and arrested forty-eight peddlers who did not have licenses.

They were arraigned in Night Court, where Magistrate Freschi fined them $10 each. Only one man had $10 to pay. The rest went to the Worwhouse for ten days each.

WORLD CONGRESS FOR LONG ISLAND

International Forum Organized to Promote General Peace and Progress from Tangier, L. I.

JOHN WESLEY HILL HEADS IT

English Notables Associated with Him in Enterprise Whose Financial Needs, He Says, Are Provided For.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—A Daily News cable from London to-day says:

"Contracts have been closed with a number of the foremost Britons to take part in the inauguration at Tangier, L. I., in June, 1912, of what is called the International Forum. Perhaps the most picturesque and popular men who are going over from London are Lieut. Gen. Baden-Powell and Sir Ernest H. Shackleton. Others with scarcely less hold on the public imagination are Gilbert Parker, Hilaire Belloc, and William Brace, M. P.

"'The International Forum,' said Lee Keedick, emissary of the movement in England, 'is a patriotic, educational institution organized to be operated without profit in the interests of international peace and progress. We have obtained a twenty-five-acre tract of land on the ocean front, where an auditorium will be erected at once at a cost of $150,000, to seat 12,000 people. Later other buildings, such as a hall of sociology, a peace palace, and a house of arbitration, will be constructed. The President of the association is the Rev. John Wesley Hill, pastor of the Metropolitan Temple in New York.

"'The forum will be the scene of intense activity for two months each Summer, when congresses relating to capital and labor, arbitration and conservation, will be held there, and international discussions of every sort affecting the moral well-being of the nations will take place.

"'One of the great features of each Summer's attractions will be an encampment of boy scouts, organized as the result of the great movement conceived and pushed to magnificent success by Lieut. Gen. Baden-Powell.

The Rev. John Wesley Hill confirmed last night the report that an International Forum Association is in process of organization. He has consented, he said, to act as President of the association. The other officers, he said, had not been selected, but some of them would be English.

The International Forum Association, according to Dr. Hill would run a larger and more important Chautauqua than has hitherto been attempted at Tangier. The twenty-five-acre tract fronting on the ocean, he said, was a gift to the Forum Association.

Mr. Hill said he did not feel at liberty at the present time to reveal the financial backers of the new Chautauqua, but that the financial success of the venture had been guaranteed by substantial men. With some of these Mr. Hill said he had been in consultation yesterday.

The new Chautauqua will be opened in June, 1912, and will be inaugurated with a peace congress to last thirty days. It will be followed by a session lasting from the 1st of July until the 1st of September. These July-August sessions are planned as an annual affair, Mr. Hill said. International, sociological, and economic questions will be discussed at the meetings.

OFFICER McCORMACK FINED.

Asked Others to Help Him Pay to Prosecute Captain Who Clubbed Him.

Police Commissioner Cropsey, presiding at the police trials in Brooklyn Headquarters yesterday fined Policeman James J. McCormick thirty days' pay. McCormick was clubbed by Capt. Dulfer of the Flatbush station for attempting to draw a revolver on him. McCormick was fourteen days tin the hospital.

The charges against him yesterday were being off post and seeking financial assistance from other policemen to help pay his lawyers in his prosecution against Dulfer. A circular was sent out with McCormick's named signed to it, making such an appeal. McCormick denied at a previous hearing that he had anything to do with the circular.

Under the commissioner's cross-examination yesterday he admitted that he appealed to his fellow policemen, but denied that he sent out the circular. Commissioner Cropsey asked him to sign his name on a piece of paper, also the word "patrolman," and shield number. After examining the inscription and the circular, and comparing the signatures on both, he told McCormick that certain letters in the writing on both were identical.

"I believe that you sent out the circular, and that you are guilty," said the Commissioner. "I'll fine you ten days' pay for being off post, and twenty days for sending out the circular. If you ever come before me again, and I catch you lying, I'll dismiss you from the force."

SAILS WITH FAMILY'S REMAINS

Miss Schmidt Sells Property and Goes Back to Germany.

After living forty-nine years in America, Alma L. Schmidt, late of Terre Haute, Ind., has sailed on the North German Lloyd liner Rhein for Germany, where she will end her days. In deserting the country which had been for so long her home Miss Schmidt took with her the remains of all of her relatives who have died in this country. This she did because she did not want to be separated from them in death.

Miss Schmidt is 60 years old. Her father was Carl F. Schmidt, who went to Terre Haute as a pioneer and accumulated wealth as his real estate holdings increased in value. He died twenty-eight years ago. Her mother died twenty-four years ago, and her brother Carl twenty-two years ago. When her sister Clara, Miss Schmidt's only remaining relative, died in the Spring she became lonesome and decided to visit her native land. She went back and found relatives waiting to welcome her.

"I was awfully lonesome after my sister died. I have no kindred on this side, and there was no reason for my remaining here," she said. "So I have decided to return to live among my own and end my days in the place where I was born. I have sold my property and I am leaving for good. I suppose my recent visit to Germany awoke the feeling of love for the fatherland which we all possess. I love America, and I regret in many ways to leave the country. I have realized a few thousands from the sale of my property, and on this I will be albe to live."

Several days ago Miss Schmidt contracted with Oelrichs & Co., forwarding agents, to ship two large cases across the Atlantic.

Just before sailing she went to the office and told them that one case contained the body of her sister, and in the other were the bones and ashes of her father, mother, and brother. They are to be buried within sight of the home where her father was born.

Miss Schmidt realized 12,000 from the salec her property.

DEMAND WILLIAMS'S REMOVAL

C. F. U. Delegates Say Labor Commissioner Permits Unsanitary Factories.

The Central Federated Union, at a meeting in Labor Temple, in East Eighty-fourth Street, last night, authorized the Committee on Sanitation to prepare resolutions to be sent to the Governor and the Legislature, demanding the removal from office of State Labor Commissioner John Williams for inactivity in factory inspection. The attack on Mr. Williams was caused by a report of the Health Board.

This report called attention to the fact that unsanitary conditions evisted, especially in the mattressmaking industry, and that nearly all of the shops and most of the product were unsanitary.

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REBELS WRECK ROAD SOUTH OF EL PASO

Train on El Paso and Northwestern Turned Back—Locomotive and Coach Stolen.

CHIHUAHUA GETS WARNING

Four Insurrectos Ride Into Town Distributing Hand Bills Announcing Rebel Entry To-day.

EL PASO, Texas, Dec. 23.—The southbound passenger train on the El Paso & Northwestern, which left Ciudad Juarez at 1 o'clock this afternoon, found the track torn up at Guzman, 77 miles south, and is coming back to El Paso. The train has 150 passengers.

The locomotive and passenger coach the revolutionists took last night 25 miles south of Jaurez have not yet been found. The wires are down south of Guzman. Fifty soldiers arrived here this morning from Chihuahua to reinforce the garrison in Jaurez. Soldiers out scouting returned this afternoon and reported having found a deserted camp of insurrectos twelve miles west of Jaurez, but the insurgents were not seen.

CHIHUAHUA, Mex., Dec. 23.—An American who has been ten days with the insurrection forces returned to-day bringing news that the latter recently executed ten civilians hostile to the revolt. The number included a Judge.

While the revolutionists surround the Government Commander, Navarro, at Pecernales, his situation, according to this information, is not precarious. He could march out with his force and fight, but is waiting reinforcements. When he wishes fresh meat he is compelled to send a good fighting force to get it. Small parties are not safe.

Gerald Brandon, the Mexican Herald correspondent, who has been with the federal forces and for whose safety fears have been entertained, returned here last night. He left the army pursuant to a war office order that no more correspondents be allowed with the troops.

Four insurrectos rode into this city last night, distributing circulars stating that citizens should remain within doors after 5 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, as the rebels intended to enter the city. The warning is not regarded seriously. A patrol of eight sholdiers, who fired many shots, drove them from the streets and they disappeared in the direction of the mountains.

Reinforcements of more than a thousand are now in the city. A wireless tower has been erected at the penitentiary and troops arriving to-day brought material for another tower to be erected in the disaffected district.

Government troops which started a week ago from Sonora are reported within two days' march of Guerrero, one of the insurrecto strongholds.

CANADA TO URGE TREATY.

Western Farmers Bring Pressure on Government—Tariff Negotiations.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Dec. 23.—W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, returned to the department to-day, improved by his vacation, although not fully recovered from his recent illness. It is understood that he will go to Washington next month to resume the reciprocity negotiations, and that his budget speech will probably be deferred till after these negotiations are concluded.

It had been his intention to remain at Virginia Hot Springs until the Commissioners met again at Washington, but the recent visit of the grain growers made a conference with his colleagues at Ottawa necessary before proceeding to Washington. While no announcement to that effect has been made by the Government, it is generally understood that the treaty will be pressed more urgently and that larger concessions will be made by Canada in order to effect the treaty as a result of the strong pressure brought to bear upon the Government by the Western farmers.

POLICEMAN'S SLAYER BURIED

Man Killed by His Victim Is Interred Without Services.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—The body of the man who killed Policeman George W. Barnett in West Philadelphia on Nov. 28, and was in turn shot and killed by the policeman, was to-day interred in Odd Fellows' Cemetery without services of any kind. The police say the body was that of Frederick Zudack of New York, who had been disowned by his relatives in that city.

Shortly before the body was removed from an undertaker's establishment a man and woman dressed in black, whose identity is unknown, gazed for a moment on the features of the man in the coffin and then silently left the place.

The expenses of the burial were paid cut of money found in the clothing of the man.

FLEES FROM BLACK HAND.

Gov. Patterson's Brother-in-Law Vanishes from His St. Louis Home.

FRITZ LANDING, Ark., Dec. 23.—Russell Gardner, a St. Louis manufacturer, and brother-in-law of Gov. Patterson of Tennessee, has disappeared from his plantation here, accompanied by his stenographer and secretary. It is not known at the plantation when he will return.

Black Hand threats and the finding of skull and crossbones drawings outside his residence, followed by other threats from anonymous sources, are said to be the cause of his leaving.

Government officials have been asked to investigate.

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COLUMBIA IN A NEW HOSPITAL ALLIANCE

Continued from Page 1.

recently commended in the drastic report on medical education of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching.

Dr. Walter B. James, a member of Columbia University Council, said that the association of the two institutions is a distinct step forward in the development of New York City, not only in medical education but in hospital philanthropy. It marks the passing of the time when diagnoses of troublesome diseases will be made with the use of the senses aided only by such instrumnts as may be carried in the doctor's pockets or in a small hand satchel. To the more thoughtful members of the medical profession, he stated, the alliance is the fulfillment of a dream that has possessed them for many centuries.

Dr. Joseph A. Blake, who recently operated on Dr. Flexner, found the chief source for surprise in the coalition in the fact that it had not been consummated long ago. New York, he said, was far below the position it should hold as a medical centre, and the new alliance will help it materially.

In his letter to the Presbyterian Hospital, announcing the bequest of $1,300,000 and a hospital pavilion, Mr. Harkness said that his interest had developed from philanthropic enterprises having to do with the poor to an interest in medical research into methods of preventing rather than curing diseases. This has increased his desire to stimulate the usefulness of a hospital in its research branches, and, hearing of the projected alliance, he had decided to make his donation to carry it into effect. He requested the privilege of placing appropriate tablets in the new pavilion stating in whose memory the building is erected and the work endowed.

In consideration of the fact that he withheld the name of the donor joining with him Mr. Harkness guaranteed the turning over of all the funds called for.

Shortage in Orange and Lemon Boxes

Representations have been made to the Bureau of Weights and Measures that fruit dealers in the city are selling boxes of oranges and lemons in short number, and Commissioner Walsh has assigned several of his Inspectors to investigate. The larger part of this trade is conducted with boxes which contain so many dozen, but some dealers sell the fruit with the boxes marked with an arbitrary number. One retailer reported to the bureau that a box of oranges he bought marked "280" actually contained less than 2[illegible].

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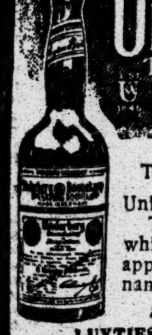

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CROKER ATTACKED AT GRAFT HEARING

But Quickly Retorts to a Charge That He's Twenty Years Behind the Times.

DEFENDED BY MR. BRENTANO

University Course in Fire Prevention Advocated—Baltimore Fire Loss a Good Investment for Companies.

An attack on Fire Chief Croker was made yesterday by Frank R. Chambers, senior member of Rogers, Peet & Co., at the session of the Legislative Graft Investigating Committee. Chief Croker answered the charges in a reply which called attention to the fact that the proposal of Mr. Chambers that a department in the fire organization be established to give prominence to fire precaution rather than to fire extinction, was exactly in accord with a plan advocated by Chief Croker to Mr. Chambers two years or more ago.

Chief Croker was not present at the hearing to defend himself, but Simon Brentano, the book dealer, made an energetic plea on Croker's behalf. The attack and defense were equaled in interest at the hearing only by a suggestion to inaugurate a school of fire extinction in one of the big universities.

Mr. Chambers, who is Chairman of the Merchants' Association Committee on Fire Insurance, had told the Legislative Committee of the association's attempts to establish a dual department in the fire organization, giving prominence to fire precaution rather than to fire extinction, when he suddenly turned to the subject of Fire Chief Croker.

"Chief Croker is a good fireman, but twenty years behind the times," said Mr. Chambers. "He says, 'Let me get at the fire and I will put it out.' He does not enjoy getting to a fire that has been put out by sprinklers. There is no glory in that. There is no reason in the world why we should spend $8,000,000 a year to put out fires and only from $12,000 to $15,000 to prevent fires. It is a most remarkable condition that exists here in this city. The Fire Commissioner has the right to order any improvements in buildings which are deemed dangerous. We asked the Fire Commissioner to pick out some of the worst of that type and have them equipped with sprinklers. He went into the tenement district and picked out ten. Two were ordered equipped with sprinklers. How the others escaped I do not know. But in these two fires occurred, and they were put out by the sprinklers.

"We have asked the Mayor to co-operate. He is giving the matter his attention, and we hope to get better action soon. My own firm equipped with sprinklers at its own expense a building at Prince Street and Broadway owned by the Astors. In two years we had saved enough on this to pay for the installation.

"If the present fire laws were rigidly enforced we could have a fireproof city in a short time. The owners of property should be compelled to keep a clean house and put in appliances for extinguishing fire. That is the solution of the fire problem here and of the rate problem. Under the present system of law enforcement we are driving out desirable underwriters instead of encouraging them to come in."

Mr. Chambers advised the committee not to strangle the insurance business with taxation. He said he believed one of the troubles at present was too much government.

"Punish the insurance man who does wrong," he said, "and don't neglect to jail the President of the biggest insurance company in the land when he makes false statements."

Mr. Chambers said he thought one improvement would be to abolish the whole system of fire insurance brokers and let the companies sell insurance at cost. At present, he said, the merchants have to pay the same high rate whether a broker is employed or not. He said, too, that in every large city there should be a permanent building code.

Resents Charges Against Croker.

Mr. Brentano was an interested listener. When he followed Mr. Chambers to the witness chair and was sworn, Mr. Brentano exclaimed:

"I want to make vigorous objection to Mr. Chambers's statements regarding Fire Chief Croker. Although I am not authorized to speak for Chief Croker or the Fire Department, I wish to say that Chief Croker is not twenty years behind the times. I resent the statement that Chief Croker or any of his men would be displeased to reach a fire and find that it had been put out by sprinklers or other apparatus than that of the Fire Department."

Mr. Brentano added that if Mr. Chambers had given more thought to the subject he probably would not have criticised Chief Croker.

"I have always found Chief Croker a brave, capable, and most efficient fireman," he said. "In view of the three big fires which have occurred in other cities during the present week, and in view of my personal acquaintance with Fire Chiefs in Chicago, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, and other cities, I want to say that many people seem to underestimate the difficulties with which these men have to contend.

"Fire protection is an excellent subject for this committee to investigate. But in the meantime the firemen must extinguish fires. These men did not construct the buildings. Their business is simply to go to fires and extinguish them. They have no part in prevention.

"The great trouble many years ago was that fire was a calamity. It is an incident now, when every one can buy immunity from fire loss. It is a moral question now. It is wrong to have a fire.

"I want to say, too, to those who esteem the work of the Fire Department so lightly, that the Fire Chief killed in the Chicago fire a few days ago was one of the ablest fire fighters in this country. It takes twenty-five years or more to educate a man to that degree of perfection in fighting fires that this Fire Chief had attained."

Mr. Brentano said it was a mistake to speak of the special hazards of the congested district, because fires rarely occur where the Fire Department expects them to occur. He said that fire insurance and fire protection were separate functions, although the two were confused in most minds by the great fire waste.

Would Teach Fire Extinction.

"I think that where we start wrong is that we have no policy for educating the fireman," he said. "We take him through training school, it is true, but that is not enough. There are thousands of industrial establishments which would gladly give employment to those skilled in fire extermination. I think this should be a prescribed course in one of the big universities, just as is civil or electrical engineering, so that the science of fire extinction would be a regular function in large establishments, hospitals, and such."

M. Linn Bruce, counsel for the committee, wanted to know if Mr. Brentano had in mind the establishment of such a university course by the State.

"Well, the State might authorize it," he said. "We have no standardization of anything that relates to fire extinction now. We have a code of rules, but nothing pertaining to the personal touch."

It was to get suggestions along the line of new legislation for fire prevention that both Mr. Chambers and Mr. Brentano were called as witnesses by the Legislative Committee.

Per Capita Fire Loss Heavy.

With the same idea Franklin W. Wentworth of Boston, Secretary of the National Fire Protection Association, was also questioned. Mr. Wentworth said that the figures compiled by the Department of Commerce and Labor show that in six European countries the average per capita fire loss is 33 cents a year, with eight fires a year to every 10,000 population. In the United States the per capita fire loss is $3 a year, and for every 10,000 population there are forty fires.

"The fire tax of $3 per capita is as actual a burden to the men of this country as though a tax collector came around and said to the head of a family of five: 'There are five in your family. Your fire tax is $15,'" said Mr. Wentworth. "But in spite of this the man in the street utterly disregards the conditions which bring about this great fire tax. His cellars, his garrets, closets, are filled with the stuff upon which fires feed. Those conditions exist in the factories and the stores. There are thousands of factories in New York that are quite as bad as the one in which that frightful affair at Newark occurred recently.

"I can conceive a conflagration roaring through the upper floors of the tall buildings here, far above the water line. The people in New York travel further vertically than horizontally. Even with modern construction in cities, there was this very week the explosion at the Grand Central Terminal as an evidence of the chances we take. There was also this week the holocaust at Philadelphia and the Cincinnati fire, with its $2,000,000 loss, and the Chicago fire. There is no reason why those eleven factories at Cincinnati should have burned. One might have been, but if the others had been equipped with sufficient fire stoppers they wouldn't have burned. A brick building, in itself, is not a fire stopper. It is not a fire stopper unless equipped with the modern apparatus for extinguishing fires.

"Even our personal habits contribute to the constant fire menace. In Europe if you want a match you have to go where matches are. Here we have them on the mantel or the desk. Why, if we wake up in the middle of the night and can't lay our hand on a match we feel personally abused. Yet every match is an incipient fire in the conflagration sense.

"We are in for a period of State-made rates if the people are not awakened to the fire waste. What is already on the way in the West is a popular protest against the $3 per capita fire tax. Our fire waste in the United States averages about $500 a minute throughout the year.

"The conflagration hazard is always present. When a real conflagration starts the best of buildings is not better than a shack."

Mr. Wentworth said there has been a 4 per cent. loss in the underwriting business in the United States in the last ten years.

Increased Loss This Year.

"As a policy holder, I believe the companies have the right to every dollar in premiums they can lay hands on," continued Mr. Wentworth, "as a preparation for building the new Baltimores, the new San Franciscos, and possibly the new New Yorks. Our last year's fire losses amounted to $204,000,000, which was $35,000,000 less than in 1908. This year, with the fires of the present week as an example, promises to exceed that figure.

"State regulation can have only one result. It will force insurance companies, which mean honestly to pay their losses, to retire, and that will affect credit, and the commercial classes will fall upon the Legislatures and force them to abandon what they have so blunderingly undertaken."

Mr. Wentworth said he advocated placing the responsibility for forest fires on the railroads, and urged that they be compelled to use oil fuel.

"The natural anarchy of the American temperament," he said, "does not readily respond to admonitions to correct its careless habits and recognize its public responsibilities, but our common impoverishment by the stupendous proportions of the fire tax is beginning to impress itself upon us so forcibly that even the most heedless of us is forced to give some thought to the common good and the common safety."

Powell Evans of Philadelphia, a member of the Fire Prevention Committees of the National Hardware Association, the National Association of Credit Men, and the National Association of Manufacturers, told the committee that the tendency of far too many insurance companies was to regard only the income and let the hazards take care of themselves. He said that just after the Baltimore fire he was told by insurance men that they looked upon the thirty-million-dollar loss as a good investment, for just about that time there was danger of the rates becoming lower, and the fire drew together the warring elements in the fire insurance business.

"The most criminal thing I know in the commerce of this country," said Mr. Evans, "is the carelessness in preventing fires. A man should have the right to know what is going on next door to him as concerns fire prevention, but under present conditions there is no law enabling him to compel his neighbor to use proper fire precautions."

The committee adjourned, to meet again on Wednesday next.

"Merry Christmas to all of you," said Chairman Merritt as the committee started from the room.

WARM DENIAL BY CROKER.

He Devised the Plan Which Mr. Chambers Now Advocates, He Says.

It was not until last night that the attention of Chief Croker was called to the charges that had been made against him at the commission's hearing. After he had heard all of the charges made by Chambers, the Chief smiled as he replied that his duties were outlined clearly in the Charter and that it could be discovered readily, therefore, whether or not he was performing them.

"All violations of fire regulations on buildings," said Chief Croker, "are noted in formal reports to Fire Headquarters and there they are put in the proper form and forwarded to the Tenement House Commission or the Building Department, according as the nature of the violation places it within the jurisdiction of one or the other of these departments. As the law stands now, the duty of the Fire Department ends when these reports have been delivered to the propr dpartment.

"Mr. Chambers states that I am twenty years behind the times and am averse to the use of sprinklers. The records of the Fire Department will show where thousands of recommendations have been made for the installation of sprinklers and other safety devices in buildings. Where these recommendations have not been followed the Fire Department has been able only to call the violation to the attention of the Corporation Counsel. It has no authority to enforce its own regulations or recommendations.

"So far as the establishment of a bureau for the prevention of fires is concerned, Mr. Chambers may recall that he and I have discussed this plan and that the ideas now advanced by him are my own, expressed to him in these discussions. More than two years ago there was a consultation of representatives of the Board of Health, the Tenement House Commission, the Street Cleaning Department, and the Fire Department. Fire Commissioner Hayes and I attended that conference as delegates of the Fire Department.

"At that time I recommended a bureau such as Mr. Chambers now advocates. I stated publicly to Commissioner Hayes and to Mayor McClellan that I could reduce the number of fires in New York by 25 per cent. if a proper corps of men were placed under my command, and if authority were given us to enforce such laws as I would have enacted by the Legislature."

Chief Croker explained that the Fire Department was handicapped now in its efforts to insure the very precautions which Mr. Chambers and others advocated, through the fact that it alone had not the authority to enforce its mandates. With the necessity of each recommendation for fire precautions passing through two or more departments, as is the case under the present law, there came increased opportunity, declared the Chief, for an evasion of the Fire Department's original recommendation.

Actresses to Address Suffragists.

Annie Russell will be one of a number of women of the stage who will be speakers at the next meeting of the New York Equal Suffrage League Friday afternoon, Jan. 6, at the Hotel Astor. Others will be Constance Collier, Anne Wynne, Vida Sutton, Marie Tempest, (if she is in town,) Lena Ashwell, Amelia Bingham, Beatrice Forbes-Robertson, and Mary Shaw. It is to be dramatic day, with Mrs. Frederick Nathan Chairman.

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CAPT. SLADEN TO HEAD WEST POINT CADETS

Lieut. Col. Sibley, the Present Commandant, Is Relieved with Two Years of Term Left.

INFANTRY NOW HOLDS POSTS

Cavalrymen Displaced First Time in Four Years—Sibley Says There's No Friction Between Him and Barry.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Lieut. Col. Frederick W. Sibley, Fourth United States Cavalry, Commandant of Cadets at West Point, has been relieved of that post, and Capt. Frederick W. Sladen, Fourteenth United States Infantry, now Secretary of the General Staff in Washington, has been ordered to take Col. Sibley's place. Not more than half a dozen persons in West Point knew to-night of the transfer.

On all sides the greatest surprise was expressed when it became known that Col. Silbley was about to leave West Point, over two years before the expiration of his detail as head of the Department of Tactics. Col. Sibley himself verified the report and said that the change was made at his own personal request. He wished it to be distinctly understood that there had been no friction between himself and Major Gen. Thomas Barry, the new Superintendent of the Academy.

"Gen. Barry and I," said Col. Sibley, "are the warmest of friends, and one of my greatest regrets in leaving West Point is the severance of the happy relations existing between us. I am going to the Inspector General's Department, and will be on duty, I understand, in the War Department in Washington. I will leave here in February. Capt. Sladen, my successor, is one of the ablest young officers in the army."

It was remarked by many to-night that the coming of Capt. Sladen, who will have the rank and pay of a Lieutenant Colonel when he becomes commandant, marks the passing for the time being, at least, of the cavalry régime at West Point. Col. Hugh L. Scott, who was relieved as Superintendent by Gen. Barry last August, is a cavalryman; so is Col. Sibley, Lieut. Thomas, who was Col. Scott's personal aid, and Capt. Joseph H. Herron, who was succeeded last Spring by Capt. O. J. Charles as Adjutant, while Col. Howze, Col. Sibley's predecessor as commandant of cadets, is probably the best-known young officer in the mounted arm of the service.

The Infantry now has its turn, and when Capt. Sladen assumes command of Corps of Cadets, that arm of the service will have every office held by cavalry officers in the last four years. Gen. Barry was an infantryman, Capt. Charles, the present Adjutant, is of the Seventeenth Infantry, and Capt. Robert C. Davis, Gen. Barry's aide, who on New Year's Day will succeed Capt. Charles as Adjutant, is also in the Seventeenth Infantry. All this is but a coincidence, but the Infantry, just the same, is happy over the fact that its representation in the official staff of the academy is now greater than at any time in its history.

The relief of Col. Sibley recalls the fact that only a few weeks ago, while he was Acting Superintendent of the Academy, Capt. Rufus E. Longan of the tactical staff received that now celebrated "silence" in Grant Memorial Hall. For their part in that affair the first class will not see their home folks this Christmas, their furlough privileges having been withdrawn as a disciplinary measure. Another famous case of rule violations occurred last June, just before the graduation exercises. That was the finding in one of the cadet rooms of a bowl of punch, one of the ingredients of which was a pint of rather poor whisky. Those that partook of that punch are still walking post on leave days by order of President Taft, and will continue to do so until the baseball season opens.

Col. Howze, whose successor Col. Sibley is, was one of the strictest disciplinarians West Point has ever known. He it was who handled the famous Ayres overcoat case, and was considered by the cadets as the highest type of martinet. Col. Sibley, on the other hand, is extremely popular with the cadets. He has the reputation among them of being much more lenient than was "Roosevelt's Texan," as Howze is often referred to by his brother officers, owing to the fact that he and Col. Roosevelt are intimate friends. Col. Roosevelt, while President, once referred to Howze as the most brilliant young soldier in the army.

Col. Sibley, like Col. Howze, is a native of Texas, and, like him, has always been of the cavalry. He gained the friendship of Gen. Luke E. Wright when Gen. Wright was Governor of the Philippines, and when Gen. Wright became Secretary of War he named him Commandant of Cadets. Col. Sibley is forty-eight years old, and has a brilliant record as a soldier in Cuba and in the Philippines.

Capt. Sladen, who succeeds Col. Sibley, is a native of Massachusetts. He is forty-three years old, and was graduated at West Point in 1885. He has been on duty as Secretary of the General Staff for several years.

TICKET AGENT HELD UP.

Bandit Fells Him with Pistol at West Shore Station and Takes $113.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Walter S. Darbee, a ticket agent at the West Shore station at Highland, across the Hudson from this city, went into the waiting room at 4 o'clock this morning to light a stove. While doing so he was struck on the head with the butt of a revolver by a strange man who had been sitting in the waiting room most of the night.

Darbee sprang to his feet, blood flowing from a cut on his head, looked into the muzzle of the stranger's revolver, and obeyed a gruff order to hold up his hands. The robber took the key to the ticket office from the agent's pocket, unlocked the door, marched Darbee into the office and backed him against the wall while he emptied the money drawer of $113.

The robber then disappeared in the darkness and has not yet been found. He is belived to be the same man who held up and robbed Thomas Nolan, another ticket agent in the same station, two weeks ago.

THE OTIS IS BACK, REFORMED

Steel Bulwarks Keep the Water Out of the Army-Designed Ferryboat.

"There she comes riding the waves like a duck," remarked the Governors Island sentinel. He meant the submarine ferryboat Gen. Otis, the army's famous new $150,000 ferryboat.

As everybody knows, the Gen. Otis, as a diving craft, used to be a rival of the Plunger, the submarine which took Col. Roosevelt to the bottom of the sea a few years ago. She was also erratic. For instance, there came an order from Washington one day ordering Major Samuel Reber and iLeut. Vincent M. Elmore to proceed to a town up-State and there observe some interesting aeroplane tests. Thy had little time to catch a train, but they hurried and got to the Otis in time to make the train, had the Otis gone to Manhattan as she should have done on that trip. Instead, the Otis went to Brooklyn, and Major Reber and Lieut. Elmore had to take a later train.

Again one night on a trip from Manhattan the Otis headed for the Statue of Liberty. Just off that island she made a dive that carried her forward so deep into the water that the pilot had to ring for full speed astern to get her back on top of the water. She thought nothing of careening now and then to an angle of 40 or 50 degrees, and she was the only boat recorded in the Shipping Register that could ship a twenty-foot wave in a dead calm. Even the siren refused to blow at times in the good old days. As for the tons of water the craft shipped they are history. Nobody rode on deck in those days.

Gen. Wood was then in the Argentine. When he came home he took the first opportunity to make a trip in the Otis. He described the sensation later as such as one might expect in midocean in a catboat.

So at last the Otis was sent back to her builders to be cured. They built her one foot higher out of the water, and then they installed four revolving bulwarks, operated by a wheel, exactly like the steering wheels of automobiles. As soon as everybody is on board a sailor runs out and grabs a wheel. He gives it a series of turns and the bulwarks close, forming a steel barricade fore and aft. No wwhen the Otis seems about to ship a sea it breaks against the bulwark and that's the end of it. They made her heavier amidships to stop careening, and they oiled up the siren until it is now the loudest in New York harbor.

"Believe me, that's some boat now," said the sentinel yesterday as the Otis backed out into the stream with automobile bulwarks in position and her siren "tooting to beat the band."

CALLS LETTERS FORGERIES.

Seventeen Introduced in Mrs. Turnbull's Suit for Baldwin Millions.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 23.—Seventeen more letters, which Mrs. Lillian Turnbull declared were "base, atrocious forgeries, perpetrated by a villain in the employ of that treacherous man, James R. Wood," were introduced by the defense to-day in the contest of her daughter, Beatrice, for nearly one-fourth of the $11,000,000 estate left by the old turfman. Wood is a Boston detective employed by Col. Albert Pope, whom Mrs. Turnbull previously declared "sold me out to Baldwin."

Mrs. Turnbull denied that she ever had admitted an alleged contract to give A. H. Anderson, Baldwin's former advertising agent, 10 per cent. of whatever sum she could recover from Baldwin in return for his testimony in a former suit.

Mrs. Turnbull denied that prior to her meeting with Col. Pope she had met a man named John Osborn, and had taken him out "to do Boston" for an entire week.

"In your previous suit did you not admit that a picture introduced in evidence was of you and Osborn in a loving attitude?" was asked.

"I remember a picture that Osborn said was of himself and me," she replied, "but, as a matter of fact, the woman in the picture was the daughter of Osborn's landlady. That was the picture that nearly cost 'Lucky' Baldwin his life. When it was shown my sister shot him."

BURGLARS WAKE THE TOWN.

Fruitless Attack on a Bank Leads to an Exciting Handcar Race.

ADRIAN, Mich., Dec. 23.—Burglars who blew the safe of the People's Savings Bank at Britton early to-day fled from town without booty, pursued by a large posse.

The first attack on the vault woke the town, and when the five robbers discovered they were surrounded they escaped through a back door, exchanging shots freely with the posse. Pursued and pursuers seized handcars and raced down the railroad to a wooded tract near Maybee, where all left the railroad and disappeared in the woods.

It is expected that the robbers will be captured and that they will prove to be those who have been operating extensively through Southern Michigan and Northern Ohio.

Two suspects who had a gun and a kit of burglar's tools were arrested near Azalia and locked up at Monroe. They gave their names as James Mira of Flint and George McDonald. Another suspect who refused to give any name was arrested near Adrian.

YOUNG WANTS A PRIMARY.

Renews Request for One to Choose Dolliver's Successor in Senate.

DES MOINES, Iowa., Dec. 23.—United States Senator Lafayette Young, upon his arrival in Des Moines to-day, renewed his request for a special primary to determine who shall serve the unexpired term of the late Senator Dolliver.

In an interview the Senator declared his issue in the approaching Senatorial campaign would be the protection of the Iowa farmer against the free trade demands of the East.

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B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.
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Delivery on or before Monday, 26th, assured if you buy to-day at Macy's.
Many odd lots—quantities too small to advertise—offer the "last-minute" Christmas shopper opportunities for saving.

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LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES
of a "vintage"
In Library Packages are especially desirable

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers since 1845

To-morrow is the day of all the year when every man would look his best and *to-day* in all the Smith Gray stores, a saving is possible of from $5.50 to $25.00.

Every Smith Gray mixture suit and winter overcoat is included—some 12,000 garments—all in the newest, most popular and most exclusive fabrics, in sizes and models for men, young men and boys.

Suits and overcoats, regularly $20.00 to $25.00 (your choice of over 2,000)..... 15.00
Suits and overcoats, regularly $22.50 to $30.00 (nearly 2,000 from which to select)... 17.50
Suits and overcoats, regularly $27.50 to $32.50 (nearly all are exclusive styles)... 21.00
Suits and overcoats, regularly $35.00 and $40.00 (including many of our famous motor coats)......... 26.00
Suits and overcoats, regularly $40.00 to $50.00......... 32.50
Overcoats, regularly $55.00, $60.00 and $65.00..... 42.50
Suits and overcoats, regularly $18.00 to $20.00 (broken sizes) 12.50

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
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Eleven Colors Four Weights Four Grades

The Widest Hosiery Assortment Ever Shown

Holeproof Hose are made in four weights, four grades and eleven colors.

The prices range from $1.50 to $3.00 per box of six pairs, according to finish. Every pocketbook and every taste can be suited exactly.

"Holeproof" are soft and attractive. No hosiery can be made any better today.

We pay for our yarn more than twice what some makers spend. But we use Egyptian and Sea Island cotton, the very finest cotton grown. It is long fibre; soft, yet strong. The hose can therefore be lighter and softer, yet wear the guaranteed six months. It is wrong to judge "Holeproof," the original guaranteed hose, by an amateur make.

FAMOUS Holeproof Hosiery FOR MEN WOMEN AND CHILDREN

We have had 38 years of hose-making experience. You don't want hose simply made to compete with us. Get the original, the kind made to wear and be stylish, too.

We spend $33,000 a year for inspection. Every pair that goes out is twice closely examined. The colors are fast and every pair is sterilized.

"Holeproof" never rust, fade, crock or shrink.

Your one regret in buying them is that you haven't bought them before.

Begin right away; get your first pairs today.

Brill Brothers only have heretofore sold them, but they have agreed with us that other stores should also sell "Holeproof." A dealer near you probably has them.

Be sure you get the genuine "Holeproof," the original guaranteed hose.

They bear the trade-mark shown in this ad. Any other mark brands the hose as an imitation. There's a vast difference, so be careful to look for the genuine.

Write for free book, "How to Make Your Feet Happy."

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Clear Havana Cigars
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All coffee ails yield to well-made
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Cleanses and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.
50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

High Cost of Living, railroad rates, industrial progress in the United States, taxation of incomes and many other subjects of general interest by leading writers in The New York Times Annual Financial Review, Sunday, January 8, 1911.—Best Financial Annual ever published.

D'AULBY'S VIRTUES WEPT OVER IN COURT

Charities of Alleged Swindler Recited by Solid French Citizens of Tours.

HIS PICTURES DEFENDED

Artist Calls One Genuine, Others Good Copies—Duchess de Choiseul's Art Expert Under Gambling Charge.

TOURS, France, Dec. 23.—"An amazing court drama of passion and pathos" is how a local paper to-night sums up the trial of "Count" and "Countess" d'Aulby de Gatigny, who are charged with having swindled the Duchess de Choiseul-Praslin, formerly Mrs. Charles Hamilton Paine of Boston. This phrase was based on to-day's sensational developments at the trial—developments which so moved the auditors that the customary scenes of disorder, laughter, and cheering were changed to a burst of weeping.

Reputable business and professional men of Tours on the stand at to-day's session painted d'Aulby and his wife as the incarnation of honesty and charity, declaring that their ministering to the wants of the sick and needy had caused them to be loved and esteemed throughout the country. M. Diot, President of the Tours Association of Lawyers, who drew up the contract for the sale of the picture "Antiope" to the late Mr. Paine, testified that d'Aulby had insisted on the insertion of a clause in the contract to the effect that he could not guarantee the authenticity of the picture. M. Diot also said that neither d'Aulby nor his wife had any idea of business or of the value of money, of which they received $12,000 almost every year from Boston. They were passionately fond of music and lived a happy family life until Mrs. Paine entered d'Aulby's life, which until then had been irreproachable.

D'Aulby, the witness declared, was the victim of the wiles of others who were now trying to ruin him. As M. Diot detailed instances of d'Aulby's alleged charities sobbing was heard in various parts of the courtroom. The witness said that it was always d'Aulby's intention to forward the wine for which Mr. Paine had given him $3,000.

Every witness called by the prosecution to-day turned out to be a champion of the defense, while the testimony of M. Desmoulin, a member of the Jury of the Salon des Beaux Arts, Paris, plainly produced an impression most favorable to the accused.

D'Aulby, who under the French system is constantly questioned on various points brought out by witnesses, shows signs of breaking down as a result of the ordeal. As M. Diot and others lauded him to-day he sat with his head bowed on his knees, a handkerchief hiding his features. It is announced that he has spent eight months of his life in prison composing music and writing his memoirs.

At the very opening of to-day's session the defense revealed the fact that M. Belleuse, the art expert, called by the prosecution to pass upon the authenticity of the defendants' pictures, is now awaiting trial on a charge of conducting a gambling house in Paris.

The appointment of this expert was suggested by the complainant, the Duchess de Choiseul-Praslin. It was Belleuse who characterized d'Aulby's paintings as mostly worthless copies, and their owner as an audacious trafficker, playing upon the credulity of art collectors.

M. Bernard, counsel for d'Aulby, asked for the immediate designation of another art expert. The incident caused a tumult in the courtroom. It was then that Bernard followed up his disclosure by calling M. Desmoulin, the painter, who testified that of such of d'Aulby's pictures as he had seen one certainly was an original masterpiece, and the others were excellent copies.

M. Dutillet, who was delegated by the Duchess to settle up her affairs with d'Aulby, testified that the latter refused to negotiate with him, referring him to his lawyer. D'Aulby's attorney, the witness said, suggested the payment by Mrs. Paine of $200,000, but the witness could not say whether the money requested was to be in payment for the return of letters alleged to have been written to d'Aulby by the Duchess, or in settlement of the picture contract, or for both considerations.

Dutillet understood that it was Mme. d'Aulby who had insisted upon the payment. Mme. d'Aulby did not like this opinion from the witness, and, standing up, protested against his statements involving her. As usual at these interruptions there was a great commotion among the spectators. Special importance was attached to Dutillet's statement that he could not swear that Mrs. Paine's letters were a consideration in the negotiations, as the prosecution has sought to establish a connection between these negotiations and the case of Alexandre Tscherniedieff, who is under arrest in London, charged with participating in a conspiracy to blackmail the Duchess. D'Aulby has sworn that he does not know Tscherniedieff.

PASSES PADLOCK BILL.

Canalejas Measure Against Religious Orders Finally Pushed Through.

MADRID, Dec. 23.—After a stormy all-night session the Chamber of Dupties to-day passed the Government's "Padlock bill" by a vote of 108 to 20. This is a notable victory for Premier Canalejas, obtained after a bitter fight involving not only the opposition in Spain, but the Vatican, whose seal of disapproval was set upon the legislation even before it had been submitted to the Cortes.

As originally drawn, the bill prohibited the creation of further religious establishments in the country until the revision of the Concordat had been completed or definite laws on the subject passed. In the Senate the Government accepted the amendment of Baron Sacre Lirio limiting the period of interdiction against new congregations to two years. The Senate passed the measure on Nov. 4, the vote being 149 to 58. The majority in the upper chamber was greater than had been anticipated. The passage of the bill in the lower house had been expected.

Objection to the measure by the Holy See was based on the contention that as negotiations were under way for the revision of the Concordat of 1851, Spain could not in good faith adopt any legislation adversely affecting the congregations until these negotiations had been concluded. It was asserted that in the meantime the status quo should be maintained.

Premier Canalejas insisted upon a programme of religious liberty, and maintained that the matter covered by the "Padlock bill" was a matter of internal Government and not properly a subject of diplomatic exchanges between Madrid and Rome. In this attitude he has appeared to have the support of King Alfonso. Much bitterness was engendered, and Canalejas himself, an avowed Catholic, bore the brunt of the Clerical opposition. As a consequence of the unchanged positions of the Government and the Vatican the negotiations over the Concordat were interrupted and the relations between Madrid and the Holy See severely strained.

The final fight in the Cortes was waged until the Deputies were pretty well exhausted physically. Amendment after amendment was voted down. At 7 o'clock this morning Canalejas intervened, and in a strong speech disclaimed any hostility upon the part of the Government toward the religious orders. He insisted, nevertheless, upon the necessity of passing the bill in order that the Government might resume complete negotiations with Rome.

Señor Salaberry, the Integralist, responding, declared that the Opposition would fight to the bitter end, but Vasquez Mella y Candido, leader of the Carlists, finally surrendered, saying that he did so out of pity for the stenographers. He did so, however, only after registering a final protest on behalf of the Pope, who, he said, would be greatly grieved.

The final vote was taken at 9:30 o'clock, after which the chamber adjourned.

TO AID STARVING CHINESE.

Wilson for Red Cross Sends $5,000—Famine Affects Over 2,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—For the relief of the famine-stricken people of China, Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson to-day cabled $5,000 to Minister Calhoun at Peking, as the initial contribution of the American National Red Cross Society. The disbursement of the money will be left entirely in the hands of the Minister, and the question of further contributions will depend upon the developments of the situation, which at present is extremely serious and demands immediate attention.

The people affected by the famine are the inhabitants of the Huai River Valley. The number of sufferers continues to grow, and according to advices received by the State Department to-day, between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 are in distress. It is said that the situation will become even more serious after the Chinese New Year.

ITALIANS SUSPECT AMERICANS

Still Talk of Expedition to Tripoli to Save Sulphur Mines from Us.

ROME, Dec. 23.—In spite of the denial from official quarters, certain newspapers continue to assert that a naval expedition to Tripoli is being prepared, with the purpose chiefly of preventing the sulphur mines there from falling into the hands of Americans.

The report is circulated that the American archaeological expedition to Tripoli aimed to ascertain the extent of the country's production in order to relieve the United States from the necessity of importing Sicilian sulphur.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ROME, Dec. 23.—The Pope received the Cardinals who presented their Christmas greetings to-day. In conversation the Pontiff expressed satisfaction that the question of the first communion in France had been settled happily. He announced that the new year probably would see the first volume of the new codification of the Canon Law as being prepared by Cardinal Gasparri.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 23.—Ramon Barros Luco was to-day inaugurated President of Chile with the usual ceremonies and before a great concourse. Argentina sent a delegation of diplomats and military and naval officers. President Luco was elected on Oct. 15 to succeed President Montt, who died in Europe Aug. 16. Following the death of Senor Montt Vice President Albano assumed the duties of Chief Executive. He died on Sept. 6. Since then Minister of Justice Figuerca has been acting President.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 23.—The United States gunboat Marietta arrived here to-day from Guantanamo to give its crew Christmas leave at this port. The visit is welcomed by all, as it will serve to enliven the holiday season.

GRAVESEND, England, Dec. 23.—Rear Admiral Howard and the officers of the Fourth Division of the United States Atlantic fleet gave a reception and deck dance on board the battleship Georgia to-night. Five hundred guests from London and Gravesend were present. The ship was decorated with emblems of the Yuletide.

GRACE HAS PERISHED, ENGLAND THINKS

No Trace of Young Airman Lost in Fog on Channel Flight Thursday.

LAND AND SEA SEARCHED

Nephew of New York Mayor Carried Only Five Hours' Fuel and No Pontoons on His Aeroplane.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—At midnight no tidings had been received of Cecil S. Grace, the young airman, nephew of the late Mayor Grace of New York, who was lost in the fog about 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon while attempting a return cross-Channel flight from Calais to Dover by aeroplane. The belief is now prevalent in England that Grace, who was last sighted over Goodwin Sands, heading for the North Sea, has perished.

Every likely place on the coast and inland, where it was thought the aeroplane might have landed was searched yesterday unavailingly. Vessels plying in the Channel and the North Sea and warships and other craft sent out to look for the lost aviator or wreckage of his machine have failed to report any sign of either.

Grace carried with him petrol sufficient for a flight of about five hours. His biplane was not fitted with pontoons. He wore a cork jacket, but in case of a fall into the water he would have been cumbered by his heavy fur-lined top boots. The general belief is that it would be impossible for his machine to float for any great length of time, and that unless the aviator was rescued by a ship bound for some distant port there is slender hope that he escaped death in the sea.

A great fleet of motor cars were out all night searching every nook of the east coast of England, while warships scattered along the shores and dotting the North Sea swept the waters with wireless inquiries for the lost airman. These efforts were continued yesterday, Grace's friends clinging to the hope that the aviator, through a discovery of his error in direction or by some lucky chance, had reached the coasts of Suffolk or Norfolk. The more optimistic even talked of a record flight terminating in the north of England.

Particular interest is felt because Grace is known as a sportsman aviator rather than a professional flier. He broke no world's records, but made some notable flights. Though born in Chile, his father being the late John Grace of the banking house of W. R. Grace & Co. of New York, and graduated from Columbia University in the American city, he was also an Oxford man, and since the death of his father he has made his home with his mother in England and has long been identified with British sports.

Like most aviators Grace had a few tumbles, but none proved serious. He first attracted wide attention when his aeroplane suddenly appeared out of the haze and manoeuvred over the British warships anchored off Sheerness. The start that he gave the navy emphasized the possibilities of airships as instruments of war. He used a Wright machine at the time and after leaving the harbor flew fifty miles in fifty-one minutes, rising at one time to a height of 1,500 feet.

This was on April 30 last and more recently he had given several splendid exhibition flights.

His place in public interest is much like that enjoyed by the late Hon. Charles Stewart Rolls, who fell to his death from a height of 100 feet while giving an exhibition at Bournemouth, England, on July 12. Rolls was the first Englishman to fly the Straits of Dover, and this feat made him a popular idol.

Upon the present flight, which seems to have ended a promising career, Grace went out for the Baron De Forest prize of $20,000 offered to the British aviator who, in a British made aeroplane, should cover the greatest distance, including the passage of the English Channel, during the present year. He undertook the adventure in the face of adverse weather conditions, seeking to pass the mark of 174 miles set by Sopwith in his recent flight for the same prize.

In spite of the heavy fog which hung over the Channel Thursday and obscured the aviator soon after he ascended, he started from Dover, crossed the Channel safely, reached the Belgian frontier, and was going fast after Sopwith's figure when adverse winds compelled him to turn back to Calais.

CONNAUGHT NOT FOR CANADA

Belief Grows in Ottawa That King's Uncle Won't Succeed Earl Grey.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Dec. 23.—There is a growing belief that the Duke of Connaught will not after all be the next Governor General of Canada. Official circles at Ottawa seem more and more convinced of it, and the opinion is based on a substantial hint of a semi-official nature received from England.

It was announced shortly after the death of King Edward that it had been the wish of the King that his brother, the Duke of Connaught, should go to Canada as Governor General.

King George, however, is said to have discovered that the duties devolving upon the King of England are too numerous and too onerous for one man. King Edward was assisted at official functions by the Duke of Connaught and Prince George of Wales. King George finds that he has only one competent assistant to represent him, and this is the Duke of Connaught.

The need of having the Duke remain in England is said to be becoming more and more evident to the members of the royal family, and it is believed, therefore, that some one else will be named to succeed Earl Grey in Canada.

FRANCE PORTUGAL'S MODEL.

Plan for New Republic Based on French System—American Ideas, Too.

LISBON, Dec. 23.—A plan of Government for the new Portuguese Republic has been elaborated by the Provisional Cabinet. It is based upon the Parliamentary system of France, with certain modifications adopted from the United States.

The President of the republic will be chosen by Parliament for a term of five years, and he will be ineligible for re-election until a regular term has intervened. As in France, the Cabinet will be appointed by the President in accordance with the political complexion of the legislative body, but the Ministers of War, Marine, Finance, and Public Works, being considered non-political, will continue irremovable in the event that the Government loses the confidence of Parliament. Members of Parliament will be elected for three years.

BIDS ON CHILEAN WARSHIPS.

Americans May Have a Chance to Get the Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Bids for the construction of the two new Chilean battleships will be opened in London Jan. 10, and it is said at the State Department that the prospects are favorable for securing a modification of the proposed contract so that British shipwrights will not be given a particular advantage in the bididng over American interests. There has as yet been no change, however, in the original plan, which provided that the armor and armament for the two vessels must be bought in England.

American contractors, it is said, will bid for the vessels, and it is believed here that the discriminatory provision will be eliminated.

PERUVIAN REBELS ROB TRAIN.

Get $5,400—Traffic Suspended, and Wires Cut 50 Miles from Lima.

LIMA, Peru, Dec. 23.—A group of insurgents yesterday attacked a train near San Mateo and robbed it of $5,400.

Traffic on the Central Railway has been suspended and the telegraph line is in operation only to Matucama, fifty miles northeast of this city. The insurgents in the south have occupied Urubamba, in the province of the same name. The Cabinet crisis continues.

WIND DROVE LINER BACKWARD

Curityba Reports Rough Weather—Lost a Man at Nipe.

Bad luck pursued the Munson liner Curityba on the voyage from Cuba which ended at this port yesterday. The vessel met with plenty of rough weather coming up the coast. When she reached Nipe, James Jasper, the first assistant engineer, was taken to the hospital with his foot crushed. He was recovering and was about to return to his post when the vessel arrived there on the return voyage. Before he could leave the hospital he was taken with ptomaine poison, and died the day before the Curityba sailed again for New York. He was buried during a heavy rain, which washed away the grave as fast as it could be dug.

The Curityba steamed out of Nipe Bay to meet a terrific rainstorm, which sent her back to the shelter of the harbor again. She remained at anchor there three days. The vessel was not one day out of port before the third cook fell down a hatchway and was laid up for the remainder of the voyage. His consultations with the third engineer, who is a sufferer from stomach trouble, as to medical treatment to be obtained in New York got on the nerves of the crew.

John Preston, a West India negro, was detained by the immigration officers upon the arrival of the vessel. He is believed to be suffering from a contagious disease of the eyes. The officers say the man was examined by doctors and pronounced in good health before sailing. The crew believes he has fallen under an evil spell.

The climax to the rough weather came on Tuesday morning when the Curityba was battling with a gale off Hatteras. She could not make progress against the wind and sea, and there were times when, notwithstanding the working of her engines, she was driven backward. What a narrow escape the vessel had through the shifting of her cargo was seen when the hatches were uncovered yesterday.

The Curityba brought fruit and lumber. When the cargo was opened it was seen that immense pieces of lumber had been thrown about the hold as if they had been toothpicks.

ON AGAIN; OFF AGAIN.

Car Twice Derailed Hits Two Wagons, Hurts Two Men, but Is Not Damaged.

There is a steep hill in Thirty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, between Sixth and Third Avenues, and a Church Avenue trolley car jumped the track near Fifth Avenue yesterday afternoon as it was starting down the hill. The car, in which were a few passengers, bounded into a coal wagon, knocked down and injured the horses, and tossed the driver, James Cassidy of 47 Garnett Street, on to the pavement.

The car was stopped by being jammed against the wagon. Not a window in it was broken, and the passengers scarcely were shaken up. An ambulance was called from the Norwegian Hospital, however, for Cassidy, whose back was hurt badly, and he was taken to the hospital.

A wrecking crew got the car back on the track after half an hour, and Motorman Thomas Rowan put on the power again. The car gathered headway quickly, and just across Fifth Avenue it jumped from the track again, this time smashing into a brewery wagon and knocking off the driver, Bryan McSweeney of 93 Warren Street. McSweeney was hurt about the head, and Dr. Cook came for the second time and took him to the hospital.

As in the first accident, the car was scarcely scratched and none of the passengers was hurt. After another half hour the car went on its way to the ferry.

PINTSCH CO. TO AID INQUIRY.

Notifies District Attorney—Two More Explosion Victims Die.

Charles H. Duell, counsel for the Pintsch Gas Manufacturing Company, called at the District Attorney's office yesterday and placed the company's plant in Jersey City at the disposal of Mr. Whitman and the experts, who are investigating the cause of the explosion at the New York Central power house last Monday.

The death yesterday of two more victims of the explosion brought the total list of dead up to thirteen. John Smith of 155 East Fortieth Street died in the Flower Hospital and Theressa Latham of 350 East Forty-second Street died in Bellevue.

Mrs. Latham was struck on the head by flying débris at the time of the explosion, receiving a fractured skull and internal injuries. She became unconscious Friday afternoon and remained in that condition until her death yesterday morning.

Smith was at the corner of Lexington Avenue and Forty-ninth Street when the explosion occurred, and was struck on the head by a large section of roofing. One of his eyes was so badly injured that it had to be removed.

Of the eighteen patients still under treatment John Tynan is said to be in a critical condition at Bellevue, and Andrew Harris at Flower Hospital. Tynan, who is a New York Central electrician, developed a highly contagious disease known as aerogenes capsulatus following an operation for the removal of a leg. He has been isolated.

As Harris was the first man to give the alarm after the Pintsch gas pipe was broken he is regarded as an important witness by the District Attorney. His condition, according to the hospital authorities, is steadily improving, and they are more hopeful now of saving him than they were a few days ago.

NOT GIVING AWAY TOY HOUSES

Mrs. Towns's Supposed Plan Was Merely a Press Agent's Dream.

Since the press agent of the Cement Show at Madison Square Garden gave out the story that Mrs. Mirabeau L. Towns of 24 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, was going to have 20,000 miniature cement houses made for Christmas presents to give to her little friends, she has been receiving piles of letters every day from children all over the city saying that they would like one of the lovely houses pictured in the story. The small edifices were to have windows ready for curtains and shades, bathrooms to be looked after, and kitchenettes. For boys a few thousand engine houses and garages were to be made.

"I never put my foot inside that cement show," said Mrs. Towns yesterday afternoon. "I never turned over a check to pay for the houses, which were to be made right there in the Garden. A man called me up on the telephone and asked me if I would give away some little cement houses if they were made for me, and I said yes, thinking they would be small things two or three inches high.

"My husband, seeing the story in some of the papers next day, went to Madison Square Garden. Manager Beck said he didn't know how the story had got into the papers, and declared that 20,000 houses like the miniature on exhibit there would take up all the space in the Garden. I am having no such houses made."

JAPANESE DIET MEETS.

Emperor's Speech Emphasizes Need of Continued Peace.

TOKIO, Dec. 23.—The Diet was opened to-day. The Emperor being indisposed, was not present, and the speech from the throne was read by Marquis Katsura, the Premier and Minister of Finance.

Referring to the annexation of Korea and the convention with Russia, the throne emphasizes the necessity for the maintenance of peace in the Far East. The houses, after voting replies, adjourned to Jan. 20.

Bequests of Arthur C. Tuttle.

Arthur C. Tuttle, who died Dec. 3 at Orlando, Fla., left one-third of his estate to his widow, Elizabeth, according to a will filed for probate yesterday. He gave three-eighths of his estate each to his sons, Alfred L. and Edward A., and one-fourth to his son, Theodore R., with the explanation that the first two sons had earned their own support, while he had contributed to the support of the third.

Want $50,000 for Negro Catholics.

As a result of the special interest shown by the Pope in the work of the Catholic Board for Mission Work Among the Colored People the members are making an effort to obtain the $50,000 needed to carry on the work during the coming year. The board is composed of Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishops Farley, Moeller, and Blenk and Bishops Allen and Keiley, and has its headquarters in the Metropolitan Building.

Quickest Easiest Gift for Him

Just give "him" an AutoStrop Safety Razor. This will settle a hitherto unsettled problem for him—the problem of self shaving.

He's never been able to settle that problem because he's never been able to strop.

The AutoStrop Razor makes him strop expertly. Automatic device, in the razor itself, does it. No other razor has it.

Strops, shaves, cleans without taking apart.

Dealer will refund your money after Christmas if razor does not please. His contract with us protects him from loss.

From $5.00 Up.

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR

How to Get it Quick

Phone any Department, Drug, Cutlery or Haberdashery store; if they've sold out call up 3026 Madison Square, the AutoStrop Shop, 327 Fifth Ave., near 33rd St., which will deliver anywhere quick.

33⅓% DISCOUNT
on the entire stock of
CHESTER BILLINGS & SON
and
ALFRED H. SMITH & CO.

The stock consists of Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Sapphires, Emeralds in exquisite settings of modern design. Also gold and silverware, watches, bronzes and clocks.

Every article in this store is offered at a discount of 33⅓% which means you can buy here at less than wholesale cost.

OPEN EVENINGS
CHESTER BILLINGS & SON'S STORE, 5th Ave. at 34th St.

Notice to Advertisers

Advertisers and agents will facilitate business by arranging for delivery of advertisements for The New York Times in the Times Building by 6 P. M. day previous to insertion. The great increase in the circulation of The Times and the demand on its advertising space necessitate this regulation.

The Best Gifts for Men

Are the Useful Things They Use Every Day, Which Are a Continual Reminder of the Giver.

50c Silk Four-in-Hands

The very best value to be had in New York. An assortment comprising all the newest, snappiest and most dressy effects, in fancy stripes and figures, in plain colors and in silk knitted ties.

Silk and Silk Knitted Ties

At $1, of splendid quality; a rare assortment of rich silks, in beautiful designs and colors, and in many styles.

At $2, a handsome box, containing Silk Handkerchief, Tie and Hose to match, in all plain colors.

Silk Suspenders, in handsome Xmas boxes, 50c to $2.

Silk Knitted Dress Shawls, dainty and useful gifts; a comprehensive assortment, $3 to $13.50.

English Gloves, All Kinds

Perrin's English make, cape and goat skin, $1.15 to $2.50. Fownes Gloves, $1.50 and $2. Perrin's Lined Gloves, of imported Russian mocha, Stockinette Lined, $3 and $3.50. Rabbit and Angora, $4, and Squirrel, $5.

Holeproof Hose

For Men, Women and Children

Six pairs of these hose mean six months hose comfort and service.

For Men, six pairs, $1.50.
For Women and Children, $2.

The Xmas Overcoat or Suit

We'll deliver it to-night or to-morrow morning. A big, well kept-up assortment at prices ranging from $15 to $45, with special values at $15, $20 and $25. Prompt service assured by an extra force of salesmen.

FIVE STORES:
BROADWAY, At 49th Street.
279 BROADWAY, Near Chambers St.

Brill Brothers
All five stores open this evening.

125TH STREET, At Third Ave.
47 CORTLANDT ST., Near Greenwich.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., Near B'way.

UNCERTAIN WEATHER FOR CHRISTMAS DAY

If the Wind Shifts to the South We May Get Rain, the Forecaster Declares.

FEW PERSONS TO GO HUNGRY

Dinners Will Be Supplied in All Parts of the City for Those Too Poor to Buy Them for Themselves.

Whether or not this city is to have a "white Christmas" this year was a question which, even at a late hour last night, the weather forecaster was unable to determine. For to-day the outlook was for either rain or snow. If the wind shifts a little more to the south there will be rain. If it does not, when New Yorkers awake to-morrow morning they will see a blanket of snow on the ground, he says.

Whether the city has rain or snow, the weather will grow colder to-day as the day advances. Christmas itself will be cold but fair, according to the weather man, and there is likely to be a blustery southwest or northwest wind, which will make folks who take a Christmas afternoon walk hold tight to their hats.

No matter what the weather is outside, few persons in this city on Christmas Day will go without a comfortable Christmas dinner, according to the statements yesterday by the managers of the city's charities. Impoverished folk may take their pick of a score of institutions where ample Christmas dinners, consisting of turkey, mince pie, and garnishings will be served.

Sullivan to Feed the Bowery.

"Tim" Sullivan, as usual, will take care of the Bowery. He will provide dinners for 5,000 to-morrow. Turkey-laden tables will be kept open all day in the rooms of his political headquarters at 207 Bowery.

Then the Bowery Mission and the Young Men's Home, a block away, will take care of more of the hungry on the east side.

"Each contribution of $15 which we have received will give one thousand weary and chilled human beings shelter from the wind-swept streets on Christmas Day," said Supt. J. G. Hallimond of the mission yesterday.

One of the first of this year's Christmas entertainments for charity will take place at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when the Société Française de Bienfaisance will give a Christmas tree to the families of the poor and destitute of the French colony at Terrace Garden, in East Fifty-eighth Street. Clothes, shoes, and baskets of provisions will be distributed to impoverished French families. The children will receive clothes, toys, and candy. After the distribution of gifts there will be a stage entertainment for the enjoyment of both children and their parents. The French Consul, M. Etienne Lanel, and Mme. Lanel will attend.

At 7 o'clock this evening the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children will give a Christmas Party for children at 297 Fourth Avenue. Kruger, the magician, will give a Punch and Judy show for the children. A large Christmas tree will then be illuminated and a snowy-bearded Santa Claus will open a bountiful pack, after which there will be supper and music.

The Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled gave a Christmas entertainment yesterday to more than 200 crippled children for whom it is caring. There were singing, recitations, and a generous distribution of gifts. The Children's Aid Society will give Christmas dinners, entertainments, and presents in its lodging houses and homes on Monday.

To Make "Little Mothers" Happy.

One thousand of the "little mothers" of this city will receive a Christmas dinner at 1 o'clock on Monday afternoon in the Murray Hill Lyceum from Frank Tilford. Besides a turkey dinner, each little girl will receive a school bag containing a dressed doll, a pair of stockings, a picture book, and a bag of candy. The dinner will be followed by a vaudeville entertainment, including a Punch and Judy show.

The newsboys of the city will receive their annual Christmas dinner at the Newsboys' Lodging House, 14 New Chambers Street, on Monday evening. Former Christmas dinners of the city's newsboys have heretofore been furnished by the late William M. Fliess, who died this year. This year's dinner will be furnished in Mr. Fliess's memory by his son.

The annual Christmas tree and festival for the stage children will take place on Jan. 1. William Harris, the theatrical manager, is engineering this particular festivity with the aid of many outside contributors. The festivity will include a dinner, a vaudeville entertainment, and a Christmas tree.

At 2:30 o'clock to-morrow morning St. Paul's Chapel, at Broadway and Fulton Street, will give its usual special Christmas morning service for night workers. Miss Grace E. Campbell will sing, and there will be a male choir and violin music by Peter Gerlach and E. Wheeler Whitmore.

For folks who enjoy good drama but who have only a small amount of money to pay for theatre tickets, a performance of "Old Heidelberg" will be given at The New Theatre to-night for 10 cents a seat. The Christmas Tree of the New York Hospital in West Sixteenth Street will also be given to-night.

Salvation Army Gives Dinners Away.

The Salvation Army will distribute to-morrow twenty tons of chicken, ten tons of bread, and vast quantities of other seasonable edibles at the Grand Central Palace in Manhattan, and at the army's Washington Street headquarters in Brooklyn. Christmas festivities for the hungry and weary will also take place at the army's Fourteenth Street headquarters and in the Hungarian Home at 32 Pearl Street.

Postmaster Edward Morgan has taken on 300 extra carriers and 200 extra clerks to handle the 120,000 extra bags of Christmas mail which are expected to arrive in this city to-day from Europe on the St. Louis, Lusitania, George Washington, and other mail-carrying liners.

The housewives of the city found yesterday that they could buy Christmas provisions at lower prices than have prevailed. Turkeys ranged from 25 to 30 cents a pound, roasting chickens from 18 to 20 cents a pound, and ducks from 18 to 22 cents a pound. Cranberries cost 12½ cents a quart, celery 50 cents a bunch, apples from 20 cents to $1 a dozen, Florida oranges, 50 cents a dozen, and California oranges, 75 cents a dozen. Canned plum pudding sells from 10 cents an individual can to 75 cents for a can for a family of six. Mincemeat is put up in 10-cent packages and 75-cent crocks.

PARTY FOR MISS REGAN.

A Reception and Cotillion to be Given at the Knickerbocker Dec. 27.

James B. Regan, proprietor of the Hotel Knickerbocker, will give a coming-out party on Tuesday, Dec. 27, for his daughter, Marion Edith Regan, on her eighteenth birthday. The whole of the second floor of the Knickerbocker, including the new ball room and Astor dining hall, will be reserved for the entertainment, to which 500 guests have been invited.

The guests will be received by Misses Mary Wagner, Katherine Carroll, and Elizabeth O'Farrell. The cotillion, at 11 o'clock, will be led by Miss Regan and George Benziger.

The principal operatic singers at the Metropolitan are included in the list of guests.

Mackay Gives Sweaters to Messengers

Clarence H. Mackay, President of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company and the Commercial Cable Company, has sent a woolen "sweater" as a personal Christmas gift from him to every messenger boy employed by his companies in America—some 5,000.

A GENTLEMAN'S AGREEMENT.

Money Affair with Which the Statute of Limitations Had Nothing to Do.

A well known Kansas banker told a story the other day about the statute of limitations. There is a smile in it, plus some good philosophy.

One day an old oSutherner walked into this banker's office. The Southerner was a typical gentleman of the old school; suave, courteous to the point of punctiliousness, and honorable to a degree of martyrdom.

"What can I do for you?" asked the banker

"Well," replied the Southerner, "about thirty-five years ago I loaned a man down South some money—not a very big sum. I told him that whenever I should need it I would let him know and he could pay me the money. I need some money now, so I shall let him know and I would like to have you transact the business for me."

"My good friend," replied the banker, "you have no claim on that money. You can't hold that man to that loan. You say it has been thirty-five years since you loaned it to him. The statute of limitations has run against that loan years and years ago."

"Sir," replied the Southerner, "the man to whom I loaned that money is a gentleman. The statute of limitations never runs against a gentleman."

So the banker sent for the money. And within a reasonable time thereafter the money came. There was a courtly gentleman at the other end of the transaction also.—Kansas City Journal.

GOVERNOR AIDS SUFFRAGISTS

Calls a Convention of Enfranchised Women at Tacoma on Jan. 14.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, head of the Woman Suffrage Party of New York and President of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance, announced yesterday that Gov. James H. Brady of Idaho has sent out a call for a convention to be held at Tacoma, Wash., on Jan. 14, for the formation of an organization of enfranchised women to assist in obtaining the franchise for all other women of the country. The call has been sent to the Governors of the four other suffrage States—Colorado, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming—asking them to appoint women delegates. Gov. Brady says he believes it is time for the women of those States to go to the aid of the other women, and says that the organization will have National scope.

This will be the first convention of enfranchised women in the United States. Mrs. Catt in a letter of congratulation which she will send to the convention, speaks of the meeting of the International Suffrage Association in Stockholm in June, 1911, says that there are more organized suffragists in proportion to its population in Sweden than in any country in the world, and asks the Western women to extend their assistance to the women across the waters.

ESTABLISHES COUNTRY HOME

Paper Maker's Widow Leaves $500,000 to Aid Poor Women and Children.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—A country home for poor children and deserving single women is provided for in the will of Elizabeth Williamson Garrett, widow of Casper S. Garrett, a wealthy paper manufacturer, which was admitted to probate this afternoon.

The estate is valued at more than $1,000,000. Nearly $500,000 of this is bequeathed to relatives on condition that they withdraw all claims to 200 acres of farm lands and buildings near Newton Square, Delaware County, Pa., which Mrs. Garrett gives for the home.

The institution is to be known as the Garrett-Williamson Lodge and will be open the year around, but it is especially to be used during Spring, Summer and Autumn. As many deserving children as possible are to be accommodated. The executors are directed to incorporate the Lodge in Pennsylvania.

PRENDERGAST ECONOMIZES.

Abolishes the Charitable Institutions Division, Once Headed by Dr. Potter.

Controller Prendergast has announced further changes in the administration of his office in the general reorganization which he has been conducting for some time. He has decided to abolish the Charitable Institutions Division, of which Dr. Daniel C. Potter, who was recently made Director of the new Board of Ambulance Service in the face of emphatic objection from the Controller and others, was the head, and has assigned the present staff of the bureau to the Auditing Division of which Henderson Wolfe is the head. The work of the bureau, which is to apportion the city's contributions to the charitable institutions which do public work, will be done in the future under Mr. Wolfe's direction.

The Controller has also decided to abolish the Engineering Division as such, and assign its staff to the Bureau of Municipal Investigation and Statistics and the Division of Inspection.

The changes also include several new departures in the work of the Bureau for the Collection of City Revenue, principally in giving the Chief Auditor of Receipts more supervisory power over it.

HORSE KICKS BOY COASTING.

Three Hurt and One May Die—Animal Frightened by Sleds.

SCHENECTADY, Dec. 23.—As the result of a coasting accident, Fred Rosebeck, 13 years old, and Robert Moore, 14, are in a hospital here, the first named with a badly fractured skull and the other with a severe concussion of the brain. It is thought Rosebeck will die, and Moore's condition is not very favorable.

The accident happened late in the afternoon on Smith Street, one of the steepest hills in the city. With seven boys, Moore steered his bob-sled down the hill close behind another. The first passed a young fellow leading a horse and so frightened it that when Moore's bob came along it reared and struck the first three boys with its hoofs. The third boy, however, received only a slight gash.

BOYS LOCKED IN; BURNED.

Mother Returns from Shopping Trip to Find Children Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

WHARTON, N. J., Dec. 23.—Mrs. William Sumboy went to Dover to buy Christmas presents, leaving her two children locked in the house. The house caught fire in her absence and the two youngsters, John, 6, and William, 2½, were burned to death.

The fire was discovered by Michael McShain, who made a desperate effort to save the boys, and managed to drag the younger one to the outer air. The child was so badly burned, however, that he died in a few minutes.

A year ago Mrs. Sumboy's husband shot her and is now serving a five-year sentence in State's prison.

Colombian Student Dies Here.

Gustav Cajiao, supposed to be the nineteen-year-old brother of the Secretary of the Interior of Colombia, was found dead from gas poisoning yesterday afternoon in his room at the Hotel Caracas, in West Fourteenth Street. The police think the death was accidental. Cajiao was a student at Holy Cross College in Worcester, Mass., until recently, but the cold undermined his health, and he came to this city on Thursday, meaning to go home.

Motor Fire Engine Used as Ambulance

Mrs. Lorena Pope of 139 Glover Avenue, Yonkers, died last night of burns received in a fire at her home, and Francis Piet, a boarder, was badly burned. The motor engine recently purchased by the Yonkers Fire Department, capable of traveling seventy miles an hour, was rushed toward St. Joseph's Hospital with the victims, but on the way met an ambulance, to which they were transferred and Piet has a chance to recover.

STOCK EXCHANGE HAS OLD-TIME XMAS FUN

Members Turn Things Loose Despite Leanness of Past Year's Business.

PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS

Janitor's Piano and "Sousa's Band," Led by "Charlie" Knoblauch, Furnish Music for Joyous Occasion.

The Stock Exchange men turned loose and got some real fun out of their Christmas celebration yesterday. For several years past, in fact, ever since the Exchange has been housed in its white marble building, the celebration before the Christmas holidays has lacked the old-time spontaneity and has been somewhat formal. Yesterday, the dullest day of the leanest year brokers have had to live through in a decade, it seemed as if the whole active membership had been inoculated with some sort of happy bacillus and were getting back in one session all the good spirits squeezed out in long months of meagre profits.

The Chairman, too, forgot to frown on infractions, and long before the close of trading things began to happen.

Within the first hour, when it became apparent that the day's business was to be as sluggish, if not more so, as any recent blue session, some of the irrepressibles called on the janitor in his top-floor apartments and requisitioned the family piano. They got it down to the floor in an elevator and had some of the best talent available at work on it before the Chairman remembered to interfere.

About 2 o'clock, when business was really over for the day, so dull was the market, a dozen footballs were tossed out of the west gallery, and the score or so of old football men on the floor tried to recall some of their best form in punting. From then on there was no chance on the floor for dignity.

When the gong struck at 3 o'clock "Sousa's Band," for the hiring of which successful appeals had been made to the pocketbooks of the "tighwads," who wanted a dignified recognition of the holiday occasion, appeared. "Charlie" Knoblauch, ex-rough rider and member of the Old Guard, led the procession as drum major in the bearskin shako and well-known uniform of the Old Guard. His bandsmen were twenty-five willing workers selected for the quantity of noise they could produce from bazoos concealed in lifelike papier mâché instruments. They were dressed in red-plumed helmets and blue uniforms, with plenty of brass buttons.

Heading the parade until they became too much of a temptation to the watchers were "Buck" Buchanan and "Half Portion" Tommy Clark, arrayed in traffic cop uniforms with superstructures fore and aft representing horses. The band marched around the floor twice before they lost their "police" guardians. The horses were too much of a temptation to the mob and the stuffed clubs couldn't save them. The band men had been practicing since Monday, and for a time they had the floor awed. It was a real band in make-up.

There was a kettle drum operated by "Johnny" Shaw, which nobody missed hearing, and Niles, the Rock Island specialist, made sure of appreciation of his bazoo cornet by getting a hearing as a soloist. Gil Greenway, the Yale pitcher; Jack McCullough, Major H. K. Bird, S. C. Mabon, H. C. Foster, G. Clinton Miller, A. H. Marckwald, F. E. Brumley, George Sidenberg, and Billy Wallace were others of the twenty-five Knoblauch led.

Three barrels of confetti had been provided, but no amount of paper rain could drown the noise until Billy Van Antwerp as Santa Claus came in bending under a Christmas pack. With a megaphone he took a place under the Broad Street gallery, and bawled out the names of his victims.

Members of the Entertainment Committee, who for safety remain anonymous, had prepared a catalogue of members according to their foibles. After President Thomas had been presented with a complete stock farm of the best sheep, goats, horses, and cows made in Switzerland, the marked men came to the sacrifice. They were hoisted, pushed, or pulled through the crowd to get what was coming from St. Nicholas, and the crowd yelled when a thrust at their weak spots went home.

In the Christmas Directory various canny members were described as Charitable and Helpful or Generous and Spendthrift. One of these was hoisted up to receive a small pocketbook fastened with an enormous padlock. One of the leaders of the late lamented bull movement this Fall received, amid howls of the crowd, a copy of the old song, "I Dreamt I Dwelt in Marble Halls." Harry Meyer, who is something of a Beau Brummel, received a photograph of a grand opera prima donna. Walter Taylor, who has been an enthusiast on Chesapeake & Ohio, got a diminutive train of coal cars. Eben Stevens, leader of the "insurgent" movement at the last Exchange election, was presented with a Cuba Libre uniform.

There were ascetic, celibate members; handsome, spiritual members; warm, ardent members; silent, phlegmatic members, and reticent, retiring members, who likewise faced Santa Claus. But when it came to Alfred Willstatter he was put down as "utterly unclassifiable."

The brothers C. D. and W. Wadsworth, who were omitted from the list of "generous, spendthrift members," were heard from in a wireless cable from the Sub-Treasury which announced that "$2,000,000 in gold" had been engaged by them for distribution among the needy members of the Exchange. This message came collect.

Old-timers whose memories go back to the indecorous days of the old Exchange Building said after it was all over that they had never seen so much real goings on on the floor in the new generation.

The spirit of yesterday was typified in the placards borne by 6 foot 3 "Tiny" Warner as the sandwich man. They read:

WATCH AND WAIT.
1901 ....3,200,000 shares
1910 ....190,000 shares
Can We Come Back?
YOU BET.

Incidentally yesterday's business only amounted to 114,000 shares, the smallest day in the year.

LOSES $140,000 OF BEQUEST.

Great Barrington Gives Up Half of Estate Left It by Mrs. M. A. Mason.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Dec. 23.—The contest over the will of Mrs. Mary A. Mason was settled to-day, the town of Great Barrington, the principal beneficiary, relinquishing claim to property valued at $140,000 in favor of a sister and niece of the testatrix. Mrs. Mason, who died last April, bequeathed $300,000 to the town of Great Barrington for the establishment of a library and a hospital.

Mrs. Mason left no bequests to her sister, Leila Olive Henriques, or her niece, Henrietta Olive Trowbridge, both of New York City, stating in her will that both had been cared for during her life and that they were well provided for.

The relatives contested the will and the settlement was reached to-day.

NO CLUE TO LYNCHERS.

Grand Jury So Reports in Case of Burning of Mexican, Rodriguez.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Dec. 23.—Advices from Rock Springs to-day say that the Grand Jury which investigated the burning at the stake of Antonio Rodriguez, the Mexican who murdered Mrs. James Henderson, wife of a well-known ranchman, has reported to the court that it has no indictments to present as no testimony had been presented tending to establish the identity of the men forming the mob.

Secret Service agents of the Federal Government aided in the investigation, and, it is understood, have forwarded a special report to Washington.

Lewis Carries Miners' District No. 2.

ALTOONA, Penn., Dec. 23.—Complete returns in the miners' election in District No. 2 show a big change from last year. National President T. L. Lewis, who lost the district last year by 4,000 votes, has carried it this year by nearly 1,100.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

Pennsylvania's Share of Army-Navy Receipts Turned Over to Relief Fund.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—It is expected that a decision will be reached early next month on the question of where the next annual army and navy football game shall be held. The three-year agreement between the University of Pennsylvania on the one side and the Army and Navy authorities on the other has expired, and the three parties in interest will meet early in January to discuss the matter of a new agreement.

Dr. J. William White of the University of Pennsylvania, who has always taken a prominent part in arranging for the Army and Navy game under the auspices of the university, to-day issued a denial of the report that the proceeds of the university's share of the Army and Navy tickets is turned into the treasury of Pennsylvania's athletic association. Dr. White said: "The fact is that the net proceeds of the sale go, and always have gone, to the Army and Navy relief societies, (the latter of which was organized by the university;) that the sum total thus contributed toward the care of the widows and orphans of the officers and men who die in the service of the country, will have been—when this year's accounts are settled—in the neighborhood of $80,000, and that not a dollar has been reserved for the use of the university. Edward T. Stotesbury, Treasurer of the Navy Relief Society, and Cornelius Bliss, Jr., Treasurer of the Army Relief Society, receive annually detailed statements of the pecuniary results of the game, and the sums realized are deposited with them.

JOCKEYS UNDER THE BAN.

Smith, Manders, and Rettig Figure in Turf Scandal in Mexico.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Dec. 23.—Terrazas Park stewards to-day announced the indefintie suspension of the jockeys, Smith, Manders, and Rettig. S. Smith was suspended for accepting a bribe of $200 to pull Gladys Louise, and Manders was set down for offering the money. Rettig was suspended for accepting $75 from an outsider, which is against the rules of racing.

Follie Levy, carrying 123 pounds, made a new track record for six furlongs by stepping the distance of the fourth race in 1:11 2-5.

PLAN HEMPSTEAD HOME OF AVIATION

National School to be Established and Weekly Meets to be Held Next Year.

MOISANT BROTHERS ACTIVE

Chief Stockholders in New Enterprise—Old Garden City Another Grounds to be Abandoned.

The most important and significant step in the actual development of aviation in this country will be taken to-day when the certificate incorporating the Hempstead Plains Aviation Company is filed with the Secretary of State in Albany. The work of organizing the company has been in progress since the close of the International Aviation Tournament at Belmont Park last October. The group of business men behind the enterprise have laid out a plan for the promotion of every phase of aviation and have ample capital to carry out their undertaking. The company's central point of operations will be an immense tract of land, about one thousand acres, just east of Garden City, where it was planned to hold the 1910 aviation tournament before the limited time for preparation made it necessary to go to Belmont Park.

The company has procured a five year lease of this tract of land, and preparations for putting it in shape for an immense national aviation field and school are now under way. Several hundred hangers are to be erected as they are required, a school of aviation opened, and public exhibitions and contests will be given at stated times. In addition to these features there is in contemplation the erection of a large plant for the manufacture of flying machines and their accessories with a comprehensive equipment of machine shops and laboratories for the use of pupils and experimentors who are entitled to the privilege of the field. It is not unlikely that the Aero Club of America and the Aeronautic Association, as well as the affiliated clubs of the Aero Club of America, may make arrangements with the company for the use of the aerodrome for their official testing grounds. It is the purpose of the company to make the field the center of all aviation interests in America and to establish there a more extensive and elaborate school and aerodrome than has thus far been attempted elsewhere in the world.

The capital stock of the company is given as $50,000. It was stated by a member of the corporation that this figure would be increased when the enterprise required it. The Directors for the first year, as given in the certificate of incorporation, are Alfred J. Moisant, John B. Moisant, Allen W. Evarts, Charles Stewart Butler and Gage E. Tarbell. It was stated that there are several other business men of New York who are deeply interested in the company as stockholders. Offices will be opened both in New York City and at the Hempstead Plains field.

The Moisant Brothers are among the largest stockholders, and the school to be opened in the early Spring will be known as the Moisant School of Aviation. During his visit to New York last week Alfred J. Moisant spent considerable time with the other Directors, and stated that he or his brother would return here in a few weeks to assist in determining the final plans for the grounds and buildings. Tentative plans are now under consideration but final selection will not be made until the whole scheme has been passed upon by a group of aviators and experts retained for that purpose.

It is designed to make the Moisant School the largest institution of the sort in the world and extensive plans are being made to equip it with every facility for safe and thorough instruction in every branch of flying. Trained instructors from this country and Europe are being engaged and pupils will be taught to operate every type of machine in existence.

John B. Moisant has recently received from France a new type of all-metal monoplane, of his own design, and is now preparing to give it a thorough test while giving exhibition flights through the South. Should it prove as successful as he anticipates, an extensive plant will at once be erected for manufacturing machines of the new design.

As a field for public contests and exhibitions it will excell any of the famous aerodromes of Europe. The hundreds of acres covered by the lease is a tract almost entirely level, free from all obstructions, and gives ample space for a five-kilometer course with smaller courses within the larger one. Movable pylons will be constructed, which may be used in marking any desired course for the contests, or for the use of pupils. In addition the field will contain ample room for grandstands, a clubhouse, and hundreds of hangars.

A NET INCOME.

That means what you get after paying every charge connected with your investments. After personal property taxes are paid, the ordinary 4½% investment does not seem so attractive with a net income of only 2¾%. Even the money you have in a bank or trust company may cost you $17.50 for taxes on each thousand dollars.

Our guaranteed mortgages net 4½% free from taxation.

No investor has ever lost a dollar.

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WALTER-MEYNER

The Store Where You Can Get Just What You Want Up To The Last Moment

Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Women's Neckwear, Books, Men's House Coats and Bath Robes, Men's Neckwear, Toys, Jewelry and Silverware, Leather Goods, Fancy Stationery, Umbrellas and Canes, Slippers, Toilet Goods, Pictures, Pianos and Player-Pianos
Victor Talking Machines and the Victrola
Ribbons, Tissue Paper, Christmas Cards, for doing up the Christmas Packages, Calendars and, last but not least, THE CHRISTMAS CANDY.

STORE CLOSES THIS EVENING AT 7 P. M.

Deliveries: All purchases made today will be delivered by midnight tonight, with the possible exception of a few out-of-town parcels. You may depend upon these reaching their destination bright and early Monday morning.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY
SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK
THIRTY-SECOND ST.
THIRTY-THIRD ST.

TAFT TO BE ON HAND WHILE CONGRESS SITS

Makes Only Two Engagements Out of Capital This Winter—To Cancel New York One.

BUSY CHRISTMAS SHOPPING

Spends Three Days Touring Stores and Buys Hundreds of Gifts, Chiefly Books and Jewelry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—President Taft has decided not to absent himself from Washington while Congress is in session. It will be remembered that when the insurgents overthrew Speaker Cannon in the House of Representatives last Spring and drove him off the Committee on Rules, the President was on a tour to Cincinnati and several Eastern cities, finally attending a meeting at Yale College.

This Winter he has made only two engagements out of Washington. One which would take him to New York on Jan. 21 will be canceled. The other is for Feb. 12 at Springfield, Ill, where he will take part in the Lincoln memorial exercises. On March 9 Mr. Taft is due at Atlanta, after the adjournment of Congress, to participate in a commercial convention there.

The President regards it a duty to be in Washington when Congress is in session, and he is indisposed to do much traveling next Summer. Furthermore, the Executive travel fund has been depleted more than is ordinarily the case through meeting a deficiency from last year of over $7,000. Mr. Taft thinks it is the duty of the President to get about the country and meet the people, but he is inclined to postpone his pleasure in this direction until the last year of his Administration.

The President concluded his Christmas shopping to-day. Matters of state made him one of the tardy purchasers. Altogether he has devoted three afternoons to the task, which was not a small one. Yesterday Capt. Butt, the President's aid, had exhausted thirty-five of the Chief Magistrate's cards, which he took out with him, before the President was willing to leave the holiday counters, and the Captain had to make a hurried trip to the White House for more cards to go with the various remembrances.

Mr. Taft believes more in the sentiment of Christmas giving than in the intrinsic value of the gifts themselves. As he does not confine his presents to relatives and friends, his gifts mount up into the hundreds.

The President is fond of giving books, and much of his shopping time has been spent in rummaging the shelves of the booksellers. In each volume he presents he writes a suitable sentiment on the flyleaf, thus giving the volume something of a historical value. The President also likes presenting trinkets of jewelry, and always makes his own selections. When he starts on a tour of the shops he has a long list of names and probable purchases, like any other holiday buyer.

Outside of his large circle of relatives and friends the President gives presents to the various White House clerks. He also presents turkeys to the married employes, numbering 102, and this item alone requires an outlay of from $350 to $400. To the three Secret Service men who are assigned to look after his welfare the President always gives a personal remembrance.

JERSEY TOWNS GROW FAST.

Census Figures Show Growth Also In Maryland and Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Population statistics of the thirteenth census issued to-day included the following-named places:

	1910.	1900.
IN MARYLAND.		
Annapolis	8,609	8,525
Frederick	10,411	9,296
Hagerstown	16,507	13,591
Cambridge	6,407	5,747
Frostburg	6,028	5,274
Salisbury	6,690	4,277
IN NEW JERSEY.		
Burlington	8,336	7,392
Dover	7,468	5,938
Guttenberg	5,647	3,825
Hammonton	5,088	3,481
Nutley	6,009	3,682
Princeton	5,136	3,899
Red Bank	7,398	5,428
Ridgewood	5,416	2,685
Roosevelt	5,786	....
Salem	6,614	5,811
Somerville	5,060	4,843
South Amboy	7,007	6,349
South Orange	6,014	4,608
Summit	7,500	5,302
Vineland	5,282	4,370
Westfield	6,420	....
Asbury Park	10,150	4,148
Bridgeton	14,209	13,913
Englewood	9,924	6,253
Garfield	10,213	3,504
Gloucester	9,462	6,840
Hackensack	14,050	9,443
Irvington	11,877	5,255
Kearny	18,659	10,896
Long Branch	13,298	8,872
Millville	12,451	10,583
Montclair	21,550	13,962
Morristown	12,507	11,267
Phillipsburg	13,903	10,052
Plainfield	20,550	15,369
Rahway	9,337	7,935
Union	21,023	15,187
West New York	13,560	5,267
West Orange	10,980	6,889
IN PENNSYLVANIA.		
Corry	5,991	5,369
Meadville	12,780	10,291
Titusville	8,533	8,244

At Police Headquarters in Westfield, N. J., it was stated last night that the population of that place in 1905 was 5,265. No figures for the 1900 population were available, though it was stated that the town was in existence at that time. No explanation could be given for the census omission of the 1900 figures.

Police Headquarters at Woodbridge said that Roosevelt, N. J., formerly consisted of the towns of Carteret, Tremley, and Chrome. At the time of the 1900 census the police stated these towns were part of the town of Woodbridge. There has recently been some agitation by both Carteret and Chrome for the resumption of the use of the separate names and the abolition of the name of Roosevelt.

It was stated that mail addressed variously to Chrome and Carteret as railroad stations and to Roosevelt caused confusion. The communities have separate social organizations, and are separated by a stretch of open country.

PRINT RATE HEARING RECORD.

Useful in Tariff Discussion, It Is Said—Fills 10,000 Folios.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—A stenographic report of testimony given before the Inter-State Commerce Commission by shippers who protested against the proposed increase of freight rates is to be printed as a public document. Senator La Follette succeeded in getting a resolution for this purpose through the Senate, and the copy has gone to the printer.

The record made more than 10,000 folios, and a single set in the mimeographed copy cost $1,400. The railroads and a few shippers bought sets. In all seventy sets were sold.

There is much speculation as to Senator La Follette's purpose in having the record printed. It is certain that many who were heard before the commission would not have appeared if they had supposed that the entire record was to be published. The publication will be of great value whenever a discussion of railroad rates comes up in Congress, but Senator La Follette's object is said to be more for its use in coming tariff discussion.

Disclosures of manufacturing methods, costs, prices, markets, output and margin of profits will have a most important bearing on the revision of the tariff.

NEW ALASKA LAND ROW.

Ballinger Plan for Court Settlement of Cunningham Claims Displeases Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Secretary Ballinger's plan for relieving the Department of the Interior and perhaps Congress of the task of settling the Cunningham coal land claims in Alaska by referring the whole matter to the courts in the District of Columbia is arousing pointed opposition in Congress.

The report of the Joint Committee exonerating Mr. Ballinger of all malfeasance in office took direct issue with his criticism of the plan to lease coal lands, and it now seems likely that the friends of conservation in Congress will be equally against him when it comes to a bill sending the coal land cases to court.

This attitude is the result of prolonged conferences among members of the House and Senate, lawyers and men prominent in the conservation movement. In view of the fact that President Taft looks with favor on the suggestion made by the Secretary of the Interior, and because of the probability that the Secretary's recommendations will be presented for the consideration of Congress in the shape of a bill or resolution, it is now regarded as a foregone conclusion that Congress will have a fight of considerable proportions to determine what dispositions shall be made of the Cunningham claims.

Prolonged study of the Alaska situation has convinced members of Congress that the subject is so vast and of such far-reaching importance that Congress cannot afford to have the future attitude of the Government in that country decided by a court which will base its decisions on the one hand on a case presented by the Interior Department and on the other hand by counsel for the Cunningham claimants.

These members of Congress maintain that the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation demonstrated that the Interior Department officials are too closely in accord on the legal status of the Cunningham claims to permit a presentation of the case which would satisfy the country.

MAILS ARE MUCH BIGGER.

But Transport Only Cost 1.15 Per Cent. More—Railway Pay Saved.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Conditions of railway and ocean mail service are discussed fully in the annual report of Joseph Stewart, Second Assistant Postmaster General, submitted to-day to Postmaster General Hitchcock.

The aggregate cost of the transportation of domestic mails during the year was $81,709,433.68, while the cost of foreign mails was $3,112,302.46. Notwithstanding the increased amount of mail handled, the percentage of increase in the cost was only 1.15 per cent.

The amount of money necessary for railroad transportation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, is $48,983,000, being 5.6 per cent. more than the appropriation for the current fiscal year. In every instance possible the policy of equalizing the rate of pay for the transportation of mail by railroad routes on the basis of lowest cost has been followed. The department has saved $12,274,488 by the operation of this method. Sixteen railroad companies have filed suit against the United States, attacking the validity of the order of the Postmaster General.

The passage of an act to authorize the Postmaster General to pay for ocean mail service in vessels of the second class on routes to South America, the Philippines, Japan, China, and Australasia is again urged.

TO GIVE FULLER CROP DATA.

Estimated Final Production to be Added as Crops Near Maturity.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—To enable readers of the Department of Agriculture's monthly crop reports to realize the significance of the estimates made during the growing season Victor H. Olmsted, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Chairman of the Crop Reporting Board, contemplates including quantitative interpretation of the figures relating to important crops.

Heretofore the monthly crop reports have been expressed in percentages of a normal condition giving promise of a full crop. These figures will be shown monthly as before, with the estimated quantity or volume of the year's final production added.

This additional information will probably not be given until the crops approach maturity later in the season, when the final production can be estimated. The ultimate production of any crop cannot with certainty be foretold from the indicated condition at any time during the growing season, but it has been found that close estimates of the final harvest can be given.

NEW TRIAL FOR HUSTON.

Court Finds Fault with Evidence Against Convicted ex-Treasurer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The verdict of guilty, found by a jury in the case of the United States against James N. Huston, Harvey M. Lewis, and Everett Du Four for using the mails with intent to defraud was set aside to-day as to Huston. Justice Wright said that he was not convinced that Huston knew that his associates were making false representations to those who were prospective guarantors dealing with the various trust companies managed by the defendants.

Lewis and Du Four were held by the court to have used the mails with a guilty intent, and Justice Wright sentenced both to two years in the penitentiary. Huston, who was formerly United States Treasurer, will get a new trial.

SCHOOL RANCH WAS A MYTH.

The Texan Who Advertised to Teach Bright Boys Cow-Punching Arrested.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—City boys who have feasted their eyes on advertisements describing a school for cowboys at San Antonio, Texas, will be sorry to learn that the concern has been pronounced a fraud by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

The institution was under the management of one Carl Smith at 200 Soledad Street. It offered to take any bright, agile urchin and make a first-class cow puncher of him while he waited, horse, saddle, lariat, ladigos, chaps, and spurs being furnished. Besides the city headquarters, the concern advertised as having a ranch called El Rincon, where the boys who showed special proficiency in roping and riding would receive jobs at $40 a month. Carl Smith is under arrest at San Antonio and El Rincon proves to be an imaginary ranch.

WRECKERS TO RAISE PURITAN

Agree for $23,000 to Float Monitor Sunk by Explosive Test.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The monitor Puritan, which was sunk in Chesapeake Bay several weeks ago, as a result of experiments with explosive gelatine, will be raised by the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company for the sum of $23,000.

The contract with that company, signed to-day by Acting Secretary of the Navy Beekman Winthrop, provides that the company deliver the Puritan at the Norfolk Navy Yard afloat and in a condition to be handled. In case the company fails to accomplish the task it will receive no payment.

Another bidder for the work was the Hudson Transportation Company of Norfolk, which named $33,500 as its price.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c. —Adv.

CHICAGO TO HONOR DEAD FIRE CHIEF

Public Funeral on Monday—Raising $250,000 Fund for Widows and Orphans.

OFFICIAL DEAD LIST IS 24

As Flames Revive Repeatedly in the Stock Yards, More Are Hurt by Falling Walls.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Although it had been burning for more than forty hours, firemen of ten companies to-night were pouring water on the ruins of the Nelson Morris & Co. stock yards buildings, in which twenty-four men, including Chief James Horan and Assistant Chief William J. Burroughs, lost their lives.

The worst fight came early in the day. From Warehouse No. 6 the flames were leaping to other buildings, and just before retiring from the scene because of sheer exhaustion Acting Chief Seyferlich said he saw no way of preventing the burning of Warehouse No. 5. The falling of the walls and the scattering of burning timbers caused a temporary retreat of the firemen.

The men were lined up to throw water on Warehouse No. 6 when the walls toppled and the alarm was given for the men to retire. They reached safety just in time, although many received minor burns. Capt. John Windheim of Engine 64 was badly burned. He was one of the last to get out. William Sheridan, a stock yards clerk, was knocked off a high platform in the rush to escape. It is believed he will die.

Hold Inquest on Wednesday.

Capt. Alexander D. Lannon, who was injured Thursday, died late to-day. This makes the official list of dead twenty-four. Twenty-one bodies, including that of Chief Horan, have been recovered, and it is believed there are five others still buried in the débris. Three were recovered to-day. Coroner Hoffman, following a day's investigation with members of a jury, announced that the inquest will be opened next Wednesday morning.

Chicago business men and the city authorities sent out appeals for relief for the widows and orphans of the firemen who met death. The Citizens' Relief Committee, of which Harlow N. Higginbotham is Chairman and John J. Mitchell Treasurer, established headquarters at a downtown bank and announced that an endowment fund of $250,000 was desired. Of this sum $50,000 had been subscribed when the committee's office closed for the day. Packing concerns in the Stock Yards District made known their intention of subscribing $10,000 each to the fund.

Corporation Counsel Brundage explained that the Firemen's Pension Fund provides that the widow shall receive $35 a month as long as she remains unmarried; that each child shall receive $8 a month up to the age of 16 years, and that a dependent father or mother shall receive $25 a month.

Public Funeral for Chief.

Fire Marshal Horan will have a public and semi-military funeral. In the cortège will be members of the City Council, a regiment of cavalry, a squadron of mounted police and platoons of police and firemen on foot, members of various public bodies, and many private citizens.

At a special session of the City Council to-day a committee of fifteen was appointed to look after the funeral. Mayor Busse has taken personal charge of arrangements, and announced to-day he thought the funeral would be held Monday. The city will pay funeral expenses of all the firemen killed, furnish free medical aid to all injured, and continue for at least six months the pay of firemen killed.

Telegrams of sympathy and regret came from many quarters to-day, the Fire Master of London joining the Fire Chief of Seattle, Wash., those of New York, St. Louis, Los Angeles, Minneapolis, and Havana in condolences.

Fire Marshal James Horan told the City Council Building Committee last Wednesday he did not care how high buildings were in the downtown district, but what was needed was better buildings at the stock yards.

The Marshal was a great lover of children. In his desk in the City Hall were found more than 100 requests for the flooding of lots for skating rinks. Each letter bears the "O. K." of the dead Chief, who was planning to send out members of the department to hasten the making of rinks so that Chicago's youngsters might enjoy their Christmas vacation to the full.

"We are going to have an old-fashioned Winter," said the Chief a day or two ago, "and I'm going to give the kids of Chicago the skating of their lives."

Horan was a baseball enthusiast, and witnessed most of the big league games in this city. He also went to Philadelphia as the guest of President B. B. Johnson of the American League during the world's series.

Scenes in Bereaved Homes.

In place of happy Christmas gatherings there will be funerals in many Chicago homes. One of the most pitiable aftermaths of the stock yards fire was the scene in the home of William Weber, a member of Engine Company 50 and one of the victims. His company was one of the first at the fire, and he was killed by the falling of the first wall.

When his bruised and blackened body was taken from the ruins three little letters to Santa Claus in children's handwriting and a list of presents he was to buy were found in his pocket. He was to have been off duty at 8 o'clock yesterday morning and had intended spending the day uptown buying presents.

Word of his death was taken to his home at 10 o'clock. In the parlor of the home his widow and three children were busy unpacking household furniture, they having just moved into the home. A Christmas tree had been one of the first things to be put up in the parlor. At noon, when the body was taken to the home, the little tapers that had stood unlighted on the tree were lighted and placed at the head of the coffin.

Instead of a family reunion and a merry Christmas which was to have been celebrated in the home of William Moriarty, the funeral service will be held over the body of Albert J. Moriarty, member of Truck 11. William Moriarty, a member of a Southern baseball team, and George, third baseman of the Detroit Tigers, brothers of the dead fireman, reached the fire in time to see a number of bodies taken from the ruins, and a few minutes later identified that of their brother.

A peculiarly pathetic scene occurred this afternoon when the body of Capt. Dennis Doyle, the last to be recovered, was taken from the ruins. Pipeman Edward Doyle, a son of the Captain, collapsed when his father's body was found. Edward Doyle had been at the fire for nearly thirty-six hours. He had assisted in finding the body of his brother, Nicholas, also killed in the fire, and refused to leave until that of his father was recovered.

PHILADELPHIA'S FIRE FUND.

To Raise $85,000 for Victims' Families—Prisoner Says He Started Blaze.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—The number of dead as the result of the leather factory fire of Wednesday night still stands at fourteen, with all firemen and policemen accounted for. The work of clearing away the débris continues, but the police and Fire Chiefs do not expect to find any more bodies.

Reports from the hospitals were all encouraging to-day, and it is thought all the injured firemen and policemen will get well. William Glazier, who was taken out alive from the ruins after more than twelve hours is much improved in St. Joseph's Hospital. He does not appear to have suffered any serious injury, but developed pneumonia as he lay in the ice-coated mass of wreckage.

A foreigner giving his name as John Karnego walked up to a policeman near the fire to-day and said he had set fire to the place. The policeman did not believe him, and as he persisted he was sent to Headquarters, but Police Surgeons do not believe he started the fire. Karnego said he had been employed in the leather factory and discharged.

The Citizens' Permanent Relief Committee, at a meeting at the Mayor's office this afternoon, issued a call to raise a fund of $85,000 for the benefit of the widows and children of the dead. A pension of $20 a month will be given to each widow and $6 a month to each child under 16 years of age. Each widow will also receive $1,300 in cash.

E. T. Stotesbury, the banker, and E. H. Vare, a Republican leader and city contractor, head the fund with subscriptions of $1,000 each.

Explosion Starts $225,000 Blaze.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 23.—Fire early this morning, which followed an explosion, destroyed the building occupied by the Toledo Biscuit Company. The loss is placed at $225,000.

$250,000 Fire in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—In a fire here three large business houses were destroyed to-day, with losses estimated at $250,000. The Shubert Theatre was slightly damaged.

JAPANESE MISSED OCTOPUS.

Visiting Officer at Newport Yard Did Not See the Submarine Tests.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 23.—Last Tuesday there came to visit the Naval War College and the Naval Torpedo and Naval Training Stations Lieut. Commander S. Kurose of the Japanese Navy, with credentials from the Navy Department, to look over the naval station on Narragansett Bay, where the many secrets of torpedo and submarine warfare are carried out and where the torpedoes and submarine mines are made.

No doubt Lieut. Commander Kurose came here hoping to see something of the submarine torpedo firing which the submarine Octopus has been conducting along Narragansett Bay, the results of which, especially of firing at submerged targets, have been of the highest efficiency, placing the United States Navy far ahead of any other in its submarine torpedo boat work. All these tests have been secret, and none but the crew of the Octopus and the officials of the Navy Department know anything of the reports.

When the Japanese naval officer came to the Torpedo Station, where the Octopus is attached, he found the submarine alongside her wharf, undergoing extensive repairs in preparation for other trials beneath the sea in Narragansett Bay early next Spring. This and other important and secret work were not seen by the Japanese naval officer.

CANDY BANDIT SENTENCED.

Rhodus, Who Killed Two Chicago Men and Robbed 100, Gets Life Term.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Leigh Rhodus, known to the police as the "candy kid" robber, was sentened to-day to life imprisonment. When arrested in East St. Louis for burglary a month ago he confessed to two murders in Chicago, because he said he preferred a murder trial here to a burglary trial in East St. Louis.

Rhodus gained the name of "candy kid" after his confession that he robbed over 100 persons in Chicago to enable his young bride to have all the candy she wanted.

Here he killed Dr. William S. Michaelis, a dentist, and Anton Heigib, a contractor, both of whom resisted robbery.

In addition to the life term, Judge Kersten sentenced Rhodus to serve three indeterminate periods of imprisonment, each from one year to life durance, to forestall possible applications for parole.

MUST PAY FOR STOCK.

Applicant, Sued by Canadian Bank on $1,380 Note, Finally Loses.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 23.—The Supreme Court to-day reversed the judgment of the Ontario Court of Appeals and restored that of the trial court in favor of the Sovereign Bank against McIntyre, for $1,380, with interest and costs. McIntyre made an application for ten shares of the capital stock of the Sovereign Bank at $130 a share. This application was changed at the head office so as to read $140 a share, and a certificate of stock was issued accordingly and forwarded to the manager of the London branch. Some $20 in cash was paid to McIntyre on his giving a note to the bank for $1,360, with the certificate as collateral. The dividends upon the stock were received and receipted for in McIntye's name by the local manager.

When the note was sued upon McIntyre set up the defense of no consideration, alleging that he had applied for the stock and had given the note at the request of the manager of the London branch, with the understanding that he was not required to take up the stock or to pay the note. He also alleged that the change in the application had been made without his knowledge or consent. To-day's judgment means that he must pay the note.

FRENCH STEAMER LOST.

Report of Single Survivor Indicates She Was the Jeanne Conseil.

VALENCIA, Spain, Dec. 23.—The steamer Yao to-day landed here the sole survivor of the French steamer Jean Concel. The man says his vessel was run down by an unknown craft off Oran, Algeria, and sank in a few minutes, carrying down all hands except himself.

Available maritime registers have no record of the steamer Jean Concel. There is, however, a French steamer Jeanne Conseil, owned by the sons of Theodore Conseil of Bordeaux. This vessel is of 2,061 tons and was built in 1893. According to last reports she was engaged in the Mediterranean coastal trade.

JAIL FOR A LETTER WRITER.

W. E. Beall Gets a Year for Sending Threats and an Infernal Machine.

William E. Beall, who was convicted of sending threatening letters and an infernal machine to Dr. Marker G. Dadirrian, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island by Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions yesterday.

Beall was convicted on Tuesday, after a trial lasting over two weeks, during which many handwriting experts were called to testify for the prosecution. In court yesterday Dr. George F. Spaeth, the manager of a drug store at 2,840 Broadway, said that Beall had told him that he had written the letters to Dr. Dadirrian merely to frighten him. Beall denied that he had made any such statement and insisted that he was innocent.

TO TEST BELLING'S SANITY.

Commission to Examine Mental State of Bronx Bank Officer.

Judge Crain in General Sessions yesterday appointed a commission to examine the mental condition of Charles A. Belling, Third Vice President of the Bronx National Bank, who has pleaded guilty to obtaining a loan of $3,000 from the Knickerbocker Trust Company on forged certificates. The commission consists of Dr. Edwin Zimmerman of 237 West Eleventh Street, George L. Lewis, a lawyer at 42 Broadway, and John J. Mulqueen of 253 Broadway.

Belling's counsel asked last week that the mental condition of the prisoner be looked into, and produced several certificates showing that Belling had at various times suffered from nervous break down. He also said that during the last two years Belling had acted strangely, and had spent about $5,500 in hiring taxicabs, in which he would only ride a block.

Yesterday the lawyer reported that Dr. George M. Parker of 55 West Fifty-sixth Street had examined Belling, and said that the prisoner's condition was such as to lead to the belief that he was mentally unsound. Upon hearing this Judge Crain appointed the commission.

MORE WAR ON HOUSE RULES.

Insurgents for Reading Bills by Title Only to Stop Filibustering.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The insurgents in the House have decided, when Congress reconvenes after the holiday recess, to amend the new rules so that all legislation may not be blocked by the reading of a long bill. As the work of the House now stands, there is no chance of any bill getting consideration except appropriation bills and the two bills that now have the right of way on suspension days and calendar Wednesdays. The Mann Postal Codification bill is being read on suspension Mondays and the Moon Judiciary bill on calendar Wednesdays. It will take all the suspension days and calendar Wednesdays of the rest of the session to read and pass these bills unless the rules are amended. The regular Republicans would like to have the rules undisturbed, so that the insurgents can be discredited before the country, but the insurgents expect the Democrats to come to their aid and get some relief from the present situation.

Mr. Norris of Nebraska will offer an amendment to the rules on Jan. 5 to permit the reading of the title only, instead of an entire bill, on a motion to discharge a committee from further consideration of a measure. With such an amendment the chance to filibuster would be removed, and the House could go forward and rapidly get a large number of bills out of the way.

By the time the House adjourns on March 4 next the number of bills introduced will have exceeded all records. They will then total, approximately, 35,000, including public and private bills. This is a leap of more than 7,500 over the record established by the last Congress, and excludes resolutions. During the two preceding sessions 27,264 bills were presented, and up to to-day the present session has registered 8,011.

CHRISTMAS MAIL ALL HERE.

St. Louis and Lusitania Arrive with the Last Installment.

The last of the Christmas foreign mail arrived yesterday. The American liner St. Louis, from Southampton, brought 5,632 sacks. This is the record. The largest previous mail to arrive came in on the Teutonic, which got here Friday with 5,174 sacks. An extra mail boat had to be pressed into service, and at the same time that the St. Louis was coming to her pier the big Cunarder Lusitania arrived with 5,165 sacks, all ready to be landed for distribution before the holidays. Both vessels experienced very rough weather and both were in consequence late in arriving.

The Lusitania did not get to Ambrose Channel Lightship until 5:30 A. M. The weather most of the way across was stormy, with high head winds and tremendous seas. On Dec. 20 the vessel made only 242 knots in twenty-four hours. The time of passage was 4 days 22 hours and 40 minutes. There was a delay of nearly an hour in Quarantine, while the health officials examined a sick passenger. It was found that the patient, a man in the steerage, had pneumonia and the vessel was allowed to proceed. The patient died just as the Lusitania came alongside the pier.

Spanish Literary Circle Formed.

The Spanish Literary Circle was founded last night at a meeting held at New York University. Several of the professors of New York and Columbia Universities were present. The purpose of the organization will be to promote the study of Spanish literature, and lectures will be given monthly in Spanish. Applications for membership should be made to the Secretary, Maxima Hurralde, at New York University.

RECORDS SHOW EARTHQUAKE

Seismograph at Fordham Indicated Distant Shocks Yesterday.

A series of earth shocks, very much like those told of by the seismograph during the Central American disturbance of last week, were recorded by the seismographic apparatus at Fordham University late Thursday night and yesterday. The tremors began at 10:15 o'clock P. M. Thursday and continued for several minutes. The direction of the shocks was for the most part east and west.

Yesterday morning at 8:14 and again at 8:20 o'clock two distinct shocks were recorded, one lasting a full minute and the other about forty-five seconds. They were of the same general character as those of last night and exceeded those of last week in intensity. Prof. Tivnan, in charge of the seismographic work at Fordham University, said it was difficult to locate the centre of the disturbance, but he believed it to be at a great distance, as the preliminary shocks were not very distinct.

$1,000,000 IN CITY SUIT.

Boston Road Claimants Seek Interest for Change of Grade.

Supreme Court Justice Page reserved decision yesterday on a test case which will involve more than $1,000,000 to the city. The suit is brought by the Central Trust Company, as trustee for Jason Rogers, to collect interest from the date of change of grade on Boston Road at 161st Street, near the Mount Morris High School.

The company and a number of other claimants against the city allege that, under a section of the general highways statutes, they are entitled to interest from the date of change of grade, instead of from the date of award of damages, as has been the practice. The difference amounts to more than $1,000,000 in the disputed cases.

If You Don't Know Yet What to Give

we urge you to see the novelties we are offering. The word novelties applies to a multitude of useful, ornamental and amusing articles. It is impossible to describe them in this limited space and they must be seen to be appreciated. Jut a few moments spent in looking will enable you to select as many as you want.

We are also displaying everything required for outdoor sport. Guns, golf goods, fishing tackle, cameras, snow shoes, skates, sleds, toboggans, skis, sweaters, etc.

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Fifth Ave. and B'way
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The Story of Lost Articles is One of Absorbing Interest.

Read the Details in the Lost and Found columns of *The New York Times.* Next to the Last Page.

John Daniell Sons&Sons

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The following styles and qualities, values up to $1.50.

Women's P X M Cape Skin Gloves, in tan, black and white........
Women's P. K. Dog Skin Gloves, in tan, black and white........
Women's P. K. Mocha, in gray, black and tan,
Women's fine quality chamois........
Women's Paris Point Embroidered Back Imported Kid Gloves, in black, white, tan and gray........
Very Special at 1.00 Per Pair.

All styles in other qualities, for Men, Women and Children.........from 1.00 to 5.35
Also a complete line in wool, fleece and fur-lined gloves.........from 25c to 4.50

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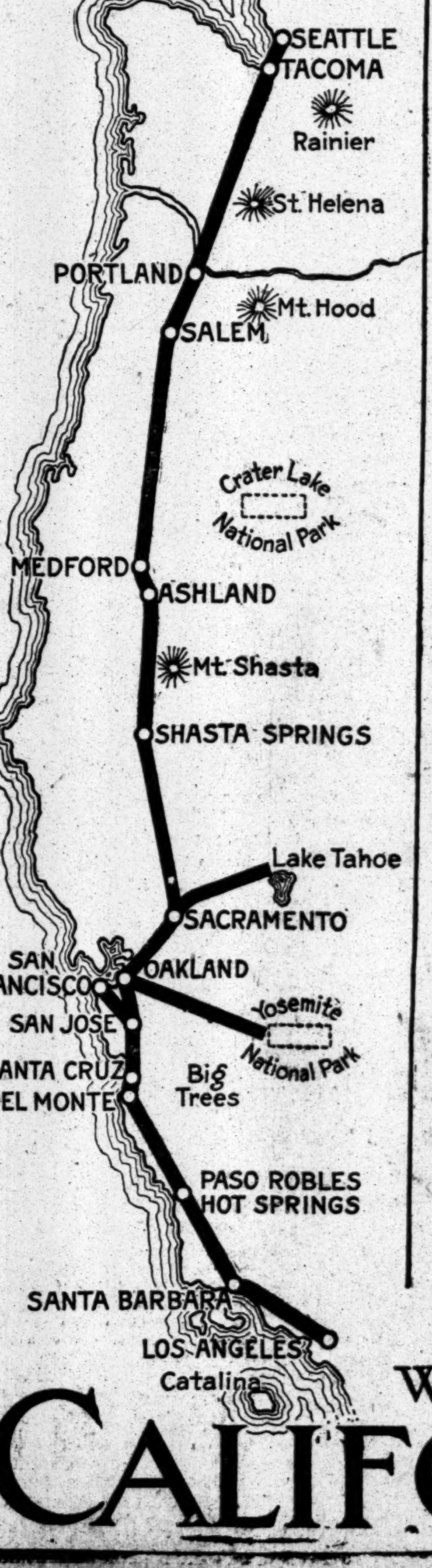

THE AGENT OF ANY OF THESE LINES

Atlantic Coast Line
Baltimore & Ohio
Canadian Pacific—Soo Line
Central of New Jersey
Chesapeake & Ohio
Chicago & Alton
Chicago & Northwestern
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy
Chicago Great Western
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific
Delaware & Hudson
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western
Denver & Rio Grande
Erie
Frisco System
Grand Trunk
Great Northern
Illinois Central
Lehigh Valley
Louisville & Nashville
Missouri, Kansas & Texas
Missouri Pacific—Iron Mountain
New York Central
New York, Ontario & Western
Northern Pacific
Norfolk & Western
Pennsylvania
Queen & Crescent
Salt Lake Route
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Will Sell You a Railroad Ticket *via the* ROAD OF A THOUSAND WONDERS which you must use in order to see

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OPINION DIVIDED ON INTERBOROUGH PLAN

Bronxites Favor Third Track and Extension Contracts, But Others Say Too Much Given Up.

SETTLE THE SUBWAY FIRST

Prof. Bemis Tells Utilities Board City Shouldn't Concede Its Most Valuable Gift While Subways Are Unsettled.

The Public Service Commission considered yesterday the proposed forms of contracts for third tracking the Interborough's elevated lines and the extensions of the elevated lines in the Bronx. The commission and the Interborough have agreed on contracts giving the Interborough extensions on an eighty-five-year franchise, becoming indeterminate after ten years, and its third tracks on a perpetual franchise, for which the Interborough, after making the improvements on its own credit, is to pay the city 2 per cent. on the gross receipts of the elevated extensions and a like amount on the estimated increased receipts at the express stations of the elevated lines which are third-tracked.

The hearing room was crowded yesterday when the session was called to order. Most of those present represented property holders, taxpayers, and similar organizations in the Bronx, which is most largely concerned with the proposals. Timothy L. Woodruff was present at the head of one Queens delegation to assure that commission that while Queens wanted transit facilities it did not propose to demand terms at this time in the way of actual new lines into the borough which would lead to the rejection of a proposal to extend the Second Avenue elevated tracks across the Queensboro Bridge and connect the Steinway tunnel with the present Subway at Fourth Avenue. "Constitutional" O'Brien was there, with another Queens delegation, to insist that his borough demanded six miles of elevated road from the Queens end of the Queensboro Bridge, if the elevated extensions were approved.

Most of the delegations from the Bronx organizations favored the extensions and the third-tracking, and confined themselves to telling the commission so. If they had done more the hearing would have been in progress yet, for there were between thirty and forty appearances. Many of the protests which had been expected were forestalled by the announcement that the Interborough had arranged to use the Putnam Division bridge of the New York Central Railroad to carry the Ninth Avenue extension across the Harlem River, instead of the McComb's Dam Bridge at 149th Street, as the original plan contemplated.

The Grounds for Opposition.

The principal appearance in opposition was made by Prof. Edward W. Bemis, representing a group of men organized recently at the City Club, called the Franchise Conference, not confined, however, to the members of that club. Prof. Bemis began by calling attention to a statement given out on Sept. 15 by the Interborough, predicting that the third tracking and elevated extensions would increase the capacity of the elevated lines from 300,000,000 to 450,000,000 a year, and that in the last six years the increase of passengers on the subway and elevated lines had been 300,000,000, or 50,000,000 a year.

"The Subway," said Prof. Bemis, "appears to be carrying now all the passengers possible. Even the extensions of the length of the stations and trains will do little more than provide some additional seating capacity for those now standing. It may well be that three-fourths of the 200,000,000 additional fares that will be offered to the rapid transit lines in Manhattan and the Bronx in the next four years will go to the elevated roads, if they secure the extensions asked for. Moreover, it is easy to show that these extensions would increase the carrying capacity of the road fully 75 per cent., or 225,000,000 a year."

Taking the company's own statement that the improvements would increase the capacity of the elevated system 50 per cent., Prof. Bemis offered these figures as to the profitableness of the grant:

Operating income June 30, 1909-10, of present road		$15,055,142.30
Operating expenses and taxes		7,781,835.22
Profits		7,273,307.08
Additional profit of at least 50 per cent. from 50 per cent. increase of passengers		3,636,653.54
Less 2 per cent. on even all the additional receipts	$150,551.42	
Less also yearly amortization charge	34,976.00	
Total deductions		185,527.42
Increase of net profits		3,451,126.12
Deduct 6 per cent. on $32,000,000 increased capital		1,900,000.00
Balance or monopoly profit		1,551,126.37
Additional monopoly profit from another 50,000,000 passengers		1,150,375.37
Monopoly profit from 200,000,000 increase of passengers		2,701,501.49

"These figures," said Prof. Bemis, "show that the increased travel predicted by the company within the next three or four years as the result of these extensions will give a profit of $1,551,000 in addition to 6 per cent. on their estimate of $32,000,000 cost of these extensions. This is also in addition to the yearly sinking fund necessary to retire the total investment on a 4½ per cent. basis at the end of eighty-five years, even though the city must always pay the full value of the equipment, which is not amortized. The profit will be still greater probably, as operating expenses and taxes do not increase in proportion to the increase in business.

Holes in the Franchise.

"This monopoly profit is also in addition to a payment to the city of 2 per cent. on the entire increase of operating revenue, yet the proposed franchise does not give to the city 2 per cent. on the increased revenue in Manhattan resulting from the third-tracking, but only upon the increased revenue of the express stations located along the line of half of what will be the third-track mileage, for it only applies to the stations directly serving the new additional tracks. But these additional tracks are what will enormously increase the value of the existing third tracks, and even to a considerable extent the two local tracks."

Prof. Bemis named as the three principal objections the following:

First.—That the franchises as prepared by the commission fail to prevent an increase of franchise value on the existing tracks from the extension of the new tracks. That since the city would one day probably be obliged to purchase the existing elevated, it would, under these circumstances, be increasing the price which it will have to pay.

Second.—That the proposed franchise payment of 2 per cent. on the gross income is absurdly small, because it is a little more than 4 per cent. of the net operating income and less than 10 per cent. of the monopoly profits; that the city should provide for sharing equally in the profits from the third tracking and the extensions, which at the end of ten years would give it $1,000,000 to $1,500,000 more revenue annually than the pending franchise would give it.

Third.—That the franchise term was altogether too long, since the entire $32,000,000 required for the construction and equipment could be amortized by setting apart $179,000 a year; that, inasmuch as the city proposes to purchase the equipment when it takes over the extensions, this does not have to be amortized, and the $25,000,000 required for construction alone would be amortized in forty years by setting aside $233,575 yearly.

Prof. Bemis also mentioned the following additional objections to the proposed franchises:

1. A feeling of false security may be engendered by providing for readjustment of percentages of gross receipts at the end of twenty-five years so that they shall be "reasonable." It is probable that the company would then succeed in maintaining that 2 per cent. having been recognized for twenty-five years as a standard of reasonableness, it should still be so recognized.

2. The Public Service Commission and the city have no control over the general design of construction so as to make it less noisy and more ornamental than the Van Cortlandt Park Extension, save as regards 15 per cent. of the mileage.

3. The strike and injunction clause might permit collusive suits and give the company excuse for delays on any part of the road in the Bronx or elsewhere that they did not care to build immediately.

4. A doubt arises whether a five-cent fare under this franchise to all parts of the elevated system could be enforced if the lease of the Manhattan Railway to the Interborough were broken.

5. If the courts hereafter, as is quite possible, shall find the existing third tracks illegal, there is no provision by which the city could recoup itself for even the paltry payment lost by the city prior to such a decision.

6. Can the city give a franchise, as here proposed, for nearly 999 years for the new third tracks, even though the city has the right to take them over without payment after eighty-five years? The additional third tracks would, of course, not be taken over unless the city was prepared to purchase the entire system.

In conclusion Prof. Bemis said:

"The proposed franchise, by giving a monopoly profit of $1,500,000 to $2,500,000 a year, is virtually making a present to the company of the capitalized value of this income, or from $25,000,000 to $50,000,000. The Interborough, evidently realizing the great profit from these elevated gains, has made its subway proposition contingent upon their being given. This makes it impossible to compare on the same basis the Interborough proposal on subways with either the Triborough or the McAdoo proposal. Would it not be well, therefore, in view of the various points here raised, to settle the subway matter first and make any elevated settlement wait until it is seen what can be done with the subway? Certainly the city should not give away its most valuable gift, the elevated franchise, while the subway matter is still unsettled."

McAneny on the Transit Reference.

Borough President McAneny sent out this statement last night regarding the Board of Estimate's action on Thursday in referring the Public Service Commission's approval of the Interborough proposal to the Board's Transit Committee:

"It is a mistake to attach any significance to the action taken by the Board of Estimate in the subway matter at yesterday's session—certainly not the significance apparently given it. I had made no pre-arrangement with the Mayor as to the course to be taken, nor with the Controller, nor anybody else. The Controller, who was in my office immediately before the meeting, suggested that the Interborough proposition, as submitted by the Public Service Commission, should be returned to the commission for a more definite statement as to what modifications they hold in reserve. I agreed that this course should be taken; but I emphatically did not agree that this should be done before the proposition itself had had a day's consideration by the Board of Estimate.

"Later on, I suggested to each of the members of the Board that the matter be referred to the Board as a Committee of the Whole, so as to permit of its immediate consideration, if necessary, at special sessions. Excepting the Controller and President Mitchel, all were for this course, and, in moving the reference that I did, I spoke for them. I did not believe that the matter should go to the Transit Committee, for the reason that the Transit Committee was not appointed to consider it; but for a very different purpose. I could see nothing but further delay in deferring action by the Board itself until Jan. 5, or later. But I withdrew my motion, for the reason that the Controller seemed to take it to heart; and I have a very tender regard for the Controller. Nobody won any 'victory' over anybody else.

"It seems hardly necessary to add that my course in this instance has nothing whatever to do with my attitude on either of the propositions before the city. The point I tried to make was simply that it is high time that the Board itself got down to business. I see little to be gained by continued exploitation of individual views. The problem before the city is becoming fairly well defined, and if the Board of Estimate is to preserve its position as a deliberative body, it will begin pretty soon to tackle that problem."

DISAPPROVES SHONTS PLAN.

Washington Heights Association Also Criticises Public Service Board.

The Washington Heights Taxpayers' Association, under the leadership of Collin H. Woodward, unanimously adopted resolutions last night disapproving the Interborough transit plan as recommended by the Public Service Commission. There was an undercurrent of disapproval of that commission also, and a committee was appointed to inform Gov.-elect Dix of the transportation needs of the district. It was suggested that Mr. Dix would have the appointment of two members of the board during his term, and would be able to make his influence felt.

"The plan approved by the commission," said Mr. Woodward, "means a continuation of the treatment we are receiving from the Interborough at this time. It means that the transit policy of the city, probably for all time to come, will be fixed in the next six months. I don't say that the Interborough people are able to give us proper service, but I do say that they don't want to if they can. To do so would raise their operating expenses above 39 per cent. of the gross receipts, which they would never permit.

"I admit that it is impossible for them to give every passenger a seat during the rush hours, but I don't admit that it is impossible throughout the twenty-four hours of the day."

Several speakers pointed out that none of the other plans would do anything for Washington Heights, while the Interborough plan would give some relief by means of the west side extension downtown, but the sentiment of hostility toward the Interborough overcame all such objections. Regardless of present plans, Mr. Woodward said, increased facilities would come as a result of competition among transportation companies, and would come in no other way.

MORE SUBWAY TRAINS.

Public Service Board Orders Better Service Above Ninety-sixth Street.

The Public Service Commission adopted an order yesterday increasing the service in the Subway by the requirement that enough trains shall be operated, at times when the traffic allows the operation of anything less than the maximum equipment, to provide seats for all passengers riding in every quarter of an hour, instead of every half hour as at present. The revised order becomes effective on Dec. 28.

The Commission also directed yesterday that hereafter on the Broadway branch of the Subway, above Ninety-sixth Street, on every day except Sundays and holidays, every alternate local train shall run as far north as Dyckman Street and all the expresses shall stop at the intermediate stations between Ninety-sixth and 137th Streets, instead of running on the third track south bound in the morning rush and north bound in the evening rush hours, as at present.

The present order requiring a headway of one minute and forty-eight seconds during rush hours remains in effect.

Orders Traction Lease Claims Filed.

Judge Lacombe, in an order made yesterday in the United States Circuit Court, authorized John I. Waterbury, Edmund C. Converse, and Harry S. Nopper, as the committee representing the stockholders of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, to file with William L. Turner, the Special Master, as of Dec. 10, 1907, claims against the New York City Railway Company for damages for breach of covenants in the lease of the Metropolitan to the Interurban Street Railway Company, dated Feb. 14, 1902, with respect to the payment of dividends upon the stock of the Metropolitan Company.

EXPRESS PARCELS FEWER.

Albany Holiday Business Is Finished Without Effort to Companies' Surprise

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Express companies here have finished their holiday business, greatly to their surprise. Anticipating the usual congestion at this season, extra help was obtained at all the important points.

For some reason, whether from fear of a strike or failure as in past years to get packages through on time, or from other causes, this year's business is said to have fallen far below that of previous holiday seasons.

Killed by a Train Near Hackensack.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 23.—Thomas F. Hedigar, well dressed, and supposed to live at 229 Elm Street, Newark, was struck and instantly killed to-night by a West Shore express train near the Main Avenue crossing. It is not known what he was doing there. The body was removed to a Hackensack morgue.

SUBWAY CHANGES CUT INTERBORO PROFITS

Alterations to Accommodate Longer Trains Add $373,176 to Operating Expenses.

GROSS INCOME $6,194,510

Report Shows Company Earned 17.37 Per Cent. on Its Capital Stock, Carried 223,529,639 Passengers in 1910.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company issued a report yesterday on its operation for the last five months. The statement showed that the gross operating revenue of the Interborough was $11,526,299 from June 30 to Nov. 30, 1910, and $11,283,758 in the same period of last year. As against this increase of $242,541 in gross operating revenue, there was an increase of $373,176 in operating expenses, due, as the company's statement explains, to the cost of making changes in its subway equipment in order to provide for the operation of ten-car express trains and six-car locals.

As a result of this increase in operating expenses and a decrease of $49,596 in non-operating income, the net corporate income or surplus for the period was reduced $294,721. Here is the statement:

Five months ended Nov. 30—

	1910.	Increase Over 1909.
Gross oper. revenue	$11,526,299	$242,541
Operating expenses	4,712,245	373,176
Net operating revenue	6,814,054	*130,635
Taxes	766,670	59,167
Income from operation	6,047,884	*189,802
Non-operating income	147,126	*49,596
Gross income	6,194,510	*239,398
Int., rentals, &c., including Manhattan guarantee	4,444,415	55,323
Net corporate income	1,750,095	*294,721
Dividends on $35,000,000 Interborough R. T. Co. capital stock for three months ended Sept. 30, 1910, at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum	787,500	......
Surplus	962,595	*294,721
Operating per cent.	40.88%	2.43%
Passengers carried	223,529,639	4,476,222

*Decrease.

Deductions made by the statistical department of the Public Service Commission from the detailed reports of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company on file there, show that for the year ended June 30, 1910, not only did the Interborough Rapid Transit Company as a corporation earn 17.37 per cent. on its $35,000,000 capital stock, but the earnings of the Subway division, taken by themselves, represent a return of 17.2 per cent. on the capital investment of the Interborough in the Subway up to the end of the last fiscal year. On the entire cost of the Subway, including the city's investment, the earnings applicable to capital charges for the year ended June 30, 1910, show a return of 9.55 per cent. This, however, does not disclose the situation of the Interborough as a corporation, inasmuch as the charge on the $54,300,000 city credit invested is represented by a fixed charge of $2,181,204 for interest and sinking fund, beyond which the profits flow to the company.

The reports of the Interborough, as made to the Public Service Commission, are divided as between the Manhattan elevated and the Subway figures, but in the general totals are charged against the earnings of the Subway. Interest on $35,025,000 funded debt, much of which represents investments entirely foreign to Subway operation. The company's balance sheet shows on the liabilities side unfunded debt of $7,103,373; and in addition to the funded debt of $35,025,000 just mentioned, capital stock of $35,000,000 and corporate surplus of $5,878,091. Against this stand current assets, including materials and supplies, of $6,466,765; fixed capital of $43,147,829; investments in the form of advances to subsidiary companies of $11,304,678; bound investments of $18,909,745, and free investments of $1,505,013.

According to the figures filed by the Interborough with the Controller and the Public Service Commission, $39,447,092 represents the actual entire investment by the Interborough in the Subway, and, applicable to a return on this investment, the earnings of the Subway alone, after deducting operating expenses, taxes, and the rental paid the city in the form of interest and sinking fund on the bonds issued for construction, show the return of 17.2 per cent.

Included in the item of bound investments, on the assets side of the balance sheet, there is an expenditure of $1[illegible],000 for the $6,000,000 Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company stock which the Interborough took over at $200 a share, paying about $2,000,000 in cash and issuing its own stock for the balance. This is the item in the Interborough capitalization which has frequently been criticised as representing largely the profit in the construction contract. There is also the stock of the Subway Realty Company, which owns the Belmont Hotel, amounting to $2,100,000, the stock of the New York & Queens County Railway, amounting to $2,895,000, the bonds of that company amounting to $789,000, the stock of the New York & Long Island Traction Company, amounting to $724,000, and the stock of the Long Island Electric, amounting to $613,000.

The item of $11,304,678 advances to subsidiary companies represents, among other things, according to the Public Service Commission's figures, the cost of the Steinway tunnel under the East River, and it appears that while the stock of the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company is now absorbed in the item of $35,000,000 capital stock of the Interborough, these latter investments, on the liabilities side, are represented in its funded debt of $35,025,000, the interest of which is paid out of the profits of subway operation.

The item of non-operating income, showing what the Interborough received on its investments, amounted to $385,389 for the year ended June 30, 1910. Of this approximately $160,000 was interest paid by certain of the subsidiary companies on advances made to them by the Interborough, about $40,000 was interest on bank balances, and $57,000 was interest on a special equipment guarantee deposit. The balance, two items aggregating $122,000, covers the income received from the $18,909,745 of bound investments.

The figures filed with the Public Service Commission do not show that any income is received by the Interborough on its investment in the stock of the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company. The two items which contributed the $122,000 were, respectively, $90,700 from the Subway Realty Company, running the Hotel Belmont, and $31,440 interest from New York and Queens County bonds.

TO EXTEND HIGH PRESSURE.

Three New Districts Will Be Installed Within a Fortnight.

Fire Commissioner Waldo announced yesterday that within two weeks important additions would be made to the high-pressure areas in the city. One of the new zones in which the system will be installed is the congested district bounded by East Houston Street, the Bowery, James Street, and the East River. The other areas will be between Sixteenth and Twenty-sixth Streets, from Seventh to Tenth Avenues, and from Fourteenth Street to Twentieth Street, between Broadway and Lexington Avenue.

The Commissioner also stated that the installation of the high-pressure system in the district bounded by James Street, Cedar Street, Park Row, and Nassau Street and the East River was also contemplated.

Cannot Digest or Retain Food

While taking food, or at short intervals between meals, try sipping

MAN-A-CEA WATER

A Natural Mineral Spring Water

It rarely fails to allay Nausea and Vomiting, and

Restores Normal Conditions

Charles & Co.

and all First-Class Druggists and Grocers, or
MANACEA WATER CO., 13 Stone St., N. Y.

MOORE'S ALIMONY UNPAID.

Must Face Contempt Charge if He Returns to New York.

The fight of Gertrude L. Moore, who divorced Henry G. Moore, to get possession in the shape of alimony of some of the wealth left by Andrew M. Moore, the wealthy Philadelphia distiller and father of her former husband, was the subject of two decisions by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday.

Moore fled from Philadelphia to New York to avoid paying his wife the $333 a month ordered by the Pennsylvania courts. She followed him here and got an order from Supreme Court Justice O'Gorman for him to pay her $1,400 a month until he was even up with what he owed her for back alimony. Moore then fled over the river to New Jersey to avoid paying the money and to escape going to Ludlow Street Jail for not putting up a $60,000 bond as required by the court.

In an appeal to set this judgment aside Moore pleaded that his physician had told him that his health was endangered by staying in New Jersey.

The court holds that Moore is in New Jersey of his own free will and can come back to New York any time he sees fit to comply with the court's orders.

The court also dismissed Mrs. Moore's application to deny Moore the right of appeal because of his contempt. It holds that his right to appeal is absolute, and all that he needs to do to revive it is to come back to New York, face the charge of contempt and make his appeal from a place where adverse judgment can be enforced.

Mrs. Moore in an affidavit denied the deposition of her married daughter, Mrs. Eliza Schott, of the Hoffman House, that she had said she had disposed of her property in order that she might truthfully swear in her alimony action to being penniless.

READY FOR POSTAL BANKS.

Postmasters Have Received Their Instructions from the Department.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—All is now ready for starting the machinery of the postal savings banks throughout the country on Jan. 3 next. The forty-eight Postmasters, each representing a State, who have been in Washington acquiring information concerning the management of the postal savings work, have finished their training at Postmaster General Hitchcock's office, and the last of them left for home to-night.

All of them are Postmasters at second-class offices, each office selected as the most representative one in its State for the try-out in postal banking.

AGED TWINS TO CELEBRATE.

The Muncie Brothers Were Born at Christmas 92 Years Ago.

Samuel and William Muncie, the "Christmas twins" of Babylon, L. I., will celebrate their ninety-second birthday at their home there to-morrow, surrounded by their children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren. Both Samuel and William are enjoying excellent health and look so much alike that even some of their relatives find it difficult to distinguish one from the other.

Both are members of the First Baptist Church of Babylon, and they will begin their birthday celebration by attending the special Christmas service there to-morrow morning. They intend to walk to and from the church, as has been their custom each Sunday for many years, although their home is over a mile from the house of worship.

Dr. Crippen's Prosecutor Here.

Among those who arrived on the Cunard liner Lusitania was Travers Humphreys, Treasury Counsel of the Central Criminal Court of London, who represented the Government in the Police Court prosecution of Dr. Crippen and assisted in the prosecution of the dentist at the main trial. Mr. Humphreys will sail to-day on the Royal Mail Packet Tagus for Kingston, Jamaica. He was engaged by cable a few days ago to defend at Kingston a young man accused of murder.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The following forecast for Saturday and Sunday was issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Rain in eastern, rain or snow in western portion Saturday, followed by clearing. Sunday fair and cold; brisk to moderately high shifting winds, becoming northwesterly.

South Carolina—Fair in western, clearing in eastern portion Saturday, colder; much colder at night. Sunday fair and colder; brisk, shifting winds, becoming northwesterly.

Georgia—Fair, colder Saturday; much colder at night. Sunday fair; moderate to brisk shifting winds, becoming northwesterly.

Florida—Local rains and colder Saturday; much colder at night except in extreme southern portion. Sunday fair, colder in the eastern portion; moderate to brisk shifting winds, becoming northwesterly.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair and cold Saturday. Sunday fair; slightly warmer; light to moderate north to northeast winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday; slightly warmer in northern portion. Sunday fair, warmer; light to moderate northerly winds, becoming variable.

Western Texas and Utah—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Oklahoma—Fair Saturday; warmer in western portion. Sunday fair, warmer.

Arkansas—Fair Saturday. Sunday fair, warmer.

Tennessee—Fair Saturday, colder in eastern portion. Sunday fair, warmer in western portion.

Kentucky—Fair, colder Saturday. Sunday fair, warmer in western portion.

Ohio—Snow Saturday, except fair in southwest portion; much colder with a cold wave at night in northern and central portions. Sunday, fair, except snow flurries in northeast portion; brisk northwest to north winds.

Indiana—Fair, colder Saturday. Sunday, fair; slightly warmer.

Illinois—Fair Saturday; colder in extreme southern portion. Sunday, fair; warmer.

Lower Michigan—Snow and much colder Saturday with a cold wave. Sunday, generally fair; moderate to brisk northwest to north winds.

Upper Michigan—Snow and much colder Saturday with a cold wave. Sunday, generally fair; not so cold in western portion.

Wisconsin—Fair and cold Saturday. Sunday, fair; not so cold; moderate northwest to north winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota—Fair, slightly warmer Saturday. Sunday, increasing cloudiness and warmer.

Iowa—Fair Saturday; slightly warmer in western and central portions. Sunday, increasing cloudiness and warmer.

Missouri—Fair Saturday; warmer in western portion. Sunday, fair; warmer.

Dakotas—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Saturday; snow at night or Sunday.

Nebraska—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday, increasing cloudiness; warmer in eastern portion.

Kansas—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday, fair; warmer in eastern portion.

That Important Sale of Winter Suits for Men

Special $15.50

Formerly $20.00 and $22.00,

Is Still in Force.

Conservative and radical models in medium and heavy weight fabrics, light and dark mixtures; all sizes.

Hackett Carhart & Co

841 Broadway, at 13th St. 265 Broadway, near Chambers St.

$10,000,000 CASH IN METROPOLITAN PLAN

Bondholders' Committee Wants to Assess Stockholders for Reorganization.

NEW SECURITIES IN RETURN

Scheme Contemplates Issue of Three Classes of Securities of Proposed New Company.

The Metropolitan Street Railway Bondholders' Reorganization Committee has completed the preparation of its plan for submission to the Public Service Commission, and the scheme of reorganization, according to the present purpose of the committee, will be formally laid before the commission as soon as the necessary signatures are affixed. The plan has already been presented informally to Chairman Willcox.

The expert valuers employed by the Reorganization Committee have fixed the value of the Metropolitan's property at approximately $120,000,000. The amount of securities outstanding in the hands of the public is named in the plan of reorganization at something over $115,000,000, leaving a margin of a little over $4,000,000 between the value of the property and the par value of the outstanding securities.

The plan of reorganization calls for the raising of approximately $10,000,000 in cash. The bulk of this it is proposed to obtain from the Metropolitan Street Railway stockholders, namely the Interborough-Metropolitan Company, as the owner of a majority of the stock, and from the individual shareholders. The new company to be formed to take over the property proposes to issue three classes of securities: First, a 4 per cent. thirty-year mortgage bond; second, a 5 per cent. adjustment income bond, and, third, stock. The amount of the 4s, which are to be first and real estate mortgage bonds, is not to be specifically limited. Bonds of this class are to be issuable from time to time, under restrictions in the mortgage and subject to the approval of the Public Service Commission. The installment of these bonds to be issued in connection with the reorganization will amount to $11,768,000. The amount of the 5 per cent. adjustment income bonds is to be $40,000,000.

The proposed terms of exchange for outstanding securities have been tentatively approved by the representatives of the several classes of securities, for whom a committee, headed by G. E. Tripp, is acting as a joint Committee on Reorganization. To the holders of the 5 per cent. first mortgage bonds, of which $12,500,000 are outstanding, it is proposed to give 50 per cent. in the new 4 per cent. first mortgage bonds and 100 per cent. in new 5 per cent. adjustment bonds. The holders of the $16,604,000 of 4 per cent. refunding mortgage bonds are to be given 25 per cent. in new first mortgage 4s and 75 per cent. in new 5 per cent. adjustment bonds.

The $52,000,000 of stock of which $45,740,000 is owned by the Interborough-Metropolitan Company is to be exchanged under the plan for 25 per cent. in new stock upon the payment of an assessment on the old stock equivalent, it is estimated, to about $17.68 a share. For this cash payment new adjustment bonds will be given at par. A similar payment in cash will have to be made on the improvement notes of the street railway held by the Interborough-Metropolitan Company.

Further issues of 4 and 5 per cent. bonds are to be made for the acquisition of the properties of underlying companies which are to be included in the reorganization. The amount of the first mortgage bonds to be used in this way will be $1,367,000.

The earnings of the system, it is estimated, will be sufficient to pay at the outset 3 per cent. on the new 5 per cent. income bonds. If this hope is realized the holders of the first mortgage bonds who accept the proposed terms of exchange, providing the plan is approved by the Public Service Commission, will receive at the start an income equivalent to the 5 per cent., to which they are entitled on their present holdings, namely 4 per cent. on 50 per cent. of new 4s equal to 2 per cent. on the old bonds and 3 per cent. on 100 per cent. of adjustment bonds amounting together to 5 per cent. of the par value of the present bonds.

The cash to be raised under the plan of reorganization will be sufficient, it is estimated, in connection with sums already recovered by the receivers of the road to clear up the debts of the system, including the outstanding receivers' certificates, and to leave a balance of about $7,000,000 available for working capital and other requirements of the new organization.

NEW YERKES CASE UP.

Executor Owsley Would Restrain Widow from Future Suits.

Judge Coxe, in the United States Circuit Court, heard argument and reserved decision yesterday on the application of Louis S. Owsley, executor of the estate of the late Charles T. Yerkes, for an order restraining Mrs. Mary Adelaide Yerkes, the widow, from prosecuting suits already brought in the State, Federal, or Probate Courts in New York or Illinois or from beginning any more actions against him or others in the distribution of the estate.

W. Orison Underwood of Boston, counsel for the executor, asked that Mrs. Yerkes be held to an agreement entered into on Nov. 11, 1909, when Mr. Owsley paid $800,000 to her as a settlement of her dower rights and as a part of the personal estate due her, on condition that she would stop all litigation begun by her and that she would institute no new actions. Since the agreement was signed, the lawyer said, Mrs. Yerkes had obtained in the Illinois State Court a preliminary injunction in a suit against the Chicago Railways for the amount of its debts to Mr. Yerkes amounting to $4,494,000 in bonds, with $600,000 accrued interest.

Mr. Underwood said that $625,000 in cash had been paid to Mrs. Yerkes to which she was not entitled.

NEW SHIRTWAIST STRIKE.

Scheduled for Jan. 6 if the Employers Don't Give In.

The leaders of the Shirtwaist Makers' Union reported yesterday that the waist manufacturers throughout the city will have until Jan. 6 to reply to the demands made for a renewal of the present agreement, with some additional clauses. In case no reply is then received or the reply is unfavorable, a general strike of the waistmakers will be called. Out of 550 employers in the trade only 70 had granted the demands up to last evening. The others had not been heard from.

After the strike of last year ended about 350 employers signed agreements with the union. Since then, 200 employers have been running non-union factories. The committee in charge of the demands has called a mass meeting for Jan. 6 and if the replies are unfavorable or no reply has been received the question of a general strike will be put to a vote.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, and other officers of the A. F. of L. will attend this meeting and speak. The general strike of the waistmakers was declared at a similar meeting last year after Mr. Gompers and others had cautioned the waistmakers to think well before they declared a strike.

COAT PRESSERS MAY STRIKE.

10,000 of Them Want a Shorter Workday—Call a Mass Meeting.

The coat pressers' branch of the Brotherhood of Tailors, it was reported yesterday by its officers, is preparing for a general strike for a shorter workday, affecting about 10,000 pressers.

A mass meeting will be held at the end of this month to vote on the question of a strike and to fix the date for it. A fifty-hour working week will be demanded. According to the pressers, they work at present from twelve to fifteen hours a week.

LONGSHORE STRIKE VOTE.

Will Take a Secret Ballot Monday Night—Officials Predict They'll Quit.

Richard J. Butler, President of the Longshoremen's Union, said last night that the men would meet Monday night in Veronica School Hall to take a secret ballot to determine whether a strike is to be called. The union officials are confident the men will vote to strike almost unanimously.

A committee has been calling on the different steamship companies for the last three weeks. The answers received from the companies were almost identical. They expressed their willingness to accede to the demand for a higher wage, but declared business was so poor they could not see their way to do it.

President Butler said that if a strike was declared it would affect not only New York and Brooklyn, but New Jersey as well. He wished the companies to have every chance to consider the demands of the longshoremen, he declared, because if the strike were called it would be the worst New York has experienced in a long time.

RARE COINS IN SMITH SALE.

Some Mormon Pieces and Confederate Half Dollars Among Them.

The coin collection of Frank Clemens Smith, containing a number of foreign and American rarities, will be sold by Lyman H. Low at the Collectors' Club in East Twenty-third Street, on Dec. 30. Among the American rarities are the following: A. Bechtler, one dollar, Carolina gold; the Mormon five dollar gold coin of 1849, hands clasped on the obverse and "Holiness to the Lord" on the reverse; the Deseret Assay office, five dollar of 1860, another Mormon issue; the Massachusetts 1652 pine tree three pence; undated Kentucky cent, pyramid of fifteen stars, initials of States on each, with "K" at the top; the Gobrecht silver dollar of 1836, proof; a restrike of the Confederate half dollar of 1861, produced in 1879 by removing the eagle side of the "O" mint half dollar, and impressing on the newly made surface the Confederate design from the original die, rare and in demand; the 1876 Centennial Commission Medal or Centennial dollar.

Included in the scarce foreign coins are the 8 reals of the Republic of Mexico, 1824; the so-called "hook-necked dollar;" the 8 reals of Philip V. of Spain, 1730, without mark of value; 5 pesetas of Charles VII., Pretender of Spain, 1874; Thaler of "crazy" Christian, of Brunswick; Wolfenbuttel, 1622, on obverse in German "God's Friend, Priests' Foe," on reverse arm from cloud with hand holding sword; four thalers of Christian Louis of Brunswick, 1654; "Sincere et Constanter;" thaler of Luneburg, 1546, date in legend; "Klapp-Mutzen" thaler of Frederick the Wise, of Saxony, 1486; Tyrol thaler, Sigismund, 1486, one of the earliest of dated coins; piastre of Charles II. of Naples and Scily, 1684.

There are also a large number of mediaeval silver coins, ancient Greek and Roman specimens, sheets of fractional currency, Masonic and other medals, hard times tokens, foreign copper coins, Colonial half pence and pence, and American issues from the half cent to the $10 gold piece.

Can't Use Salvation Army's Name.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court dismissed yesterday the appeal of the American Salvation Army from an injunction which prohibits it from using that name and from employing stationery, uniforms, and insignia similar to that of the Salvation Army. The latter body complained that its rival and alleged imitator had obtained contributions of money and goods from persons who believed they were contributing to the older body.

MORE RAPID TRANSIT FOR WESTCHESTER

New York Central Plans to Double-Track and Electrify the Putnam Division.

MAY RUN TO GRAND CENTRAL

And Sometime Be Part of the Interborough System, James L. Wells Tells County Diners.

The New York Central Railroad will double-track and electrify its Putnam Division as soon as it has completed the building of the new Grand Central Station, according to statements made last night at a dinner of the Putnam Association, an organization formed by residents of towns along the Putnam Division of the Central a year ago, to improve that section of Westchester County. The railroad, it was also stated, is going to bring its Putnam Division trains all the way down to the Grand Central Station, instead of stopping them at 155th Street. This will be accomplished by bringing the trains across High Bridge.

The Putnam Association's dinner took place at the Hotel Astor and was the first the association has given. Vice President Smith of the New York Central had been expected to be present, but he sent word at the last minute that, owing to the fatal gas explosion at the Grand Central Station, he thought it would be better for him not to attend public functions. So the announcement of the plans for the Putnam Division was made by President James P. Gage of the association.

"The chief object for which this association was formed was to secure the electrification and double tracking of the Putnam Division of the New York Central," said Mr. Gage, who presided. "As far as our section is concerned, the officials of the New York Central have been up in the Catskills asleep with Rip Van Winkle for twenty years. Recently a committee of our association made them see a light, and we had expected Vice President Smith to-night to make an important announcement to you.

"Vice President Smith promised our committee that the Central would make the desired changes. The expense, of course, will be tremendous. But it is natural for this city to build to the northward and facilities should be offered for people who wish to reside in the city's confines."

James L. Wells, President of the North Side Board of Trade; James G. Cannon, President of the Fourth National Bank; Mayor James T. Lennon of Yonkers, State Senator J. Mayhew Wainwright of Westchester, William T. Matthies, President of the Tremont Association; Alderman Seymour Mooney of Yonkers, William Mitchell, ex-Assistant United States Attorney General, and President Johnson of the village of Ardsley were among the speakers.

Mr. Wells told the diners that he had been informed by an official recently that "the Putnam Division will ultimately become part of the Interborough Railroad, and that it would thus become a homogeneous part of the rapid transit system of New York." Mr. Wells prophesied that the assessed valuation of the Bronx would be $574,000,000 next year, and that its population would be 920,000 when the next census was taken.

STEERING GEAR BROKE DOWN.

Tank Steamer Rotterdam Steered by Hand for 2,300 Miles.

The Dutch tank steamer Rotterdam, which arrived at Quarantine last night in ballast, steered the last 2,300 miles of her trip by the hand gear. Her steam steering engine broke down Dec. 12 in very heavy weather, and for a time she lay helpless in the trough of the sea with the water breaking over her from stem to stern.

Part of the bridge was smashed, the companionway to the bridge was carried away, and one lifeboat was stove in.

Find Woodman's Children Starving.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Dec. 23.—Humane officers found several children of a woodchopper who was out of work and suffering from tuberculosis huddled together in a shack near Wolcott last night with a few stale pancakes and a ham bone as their only food. The officers loaded the cabin with food and toys.

Seize Jersey Oysters in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 23.—A carload of oysters shipped from Hoboken, N. J., to the Morgan Oyster Company of this city, was seized to-day by the United States Marshal on telegraphic advices from the Secretary of Agriculture, who declared that the oysters had been taken from polluted water.

Mrs. Martin Asks Certiorari Writ.

Counsel for Mrs. Caroline B. Martin, who, with her sister, Mrs. Mary Snead, is awaiting trial on a charge of murdering her daughter, Ocey W. M. Snead, and who was adjudged sane by Judge Ten Eyck, in insanity proceedings which lasted a month, made application yesterday to Supreme Court Justice Francis J. Swayze for a writ of certiorari to review the findings of Judge Ten Eyck.

Cooking No Longer A Drudgery

The rapidly increasing demands of the New York public for better-cooked food make gas-equipped kitchens necessary to all first-class hotels and restaurants.

Gas is the cleanest, most efficient, most economical of fuels.

Gas banishes coal dust, ashes and dirt; saves valuable floor space; can be instantly controlled; cooks meat best, and causes it to shrink least; minimizes unpleasant cooking odors; aids in ventilating the kitchen.

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Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office..........Times Square
Downtown..........15 Beekman Street
Wall Street..........80 Broadway
Harlem..........263 West 125th Street
WASHINGTON..........Post Building
PHILADELPHIA..........Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO..........150 Michigan Ave.
LONDON..........67 Fleet St., E. C.
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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 24, 1910.

THE CHOICE OF A SENATOR.

Why should Mr. Sheehan subordinate the welfare of his party to the gratification of his personal ambition? His friends tell us that he has been loyal, devoted, and self-sacrificing in the party's service; that he has served the Democracy often at great cost to himself. Why does he not continue that disinterested policy now, and, in the interest of the Democratic Party in the State and in the Union, retire from the contest for the Senatorship? The election of Mr. Sheehan to be United States Senator from New York would not be a good thing for the Democratic Party. There is no particular need of arguing the point or of setting forth the reasons why a different choice should be made. Mr. Sheehan represents, as the late David B. Hill represented, the old theory and practice of gaining party success by unflagging attention to the minute details of organization, by keeping the party in hand in the State and in the counties, in the Assembly districts, and down to the smallest territorial unit of political organization. It is that theory of politics which makes victory depend upon the workers. In that field Mr. Sheehan, through training and experience, has unquestionably been efficient. His mastery of the details of organization, is, indeed, so great that if he should become Senator we should expect to see him greatly diminish, if not altogether snuff out, the power and influence of Charles F. Murphy. Certainly Murphy would have nothing further to say up the State, and even in this city he might find himself a subordinate. No doubt the party owes Mr. Sheehan much. But Mr. Sheehan ought not to exact of the party to which he is so loyally devoted a payment that will bring upon it political insolvency.

Thorough organization is going to be necessary for the Democratic Party in future as it has been in the past, but it is not by that alone, or by that chiefly, that it can win victories, that it can hold even what it gained in the elections this year. Let organization come in its place, but first of all the party must have ideas. If the Democracy would retain the remotest chance of winning the Presidential contest in 1912, it must put to the fore men who will command the attention and the confidence of the country by their abilities, by the breadth, the soundness, and the worth of their views upon public questions. Organization may help, but the great saving force is statesmanship. Mr. Sheehan's friends would not pretend for a moment, for instance, that as a representative of this State in the United States Senate he is to be compared with Mr. Shepard. The contributions which Mr. Shepard could make to the debates of that body, to the framing or amendment of laws, would be quite beyond the capacities of Mr. Sheehan, because he has not been trained in that school. Mr. Shepard has been trained in it all his life. He has, and conspicuously, that great qualification, the qualification so imperatively needed if the Democratic Party is to impress itself upon the country as worthy of confidence, which Mr. Sheehan lacks.

Many of the leaders have quite forgotten what The Times pointed out immediately after the election, that the Democrats did not by their own force and numbers win a victory in this State. They were permitted to elect a Governor because something like 200,000 Republicans stayed at home. Those Republicans disapproved the conduct of their own party, but they were not yet ready to assist in putting the Democrats into power save by abstention from voting. Does Mr. Sheehan suppose that his election to the Senate would be looked upon by these Republicans as such a token of Democratic regeneration that they would cast off their Republicanism and give their votes to the candidates of his party in 1912? These Republicans are manifestly of an independent type; many thousands of them might be brought to the support of the Democracy by policies of wisdom, by the choice of men of highest qualification as leaders and guides, by the election to the Senate of such a man as Mr. Shepard, but certainly not by the election of Mr. Sheehan. His friends may think it most ungracious to chill an honorable ambition which any man has a right to entertain, but the basis of their support of him is his great services to the party in the past. However efficient and fruitful may have been his labors in Presidential and State campaigns, he now has an opportunity to make a much greater contribution to Democratic success in 1912. Persistence in his candidacy for the Senate will be the reverse of helpful to his party in that campaign.

INSURANCE GRAFT.

The testimony of the insurance officials in the legislative graft investigation would be diverting if it were not so shocking. It would be hard to imagine any meaner graft than the taking of insurance premiums with the knowledge that payment of losses could not be enforced through the very legislation designed to protect policy holders. To be sure they have themselves to blame for any loss they bring upon themselves by patronizing unlicensed companies because of the lure of payment below the going rate, but that is no recompense for a ruined business or a home lost perhaps forever.

This is one of the things they do better elsewhere. In Prussia, for example, the city is the insurer, and the premium and the taxes are paid together. The owner assesses for himself, for both fire and taxation. If he undervalues for taxation he takes a risk of loss by fire, and also a risk that, if the city needs to acquire his land, he will be paid at a price fixed by himself. As the city is also in control of the Fire Department, the service which is divided between two purveyors with us is exercised by a single authority—in Berlin, for example, and other Prussian cities.

It would be rash to make an unreserved suggestion that the German plan would work equally well with us. The scheme is good, but the administration would be inferior. The Mayor within a day or two has explained in scathing words why municipal administration of rapid transit is impracticable without a higher standard both of citizenship and official qualifications. On the other hand, the revelations of the graft of sundry sorts would seem to be so gross that some of the various kinds at least might be made more difficult by valuations made by the owner under conditions making wrong estimates dangerous. Our land condemnation scandals might have been lessened if not prevented by the German system already mentioned.

THE PREVENTION OF INSANITY.

More to be desired than the casting out of devils is the keeping of them out. The campaign started at the Academy of Medicine last night by the State Charities Aid Association is characteristic of this age of propagandas to prevent evils that would afflict the public. Fully half the forms of insanity can be prevented and stamped out, as smallpox, yellow fever, and typhoid have been and are being stamped out by means placed within the reach of the public. The good result can be accomplished, as Dr. Samuel McCune Lindsay declared last night, chiefly by the publication of "facts stated in a way to arouse strong feeling, put in their relation to the everyday experiences of the common people."

Dr. M. Allen Starr was responsible for the statement that only 80 per cent. of cases that reach the insane asylums are of classes not subject to preventive treatment. Twenty per cent. of cases, such as paresis and organic insanity produced by alcohol and drugs, are not beyond hope of control, and 50 per cent., due to infections, auto-intoxications, emotional strain, and overwork, are quite preventable.

President A. W. Ferris of the State Commission in Lunacy says that while the population of this State has increased by less than one-half, the number of known insane within its borders has doubled. Last year 6,400 new cases were admitted to the State hospitals, a net increase of 1,200. But the increase of known cases is doubtless due to the more accurate methods of diagnosis that now prevail, and the more thorough attention paid to the insane. With the formation of lay committees to help the doctors, who have themselves banded together more firmly for the campaign to stimulate popular interest in the means of preventing insanity, we may expect the maximum figures of recorded entrants to the sanatoriums steadily to diminish.

BATTLESHIPS OF COMMERCE.

The annual statement of one of the companies associated with the alleged Beef Trust recalls the apt phrase of Paul Morton before the Quill Club: "I consider the trusts and similar corporations battleships in the war of the Nation for world commercial supremacy." The annual statement of Armour & Co. puts their profits at $9,908,805. The easy jest that this battleship draws a good deal of water is not well founded. The profits are large because the business is large, not because the capital is fictitious, or the rate of profit is exorbitant. President Roosevelt's Commissioner of Corporations found that the profit on a steer was about $1, and that the rate of profit on the gross business done was around 2 per cent. Moreover, that there was any profit at all was reported as due to the economies of large scale trade, and to the utilization of wastes. This rate of profit would not have been available to the small local butcher, who would throw away the sources of profit of the trust. It would not be from ignorance or from shiftlessness, but because he would have neither the facilities nor the capacities of the large concerns. The Armour capital is nominally $20,000,000, but there are outstanding $30,000,000 of bonds. If trusts, like railways, are entitled to an income not on their nominal capital, but on the value of the plant dedicated to the public use, the rate of income ought not to be considered excessive, considering the risks of the business.

It must be admitted that the popular conception of the meat companies does not include them as defenders of the country's commerce. One eloquent gentleman denounced them in this city as starvers of the people, as guilty as thugs who kill in malice. Yet nothing is clearer than that the price of meat would have been higher but for the trust. Except for them the supply would have come from the neighborhood butchers, and the fact that they have to a large extent disappeared is proof that they have been undersold except on quality trade. The trust could not have gained its growth unless it rendered a public service. If we are willing to pay more for meat we can restore the pre-trust conditions in the meat trade, but do we want to—at the price?

It is not forgotten that many wild and whirling words were hurled at the Beef Trust, nor that many rejected the official report that they were fair traders. What the report failed to mention is that the Meat Trust, like all successful and therefore disliked large concerns, has been conspicuously free from the offenses alleged against the railways and some industrials. Their capital is far from watered, it is rather desiccated. Their stock is for the most part unlisted and undistributed. The original subscribers for Armour & Co. were three, and the others originally were not much more numerous. They are run on business principles, and on a gross scale for the six leading companies of $700,000,000 annually. It may be said of them, as it is of Standard Oil, that but for them our favorable balance of trade would disappear. That they are called a trust only shows how loosely the word is used. There is doubtless a community of interest, but there is very little of that interownership which baffles the Inter-State Commerce Commission in its efforts to make the railways compete against their wills. And it may be mentioned that more than once it has been demonstrated that this most powerful trade interest is helpless against a combination of consumers. It is only able to mark up prices on a rising market. On a falling market it cannot make people buy, and when its stocks accumulate it must sell or cease to produce.

HOSPITAL SATURDAY AND SUNDAY.

To-day in the synagogues and to-morrow in the churches collections will be taken for the sick poor who are served by the free hospital system of Greater New York.

But the cost of living in the hospitals has gone up. The daily cost of maintaining a patient was $1.17 in 1900, to-day it is $2.06. Therefore a special Christmas offering of $200,000 is asked by the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association. Checks may be sent to Charles Lanier, Treasurer, 50 Cedar Street.

THE POTTER CASE.

Does the City Civil Service Commission think that its reputation is so firmly established for independence and fairness that it can afford to put Dr. Potter permanently at the head of the ambulance service when his moral as well as his practical qualification for the office is seriously questioned by responsible persons, when its power to do so under the law is disputed, and when its action is contrary to the spirit, if not to the letter, of the law under which the Commission is created? If so, we are persuaded that the Commission is in grave error.

Dr. Potter was appointed to the post of Director of the ambulance service by a divided vote. He had previously retired from the Controller's department without the expression of any regret on the part of his superior. The position to which he was named is in the competitive schedule. The Civil Service Commission was asked to approve his appointment without competition under the following rule:

> Where there is a vacancy in any position in the competitive class demanding peculiar and exceptional qualifications of a scientific, professional, or educational character, and upon satisfactory evidence that for specified reasons competition in such special case is not practicable and that the position can best be filled by the selection of some designated person of high and recognized attainments in such qualities, the Commission may suspend the provisions of the rules requiring competition in such case.

The circumstances of the case do not admit, it seems to us, any such interpretation of the rule as the Commissioners have adopted. Had they chosen, they could have exempted the place from competition, instead of approving Dr. Potter's appointment without competition, but that course would have been subject to revision by the Mayor and by the State Civil Service Commission. The action they did take is supposed to be exempt from review. It is rash, ill-advised, a straining of the law, if not a violation of it, and it should be dealt with severely. If it be impracticable to reverse the action of the Commission, it is clearly open to the Mayor to relieve its members, by removal, from the temptation to repeat such exploits.

THE APARTMENT HOUSE TELEPHONE.

The telephone is, admittedly, in some of its aspects, a nuisance. One of the greatest boons of mankind, an important instrument of modern civilization, without the employment of which it would be difficult nowadays to live and transact business, the telephone is nevertheless a nuisance. Relieving us of many cares, and to a certain extent even lessening one's burden of responsibilities, it assumes the rôle of taskmaster, summoning its minion frequently by the call of the bell, now to be ordered brusquely, "Ring off, please. Wrong number"; now to receive, abruptly, some piece of intelligence one would rather have had broken to him gently.

But while it frequently tries the best-regulated temper, the telephone is a necessity. Even those who have not become slaves to the telephone habit admit that they need it and use it, and nearly everybody has access to at least one telephone and an occasional opportunity to "call up" somebody. The telephone often figures in the courts, inevitably. It has come up lately, for legal consideration, in a new and interesting way. A tenant in one of the large apartment houses on upper Broadway has chosen to substitute a private telephone for that installed in his apartment by his landlord. He wants to talk privately to his family when he is away from home, and to have his friends talk to him when he is at home, without the intervention of the operator at the common switch. The receptivity of the ears of Central he does not take into account. There is nothing new in his desire to have a private telephone. Many occupants of apartment houses have telephones exclusively for their own use. But the landlord, in this case, demands payment of the tenant's share of the cost of the house telephone, and the tenant resists the demand.

In an apartment house the telephone serves not only for swift communication with the world beyond one's own cliff dwelling, but for internal communication as well. The announcement of visitors is not made by hall servants carrying the cards, but by telephone. It generally adds to the zest of welcoming callers, because, though the machine itself is accurate, in association with the common variety of human intelligence it performs, like the typewriter and the linotype machine, strange vagaries. One is often not quite sure whom he is to welcome when the announcement is made by telephone. Frequently it is not the expected guest.

For this well-intended service doubtless the landlord of an apartment house feels justified in demanding compensation from a tenant, who does not otherwise pay his full share of the cost of the house telephone. A pretty point of telephone law has thus been raised, and no headway has yet been made in its settlement. Doubtless the tenant opposes the landlord's demand purely on principle. Comparatively few persons would care to contest the point, as the expense involved is trifling. A legal decision in the matter would be interesting, however, and not unimportant.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Santa Claus and the Child Mind.

A well-intentioned woman out in Spokane has been creating needless trouble, as well-intentioned women—and men—so often do, because she lacks the sense of proportion and the ability to draw the fine distinctions which are, of course, the most important of all. She objects, it seems, to the use by the Salvation Army, there as elsewhere in the country, of men dressed as Santa Claus to collect funds with which to buy Christmas dinners for the poor. Therefore did she first make personal attacks upon the masquerading gatherers of alms, kicking over their kettles and otherwise disturbing the peace of the holiday season, and after that she swore out warrants for their arrest as beggars on the public street—warrants which the discreet police refused to serve.

Now, others than this woman have criticised both the collection of money in this way and the use to which the money is put, holding that the first is a chartering of mendicity and the second a kind of charity which does no real good and tends to create the very kind of poverty it momentarily relieves. No such prosaic reasons moved the Spokane crusader to action. Her objection is the curious one that, as there is no Santa Claus, it is wrong to do anything likely to create or confirm in child minds a belief in his existence! That, of course, is just nonsense, and it reveals a complete misunderstanding of the minds she would protect. All children except the very youngest know very well Santa Claus is a game which they play with their parents, and though they believe in him after a fashion, it is only in the way that they believe a row of chairs to be a train of cars. In either case, to talk about lying or deception is absurd.

There would be some excuse, however, for complaining that, in making Santa Claus an old fellow who takes as well as gives, the Salvationers have lowered and hurt a very pretty myth. It might not be altogether fanciful to see in this distortion of the fable a really demoralizing influence, but the element of truth, if there be one in that idea, is so small that it need not cause much worriment. The Salvation Army does good work, and though there may be, and indeed are, theoretical weaknesses in their treatment of poverty, they certainly do serve ends which all except the most coldly scientific of philanthropists regard as commendable.

Robin Hood on the Road Again.

Solis, the Cuban brigand, may have read the legends which pass for a history of Robin Hood and found there the policy which he is pursuing with such success. On the other hand, it may be wholly original with him, though so old—the inevitable product of social conditions that repeat themselves from age to age and in country after country. However that may be, Solis, according to reports which one may suspect to be a little embroidered, generously divides with the poor what he steals and extorts from the rich, and the result is that though a thief, blackmailer, and murderer, his friends in the province where he operates far outnumber his enemies.

It is not necessary to assume that all the Cuban peasants really approve of brigandage. No doubt fear has much to do with their readiness to keep Solis informed as to the movements of the rurales who are hunting him. But bad as most of them presumably hold the man to be, his courage and the lavishness with which he scatters his booty make him a picturesque as well as a criminal figure. We who all—or most of us—read with pleasure the novel through which the "picaro" slashes his way from adventure to adventure, and feel something of sympathy and regret when he comes to his well-deserved gallows at last, should not be too hard on the peasants whom Solis half terrorizes and half buys into being his admirers and accomplices.

The brigand and the pirate have always profited in what comes pretty near to being general esteem from the fact that, as fighting men, they could not be despised. Their crimes share to some extent the immunity from complete condemnation which is, or was, accorded to those of war. Probably Solis, if seen in full light, would show up a rather squalid chieftain, far from heroic, but merely glimpsed as he swoops down from dark and secret places upon a fat planter, a certain glamour surrounds him. Just the same it behooves Cuba to suppress him promptly, as a citizen intolerably expensive to support. The longer he escapes capture the greater will be the number of his imitators, while to shoot or hang him immediately will do much to discourage the once profitable and fairly reputable industry which he is attempting to revive.

Guarding Public Health.

In one of the New York hotels there is henceforth to be done systematically and scientifically what has always been done in all hotels after a fashion, and ill—the guests are to be protected from contact with employés in a state of health that makes their proximity dangerous.

The plan is to subject the servants of all grades to regular and frequent examination by competent doctors, and those who are adjudged likely to spread infection of any sort will be removed. That may or may not mean something more than merely discharged, to take their perils elsewhere, but one can hope that it does.

Of the 450 employés in the hotel where this reform is to start only twelve, it is reported, refused to submit to the test. Presumably they knew that they could not pass. Whether the others like the idea or not is not stated, but it is obviously a sensible one, and, though obviously sure to inflict some apparent hardships, it will, if properly executed, promote the general welfare. In the end, indeed, it may be for the advantage of those who seem to be its victims.

Like examinations would be justified in many places besides hotels. They would form a part of the "preventive medicine" now coming to be recognized as of vastly more importance than "curative medicine."

SUFFRAGE AT BARNARD.

Are the Girls Really Interested in Votes for Women?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In trying to set forth the situation at Barnard in its "true colors," your correspondent is careful to compare the size of the Suffrage Club with that of two of the smallest clubs at college—the Philosophy Club, which has nineteen more members than she gives it credit for, and the Classical Club, which she credits with an attendance of half a dozen, but which really has (according to the census of The Mortarboard of 1911) thirty-eight members. Of course, one might fairly compare the Suffrage Club rather with the Société Française with its 128 members, the Deutcher Kreis with its 92 members, or even the Craigie Club with a membership of 48. And none of these larger clubs has expended in its efforts for recruits anything like the energies of the Suffrage Club. Furthermore, the Suffrage Club alone presumes to the discussion of a "burning question."

It may be that the present membership of the Suffrage Club is really "almost fifty," but even that amazing number is only one-third of what was reported in the article which led me first to write to you. It may be that the growth of the Suffrage Club has been larger of late—possibly some yet may be set down as the result of the impassioned appeal made not long ago in the college weekly for members, suggesting that any one should join whether they believed in suffrage for women or not, as it was the cheapest club in the college!

It may solace the lady who "blushes" for the indifference to suffrage of the average Barnard girl to know that this very indifference is in the eyes of the authorities at Barnard a very precious and highly creditable quality. The current number of The Columbia Spectator contains an editorial encomium on the sensible attitude of the Barnard girls in ignoring the whole question.

I think I may say that there is a growing opinion among the authorities at Barnard that there is danger that outside interests are being pressed too closely upon our students' interest, and that they have all they can properly do to study their lessons and enter into sufficient amusement to keep the proper balance of work and play. I have met few college Presidents who do not feel as I do—that the question of women entering politics can safely be left for after graduation. Of course, it is the policy of the suffragists to pretend that this question is far more important than it really is; that it is one of the big, vital questions of the hour. But let every one ask one's self: If a really important social problem were satisfactorily solved in five of the States of this country, would not the believers in the solution flock to those States? Does any one doubt that if there were five States where the negro could receive absolute justice without segregation, he would not rush there? If the unions could obtain the "closed shop" and every other result they are working for, in five States, would they remain here in New York? No, it is not conceivable.

When women begin to emigrate from the States in which they are so mistreated, then I shall begin to take them and their wrongs seriously. At the moment one can but regard their agitation as a public nuisance.

ANNIE NATHAN MEYER,
Chairman College Committee, National League for the Civic Education of Women.
New York, Dec. 23, 1910.

Schools and Subways.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Every city administration for years back has come into power with a "seat for every child" pledge, and gone out with a few thousand more half-time children on its hands than it has come in with.

New York City has more half-time school children on its hands than all the first-class cities of the country combined—more than all the towns and villages. Cuba, Hawaii, and the Philippines have none.

The undersigned is not opposed to subway building, but is bitterly opposed to the City of New York attempting to construct railroads while that city admits in writing that it has neither funds nor brains available to furnish necessary school accommodations for its 50,000 or so half-time primary school children.

The first moral obligation of a village, town or city is to educate its children—to furnish the necessary educational facilities for its young. When a city, town or village admits its inability to do this, then it certainly has no moral or legal right to attempt to furnish motive power and transportation for its adults.

WILLIAM STONEBRIDGE.
Bronx, Dec. 22, 1910.

Westernized Wall Street.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A recent apt remark of yours on the "Prejudice Against Dress Coats," prompts me to express wonderment as to what some of those prejudiced Western statesmen would say if they knew that a certain growing and husky young element in Wall Street was "going in for" their treasured prerogative, the sombrero! Such is the fact, as you may see for yourself, and, moreover, it is doubtful that an hour or two's scouring of that lurking place of "bad men" would discover enough tall silk hats to impart a show of respectability to a "gold brick."

These abhorring Westerners will have to take to dress coats—if only "dinner coats"—shortly to distinguish themselves from the "robber bands" that flourish in the canyons of Tickerland.

EXCHANGE PLACE.
New York, Dec. 22, 1910.

DEAF TAUGHT TO SPEAK.

Very Few Cannot Learn to Talk and Read the Lips of Others.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The willingness of The New York Times to present all sides of a question prompts me to add something to the discussion on lip-reading now appearing in your paper. There is a further inducement to this end in the fact that my observation shows The Times to have an extensive circulation among schools for the deaf, the daily Times being used in classes on current events and the Sunday Times supplying pictures which are cut out and mounted for the sake of their educational value.

The present discussion on lip-reading seems to have started a week or ten days ago with an editorial article representing the "deaf-mutes" of Cleveland protesting—"with their fingers presumably"—against objectionable language which they detected actors using in moving picture plays. Now, whoever those Cleveland deaf might have been who made this protest, they were assuredly not "deaf-mutes."

Lip-readers—or speech-readers, as they are also called—among the totally deaf may be roughly divided into two classes, both of which include the speaking deaf only. One class comprises those who became deaf after they had learned speech and after the speech habit had become fixed; and how numerous this class of the deaf is may be judged from the fact that aurists' examinations give reason to believe that possibly 80 per cent. of our entire adult population has impaired hearing. (By no means all of these, however, need, or if they need, take the trouble to learn, the art of lip-reading.)

The other class of the totally deaf who learn to read speech are those who are born deaf or who become deaf prior to the formation of the speech habit. It is this class of the deaf the members of which are popularly, and very often unjustly, called "deaf-mutes," "mutes," or the "deaf and dumb." As a matter of fact, most of them are taught to talk, and at the same time as they are taught articulation they are taught lip-reading as well.

The public loses sight of the fact that deafness does not preclude a child from learning to talk. Only feeble-mindedness or a mechanical defect in the vocal apparatus (such as cleft palate, stiffness in the joints of the jaw, &c.,) precludes this. Thus, in general it may be said that a child who could learn to talk if he had hearing can also learn to talk even if he be deaf.

The circumstance that that sense is gone which Aristotle called "the natural avenue of instruction," (especially of instruction in speech,) does not mean that all avenues of instruction are gone. If the child cannot learn to talk by the use of his hearing, he can so learn by sight and touch if he be adequately taught, and if the teaching commence early enough.

In this connection I may add that even the blind-deaf can be taught to talk intelligently and to read the lips by the unaided use of that most reliable of all senses, the sense of touch. Helen Keller has so learned speech and speech-reading, and many others among the less-known blind-deaf have also acquired the same power.

The power of speech, like the power of walking erect, is distinctively a human attribute; an acquisition, not an instinct, which must be consciously learned in every instance and which every normal human being of sound mind and body, whether or not he be in possession of all five senses, may acquire. The deaf who have learned to speak therefore hotly resent being called deaf-mutes, for the reason that the term seems to classify them as a race apart from humanity; as a sub-normal type incapable of acquiring the human attribute which distinguishes man from the brutes.

There is nothing remarkable or occult in the deaf learning speech or speech-reading. Neither does it require anything approaching to genius on the part of the teacher, though it does require specialized pedagogical methods. A mother who cares to "read up" on these methods can do a good deal of the work herself.

Whenever a school for the deaf fails to get good speech-work from its pupils, the failure is due to lack of training, lack of opportunity, or lack of funds—most often the latter.

To the credit of New York it can be said that some of the best speech-teaching schools, or, as they are called, oral schools—are located in your city. Prominent among these is one connected with your local municipal school system, namely, Public School 47, which was opened a couple of years ago under the able direction of Miss Margaret A. Regan at 225 East Twenty-third Street.

Any deaf person deprived of the opportunity to learn speech and speech-reading is deprived of his birthright as a human being. No special means of intellectual intercourse—such as the sign language, the manual alphabet, or writing with pad and pencil—can take the place of the universal medium of communication—the spoken word. Speech not only enlarges the means of communication which the deaf may have with the hearing world; it also presents their mother "tongue" to them as a living thing, it facilitates their mental processes, develops important brain centres otherwise untouched, tends to increase the earning capacity of the deaf, and by enabling them to mingle more freely with the hearing world it encourages exogamy, thus aiding to eradicate the danger of increasing the proportion of deaf offspring—a danger always incident to intermarriage between families having a strain of deafness.

As for the part of the public press, it can materially assist the cause of the deaf by abstaining from the use of the words "deaf-and-dumb," "deaf-mute," or "mute," unless it makes sure that the term applies in every instance. Deafness and mutism are not interchangeable in meaning.

There exists a considerable body of literature on the subject of deafness and speech development, much of which has been issued by the American Association to Promote the Teaching of Speech to the Deaf, or by its subsidiary, the Volta Bureau, with both of which bodies I have the honor to be connected as editor. This literature deals with every phase of the subject, and in its various branches is of interest to the educator of the deaf, to the parents of the deaf, to the deaf themselves, and to the partially deaf, whether these latter be speech-readers or not. Incidentally, the work of the association on the science of speech has led to the formulation of a system for the correction of stammering, stuttering, and other speech defects.

Much of this literature is issued without charge; the rest is sold at cost or below. The association and bureau are endowed institutions, by far the greater part of their funds coming from Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, the inventor of the telephone, and their work is non-remunerative and humanitarian in the largest sense.

F. K. NOYES
Washington, D. C., Dec. 2, 1910.

When the Local Turns Express.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Time, 8 A. M.; place, Subway. Anxious people gazing about the tracks and peering into the darkness after a disappearing train. The heroine's attention is attracted. Looks and sees two red lights trailing after an express train where there should have been none. Further investigates. Sees two red lights in the darkness at the other end of tracks about to come, but can't. Train pulls in on the local track—Ninety-sixth Street. Realizes a block. Takes the local. Trainmen shout, "Express train on this track," gather in the lost sheep waiting for express on express side. Much satisfaction. Toward Seventy-second Street train stops, then creeps. With much groaning and creaking, finally crawls in. All wonder. Will it continue an express or will it not? Express trains not yet running.

Local does not stop at any stations between Seventy-second and Grand Central, but repeats above performance, only worse. Near Forty-second Street she finds the express trains are running, but crowds so great heroine continues on local, or what was a local.

At Fourteenth Street Station, crushed, banged up generally. The cry, "Express to Brooklyn Bridge." All hands leave like rats deserting a ship. The deck hands remain, however, (the guards.)

Heroine meekly inquires: "I must get off at Spring Street. How do I do it? Has the express train turned into local?"

"No, wait until a local local comes along. Possibly the one after this, which was a local, but is now an express."

Heroine finally gets off at Spring Street. Sees the others all battle worn—one even carrying what was once a hat in her hands. Time, 9:05 A. M.

A. SNYDER.

AN EARLY CHRISTMAS FOR DETAINED ALIENS

Tree Was Laden with Presents for More Than 2,000 Persons on Ellis Island.

FREEDOM THE GIFT TO SOME

The Lueschers Permitted to Land After They Had Been Ordered Deported—Songs in Many Tongues.

Christmas was celebrated yesterday on Ellis Island. The many aliens at the big immigration station were mustered in the dining hall, which was appropriately decorated, and there they listened to speeches, viewed the big Christmas tree, sang songs, and every man, woman, and child received a present. The celebration was given by the representatives of the twenty-three religious and charitable societies looking after the interests of the newly arrived. Addresses were made in Polish, Swedish, German, Italian, and English, and the listeners, from almost every country of Europe, united in shouting their approval.

There were present more than 2,000 aliens. There were 440 men and 283 women and children who have been ordered deported; 68 men and 115 women and children who arrived in the cabins of steamships and are held pending investigation; 253 persons temporarily detained, and about 1,000 other persons awaiting a hearing. The gifts were heaped on long tables, those intended for the women in white bags and those for the men in brown bags. Each man received a pair of socks, a handkerchief, fruit, candy, and cigars. The women received the same, except that stockings were substituted for socks and cigars. Each child got in addition a piece of cake and a toy. Every person received a small cake of soap wrapped up in decorated paper. In many cases the recipients started in to eat the soap, thinking it was candy.

The programme began with the singing of "America," and the Rev. Paul Land made an address of greeting in German. The Rev. S. Cynalewski spoke in Polish. The real scene came when the Rev. J. Moretto began to speak in Italian. Many of his listeners were Italians, and they cheered and shouted in approval of the sentiments expressed by the priest. Many stood on chairs and tables.

"I have spoken on Ellis Island before," said the priest, "but never was there a time when I felt so bad as now. There are so many detained here. You have crossed the ocean, endured hardships and danger to come to the country discovered by your countryman. You have found the doors closed. You have had your hope in the land of liberty shattered. To those who will finally get in I would say, you must live to be a credit to your country and the land of your adoption."

When the shouting died down and the Italian children's chorus from the Church of St. Salvatore began to sing "Tu Scendi dalle Stelle," there were tears in many eyes. Then came the distribution of presents, and tears were soon forgotten. Lines were formed across the room, and each alien received a present from the hands of the Rev. Thomas McCandless.

Among those who listened to the singing of "America" was Claus Timmermann, who arrived here a few days ago on the steamship Amerika. He is 59 years old. For forty-two years he lived in Chicago, where he drove a carriage. Six weeks ago he decided to return to his home in Germany. Never suspecting that his right to land would be questioned on his return, he was careless about taking proof of his citizenship. When he landed here he was held for investigation and taken to the island. The Inspectors decided that he was too old to earn his living here unassisted. He explained that he had lost his citizenship papers and neglected to have duplicates issued. He said that he had a good business in Chicago and that he had left there two horses and two carriages. One horse, he announced proudly, he had been driving for thirty years. Timmermann was asked whether he could bring proof that he was a citizen.

"I think I can," was his reply. "The Judge who had to do with getting them is one of my best customers. I drive him right along when I am home."

He is waiting for the Judge to vouch for him.

Probably the most unhappy person at the celebration was Daniel Edwards, who arrived at the island just before the services from the Cunarder Lusitania. Edwards, who is a London chemist, came in the second cabin. He is held as a person addicted to the use of opium, or some other drug, and as such an undesirable. Edwards was found in the saloon by the immigration officials, sleeping. An Inspector woke him and asked him his name. He gave it drowsily, and before another question was asked went to sleep. He was awakened again, and he sat up with a start and asked: "Is this America?" Then he went to sleep again. The doctor of the Lusitania was called, and he said the man was apparently suffering from a drug. The Inspectors had to keep the man awake in order to get him to Ellis Island.

The happiest family on the island appeared to be Mrs. Luise Luescher and her three daughters, who got here a few days ago. While the audience was singing an official called Mrs. Luescher from the room and informed her that an order had come from Washington revoking the sentence of deportation, and she and her girls were free to leave the island.

Mrs. Luescher and her daughters, whose ages range from 9 to 12 years, are on their way to join their husband and father in Paterson, N. J., where he is a baker. Mrs. Luescher is lame, and it was feared that her husband would not be able to care for her. So she and the girls were ordered deported. They appealed the case. It was a sad Christmas for them until word came that they were free to land. Then in their excitement they abandoned their presents in their haste to depart.

While the singing and speaking were going on thirty less fortunate persons were taken to the Baltic and Russia, departing to-day, to be deported. They marched stoically away, with never a backward glance at the prettily decorated room and the Christmas tree.

THIS CAKE MADE A PLAY.

Normal College Curriculum Served Up in Intellectual Pastry.

The class of 1911 of the Normal College served a curriculum cake yesterday morning at the college, and they kept the cake and ate it, too. The cake was first served in a play, "The Curriculum Cake," written by the Misses Jeannette Levin, Ray Kapp, and Estelle Neuhof. The three acts were full of "knocks" only to be understood by the college girls themselves.

There was a scene of cakemaking with chef-esses in white trousers, coats, caps, and aprons. The name for the play was indirectly suggested by President Davis of the college. There was a celebration on the anniversary of the college last February, which President Davis said only needed a birthday cake to make perfect.

"But the curriculum of the college is its birthday cake," he amended later, and the students took the name for their play. There was a big cake in the last scene 24 inches by 24, made of pasteboard and frosted in purple, the college color. This was the cake which the girls kept while they ate a genuine curriculum cake of the same size at their spread, which followed the play and to which the teachers were invited.

The comedy contained tuneful songs, and there were many dances set to novel light effects. The play was given entirely by the senior class. Those taking part were the Misses Zelda Sicklick, Ray E. Kapp, Estelle Neuhof, Mary Wolf, Elsie Seekel, Ida Perry, Libbie Suchoff, Florence Pelletier, Ida Goldberg, Goldie Cohen, Maude Levi, Olga Offner, Miriam B. Heidenis, Marcella Ganz, Catherine C. Cramer, Anna Doisen, Mary McKenna, Emily Faron, Wilhelmina Peper, Freda Rafalsky, Birdie Petrasek, Irma Abraham, Gladys Taylor, Verna Diecks, Isabel Rogers, Reina Nash, Jeannette Levin, Gertrude Lesch, Esther Isaacs, Rose Zeitling, Hortence Steierman, Marfadina Cohen, and May Millett. The Play Committee consisted of Miss Johanne De Wolff, Chairman; Miss Sarah Doherty, Miss Verena Bostroem, Miss Louise T. Harvey, Miss Endora Plummer, and Miss Helen Esberg, coach.

There were references in the play to the new college building to go up on the site of the old one, and upon which the work will begin, President Davis said later, probably in three weeks.

DANCE AT SHERRY'S FOR MISS ADAMS

Mr. and Mrs. Edward D. Adams's Entertainment for Daughter Attended by 300 Guests.

HANDSOME FAVORS GIVEN

Huge Snowball, Suspended from Ceiling, Opened at 4 A. M. and Showered Confetti on the Dancers.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward D. Adams of 455 Madison Avenue gave a large dance with favors last night at Sherry's for their daughter, Miss Ruth Adams, who came out last Winter.

The guests, who numbered nearly 300, were invited for 9:30, and there was general dancing until midnight, when a supper was served at small tables. After this the grand chain started, Howland Davis, Jr., dancing the first number with Miss Ruth Adams. There was, however, no leader for the cotillon, as the music and dancing were continuous, and five or six of Miss Adams's friends assisted in giving out the favors.

The favors for the young women were Louis Seize cushions in old brocades and gold lace, fancy baskets in pastel-colored silks and flowers, fancy gauze scarfs with band of roses, and shepherd crooks and wands.

The favors for the men were silver-headed canes, electric lighters, gold-plated paper cutters, gold-plated and silver ash receivers, and cigar cutters, and boutonnières of holly.

A second supper was served at 3 o'clock, and at 4 a huge snowball suspended from the ceiling opened and a shower of gay confetti fell on the dancers and covered the floor.

Mr. and Mrs. Adams and Miss Adams received at the entrance of the large ballroom, which was decorated with Christmas greens. Mrs. Adams wore white satin with lace, embroidered in rhinestones and silver, and Miss Adams was in yellow satin, with pearl embroidery and with touches of black velvet.

Among those present were the Misses Rose Kane, Katharine Tilford, Catherine Hamersley, Maude Shepherd, Leslie Pearson, Anna Street, Thelma Violett, Virginia Murray, Doris Dick, Wilfreda Mortimer, Julia Dick, Dorothy Hyde, Elizabeth Eason, Joan Whitridge, Beatrice Flagg, Alice Kortright, Hilda Holmes, Angelica Brown, Madge McCormick, Caro Brown, Bessie Yoakum, Ursula Brown, Mildred Dodge, Dorothy Perkins, Mildred Johnson, Eleanor Hastings, Dorothy Hayden, Alice Strong, and Olga Roosevelt.

Also the Misses Hilah French, Emily Coe, Gladys Roosevelt, Elizabeth Claflin, Eleanor Burill, Clara Eargo, Rosette Ford, Ruth Davis, Margaret Winslow, Rosalie Coe, Josephine Osborn, Ruth Welch, Margaret French, Lydia Butler, Viola Townsend, Elizabeth Hoyt, Mildred Poor, Cornelia Hoyt, Gertrude Monroe Smith, Jean Roosevelt, Elizabeth Dunning, Madeline Cook, Lilla Gilbert, Catherine Burton, Alice Richard, and Catherine Crane.

Among the young married couples were Mr. and Mrs. Snowden A. Fahnestock, Mr. and Mrs. E. Drexel Godfrey, Mr. and Mrs. Willis R. Betts, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Greenough, Mr. and Mrs. Harold F. Hadden, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Roger M. Minton, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Cheney, Mr. and Mrs. Richard M. H. Harper, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Porter, Mr. and Mrs. F. Harper Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Wing, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. T. Towar Bates, Mrs. John Howard Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, Mr. and Mrs. William May Wright, Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Dick, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Bliss, and Dr. and Mrs. Gorham Bacon.

Others included the Messrs. Alfred L. Loomis, Beekman Hoppin, Sidney D. Ripley, William Remsen, Robert W. Neeser, Philip L. Goodwin, Frederick H. Wooley, Lanier Winslow, William Barclay Parsons, Jr., Joseph C. Hoagland, Kingsland Macy, Heyward Cutting, Charles Lanier, Jr., George B. Wagstaff, Kingdon Gould, J. Henry Harper, Arnold Whitridge, Henry C. Emmet, Jr., Howland S. Davis, John Rutherford, Horace Havemeyer, George Henry Warren, Jr., Robert R. Livingston, Robert Wheelwright, and Grosvenor Farwell.

MRS. FLEITMANN GIVES DANCE.

Entertains at Home for Her Daughter and Son.

Mrs. William Medlicott Fleitmann gave an informal dance last night at the Fleitmann residence, 32 East Sixty-seventh Street, for her daughter Miss Lida-Luis Fleitmann, who will make her debut in about two years, and her young son, Frederick H. Fleitmann. The guests asked were chiefly young girls not yet out and college boys home for the holidays.

The first floor of the house was decorated with Christmas greens and holly, and a buffet supper was served. The dance was an early one and about 100 were asked.

Among these invited were the Misses Mary and Augusta Bishop, Margaret and Mary Schieffelin, Maude Kennedy, Louise Butler, Clara Chappell, Louise and Augusta Dixon, Alexandra Emery, Miriam Harriman, Dorothy Howard, Esperance Colgate, Margaret Watson, Mary Baker, Katherine Porter, Anne Rogers, Eleanor Lawrence, Nancy and Kathryn Steele, Eleanor Mellon, Carrie Meyer Carroll, Urling Sibley, Elizabeth Kirnan, Margaret and Louisa Trevor, Margaret Bowers, Molly Brooks, Frances Wyatt, Eleanor Hartshorn, and Roxana Bowen.

Also Collis and Henry Coe, Edward Twining, Jr., Drayton Burrill, Frederick Vietor, John F. Achells, James Martin, W. J. Schieffelin, Jr., Raymond Bowen, D. D. Dickey, Jr., Rudolph Kunhardt, W. E. Shepherd, Jr., Sheldon Hoadley, James Wood, Oliver Iselin, Jr., F. N. Burton, Jr., Harry Cook, Schuyler L. Parsons, Jr., Francis Thorne, Minton Cronkite, Huntington Lyman, Morgan O'Brien, S. W. Steele, Juan Ceballos, Geoffrey Taylor, William Remsen, W. B. Hull, Jr., Harry Sproul, Howard Henderson, Shepherd Hrech, W. W. Watson, W. A. Butler, Jr., Joel E. Fisher, Carl S. Boker, Robert Rutter, James Lawrence, Gerald and Ralph Redmond, Arthur Gardiner, F. Worthington Hine, and Darragh Park.

Daughter Born to Princess Louise.

MADRID, Dec. 23.—A daughter was born to-day to the Princess Louise, wife of Prince Charles of Bourbon-Sicilies.

Princess Louise of Bourbon-Orleans, daughter of the Countess of Paris, was born at Cannes, Feb. 24, 1882, and married Prince Charles at Woodnorton, England, on Nov. 16, 1907.

Help Wanted.

Telephone your advertisement for New Help to Bryant 1000, Want Department, *The New York Times.*

Send it in before 8 P. M., and it will appear in the next morning's issue.

The Times will rewrite it if you like.

It will be charged to your account if your name is in the telephone directory.

Be careful to say *exactly* WHAT you Want—that is what the reader wants to know Definitely.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard C. Brokaw will give a large dinner at their home, 984 Fifth Avenue, on Monday, Dec. 26.

Mrs. Atwood Violett will give a débutante luncheon for her daughter, Miss Thelma Violett, at the Colony Club on Jan. 5.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Hess of 48 West Fifty-ninth Street will leave on Christmas night for Niagara Falls and the Winter sports in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould will spend the Winter at the Hotel Gotham, as their new town house will not be ready for occupancy for some time yet.

Mrs. Frederic Neilson has gone to Wellesley, Mass., with Mr. and Mrs. Hollis Hunnewell. She will return in January and remain in town several weeks before going South.

Mr. and Mrs. George Spencer Eastwick returned yesterday from Paris and opened their apartments at the Plaza, where they will remain for the season.

Mrs. S. Mallett Provost of 931 Madison Avenue gave a dance for 200 people in the ballroom at the St. Regis last night. The decorations were American Beauty roses. The favors for the men were cigar lighters, and the women received gold scissors.

Mrs. James Henry Smith arrived yesterday from abroad on the Lusitania and is staying at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Mrs. John B. Pine of 24 Gramercy Park will give a dinner dance to-night at Fraunce's Tavern for her débutante daughters, the Misses Alice and Edith Pine. The dinner is for 8 o'clock, and additional guests have been asked in at 10. The invitations request Colonial costume.

The first of the new series of four dances, which are for girls of 15 and 16 and school boys, will be given at Dodworth's to-night. These dances are under the same board of patronesses as the four holiday dances.

The New York Association for the Blind will have its annual benefit—a grande fête valentinienne—at the Astor on Feb. 14. The list of patrons is headed by the President and Mrs. Taft. The Invitation Committee consists of Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, and Miss Winifred Holt.

Seats and boxes for the performance of "Rigoletto" on Jan. 14, in aid of the Society for the Protection of Italian Immigrant, are selling rapidly. The patronesses include Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt, Mrs. W. J. Schieffelin, Mrs. C. H. Berryman, Mrs. E. F. Shepard, Mrs. Ernesto G. Fabbri, Mrs. V. Everitt Macy, Miss Leary, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. Casimir de Rham, and Mrs. Victor Sorchan.

The second of the Holland Dances will be held on Jan. 6 at Delmonico's. The Floor Committee is made up of J. R. C. Armstrong, R. M. Cleveland, Maurice Edgar, H. F. Hobbs, J. G. Jamison, H. B. M. Machen, G. A. Molleson, W. C. Merrill, H. H. Shannon, and W. R. Tyler.

The Junior League, of which Miss Aileen Osborn is the newly elected President, will give its annual entertainment this year at the Plaza on Feb. 8 and 9.

The wedding of Miss Edith Abercrombie-Miller and Walter Tuckerman of Washington will take place on Dec. 28 in Grace Church, Madison, N. J., and will be followed by a small reception at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Ashton de Peyster, in Morristown.

Mrs. W. B. Anderton will give a luncheon party for Miss Eugenie Bissell, one of the season's débutantes, on Dec. 28 at the Colony Club.

Edoardo Lanino, who is a graduate of the University of Bologna, arrived on the Lusitania yesterday, and is a guest of J. E. Fisher, Jr.

PARTY FOR MASTER McLEAN.

Children Gather at Xmas Tree for "Twenty Million Dollar" Baby.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Robert Taft arrived at the White House to-day for the holidays, and with Miss Taft dined this evening with Gen. and Mrs. Greeley, who had a company of ten additional young people to meet them. The dinner was followed by a small dance, the guests being mainly contemporaries of Miss Gertrude Greely, the youngest daughter of the hosts, and collegians home for the holidays.

Mrs. Edward Beale McLean was hostess this afternoon at the first Christmas tree party of the year, when the guests were the contemporaries of her infant son, Vinson Walsh McLean, who was born one year ago to-day, with a few older children, sons or daughters of her intimate friends. The mammoth tree erected in the large drawing room was covered with the usual Christmas tree ornaments, and for the traditional candles were substituted thousands of tiny electric sparks. Each child received a piece of silver with the compliments of the infant host, the "twenty-million-dollar baby," grandson of John R. McLean and Thomas F. Walsh.

The Admiral of the Navy and Mrs. Dewey, the Baroness Hengelmuller, Mrs. Richard Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Townsend and Miss Townsend, Mrs. Spencer Cosby, Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury Blair, Mrs. Perry Belmont, Mrs. J. B. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Legare, and Mrs. Thomas F. Bayard were among the friends of the young hostess present.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Marlett entertained at dinner this evening complimentary to Mrs. Marlett's parents, Bishop and Mrs. Mackay-Smith of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Beekman Winthrop, wife of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, entertained at a small luncheon to-day, having as her guests friends of the navy circle. In the company were Mrs. Charles T. Hutchins, Mrs. Edward Qualtrough, Mrs. Walter McLean, Mrs. Fechteler, Mrs. C. C. Marsh, Mrs. Roscoe C. Bulmer, and Mrs. Walter Gerardi. Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop are leaving the city to-morrow to spend Christmas with Mr. Winthrop's mother, Mrs. Robert Winthrop, in New York. They will return to Washington Tuesday.

Lieut. Col. James, Military Attaché of the British Embassy, has gone to Boston for a series of visits during the holidays. His successor, Lieut. Col. J. M. McLachlen, will arrive in Washington in about a fortnight, and early in February Col. James will sail to join his family, who have already preceded him to their home in England.

Miss Edna Snyder, daughter of the Rev. William Taylor Snyder, rector of the Church of the Incarnation, made her début this afternoon at a large tea. Assisting in the reception were Mrs. Francis A. Roe and Mrs. Charles Chaille-Long, aunts of the débutante, and a number of her contemporary buds.

The first large dance of the Winter at Ft. Myer took a large portion of society across the river this evening, the guests numbering nearly 300. Mrs. Leonard Wood and Mrs. Gerrard welcomed the company in the drill room, which, in addition to the usual decoration of flags and bunting, was gay in Christmas greens. The music was by the Fifteenth Cavalry band.

Mr. and Mrs. Wade H. Ellis have purchased the residence of Mr. Charles L. Marlett at Massachusetts Avenue and Fifteenth Street, and will take possession upon the completion of extensive repairs.

POLICEMAN JUST IN TIME.

Gets Home as a Neighbor Catches Burglars at Work.

Frank Vick, Jr., of 37 Bradhurst Avenue, heard a noise at his front door at 1 o'clock this morning, and, coming downstairs in his night clothes, saw through the glass two men at work on the lock. He ran upstairs and shouted for help out of the window. The men ran.

Lieut. Maher of Inspector Russell's staff, who lives at 27 Bradhurst Avenue, was returning home and heard the cries. He saw the men running and pursued. With drawn gun he shouted to them to stop, threatening to shoot if they didn't. They stopped.

For thirty minutes Maher held the men at the corner until the patrol wagon drove up from the West 125th Street Station in response to a telephone call from Mr. Vick. In the station the men said they were Joseph Murphy of 609 Tremont Avenue, the Bronx, and John Hughes of Eighth Avenue, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets. They were charged with burglary.

Dollar for Pickaninny Christmas Tree.

THE TIMES has received $1 from "R. S. P." for the "pickaninny Christmas tree," and has sent it to Rosalie M. Jonas, 33 East Fifty-sixth Street.

MR. SCHIFF'S VIEWS ON CAPITALIZATION

Statement to the Railway Securities Commission to Supplement Previous Testimony.

FOR DOLLAR MARK ON STOCK.

Head of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Opposed to Shares Without Par Value Except in Cases of Railroad Reorganization.

Jacob H. Schiff, head of the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who, at the invitation of the Railway Securities Commission, appeared before that body last Monday, has supplemented his testimony by a statement which he sent to the commission on Thursday. Mr. Schiff explained that when he appeared before the commission he was not aware that a formal statement was expected from him, and so was not prepared on Monday last to do more than reply to questions.

In the statement he now submits to the commission, Mr. Schiff says:

"I stated before the commission that I was not in favor of issuing stock for less than its par value in cash, and I reiterate that any different method will necessarily open the door to the same practices which, while in the past they may have been and, no doubt, were legitimate, would now, in the economic development which has taken place of late years, no longer be justified. When I say stock issues should not be permitted to be made for less than par in cash, I do not mean to exclude by this property at its cash value, to be fixed either by experts appointed by Federal authorities, or, to go somewhat further, by arbitration, but not by the corporation alone.

"It should also be made permissible to issue stock for consolidation purposes of two or more railroad companies, based on the fair and reasonable market value of the stock of the consolidated companies. Say, for instance, if two companies wish to consolidate the bona fide value of whose shares is below par, it should be permissible to issue new consolidated stock in proportion to the market value of the stocks of the respective companies. To illustrate: If, for instance, the Missouri Pacific Railway Company were to consolidate with the Denver & Rio Grande Company, the market value of Denver & Rio Grande stock being 25 and the market value of Missouri Pacific stock being 50, the latter company should be permitted to issue one share of its own stock for two shares of Denver & Rio Grande stock, or the reverse. But such should only be done with the approval of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

"Concerning the proposition which has been brought forward, that it should be permissible to issue certificates of participation without expressed dollar value, instead of capital stock having an expressed dollar value, I cannot befriend myself with this, and my views are firm in opposition to this proposal. This may appear well in theory; in practice it will, if adopted, remain to a large extent a dead letter, or when adopted by any corporation the market value of participation certificates would soon express itself in per cent., or so much per hundred dollars, which such participation certificates would annually pay. In cases where no immediate annual return can be expected it will be found that the issuance of participation certificates would only serve as a means for stock watering.

"I am, however, prepared to admit that in the reorganization of bankrupt railroad properties, where it is often desirable, both from motives of justice and for practical reasons, to permit the original share capital to continue to be represented in the reorganized property—though such original share capital may have, at the time of the reorganization, little or no counter value in the actual equity value of the reorganized property—the issue of participation certificates, without expressed dollar value to represent the old share capital, might be of considerable advantage, and I think, for the special purpose of reorganization of railroad properties, the issuance of participation certificates should, with safeguards, be made permissible. One of such safeguards should be that the number of participation certificates should never exceed the number of the outstanding shares of the railroad company which is the subject of reorganization."

NEW CLUB FOR WOMEN.

Mrs. Johnson to Organize a Branch of the London Lyceum Here.

Mrs. Adelaide Johnson, a sculptor with a studio in Paris, arrived yesterday on the American liner St. Louis. She comes here to organize a branch of the Lyceum Club of London. The Lyceum has branches in Paris, Berlin, Florence, and Rome. It is composed entirely of women employed in the arts and professions.

Mrs. Johnson said that while she is an ardent suffragette it must not be taken for granted that the lyceum is a suffragettes' club, as its scope and interests prevented it from being partisan.

A number of well-known women here are said to have pledged their support to the sculptor in establishing a branch of the club here.

Reinhardt-Baumgarten Wedding Plans

The wedding of Miss Clara Baumgarten, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Baumgarten, and Paul L. Reinhardt of Chicago will be celebrated at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Jan. 7 at the West End Collegiate Church.

Miss Marguerite Derby will attend the bride as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids will be the Misses May Powell, Dorothy Holden, Ella Lewis, and Mrs. Harry S. Green. Miss Marion Dickhaut will act as flower girl. Robert Baumgarten will be the best man. A reception will follow the church ceremony at the Hotel Gotham.

The engagement of Miss Baumgarten, who lives with her brother at 334 West Eighty-eighth Street, was announced last October.

Miss Chase's Wedding Plans Changed

The plans for the wedding of Miss Alice D. Chase, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William M. Chase, of 234 Stuyvesant Square South, and Arthur White Sullivan, have been changed owing to the illness of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. D. H. Chase. The wedding will now take place at the home of the bride's parents on Jan. 4, instead of in St. George's Church, and Miss Chase will be attended only by her sister, Miss Koto Chase. Francis W. Sullivan will act as his brother's best man. The Rev. Dr. Hugh Birckhead will perform the ceremony.

A small reception will follow the ceremony for the relatives and bridesmaids and ushers who were to have taken part at the church ceremony.

The Friedmans' Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Friedman of 362 East 143d Street will celebrate their golden wedding on Dec. 27 at the Savigny, 2,034 Fifth Avenue. Mr. Friedman is 74 years old and Mrs. Friedman is three years younger. Both of the aged celebrants were born in Germany, but they have been in this country for a number of years. Their union was blessed with seven children, of whom only two are now alive. They have three grandchildren.

AGAR—HOLDEN.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Holden of Woonsocket, R. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Grace Beatrice Holden, to Calvin A. Agar of East Orange, N. J.

HUMPERDINCK BURNS HAND.

Composer Vainly Tries to Save His Clothes Blazing in Closet.

Prof. Engelbert Humperdinck, who has come to this country to stage his new opera "Königskinder" at the Metropolitan Opera House, had a narrow escape from being badly burned on last Tuesday evening it was learned last night. As it was, all of his clothes were burned and he has no wardrobe at present save the few clothes he has been able to purchase ready made in the interim.

Prof. Humperdinck had been to The New Theatre Founders' dinner. He returned late to his apartment in the Astor and was conversing with his family in his drawing room, when they smelled smoke. Rushing into the bedroom he saw that his clothes, hanging in a closet, the door of which was open, were in a blaze. He attempted to put out the fire, and in so doing severely burned his hand and ruined his evening clothes.

Frau Humperdinck telephoned at once to the desk clerk and boys rushed up with chemicals and put out the blaze.

"TWELFTH NIGHT" IS GIVEN.

Sothern and Marlowe in a Charming Performance of Comedy.

"Twelfth Night" was presented by Sothern and Marlowe last night for the first time during their present engagement at the Broadway Theatre, Mr. Sothern appearing as Malvolio, and Miss Marlowe as Viola. The comedy was given with all the charm that these stars have put in it before, and the company played in good spirit.

Frederick Lewis had the rôle of Duke Orsino, Sydney Mather was Sebastian; Rowland Buckstone, Sir Toby Belch; Malcolm Bradley, Sir Andrew Aguecheek; Alma Kruger, Olivia, and Norah Lamson, Maria.

"As You Like It" will be given this afternoon, and to-night's bill will be "Macbeth."

MISS DESTINN AS AIDA.

Opera Repeated at Metropolitan, with Caruso as Radames.

"Aida" was sung again at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. Mr. Toscanini, who had been ill for two days, was well enough to conduct again, but Mr. Scotti became indisposed during the day, and Mr. Amato was pressed into service to sing Amonasro. Some of the programmes announced this and some did not.

Mme. Claessens from Boston, who was heard as Azucena two nights ago, remained in New York to sing Amneris last evening. Miss Destinn sang the title rôle. She is in her most superb vocal condition of late, and she has given many recent examples of splendid singing. Mr. Caruso, as usual, appeared as Radames.

CAVALIERI TO SING HERE.

Will Appear in "Thaïs"—May Open a Shop for Her Son.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Lina Cavalieri, now in Rome, Italy, is quoted in a Daily News cable as saying she will return to Paris soon and then sail for America to sing in Thaïs at the New Amsterdam Theatre, New York, and if her health will allow she may sing in Chicago and other cities.

Mme. Cavalieri is studying English, which she writes, but does not speak, owing to lack of practice. She says she must learn English, as she is now an American citizen, and intends to sing in English in the near future.

Mme. Cavalieri has purchased a large stock of valuable old lace, which she is taking to New York, where she may open a shop for her sixteen-year-old son, who has just completed his schooling in Rome. She says she realizes that business often is more profitable than art.

THEATRICAL FOLK ARRIVE.

Mrs. Golding Bright, Playwright, Nye Chart, and Vesta Victoria.

A small colony of theatrical people arrived on the Lusitania of the Cunard Line yesterday. They included Mrs. Golding Bright, author and playwright; Mischa Elman, Russian violinist; Nye Chart, English actor; Vesta Victoria, English comedienne, and Jesse Lasky, the producing manager, and his wife, Blanche Lasky-Goldfish.

Mrs. Golding Bright writes under the name of George Egerton, and one of her plays, "The Backslider," is to be produced here by Liebler & Co. with Margaret Anglin as the star. Mrs. Bright has come to attend rehearsals.

Nye Chart is here in response to an urgent message from Henry Arthur Jones, who wishes him to play the leading male rôle in "We Can't Be as Bad as All That." Vesta Victoria is to make a tour in vaudeville, and will appear at the Plaza Music Hall next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lasky have been abroad making arrangements for the opening of Mr. Lasky's new music hall that is now being built.

Xmas Tree for "Blue Bird" Children.

The fifty children who take part in "The Blue Bird," at the Majestic Theatre, are to have a Christmas tree to-day between the matinée and evening performances. The tree is all ready, decorated and hung with presents, and hoisted well up into the flies over the stage. Robert Cummings, who plays Father Time, will be Santa Claus, and other grown up members of the company will be assistant Santa Clauses. Reginald Barlow, who plays Daddy Tyl, supplied the tree from his country place at Brentwood.

Santa Claus at the Hippodrome.

Christmas will be celebrated at the Hippodrome to-day between the afternoon and evening performances. Stage Director R. H. Burnside will play Santa Claus for the children in the company, and will give each of them a box of candy, some fruit and a picture book. As usual, there will be a general exchange of presents among the performers.

Sousa and His Band Sail To-day.

John Philip Sousa and his band of sixty musicians will sail to-day on the Baltic for the fourth tour of Great Britain, to be followed by a visit to South Africa, Australia, and New Zealand, and home again by way of Honolulu, and a transcontinental tour across the United States. The whole tour has been arranged and booked by the Quinlan International Musical Agency. The band is accompanied by Miss Virginia Root, soprano, and Miss Nicoline Zedeler, violinist. The opening concert will be played at Queen's Hall, London, on the evening of Jan. 21.

New Shubert Theatre for Newark.

The Shuberts signed a contract yesterday for a new playhouse to be built in Newark, and to be named the Sam S. Shubert Theatre. It will be located on the site of the old homestead of the Cortland Parker estate, at Broad and Fulton Streets. The cost of land and building is said to be about $500,000, and the undertaking is being financed by a number of Newark business men who are incorporated under the name of the Fulton Realty Company. The seating capacity of the house will be about 1,600.

Dance for Miss Katherine Chapin.

Mrs. Lindley Hoffman Chapin gave a small and informal dance last evening for her daughter, Miss Katherine G. Chapin, at her residence, 11 West Forty-ninth Street. About seventy-five guests were asked for 9 o'clock and a buffet supper was served. The guests included a number of last season's buds and college boys. Mrs. Chapin will give another small dance in a few days for her second daughter, not yet out, Miss Cornelia Chapin.

Bequeaths $5,000 to Flower Hospital.

The will of Charlotte Dellinger of 52 West Fifty-first Street, who died on Dec. 4, was filed yesterday for probate. It provides bequests of $5,000 each to Flower Hospital and Manor Chapel, 350 West Fifty-sixth Street. The hospital bequest is for the foundation of a bed in memory of Lulie Dexter, niece of the testatrix. The remainder of the estate is bequeathed to relatives.

RUMORS OF FRICTION AMONG POLICE HEADS

Men Guarding Raided Houses Withdrawn by Order of Commissioner Cropsey.

DRISCOLL MAY GET OUT

And One Rumor Has It That the Commissioner May Retire, Too, Leaving the Field to Flynn.

Rumors of disagreements between Police Commissioner Cropsey and his deputies, which were started last Monday when Second Deputy Commissioner Flynn made three raids on alleged gambling houses in place of Driscoll, who has been in command of the vice squad, were renewed about Police Headquarters yesterday. They were revived when Commissioner Cropsey issued an order withdrawing every policeman who had been stationed at raided places, as a guard to keep any one from entering.

The men were left behind at each place raided by order of Driscoll, who said when he instituted the plan that the Commissioner and Mayor Gaynor acquiesced in it. Mr. Cropsey never denied this, and the fact that he issued yesterday's order changing this system of guarding raided places, caused instant rumor that he had done so under orders from some one "higher up."

With the acceptance of the theory that Mr. Cropsey's hand has been forced, there come a rumor that the Commissioner intended to resign and that Mr. Driscoll would retire with him, Deputy Commissioner Flynn being elevated to the full Commissionership.

Neither the Commissioner or his deputies would discuss the situation last night. On Monday, however, Mr. Driscoll declared that there was no friction between himself and Mr. Flynn, and that the former Chief of the local bureau of the United States Secret Service had made the raids simply because he himself had not yet recovered from his automobile accident sufficiently to resume active duty. On the following day, however, Mr. Driscoll found himself well enough to direct several more raids on places alleged to be poolrooms and gambling houses.

The withdrawal of the policeman from guard duty met with the approval of the men of the force and of their officers. Inspector Hogan recently withdrew some of his men without orders from Headquarters. He explained subsequently to Commissioner Cropsey that the men had been guarding an empty house in which there was not even any furniture. Hogan couldn't see why anybody might not be permitted to enter without being submitted to police surveillance.

No one could be found last night, however, who knew even how Commissioner Cropsey came to issue his order. The Commissioner himself could not be reached.

WATER FAMINE ACUTE.

No Water to Spare in Connecticut—Some Towns Get Temporary Relief.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 23.—The drought, which has been prevalent for many months in Connecticut, has reached an acute stage. Hardly a community has any water to spare, and in most of the cities and larger towns the supply is being guarded carefully and water users are warned to be economical.

New Haven, Norwich, Hartford, and Waterbury, all of which suffered, are heavy users of water by reason of factory requirements, while in Northeastern Connecticut many scores of mills take supplies from the watersheds thereabouts, most of which are running dry. In many places water is being sold by owners of wells and springs in a greater quantity than ever before.

GREENWICH, Conn., Dec. 23.—The water situation in Greenwich, Port Chester, and Rye, N. Y., was greatly improved to-day, householders and others, except those living on high elevations, whose supply of water was cut off yesterday, getting a renewed supply. The Greenwich Water Company, which serves that district, stated to-day that the water arranged for from the lake on the E. C. Converse estate was being pumped into the reservoir at the rate of 2,500 gallons a minute, and that the supply was sufficient for a hundred days.

The factories which closed yesterday will not reopen until after Christmas, it is understood, and this cessation will do much to relieve the situation. There will be no attempt by the company at present to supply the Cos Cob power house of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

NO WATER TO FIGHT FIRE.

$25,000 Damage Done to the Kent Place at Roslyn, L. I.

Special to The New York Times.

ROSLYN, L. I., Dec. 23.—A defective flue in the attic of the country house of George Edward Kent at this place resulted in a fire here early this morning, causing a loss estimated at $25,000. This is the second big fire which has proved unmanageable in this section within a week, owing to the fact that the only water protection available is from pumping out of wells or the bay. The first fire a few days ago caused the destruction of a large drug store in the village and other serious losses.

In the last instance firemen at once saw the impossibility of saving the house by pumping water from wells on the place and set themselves to saving the furniture and other valuables. The house burned slowly, and they were successful to the point of getting out all the solid oak doors and several valuable mantelpieces.

The house was originally built on the hill by Gen. Torrent for his son-in-law, Kingsley Magown. It was moved later across the Wheatley Road and became the Kent place.

Mizzi Hajos for New Winter Garden.

Mizzi Hajos, a Viennese musical comedy actress, who appeared here last Summer in "A Barnyard Romeo" at the American Music Hall, has been engaged for the company that is to open the new Winter Garden, at Fiftieth Street and Broadway, in February. Kitty Gordon, the English singer, was the first star engaged.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Mme. Bernhardt will present "Phedre" as a part of the bill when she produces John De Kay's drama of "Judas" at the Globe Theatre next Thursday night.

Henry Arthur Jones's new play, "We Can't Be as Bad as All That," will have its first performance at Nazimova's Thirty-ninth Street Theatre next Friday evening, Dec. 30, instead of on Jan. 2, as was previously announced.

The second of the east side subscription performances at The New Theatre will be given to-night when the play will be "Old Heidelberg."

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BARON D. GUENZBERG DEAD.

Famous, Like His Father, for His Benefactions to Jews.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 23.—Baron David Günzberg died here to-day from cancer. He was born at Kamenetz-Podolsk, July 5, 1857, and was a son of Horace Ossipovitch Günzberg, President of the Central Committee of the Jewish Colonization Association, who died in 1909. Like his father, he was famous for his benefactions to the Jews and the Jewish cause.

Baron Günzberg was educated at home under private tutors, and at the age of 20 received the degree of "candidate" from the St. Petersburg University. He was an authority on Arabic poetry, an enthusiastic patron of Jewish art, and was a frequent contributor to publications on that subject.

Baron Günzberg was a Trustee of the St. Petersburg Community, a member of the Committee for the Promotion of Culture Among the Jews of Russia, of the Central Committee of the Jewish Colonization Association, of the Russian Department of Public Investigation, and a life member of the Archaeological Society of St. Petersburg.

Charles J. Heinsheimer.

Charles J. Heinsheier, for twenty years a member of the Stock Exchange, died on Thursday in this city. Until about a year ago, when he retired from active business, he was a member of the firm of P. J. Goodhart & Co., 57 Broadway, and a Director of the Consolidated Rubber Tire Company. He was a member of the Harmonie Club. Mr. Heinsheimer was born in Cincinnati, the son of Lewis Heinsheimer. He married Miss Blanche Levy, daughter of Lazarus Levy, who with one son survives him.

George D. Morse.

George D. Morse, for many years the auctioneer of the Anderson Company of this city, died from pneumonia a few days ago at his home in Haverhill, Mass. Mr. Morse was a brother of Charles W. Morse. Mr. Morse became Anderson's regular auctioneer after the sale of the Thomas J. McKee library. He remained with that company for nine years, during which time he conducted many notable sales, including that of the great rarity, Poe's Prose Romances, 1843, for which J. P. Morgan paid $2,800.

Rev. John Archambault.

The Rev. John Archambault, 86 years old, a Jesuit priest who for many years had been connected with the College of St. Francis Xavier, in West Sixteenth Street, died yesterday. He had been in poor health for more than a year as a result of his advanced age. Until a few months ago, however, he had had a few duties to attend to at the college and had paid his regular visits to the convents. The funeral will be held Monday morning at 9 o'clock at the Church of St. Francis Xavier.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. DANIEL WEBSTER MOORE, who had retired from active ministry, died yesterday at his home in Dover, N. J., of cerebral hemorrhage, with which he was stricken on Wednesday. He kept a diary in which he had made entries daily for the last fifty-eight years. The last entry on the day he was taken ill was that he had purchased tickets for himself and Mrs. Moore for Florida. Mr. Moore was a native of Ohio, but had spent the last sixty years in New Jersey ministerial work. He was nearly 90 years old.

AUGUSTUS T. VAN GIESON, 88 years old, died Thursday night at his home, 439 Valley Road, Montclair, N. J., from ailments due to old age. Mr. Van Gieson had resided in Montclair all his life, and for many years was engaged in the building business. He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Jared Garrabrant of Montclair.

Capt. JESSE G. RULAX died at his home in Bordentown, N. J., yesterday, aged 73 years. He had been the owner of several vessels, among which were the schooners Mattie B. Burton, Hattie G. Kelsey, and Centennial, all of which were lost at sea. A widow and son survive him.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

LINDSAY—RICHARDSON.—Dec. 22, Margaret Y. Richardson to William Lindsay.

Long Island.

EDGERTON—FISHBURN.—Dec. 22, Richmond Hill, Gertrude Fishburn to Walter T. Edgerton.

Died.

ARCHAMBAULT.—On Dec. 23 at the College of St. Francis Xavier, West 16th St., New York, the Rev. John Archambault, S. J. The funeral will take place on Monday, Dec. 26, from the Church of St. Francis Xavier at 9 A. M. The clergy are invited to attend.

BODINE.—On Dec. 23, Henry B. Bodine aged 34. Funeral will be held at the Church of the Transfiguration, East 29th St., Monday, Dec. 26, at 11 A. M.

CARLE.—Suddenly, Thursday, the 22d inst., Helen M., widow of Edward H. Carle and daughter of the late Charles A. and Sophia F. Whitney. Funeral services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, 5th Av. and 45th St., on Monday, the 26th inst., at 12 M. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

BUTLER.—Dec. 22, Emily, at her residence, in this city, widow of Henry Butler and daughter of the late Benjamin Shelton. Funeral private. Interment in New Haven, Conn.

BRICKELL.—On Thursday, Dec. 22, Emily Brickell, widow of the late Thomas Brickell, formerly of Syracuse, N. Y., at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William Scott Ross, 205 Park Place, Brooklyn. Funeral private. Interment at Syracuse.

CHILDS.—At his residence, Brier Knoll, Great Neck, Long Island, Dec. 22, 1910, Harris C. Childs, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at All Saints' Church, Great Neck, Long Island, on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 24, at 2 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Great Neck upon the arrival of the train leaving the Pennsylvania Terminal at 1 o'clock.

ESCHWEGE.—Solomon, on Dec. 22, at People's Hospital. Funeral private.

FORSHAW.—Suddenly, Dec. 20, 1910, Mary Forshaw. Relatives and friends are invited to attend services at her late residence, 163 Second St., Union Course, L. I., Saturday, Dec. 24, 3:30 P. M. Take Lexington Av. "L" train to Cypress Hills, and thence by trolley to Suydam St.

FOWLER.—Friday, Dec. 23, 1910, at her late residence, 57 West 75th St., Mary Frances, widow of William Aymar Fowler. Funeral private.

HARTSHORNE.—On Dec. 23, 1910, at residence of his son-in-law, Reuben Haines, Germantown, Philadelphia, George Hartshorne of Locust Grove, Rahway, N. J., in the 89th year of his age. Funeral private.

HEMSTREET.—On Thursday, Dec. 22d, 1910, at Washington, D. C., Elizabeth Hemstreet, in the 71st year of her age. Funeral services at the home of her brother, William Hemstreet, 1,332 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 24th, at 2:00 o'clock.

HEINSHEIMER.—On Thursday, Dec. 22, 1910, Charles J. Heinsheimer, beloved husband of Blanche L. Heinsheimer, in his 46th year. Funeral services at 9 East 65th St. on Sunday. Funeral private.

LA MONTAGNE.—At Woodmere, L. I., on Thursday, Dec. 22, 1910, Ernest Charles, son of the late Edward La Montagne and Ernestine Godart de Blossieres, in his 56th year. Funeral services will be held at the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, West 23d St., on Saturday morning, Dec. 24, at half-past nine o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. Paris and Montreal papers please copy.

MINOR.—Katherine Barkeley, daughter of the late Dr. James M. and Ellen Pierrepont Minor, at Markham, Va., Dec. 22, 1910.

MOIR.—Emily H., widow of the late William Moir, on Friday, Dec. 23, 1910, in her 80th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 42 West 53d St., New York City, on Monday, Dec. 26, 1910, at 10 A. M.

NISBET.—On Friday, Dec. 23d, Mary Anna Browning, wife of the late William F. Nisbet, in the 62d year of her age. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 400 West End Avenue, Saturday, Dec. 24th, at 1:30 P. M. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of family.

NORRIE.—On Thursday, Dec. 22, 1910, at his residence, 15 East 54th St., A. Lanfear Norrie, eldest son of Emily F. Norrie and the late Gordon Norrie. Notice of funeral hereafter. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

NOYES.—At the Presbyterian Hospital, New York, Dec. 22, 1910, Mary E. Noyes, widow of the late James A. Noyes of St. Louis, Mo., in the 79th year of her age. Funeral services will be held at her residence, Haydenville, Mass., on Saturday, Dec. 24, at 1 P. M. Boston and Northampton (Mass.) papers please copy.

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TURNER.—Dec. 22, Claude L. Turner, aged 46. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., on Saturday evening, 8 o'clock, Frank E. Campbell Building. Relatives and friends, also members of Pyramid Lodge 490, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend.

BEPLER.—Elizabeth, 987 Summit Av., Dec. 22, aged 83.

BRENNAN.—John H., 143 East 26th St., Dec. 22.

CLARKE.—Peter F., 336 2d Av., Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

COBLEITZ.—Christina, Baptist Home, Dec. 22, aged 74. Funeral to-day.

CONNOLLY.—Thomas, 206 East 70th St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

DREYFUS.—Caroline, 772 St. Nicholas Av., Dec. 22.

DRISCOLL.—James, 66 Catharine St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DUNINGER.—Louis, 55 East 7th St., Dec. 21, aged 22.

GIL.—Dominga, 549 3d Av., Dec. 21. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HARDY.—Sarah, 209 East 60th St., Dec. 22. Funeral notice later.

KARCHER.—Margaret, 277 East 148th St., Dec. 21. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

KELLY.—William J., 2,108 Madison Av., Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KENEHAN.—Michael, 219 West 20th St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

LANDFRIED.—Peter, 977 1st Av., Dec. 21. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LEE.—Eloise W., 200 West 107th St., Dec. 22. Funeral private.

LEVY.—Morris, 2 West 103d St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

LITTLE.—Isabella, 225 East 71st St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-morrow, noon.

ODELL.—Martling W., 79 East 121st St., Dec. 21. Funeral 1,984 Lexington Av.

O'LEARY.—Joseph F., 309 East 88th St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-day.

PARKER.—Emeline, 434 Park Place, Dec. 22, aged 76. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

PETERS.—Maude, 1,235 Lexington Av., Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

REILLY.—Mary A., 2,251 Southern Boulevard, Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SCHERDING.—Christian, 3,133 Hull Av., Dec. 22, aged 60. Funeral private.

SCHOLEM.—Adelina, 134 West 119th St., Dec. 22.

SHEEHAN.—John J., 469 West 157th St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SILVERSTONE.—Blanch, 256 West 88th St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-morrow.

STEWART.—Mary, 311 East 85th St., Dec. 21. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

THIEMANN.—Johanna, Dec. 22, aged 82. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day, 2 P. M.

WEIBRECHT.—Ernest, 688 Alden Place, Bronx, Dec. 21, aged 55.

Brooklyn.

BANKS.—Phebe D., 51 Irving Place, Dec. 21, aged 81.

BERTHOLD.—John, 258 Covert St., Dec. 21, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BODEN.—Charles A., 416 South 5th St., Dec. 21.

CHADWICK.—Julia, 681 Sterling Place, Dec. 22. Funeral to-morrow.

DICKINSON.—Isabella T., 32 Granite St., Dec. 22, aged 89. Funeral service to-day.

DILLON.—Patrick B., 19th St. and Neck Road, Dec. 21.

ENGELSTAEDTER.—Anthony, 364 South 2d St., Dec. 22, aged 61. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

ERICH.—Amelie, 312 Suydam St., Dec. 20.

FRISK.—Anna, 22½ Windsor Place, Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HARTLEY.—James, 4,417 6th Av., Dec. 23, aged 61. Funeral Dec. 26, 2 P. M.

HEMMINGS.—Martha, 2,372 8th St., Dec. 21, aged 64.

KER.—Jane R., 99 Rogers Av., Dec. 23, aged 81. Funeral notice later.

LAUGHLIN.—Mary V., 326 Greene Av., Dec. 22. Funeral notice later.

LAZELLE.—Alice T., 205 Jefferson Av., Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LENNON.—Marie, 445 72d St., Dec. 21. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

LOMMELL.—Phillipina, 9 Foxhall St., Dec. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

McLOUGHLIN.—Kate, 51 Degraw St., Dec. 22, aged 53.

MAGENHEIMER.—Barbara, 1,115½ Greene Av., Dec. 23, aged 85. Funeral notice later.

MITTON.—John, 257 St. Mark's Av., Dec. 23. Funeral Dec. 26, 2 P. M.

QUINN.—Bridget, 362 80th St., Dec. 21. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

RAMSBOTHAM.—Emma, 198 Madison St., Dec. 23. Funeral notice later.

REYNOLDS.—George L., 788 Manhattan Av., Dec. 22, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ROONEY.—James A., 618 Eastern Parkway, Dec. 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SCHMIDT.—Henry, Dec. 21. Funeral 396 Hicks St.

VALENTINE.—David H., 188 Hancock St., Dec. 21, aged 65.

ZORNOW.—Otto, 293 Jefferson St., Dec. 21.

ZWISSLER.—Lillian, 356 South 1st St., Dec. 21.

Long Island.

BRUSH.—George S., Northport, Dec. 22, aged 60. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CONNELL.—William, Elmhurst, Dec. 22, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow.

GIESS.—Marie, Woodhaven, Dec. 22, aged 81.

MAY.—Mary, College Point, Dec. 22, aged 69. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

NEY.—Nicholas, Glendale, Dec. 23, aged 76. Funeral Dec. 26, 2 P. M.

SCHWIND.—George A., Raunt Station, Jamaica Bay, Dec. 21. Funeral to-day.

New Jersey.

FIACRE.—Clarence E., Green Village, Dec. 22, aged 30. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

GORMAN.—Annie T., East Orange, Dec. 21. Funeral Dec. 26, 8 A. M.

GROTHUSEN.—J. Henry, West Hoboken, Dec. 21, aged 69. Funeral to-day.

KAHNIS.—Charles, Sr., Elizabeth, Dec. 22. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SATTERLY.—Mary E., East Orange, Dec. 22.

ZAEY.—Barbara, 127 Bayview Av., Jersey City, Dec. 21, aged 71.

New York State.

GROVER.—George, Sr., 111 North St., Mount Vernon, Dec. 22, aged 56. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LANPHEAR.—Julia M., East Marion, Dec. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MOORE.—William S., Pleasantville, Dec. 21. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WHITE.—Frances W., Warwick, Dec. 21, aged 6 months.

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HOLIDAYS DOMINATE TRADING

Business at Low Ebb on Exchange—Currency Estimates Foreshadow Substantial Cash Gain by Banks.

Yesterday's lifeless market, on the very eve of the triple holiday, was plainly foreshadowed by the diminishing business and narrowing price movements of the earlier days of the week. There has, of course, been no public participation to speak of in Stock Exchange business for a long time past, and apparently traders on the floor and speculators in the various offices through the Street have at last grown tired of dealing exclusively with one another. It would be perhaps rash to credit these dealers in profits and losses with sufficient wisdom to appreciate the real reasons for public abstention from the market at the moment; to them the outcome of the serious developments which will be set in motion shortly after the opening of the new year by way of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the United States Supreme Court are matters of little moment, since they make their living, or attempt to do so, on either side of the market. People generally, however, are indisposed to gamble at any time, and least of all when the future is obscured by such impenetrable mists as those engendered by the rate cases and the anti-trust cases. With traders and speculators deserting the market place of simply tarrying to even up commitments and look on at the somewhat forced gayety of the younger brokers, a record of some 110,000 shares for the trading followed as a matter of course. In one or two specialties, including Western Maryland and American Beet Sugar, little diversions were offered in the way of sharp advances, but there was no leadership in these stocks, of course, and elsewhere prices sagged under neglect. The day's news of real concern to the market was as meagre as the business on the markets themselves. A few railroad earnings statements, showing in the main a further tendency toward smaller revenues, and an unofficial statement regarding the proposed reorganization of the local traction companies practically made up the budget.

Preliminary estimates of the currency movements of the week indicated a very different state of affairs than that confronting the banks at this time a week ago, for where little if any cash had been received on balance on the various movements then there has been a gain this week of not less than $5,000,000. Unless preparations connected with the year-end dividend and interest disbursements have already begun to exercise an influnce upon the banking position the chances favor a decidedly good return by the associated institutions to-day. Certainly Stock Exchange requirements have been at a minimum and trade demands diminish with each passing day.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Aeolian-Weber Piano and Pianola Co. for dividend on preferred.
American Screw Co. for dividend.
Central Aguirre Sugar Co. for dividend on preferred.
City Investing Co. for dividend on preferred.
Columbus (Gas) Electric Co. for dividend on preferred.
Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co. for dividend.
Denver & Rio Grande Railroad for dividend on preferred.
Electric Storage Battery Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Empire Trust Co. for dividend.
Garvin Machine Co. for dividend on preferred.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co. for dividend.
International Harvester Co. for dividend on common.
Laurentide Paper Co. for dividend.
Manila Electric Railroad & Light Co. for dividend.
Market and Fulton National Bank for dividend.
New York County National Bank for dividend.
New York Mortgage and Security Co. for dividend.
People's Bank, New York, for dividend.
Phenix National Bank for dividend.
Public Securities Co. for dividend on preferred.
Sen Sen Chiclet Co. for dividend.
Standard Screw Co. for dividend on preferred.
Stark Electric Co. for dividend.
Trust Co. of America for dividend.
United Fruit Co. for dividend.
Washington Trust Co. for dividend.
Western Electric Co. for dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Buffalo Mines Co.
Crucible Steel Co. on preferred.
Homestake Mining Co.
Standard Coupler Co. on common and preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 3@3½ per cent., with the last loan at 3¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 4@4¼ per cent. for thirty and sixty days, 4 per cent. for ninety days and four months, and 4@4¼ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3½ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2⅞ per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Berlin, 4¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $294,063,480; balances, $14,525,986; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $675,071.

The local banks gained $278,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8530@$4.8540, sixty days at $4.8210@$4.8235, and cables at $4.8575@$4.8585.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.20 less 3-64@5.20 for cables and 5.20⅝ plus 1-64@5.20 less 1-16 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 1-16@95¼ for cables and 95 less 1-64@95 plus 1-32 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 10c premium; St. Paul, 85c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; Savannah, buying, 3-16c discount; selling, par; Charleston, buying, par; selling, 1-10c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London, at 25⅛d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 54⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—Utter inertia marked the last day of the dealings on the local Exchange prior to the prolonged holidays. Price movements were narrow and lacking in definite trend, and many issues were not dealt in at all. There was not a single transaction in Reading during the first hour. United States Steel continued depressed over pessimistic utterances from Pittsburg relating to the present stagnation in the trade.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
92	Cambria Iron	45	45	45
111	Cambria Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
60	Electric Storage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
140	Electric Storage [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
65	General Asphalt	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
59	General Asphalt [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
80	Ins. Co. of N. A.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
25	Lake Sup. Corp.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
25	Lehigh Navigation	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
100	Lehigh Nav. t. ct.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,410	Lehigh Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
150	Phil. Rapid Transit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
50	Penn. Steel pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
70	Pennsylvania	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
30	Philadelphia Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
100	Philadelphia Co. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5,096	Phil. Electric	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
200	Reading	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,120	Tonopah Belmont	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
345	Tonopah Mining	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
280	U. G. Imp.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,960	U. S. Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
63	Union Traction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
50	Union Traction [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Dec. 23, 1910.......... 114,210
From Jan. 1, 1910.......... 162,980,650
Corresponding period last year.......... 210,220,663

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100¾	101¼
3s, r., 1918	102	102½
3s, c., 1918	102	102½
4s, r., 1925	115½	116¼
4s, c., 1925	115½	116¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	

	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. Rub.	34	35
U. S. R. 2d pf.	71	74
U. & B. R.	160	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	122	125
Va. I. C. & Coke	45	55
Westingh'se 1st pf.	110	122
W. & L. E.	4½	5¼
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	12	13
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	6½	8
Wis. Cent.	55	57

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—Trading on the local Stock Exchange to-day was of a decidedly pre-holiday check and the price levels show but little change. North Butte was the most active issue, declining about a point. The close was steady and without feature. There will be no session of the exchange until next Tuesday.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	A., G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	68½	68¼	68½
5,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101⅛	101	101⅛
1,500	N. Y., N. H. & H. conv 3½s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	Western T. & T. 5s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Boston Elevated	128	128	128
5	Boston Suburban pf	70	70	70
47	Boston & Albany	224	224	224
2	Fitchburg pf	130	130	130
10	Great Northern pf	122⅞	122⅞	122⅞
54	N. Y., N. H. & H.	151¼	151	151¼
17	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub 50% paid			
119	West End	248½	248	248
6	West End pf	91	90⅝	90⅝
		102	101	102

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
367	American	142½	142¼	142½
71	Mexican pf	6½	6⅜	6⅜
6	New England	138	138	138

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
31	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	99	98½	98¾
218	A., G. & W. I. pf.	21½	20⅝	21½
10	Am. Sug. Rfg.	115	115	115
40	Am. Sug. Rfg. pf.	113¼	113¼	113¼
103	Am. Woolen pf	92	91¼	91¾
50	Eastern S. S.	81½	81½	81½
35	Edison	285	285	285
230	Mass. Gas	88½	88	88
5	Mergenthaler	213	213	213
50	Pullman	159¼	159	159¼
25	Swift	100⅝	100½	100½
50	Torrington, Class A.	36	36	36
65	United Fruit	192	192	192
615	United Shoe Mach'y	55	55	55
10	United Shoe Mach. pf.	29¼	29¼	29⅛
840	U. S. Steel	72⅝	72¼	72⅜

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Adventure	6½	6½	6½
10	Algomah	8½	8½	8½
455	Amalgamated	62⅞	62⅝	62⅞
125	Am. Zinc	26	25⅞	25⅞
190	Arizona Com'l	14	13¾	14
40	Batopilas	2	2	2
251	Butte Balaklala	6¾	6⅛	6½
210	Calumet & Arizona	49	47	48
1	Calumet & Hecla	550	550	550
50	Centennial	16	16	16
115	Copper Range	66	65⅞	66
50	Daly West	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
50	East Butte	11⅞	11¾	11⅞
485	Giroux	6⅞	6¾	6⅞
30	Granby	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
165	Greene Cananea	6⅞	6½	6¾
135	Hancock	21	20⅞	20⅞
10	Isle Royale	16½	16½	16¼
100	Island Creek Coal pf.	87⅞	87½	87⅞
170	Kerr Lake	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
245	Lake	34⅝	34¼	34½
150	La Salle	7	7	7
85	Nevada	18½	18¼	18¼
195	Nipissing	11	11	11
1,436	North Butte	28⅞	27½	28
5	North Lake	6½	6½	6½
50	Ojibway	6	6	6
10	Parrot	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
60	Quincy	70⅝	70½	70½
215	Ray Cons	18⅛	18¼	18¼
15	Shannon	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
40	Shattuck & Arizona	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞
90	Superior	42	41⅞	41⅞
53	Superior & Pittsburg	13½	13½	13½
480	U. S. Smelting	35¼	34⅞	34⅞
283	U. S. Smelting pf	47¼	47	47¼
25	Utah Apex	2½	2½	2½
200	Utah Cons	13	13	13
20	Utah Copper	45	45	45
5	Wolverine	118	118	118

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 23.—Following were the transactions on the local exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Crucible Steel pf.	76	76	76
45	Independent Brewing	4	4	4
890	Mfrs. L. & H.	20¼	20¼	20½
180	Pittsburg Brewing	22⅞	22¾	22¾
65	Pittsburg Plate Glass	102¾	102¾	102¾
19	Pitts. Y. & A. Ry. pf.	167	167	167
98	Union Switch	127	127	127
97	Union Switch pf.	135	135	135
10	U. S. Steel	72	72	72
10	Westing. Elec. 2ds	32¾	33⅝	33⅝

UNLISTED.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
898	Ohio Fuel Oil	6¼	6	6¼
26	Oklahoma Gas	49	49	49
50	Pure Oil	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛

SCRIP.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$550	Crucible Steel	67½	67½	67½

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 23.—The stock market was lifeless to-day. Shares, 375; bonds, $20,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Con. Power 4½s	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞
1,000	Jamison C. & C. g. c. 5s	89	89	89
1,000	Norf. & P. Trac. 5s	82	82	82
5,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	85	85	85
6,000	United Rys. inc.	61¼	61⅛	61⅛
2,000	United Rys. 4s	84⅞	84¾	84¾

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Con. Coal	103	102	103
210	Mechanics' Bank	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
90	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	42½	42½	42½
5	Union Bank	129	129	129
2,670	Con. Coal rights	⅜	⅜	⅜

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Chi R I & P Ry refunding 4s
20,000.......... 89½
20,000.......... 89⅝
Chi, R I & P R R 4s
5,000.......... 73
C, St P, M & Om 6s
1,000.......... 124½
C, C, C & St L gen 4s
9,000.......... 93¾
2,000.......... 94
St L Div 1st
3,000.......... 93½
White W V Div 4s
1,000.......... 94½
C, L & W 1st 5s
5,000.......... 110
Col & So 1st 4s
6,000.......... 96
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
20,000 3.......... 97½
Com Cable 1st 4s
4,000.......... 84¾
Del & Hud 1st & ref 4s
10,000.......... 99⅜
Del & H conv 4s
35,000.......... 93¾
Den & R G con 4s
1,000.......... 93
Den & R G 1st & ref 5s
1,000.......... 89⅞
3,000.......... 90
5,000.......... 89⅞
imp 5s
4,000.......... 101¼
3,000.......... 101⅜
Dul & Iron R 5s
9,000.......... 108⅝
Dist Sec Corp 5s
1,000.......... 77
Erie 1st con 4s
2,000.......... 84½
6,000.......... 85
Erie conv 4s, Series B
10,000.......... 69½
Ft W & D C 1st
1,000.......... 113
H & Tex Cent 1st 5s
1,000.......... 109⅝
Hock Val 1st 4½s
10,000.......... 102½
4,000.......... 102⅝
10,000.......... 102⅞
Inter-Met 4½s
2,000.......... 79¼
2,000.......... 79⅜
8,000.......... 79⅝

10,000.......... 104½
15,000.......... 104
10,000.......... 104½
Va Iron, Coal & C 5s
1,000.......... 95
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
2,000.......... 63½
West Md 4s
2,000.......... 63½
West Md 4s
87,000.......... 86⅝
West Shore 4s, reg
1,000.......... 100
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s
1,000.......... 92¼
Wilkes & East 1st
5,000.......... 99½
2,000.......... 100½

Total sales, Dec. 23, 1910.......... $1,467,500
From Jan. 1, 1910.......... 622,848,500
Corresponding period last year.... 1,290,779,700

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Trading on the local Exchange was a little more widely distributed than for several days. Sears-Roebuck advanced 2¾. Swift showed a loss of ½ point. Western Stone as much, while South Side Elevated sold at 68. Chicago Railways Series 2 had a quarter to its credit and Pneumatic Tool a half point. Chicago Telephone was off a half point, and Match rights, after selling down to 3 again, were bid up to 7 and then closed at 4, and were the active feature of the day's trading.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
69	American Can	9	8¾	9
100	American Can pf.	76½	76½	76½
25	Booth Fisheries pf.	65	65	65
152	Chicago Pneu. Tool	41	40½	41
541	Chicago Rys. Series 2	25¼	24½	25¼
235	Chicago Subway	4½	4	4
80	Chicago Telephone	123	123	123
11	Com. Edison	115	115	115
4,318	Diamond Match rights	7	3	6
20	McCrum-Howell	67	67	67
10	National Biscuit	119	119	119
335	National Carbon	117¼	117	117
65	People's Gas	105⅝	105¼	105⅝
56	Quaker Oats pf.	103¼	103	103
397	Sears-Roebuck	181	178¼	181
65	Sears-Roebuck pf.	119½	119½	119½
10	South Side Elevated	68	68	68
106	Swift & Co.	101	100¼	100¼
20	United Boxboard	6½	6½	6½
75	U. S. Steel	72½	72½	72½
102	Western Stone	24	24	24

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Chicago Rys. col. 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
3,000	Com. Edison 5s	101	101	101
1,000	N. W. Elevated 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

Extreme dullness prevailed at the Metal Exchange yesterday. Tin was down about ¼c. Copper, lead, and spelter were unchanged. The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Friday.		Thursday.	
Stand. Cop.	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	12.15	12.25	12.15	12.25
December	12.15	12.25	12.15	12.25
January	12.15	12.25	12.15	12.25
February	12.15	12.30	12.15	12.25
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.55
Spelter	5.55	5.65	5.55	5.65
Tin	38.00	38.25	38.20	38.50

The exports of copper from the port of New York in tons were as follows:

	1910.	Inc.
Week Dec. 22	9,085	3,610
Month to date	23,224	8,563
From Jan. 1	290,031	944

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday transactions in spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin are given in the following table. These prices are the closing figures for the day, and compare with the last quotations for Thursday:

	Friday.			Thursday.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Copper, spot	56	12	6	56	15	0
Copper, futures	57	7	6	57	10	0
Pig tin, spot	174	7	6	173	15	0
Pig tin, futures	174	17	6	174	5	0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged at £13 3s 9d. Spelter was steady and unchanged at £24. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 49s 10½d.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Market Narrow on Eve of Holidays, with Few Issues Showing Price Changes.

BOND TRADING DIVERSIFIED

Although Six Issues Appear in List, Only One Changes from Opening Levels—Trade in New Sulzberger Stock.

The market on the eve of the holidays on the Curb yesterday was restricted to a few issues, and price movements were inconsiderable. British Columbia was one of the more active of the coppers, continuing the movement of recent days. On transactions of 4,000 the price declined from 7⅝ to 7⅜. Many issues closed even with the opening levels after minor transactions, among them Chino, Giroux, Miami, Kerr Lake, Nipissing, and Ray Central. Ray Consolidated sold off from 18¼ to 18⅛ on reported transactions totaling only 300. Trading in the bond list was well diversified, but prices were, with the exception of a decline from 92⅝ to 92¼ in Western Pacific 5s, unchanged throughout the trading. The new Sulzberger preferred stock appeared in the trading at 100 and rose to 100¼ on sales of 400.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Am. Sm. Sec. rights	5-32	5-32	5-32	5-32
890	Atl. Gulf & W. Indies pf.	21	†21⅜	21	21
1,200	Int. R. Tr. cts.	32¾	33	32	33
26	Standard Oil	617	617	616	616
400	Sulzberger pf.	100	100¼	100	100¼
400	U. S. Lt. & H.	2	2	2	2
200	U. S. L. & H. pf.	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝

RAILROAD.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Chic. Subway	4	4	4	4

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,000	Brit. Col. Cop.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜
1,000	Chino Copper	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
15,000	*Cobalt Cent.	8	8½	8	8
500	Con. Ar. Sm.	1½	1½	1 7-16	1 7-16
200	Giroux Mining	6¾	6 13-16	6¾	6¾
10,000	*Greenwater	6	6	5½	6
2,500	Inspir. Cop.	8⅞	8 15-16	8⅞	8⅞
100	Kerr L.	6 13-16	6 13-16	6 13-16	6 13-16
125	La Rose Con.	4⅜	†4⅝	4 9-16	4 9-16
100	Miami Cop.	19½	19½	19½	19½
400	M. of A., new	5⅞	5⅞	5 13-16	5 13-16
75	*McK.-Dar.	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
500	Nevada Hills	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16
100	N.-U. M. & S.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
800	Nip. M. Co.	11	11	10⅞	11
700	Ohio Cop.	1½	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
1,500	Pac. Smelt.	7-16	½	7-16	½
800	Prec. Metals	1½	1½	1¼	1¼
[illegible]	*Raw. Coal	3½	4	3½	4
[illegible]	Ray Central	2	2	1 15-16	2
300	Ray Consol.	18¼	18¼	†18⅛	†18⅛
[illegible]	*Tramps Con.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
[illegible]	Tri-Bullion	½	½	7-16	½
[illegible]	Tularosa	1	1	1	1
[illegible]	Union Mines	¾	¾	¾	¾
[illegible]	*United Rico	1½	1½	1½	1½
[illegible]	Yuk. G. M.	3⅝	3 11-16	3⅝	3⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
[illegible]	Am. S. S. 6s w. i.	101	101	101	101
[illegible]	Am. W. P. 5s	89½	89½	89½	89½
[illegible]	Hud. & M. 4½s	79	79	79	79
[illegible]	Ray Con. 6s	115½	115½	115½	115½
[illegible]	South. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
[illegible]	West. Pac. 5s	92⅝	92⅝	92¼	92¼

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Thursday:

	Dec. 23.		Dec. 22.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Coal Products	101	102½	101	102½
Am. Loc. 6s, w. i.	101	101¼	101	101¼
Am. Sm. Sec. rts.	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
American Tobacco	412	415	412	414
Am. Writing Paper	2½	3	2½	3
Am. Writing Paper pf.	29	30	29	29½
Am. Writing Paper 5s	89½	90½	89½	90½
Am. Light & Traction	288	291	288	291
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	104	106	104	106
[illegible] Gas	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Borden's Cond. Milk	119	122	119	122
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	104	107	104	107
[illegible] Copper	4	4½	4	4½
British Columbia Cop.	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Butte Coalition	18½	19	18	19
Chicago Subway	4	4½	4	4½
Chino Copper	21⅛	21¼	21	21¼
Cobalt Central	8½	9	8	9
[illegible] Copper	1 7-16	1 9-16	1 7-16	1 9-16
[illegible] Copper	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1½
Giroux Mining	6¾	6 13-16	6¾	6⅞
Greene-Cananea	6⅝	6¾	6⅝	6¾
Guggenheim Expl.	190	195	190	195
[illegible] Transit	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
[illegible] Valley	9⅞	10	9½	10
Miami Copper	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
Mines Co. of Am., new	5⅝	5⅞	5 3-16	5⅞
[illegible] Rubber	32¾	33	32	32¾
International Salt	4	8	4	8
Kerr Lake	6¾	6 13-16	6¾	6 13-16
La Rose Con.	4½	4 9-16	4½	4 9-16
Nipissing	10⅞	11	10⅞	11
Ohio Copper	1½	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
Pittsburg Steel pf.	99	101	99	101
Ray Cons.	18⅛	18⅜	18¼	18½
Ray Central	2	2 1-16	1 15-16	2
Standard Milling	14	17	14	17
Standard Milling pf.	49	52	49	52
Standard Oil	616	617	616	617
Tonopah Mining	8 3-16	8 5-16	8 3-16	8 5-16
United Cigar Mfrs.	61½	62¼	61½	62¼
United Copper	4¼	5	4¼	5
U. S. Light & Heat	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝
Western Pacific 5s	92¼	92⅝	92¼	92⅝
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅝	3 11-16	3½	3 9-16

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Considering the holiday character of the trading throughout the day, the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was a fairly broad one, thirty different issues being represented in the transactions, including odd lots of several stocks which were not dealt in on the New York Stock Exchange. Most of the business was done in the forenoon, with an impromptu holiday celebration on the floor interfering with dealings in the late afternoon.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Amal. Copper	62⅞	63	62½	62¾
1,460	Am. Beet Sugar	42¾	43¾	42¾	43⅝
110	Am. Can	9	9	9	9
10	Am. Malt. pf.	35	35	35	35
750	Am. Smelting	73⅝	73½	73⅛	73⅝
210	A. T. & S. F.	100	100½	100	100½
30	Balt. & Ohio	105	105	104½	104½
110	Brook. R. T.	75	75¼	75	75¼
60	Central Leather	32	32	31½	31½
100	Ches. & Ohio	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝
100	C., M. & St. P.	121⅞	122	121⅞	122
250	Consol. Gas	133¾	135½	133¾	135⅝
20	Corn Products	14½	14⅜	14½	14⅝
20	Erie	27½	27½	27½	27½
100	Inter.-Met.	19½	19½	19½	19½
40	Inter.-Met. pf.	54	54¼	54	54¼
580	Lehigh Valley	179⅝	180¼	179⅝	179⅝
220	Nat. Lead	54¼	54½	53⅝	54½
100	N. Y. Central	110¼	110½	110¼	110½
180	Northern Pac.	115⅝	115⅝	115¼	115¼
8,840	Reading	149½	149⅞	149	149⅝
20	Rock Island	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜
150	Southern Pac.	114⅞	114⅞	114½	114⅝
20	Southern Ry.	26½	26½	26½	26½
30	Tenn. Copper	34½	34½	34½	34½
1,940	Union Pacific	169⅞	170¼	169⅝	170
4,810	U. S. Steel	72¼	72½	72	72¼
10	U. S. Steel pf.	116⅞	116⅞	116⅞	116⅞
50	Western Union	72½	73	72½	72½
130	Western Md.	48⅞	49⅞	48⅞	49⅞
15,750					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,200	Atlanta	.13	.13	.13	.13
100	Belmont	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
140	Goldf. Con.	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50
300	Isabella	.19	.19	.19	.19
200	Montana	.85	.85	.85	.85
100	Ophir	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
400	Sierra Nevada	.12½	.12½	.12½	.12½
200	Standard	.87½	.87½	.87½	.87½
1,000	Tramps	.02½	.02½	.02½	.02½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday.		Thursday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59, l'chg	99½	99¾	99½	99¾
4s, Nov., '58, l'chg	99½	99¾	99½	99¾
4½s, May, '57, l'chg	107¼	107½	107¼	107½
4½s, Nov., '57, l'chg	107¼	107½	107¼	107½
4½s, May, '17, l'chg	102	103	102	103
4½s, Nov., '17, l'chg	102	103	102	103
4s, May, '57, l'chg	99¼	99¾	99¼	99¾
4s, Nov., '56, reg	98⅞	99¼	98⅞	99¼
4s, May, '19, l'chg	99	99¾	99	99¾
4½s, March, '60	101	101½	101	101½
3½s, May, '54, coup	88	88¾	88	88¾
3½s, Nov., coup., l'chg	88	88½	88¾	88½
3½s, May, '54, reg	87¾	88½	87¾	88½
3½s, reg., Nov., '41	87⅞	88¼	87½	88¼

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Dec. 22.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$746,006	$19,739,038	$154,430,368
Internal rev.	921,180	19,604,626	143,431,149
Corp. tax	798	31,155	6,296,100
Miscellaneous	131,900	3,017,118	21,742,712
Total rec.	$1,799,886	$42,391,937	$325,900,329
Expenditures	2,008,683	41,822,473	334,092,129
Surplus	*208,798	569,464	*8,191,739

*Deficit.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS

London Stocks Quiet—Paris Prices Firm—Berlin Dull and Weak.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Money was in restricted supply and dearer and discount rates hardened to-day.

The stock market was quietly steady with traders mainly occupied in making arrangements for the mining carryover. Kaffirs, consols, and a few foreign bonds hardened, and diamond shares were strong.

American securities were dull and featureless, and scarcely a transaction was concluded during the session. Prices closed within a small fraction of parity.

Bar silver steady; 25⅛d per ounce.

Money, 3¼@3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3½@3 9-16 per cent.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—Prices were firm on the Bourse.

At closing three per cent. rentes were 97 francs 22½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London, 25 francs 27 centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Dec. 23.—Trading was very dull and prices were weak on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	79½	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account	79⅝	..	..	+1-16
Anaconda	8½	[illegible]	39¼	[illegible]
Atchison	103¼	100¼	100¾	[illegible]
Canadian Pacific	199	193	193¼	[illegible]
St. Paul	126	122⅝	122	[illegible]
Erie	28⅜	27⅝	27⅝	[illegible]
Erie 1st pf.	47½	46⅛	..	[illegible]
Illinois Central	136	132¼	..	..
Louis. & Nash	148	143¼	143¾	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	115¼	111¾	110½ex	[illegible]
Pennsylvania	66½	128⅝	128¼	[illegible]
Reading	77	149½	149⅝	[illegible]
Southern Pac.	117ex	115	115	[illegible]
Union Pacific	174⅞	169⅝	170¼	[illegible]
U. S. Steel	74½	72¼	72⅛	[illegible]
U. S. Steel pf.	120¼	116⅝	116⅝	[illegible]

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	12	9	Esperanza	1	17	6
Tomboy	0	15	7½	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	6	6	Stratton's Ind.	0	8	3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

5985. VISES OF ALL KINDS.—An American Consular officer in a Canadian city reports that a firm of wholesale and retail hardware dealers in his district wishes to buy a stock of vises of all descriptions and invites quotations with catalogues from American manufacturers.

5986. GUT FOR TENNIS RACKETS.—The Bureau of Manufactures is in receipt of a communication from an American firm of exporters and manufacturers' agents requesting to be put in touch with manufacturers in the United States of gut to be used for tennis rackets.

5987. COTTON GIN MACHINERY.—A report from an American Consul General in the Far East states that a department of the local Government desires catalogues of cotton ginning machinery, gins or machines for separating the lint cotton from the seed, also catalogues of cotton presses for baling the lint cotton. The machinery desired is of two kinds, one for annual cotton and one for perennial cotton. Cotton has been grown in this region for a number of years on a small scale, but it is now desired to pay more attention to this industry and to treat it with the most modern methods. Catalogues and correspondence should be in English and may be forwarded to addresses given in the report.

5988. MARGARIN AND LAUNDRY SOAP.—A business firm in China writes to the Bureau of Manufactures that it would like to get in direct touch with American manufacturers or exporters of margarin. Samples and cost, insurance, and freight prices are desired. Goods should be packed in cases of 100 tins, each tin to contain one pound. If the article and price are satisfactory the firm states it is in a position to build up a large and regular trade. The firm also desires to hear from American manufacturers of bar (laundry) soap. Samples and cost, insurance, and freight prices are requested. Each bar should weigh 2½ pounds and be 14½ inches long and 2 inches wide and deep. The soap should be put up in wooden cases of twenty bars each. A business of good proportions can be carried on in this article if satisfactory arrangement can be made.

5989. AMERICAN NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES.—An American Consular officer in a European country reports that novelties and specialties of various kinds should find a ready sale in his district. He furnishes the names of two firms that might be open to arrangements for handling these articles. One of these firms has stated that it would be glad to undertake the representation of some export house manufacturing an article that would meet with general favor.

5990. STATIONERY AND NOVELTIES.—A report from an American Consular officer in Canada states that a business man in his district dealing in stationery, lithographing work, magazines, books, novelties, and kindred lines, who makes a specialty of having attractive window displays, wishes to get into communication with American publishers and others handling his line of goods who have special facilities for strikingly displaying their goods with a view to increasing sales. He also states that he is desirous of increasing his present line of novelties. Correspondence in English.

5991. TENDERS FOR INSTALLATION OF WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.—Consul John F. Jewell of Melbourne reports that the Postmaster General of the Commonwealth of Australia has advertised for tenders for the supply and erection of installations for wireless telegraphy at Thursday Island and on the coast of Papua. He has forwarded copies of the form of tender, specifications, and general conditions in connection with the matter, also of the gazette notice inviting tenders, which states that they will be received at the office of the Secretary, Postmaster General's Department, 51 Spring Street, Melbourne, Australia, until noon of March 14, 1911.

5992. HATS AND CLOTHING.—A business man in touch with the dry goods stores of Australia, which he visits at regular periods in connection with other lines handled by him, advises an American Consul that he is desirous of obtaining agencies from American manufacturers of men's hard, soft, and straw hats and children's and youths' clothing of every description. The report states this appears to be an excellent opportunity for the introduction of this class of goods.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	99⅞	100¼
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	98⅝	98⅞
Balt. & Ohio 4½s, June, 1913	99⅛	99⅜
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	96⅞	97⅛
Chicago & Alton 5s, March 15, 1913	98½	98⅝
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100⅛	..
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	100⅜	100⅝
K. C. Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	98⅝	99⅛
Lack. Steel cv. deb. 5s, March, 1915	91½	92
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	100	100¼
St. L. & San F. 4½s, Feb., 1912	98⅛	98⅜
St. L. & San F. 5s, March, 1913	96⅛	96¼
Southern Ry. 5s, Feb., 1913	97⅞	98⅛
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101⅛	101⅜
Western T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	99⅞	100⅛
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1913	100⅝	100⅞

Interest to be added.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Gustavus Bonnall has made application for membership on the New York Cotton Exchange.

B. F. Yoakum, Chairman of the Board of St. Louis & San Francisco system, is making an inspection tour of the lines, and will return to New York in ten days or two weeks.

Subscription books for the $3,500,000 Sulzberger & Sons 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, which opened yesterday morning at 10 A. M., were closed immediately, the issue having been oversubscribed.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital.......... $5,000,000
Surplus.......... 18,000,000

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS
160 Broadway, Manhattan.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

THE
Standard Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK, N. Y.
Allows interest on deposits

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Big Cash Gain by the Banks.

The week's currency movements, yesterday's usual estimates indicated, have resulted in a gain in cash amounting to, if not exceeding, $5,000,000. A small part of this was received in the bank's transactions with the Sub-Treasury, but the bulk of it represents a net gain on the movements to and from the interior, indicating that in preparation for the January disbursements the tide in the money movement has turned strongly in favor of New York. An indication of the present easy position of the banks was found yesterday in the fact that although loans made yesterday will carry over until next Tuesday there was no advance in the call rate over the figure quoted on Thursday. Time money rates were a trifle firmer, but they were still no higher than at the beginning of the week. The belief is held by bankers that the money market will show decided ease in the early part of the new year, and this belief is reflected in the willingness to put out time loans at the rates quoted during the past few days.

⁂

Western Pacific Earnings.

The fact that the Western Pacific, the new Gould line to the Pacific Coast, although in operation now for several months, has not yet put out any statement of its earnings, is being made the subject of comment in the financial district. The custom of the Inter-State Commerce Commission in the matter of requiring reports from new railroads is not to exact reports until the road is fully completed, and even thereafter some leeway is allowed to the management of such companies. In the Western Pacific's case it is reported that it desires to postpone publication of monthly statements probably until next Spring. Whether or not the commission will require the earlier publication of reports is not known. On May 1 next it is understood the Denver & Rio Grande's passenger traffic contract with the Central Pacific will expire, and thereafter the cars now run over the Central Pacific under this contract will be run over the Western Pacific, whose earnings will thereby be increased. The desire to make as favorable a showing as possible in the first report issued is regarded as the reason for the delay in putting out earnings statements. Meanwhile bankers in touch with the affairs of the Western Pacific say it is doing well, and that its earnings are gratifying to the management.

⁂

Interborough Earnings.

The November statement of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, issued yesterday, showed an increase of $98,512 for the month in gross earnings but a decrease of $37,235 in the balance of earnings over charges. Operating expenses increased about as much as did gross earnings, and an increase in taxes reduced the amount available for fixed charges and dividends. For the five months ended November 30 the gross earnings increased $242,541 and the balance of earnings, after the payment of charges, decreased $294,721. During the five months the company carried 223,529,639 passengers, an increase of $4,476,222 over the number carried during the corresponding period of the previous year.

⁂

Unfavorable Bank Clearings.

The statistics of bank exchanges throughout the country, as compiled by Dun's Review, for the week again make a highly unfavorable comparison with last year. The aggregate clearings at all the leading centres of the country amounted only to $2,775,500,110. This is a decrease of 15.3 per cent. as compared with the same period in 1909. As compared with 1906 there is a gain of 7.3 per cent., but comparison with that year is unfavorable this week, for the reason that during the corresponding period in 1906 the week had only five business days. The most pronounced losses again this week were in New York, due, as heretofore, chiefly to the dullness of the financial markets. The clearings in this city taken by themselves are 20.2 per cent. less than last year. The loss at the outside cities is 4.6 per cent.

NOVEMBER EXPORTS LARGE.

Decrease in Food and Increase in Manufactures Shown by Statistics.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—An increase in the exportation of manufactured commodities and a decrease in the exportation of foodstuffs last month is noted in figures compiled by the Bureau of Statistics made public to-day. Flour, wheat, corn, hams and shoulders, bacon, fresh beef, and live cattle show a marked decrease for November, when compared with the like month and the eleven months ended with November of last year. The exports of corn show an increase for the eleven months ended with November, but for the month itself a decrease is noted.

Manufactured articles on the other hand show, in practically all cases, increases. Lumber, agricultural implements, builders' hardware and tools, and other commodities show greater exports both for the month of November and for the eleven months ended with that month.

The total exports for November, 1910, are valued at $204,100,000, compared with $191,700,000 for the same month last year. The exports for the eleven months ended with November, 1910, amounted to 1,602,400,000. For the corresponding eleven months of last year the total was $1,531,000,000.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 23.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.05	Julia	.05
Alpha Con.	.01	Justice	.03
Andes	.04	Kentucky Con.	.09
Belcher	.36	Mexican	.72
Best & Belcher	.19	Occidental Con.	41
Bullion	.05	Ophir	1.27½
Caledonia	.28	Overman	.35
Challenge Con.	.09	Potosi	.32
Chollar	.16	Savage	.10
Confidence	.45	Seg Belcher	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.50	Sierra Nevada	.13
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.37
Crown Point	.34	Utah Con.	.02
Gould & Curry	.18	Yellow Jacket	.30
Hale & Norcross	.13		

Silver bars, 54⅜; Mexican dollars, 48@50; drafts, sight, 4@5 per cent. premium; telegraph, 6@7½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.01
Belmont	4.55	Goldfield Con. M.	8.45
Jim Butler	.25	Great Bend	.01
McNamara	.17	Jumbo Extension	.25
Midway	.16	Kendall	.01
Montana	.81	Lone Star	.02
North Star	.04	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Exten.	.95	St. Ives	.16
West End	.54	Silver Pick	.05
GOLDFIELD.		BULLFROG.	
Adams	.01	Bullfrog Nat. Bk.	.01
Atlanta	.13	Homestake King	.01
Blue Bell	.02	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
Combination Fract.	.18	Tramps Cons.	.02

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Dec. 23.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8¼	8½	Jackpot	9	9⅝
Elkton	73	74	McKinney	49½	52
El Paso	85⅝	87	Old Gold	4½	5
Findlay	6⅞	7½	Portland	100	110
Gold Dollar	12	13	Vindicator	91	92
Isabella	18¼	18⅝	Jen. Samp.	10½	

Court Orders Bankrupt Road Sold.

SCRANTON, Penn., Dec. 23.—United States Court here to-day issued an order directing the sale of the Pittsburg, Binghamton & Eastern Railroad, which was declared bankrupt some months ago. The sale will take place at Towanda, Penn., to the highest bidder on a day to be fixed by the court. It was ordered on petition of E. H. Gay & Co. and the Knickerbocker Trust Company, trustee. The railroad company owes $3,017,525 on mortgages upon the property issued by the Knickerbocker Trust Company.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Another day of inactivity prevailed yesterday and but small price changes were noted, with the range of values slightly above the previous close. The dry weather in the American Southwestern Winter wheat belt, with indications of a continuation of the same for the ensuing twenty-four hours, induced scattered short covering, while the disposition is still to ignore bearish news factors. This was partly illustrated by Liverpool cables, which were slightly below expectations, that market being adversely affected by continued favorable crop accounts from Russia, Argentina, and Australia, and reports of cheaper offerings from the latter country. While it was predicted that world's wheat exports would be in smaller volume this week, present indications point to a total of 9,530,000 bushels, against 9,840,000 bushels last week and 12,096,000 bushels a year ago. Receipts at interior points so far this week are running in lighter volume, and at present amount to 3,896,000 bushels, against 4,073,000 bushels last week and 2,794,000 bushels a year ago. Shipments for the same period show a slight improvement, aggregating 1,181,000 bushels, against 937,000 bushels and 979,000 bushels.

The good tone in the market was maintained throughout most of the entire session, and it seemed to be the consensus of opinion that the firmness was due more to an absence of pressure rather than to an important demand. The stubbornness that values have recently shown has made sellers cautious, and there is a decided disposition to await developments. In the meantime export business is quiet, with no sales reported yesterday, while for the past week, according to Bradstreet, export clearances amounted to 2,730,000 bushels, against 2,894,000 bushels last week and 3,770,000 bushels a year ago. Since July 1 the total is 58,850,000 bushels, against 84,041,000 bushels last year and 110,846,000 bushels two years ago. It is also a fact that of the 58,800,000 bushels exported this year a greater part of the same represents Canadian wheat, in fact, exports of American wheat are the smallest in many years. The Modern Miller report was slightly bullish, indicating beneficial moisture in some sections but rain wanted in others, particularly west of the river. Cash No. 2 red was quoted at 98¼c, elevator, and 97⅝c, free on board, afloat, for export; No. 2 hard, $1.02¼; No. 1 Northern, Spring, $1.18¼; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.03⅜.

CORN.—Despite the narrow range of values trading at times was in fair volume, and the rapidity with which offerings were absorbed attracted considerable attention. Bears were rather aggressive at times, and although weather conditions were favorable for movement and Argentine draught conditions are also promised to be relieved, the undertone remained very steady. It is evident that there is fair speculative buying on the assumption that investment demand recently has taken care of a good deal of corn, and that on the decline farmers' offerings will tend to diminish. A better export demand is also accountable for inducing short covering, and while cash demand is only moderate, prices were firm. Cash No. 2 Western is nominal, in elevator, and No. 2, free on board, afloat, for export, was quoted at 52¼c.

OATS.—More liberal deliveries resulted in an easier undertone in the near months at the outset, but on the small recession buying by Western elevator interests absorbed offerings. Speculative interest continues at a standstill, which is more or less natural in view of the apathy prevailing in other commodities. Cash standards quoted at 38¼c.; No. 2 white, 38⅞c.

PROVISIONS.—A lower range of hog values and free offerings from packing interests resulted in substantial declines at the outset. Outside demand was also quiet, and it is evident that the recent advance is creating caution among prospective purchasers. At the lower level, however, offerings subsided and a slight rally as compared with the low was witnessed.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	..	..	97¾	97
May	$1.02½	$1.02¼	$1.02½	$1.02
July	..	..	1.00⅝	1.00¼
Corn—				
December	..	..	56	55
May	..	..	56	56
Oats—				
December	..	..	38	38
January	..	..	38	38¼
May	..	..	40	39⅞
July	..	..	39¾	39½
Lard—				
Spot	..	..	10.95@11.25	11.00
December	..	..	10.95@11.25	11.00
January	..	..	10.95@11.10	11.07
February	..	..	10.75@11.00	10.85
March	..	..	10.75@10.90	10.75
April	10.75	10.75	10.70@10.80	10.80
May	..	..	10.56@10.65	10.65

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	92¼	91⅝	92⅛	91⅝
May	96½	96⅛	96¼	96¼
July	93½	93⅛	93⅜	93⅛
Corn—				
December	46	45½	46	45½
May	48	47⅝	47⅞	47¾
July	49	48⅝	48⅞	48¾
September	49¾	49½	49¾	49⅜
Oats—				
December	31⅝	31¼	31¼	31⅜
May	34⅝	34	34⅜	34⅛
July	34⅛	34	34⅛	34
Lard—				
January	10.72½	10.67½	10.70	10.80
May	10.30	10.22½	10.25	10.32½
July	..	..	10.15	..
Ribs—				
January	10.60	10.50	10.52½	10.62½
May	9.87½	9.85	9.85	9.90
Pork—				
January	19.85	19.75	19.85	19.85
May	18.72½	18.60	18.65	18.72½

COTTONSEED OIL.

A good demand for the near months by brokers thought to be acting for refining interests imparted a steadier undertone to the entire list, and, aside from profit taking, offerings were rather limited. This buying was thought to represent the undoing of hedges, and in some instances the far options were sold against the purchases. Crude oil was steady at practically the high price of the upward movement, and the disparity existing between the future markets and crude has only been lessened slightly during the past few days. Sentiment is rather more favorable toward values than otherwise, but there are still quite a few interests who maintain that a surplus of crude oil will have to be disposed of prior to any sustained advance.

	High.	Low.	Closing. Bid. Asked.	Prev. Bid.
Spot	..	..	7.35@7.50	7.35
December	7.40	7.40	7.36@7.40	7.30
January	7.30	7.27	7.29@7.31	7.26
February	..	..	7.32@7.36	7.27
March	7.37	7.36	7.37@7.38	7.34
April	..	..	7.38@7.43	7.36
May	7.43	7.42	7.42@7.43	7.41
July	7.50	7.48	7.49@7.50	7.48

COTTON.

It was another dull day on the Cotton Exchange floor, and after the accumulation of overnight orders had been executed at the outset, the session was absolutely devoid of feature. Prices ruled at small recessions, with realizing noticeable at the outset for the account of Wall Street. There seemed to be sufficient support, however, to prevent any marked decline, and as spot interests continue disposed to buy the near months, active selling is discouraged. A good part of the absorption, however, was thought to be in the nature of the undoing of hedges between this market and the foreign market, and consequently the significance placed upon the buying was not so great. Advices from Liverpool offered no stimulous toward trading, but sentiment seemed to be rather affected by reports from North Carolina stating that two mills of moderate size had been placed in the hands of receivers owing to unsatisfactory business for the past year and a half. The bears stated that this was indicative of conditions prevailing in many other sections of the South, and as the mills referred to were operated successfully for over forty years their suspension from business was important. On the other hand, the bulls stated that it simply hastens the consuming demand, as no operations are being indulged in that do not show satisfactory results. Southern spot markets in the meantime are rather quiet, but firm prices are maintained, and it was said that mills were accumulating stock. Week-end figures, especially the into-sight, were slightly larger than expected, with the total for the week placed at 403,000 bales, against 346,000 bales last year. Since Sept. 1 the total brought into sight amounts to 8,071,000 bales, against 7,147,000 bales last year. Spinners' takings were placed at 351,000 bales of American cotton, against 225,000 bales last year, and the visible supply of American cotton, according to Hester, increased 102,000 bales, against an increase of 100,000 bales a year ago. In the meantime exports have been very heavy, with the total for the week nearly 270,000 bales, and shipments so far this season over 550,000 bales above last year. During the day there were also many advices received from Texas reporting beneficial precipitation in many parts of that State, and, although this was not a market factor, the same tended to allay apprehension, as many complaints have been recently received pertaining to dry conditions there. Southern spot markets were generally unchanged, as was New York spot cotton, with middling uplands at 15.15.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	14.86	14.81	14.81@14.83	14.86
January	14.87	14.83	14.83@14.84	14.87
February	15.00	15.00	14.99@15.01	15.02
March	15.18	15.13	15.15@15.16	15.18
April	..	..	15.25@15.27	15.28
May	15.36	15.32	15.34@15.35	15.37
June	..	..	15.36@15.38	15.40
July	15.38	15.35	15.36@15.37	15.40
August	15.04	14.99	15.03@15.04	15.06
October	13.69	13.65	13.67@13.69	13.69

The market closed steady at 2 to 5 points decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee was very quiet, total sales amounting to only 12,750 bags. Havre opened ¼f to 1f lower, but later the greater part of this loss was regained, and final figures were unchanged to ¼f lower. Hamburg closed early for the holidays, and in that market December was ½ pfennig lower and the other positions were unchanged. Spot coffee, 13¾c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	..	..	11.00@11.05	10.95
January	..	..	11.00@11.05	10.96
February	..	..	11.00@11.05	10.94
March	..	..	11.00@11.05	10.96
April	..	..	10.95@10.96	10.91
May	10.87	10.85	10.89@10.90	10.85
June	..	..	10.84@10.85	10.79
July	10.79	10.77	10.78@10.79	10.73
August	..	..	10.71@10.72	10.67
September	10.65	10.60	10.64@10.65	10.59
October	10.50	10.50	10.54@10.55	10.48
November	..	..	10.52@10.54	10.43

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on general trade conditions Dun's Review says:

In sharp contrast with the between-seasons dullness in jobbing trade is the brisk holiday retail distribution, which in most of the cities is reported to be equal to or in excess of last year. Although the demand is below the output of which manufacturing plants are capable, it should be remembered that this producing capacity is much greater than in former years, so that, as compared with other like periods of reduced activity, the actual volume of trade is larger. While the various trade statistics reveal, in general, decreases, as compared with high water mark periods, nevertheless railroad earnings for two weeks of December increased 7.6 per cent. in spite of the recent addition to the number of idle cars. Building operations in a number of cities show declines, as compared with last year, though the aggregate of new projects is still large. Bank clearings the past week decreased 4.6 per cent. outside of New York and 20.2 per cent. in New York, as compared with 1909.

In dry goods, while conditions are considerably better, further curtailment of production may be necessary in order to bring prices in line with costs. Shoes are very quiet and hides weak. At the Port of New York in the latest week the imports were $16,603,977, against $22,558,590 last year and $18,674,023 in 1908. Exports were somewhat in excess of 1909 and nearly equal to 1908, and were only $1,508,221 less than the imports.

Bradstreet's says:

Holiday influences ruled this week, and active demand at retail contrasts with pre-inventory quiet in wholesale and jobbing trade, a further slowing down in industry over the end of the year period, and stagnant speculation in securities and commodities. Money has eased while supplies have increased. Collections have been slightly quickened by increased circulation of money in leading centres, but clearings, while larger than last week, are smaller than in this week a year ago. Weather conditions have imparted activity to the coal trade, but no scarcity is reported. Foreign demand for American wheat has apparently set in strongly at the Pacific Coast, and shipments to long-absent customers, such as France and Asia, have been the heaviest in years.

At most points holiday trade proper is reported of good volume, and at a few centres is reported to have surpassed the best results of previous years. At still other points it is said to be hardly equal to expectations. Regular retail trade has varied. Sections enjoying cold weather and snow report trade in heavy clothing and footwear materially benefited, but at points in the Southwest where weather has been unseasonably warm or dry, it is not as active as expected, and at some few industrial centres where short time in industry is a feature demand has likewise lagged. Aside from a little reorder business to fill depleted stocks, jobbing has quieted down. Salesmen are in from the road and inventories occupy wholesalers. Reports from some Northwestern points are slightly more cheerful, as the effects of short-crop depression have worn off. Relatively best reports as to current trade come from a few large Western centres, and as a whole from the South, where good results from high-priced cotton yields are in evidence.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
2d week Dec.	$575,923	$587,739	*11,816
July 1-Dec. 14.	15,405,584	14,319,356	1,086,228
INTEROCEANIC OF MEXICO—			
2d week Dec.	158,421	172,237	*13,816
July 1-Dec. 14.	8,800,519	8,652,484	148,035
NATIONAL OF MEXICO—			
2d week Dec.	1,183,398	1,181,629	1,769
July 1-Dec. 14.	28,653,375	25,430,459	3,222,916
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—			
2d week Dec.	10,297	10,097	200
July 1-Dec. 14.	299,844	232,089	66,855
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
2d week Dec.	435,567	419,757	15,810
July 1-Dec. 15.	9,239,624	8,631,564	608,060
TWIN CITY LINES—			
2d week Dec.	141,127	134,136	6,991
Jan. 1-Dec. 14.	7,095,619	6,553,580	542,038
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY for November—			
Gross op. rev.	2,558,279	2,459,767	98,512
Op. expenses	984,727	887,071	97,656
Net op. rev.	1,573,553	1,572,698	854
Taxes	154,799	124,468	30,331
Inc. from op.	1,418,754	1,488,230	*29,476
Other income	29,323	31,707	*2,384
Total income	1,448,077	1,479,936	*31,859
Int., rent., &c., incl. Manhat. guarantee	886,445	881,070	5,375
Net corp. income	561,631	598,866	*37,235
Pass. carried	49,738,841	47,758,158	1,980,683
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Gross op. rev.	11,526,299	11,283,758	242,541
Op. expenses	4,712,245	4,339,068	373,176
Net op. rev.	6,814,054	6,944,689	*130,635
Taxes	766,670	707,503	59,167
Inc. from op.	6,047,384	6,237,186	*189,802
Non. op. inc.	147,126	196,722	*49,596
Gross income	6,194,510	6,433,900	*239,398
Int., rent., &c., incl. Manhat. guarantee	4,444,415	4,389,091	55,323
Net corp. inc.	1,750,095	2,044,817	*294,721
Divs. (3 mos.)	787,500	787,500	......
Surplus	962,595	1,257,317	*294,721
Pass. carried	223,529,639	219,053,417	4,476,222

The increase in operating expenses is largely due to extraordinary expenditures, the result of changes in subway equipment made necessary in connection with the operation of ten-car express and six-car local trains.

RICHMOND, FREDERICKSBURG & POTOMAC for the year ended June 30—	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	2,331,548	2,026,325	2,003,114
Expenses	1,416,392	1,297,687	1,426,824
Net	915,156	728,638	576,290
Other income	3,797	......	......
Total income	918,953	728,638	576,290
Chgs., taxes, &c.	*454,467	172,014	171,934
Surplus	464,486	556,624	404,356
Div. on stocks	325,044	325,044	325,044
Balance	139,442	231,580	79,312
Contingent fund	23,315	141,000	40,000
Balance	116,127	90,580	39,312
Prev. surplus	323,749	257,986	218,674
Total surplus	439,876	348,566	257,986
†P. and l. adj.	8,555	24,818	......
Surplus	431,321	323,749	257,986

*Includes $277,895, special appropriations to maintain earning power. †Debit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

	1910.	Inc.
ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY for November—		
Gross earnings	$30,085	$5,919
Net earnings	15,085	2,405
Charges	5,577	264
Balance	9,508	2,141
Twelve months—		
Gross earnings	372,247	55,576
Net earnings	196,452	25,752
Charges	63,456	*1,320
Balance	132,996	27,072
AUBURN LIGHT, HEAT & POWER COMPANY for November—		
Gross earnings	19,689	2,846
Net earnings	7,255	3,078
Charges	3,622	334
Balance	3,633	2,744
Twelve months—		
Gross earnings	183,205	32,619
Net earnings	58,194	22,782
Charges	42,583	3,648
Balance	15,611	19,134
CANTON ELECTRIC COMPANY for November—		
Gross earnings	29,214	5,035
Net earnings	16,526	2,930
Charges	3,285	341
Balance	13,241	2,589
Twelve months—		
Gross earnings	276,706	46,155
Net earnings	144,740	28,990
Charges	38,399	4,156
Balance	106,341	24,834
ROCKFORD ELECTRIC COMPANY for November—		
Gross earnings	35,697	4,374
Net earnings	16,210	2,480
Charges	6,570	1,795
Balance	9,640	685
Twelve months—		
Gross earnings	356,177	39,872
Net earnings	131,712	17,537
Charges	69,866	16,037
Balance	61,846	1,500
SCRANTON ELECTRIC COMPANY for November—		
Gross earnings	66,840	3,710
Net earnings	39,855	14,290
Charges	11,092	2,965
Balance	28,763	11,325
Twelve months—		
Gross earnings	690,876	40,904
Net earnings	368,531	41,026
Charges	120,123	16,844
Balance	248,408	24,182
WHEELING COMPANIES for November—		
Gross earnings	17,715	1,931
Net earnings	10,757	1,336
Charges	1,162	399
Balance	9,595	937
Twelve months—		
Gross earnings	175,166	25,060
Net earnings	98,646	25,931
Charges	12,529	3,789
Balance	86,117	22,142

*Decrease.

PACIFIC TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH for the ten months ended Oct. 31—	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings	11,535,066	10,029,272	8,649,687
Expenses	9,011,960	7,091,865	6,392,929
Net earnings	2,523,106	2,937,407	2,256,758

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $34,869,042. In banks and Philippine Treasury, $32,370,401.

Ordinary receipts yesterday were $1,799,887, with disbursements of $2,008,685.

The deficit to date this fiscal year is $8,191,790, as against $26,869,391 at this time last year.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cockspur St. 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

Established in 1784 by Alexander Hamilton.

The Bank of New York National Banking Association.

Capital and Surplus, $5,500,000.

Individuals, firms and Corporations considering a change in their banking connections are invited to open accounts with us.

We are prepared to loan deposits to the full extent warranted by their responsibility, standing and balances.

We have special facilities for financing Import and Export business.

The officers will be glad to confer with possible clients.

HERBERT L. GRIGGS, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE HOLDERS OF THE OUTSTANDING

First Mortgage Six Per Cent Gold Bonds

OF THE

Metropolitan Railway Company (Denver, Colorado)

dated July 30th, 1891, maturing January 1st, 1911, aggregating $953,000, that provision has been made for the payment of the principal of said Bonds and the accrued interest thereon, on January 1st, 1911, at the office of The Mercantile Trust Company, 120 Broadway, New York City, New York.

Pursuant to the provisions of the First and Refunding Sinking Fund Mortgage 25 Year 5% Gold Bonds of The Denver City Tramway Co., dated November 1st, 1908, $953,000 par value of these Bonds are authorized to be issued for the purpose of paying off, cancelling, retiring and discharging the said First Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds of the Metropolitan Railway Company.

For the terms under which the maturing 6% Bonds may be exchanged for Denver City Tramway Company Twenty-five Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds prior to January 1st, 1911, your attention is called to the announcement of Messrs. Clark, Dodge & Co. and The International Trust Company, below.

The Denver City Tramway Company,
By WILLIAM G. EVANS, President.
Dated Denver, Colorado, September 26, 1910.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned are prepared at any time prior to January 1st, 1911, to exchange for the above-mentioned Bonds at 100 and accrued interest to January 1st, 1911, First and Refunding Sinking Fund Mortgage Twenty-five Year Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Denver City Tramway Company at 95 and accrued interest to date of exchange, or to purchase the Six Per Cent. maturing Bonds at 100 and accrued interest to date of delivery.

CLARK, DODGE & CO.,
51 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
INTERNATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,
DENVER, COLORADO.

To the Holders of

First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds issued by The Whitney Company;

Of the Certificates of Deposit of the Bankers Trust Company issued under a deposit agreement dated December 11th, 1908; and

Of Certificates of Deposit of the New York Trust Company issued under a deposit agreement dated October 10, 1910:

TAKE NOTICE that the Committee constituted under the aforesaid deposit agreement dated October 10, 1910, has approved and adopted a certain plan of reorganization for the first mortgage and collateral trust six per cent. gold bonds of The Whitney Company, which plan bears date December 7, 1910, and a copy of which has been deposited with the New York Trust Company as depositary named in said deposit agreement of October 10, 1910.

The plan has become effective and binding upon all the depositors under said agreement of October 10, 1910, as it has been affirmatively approved by the holders of more than one-half in amount of the receipts of the New York Trust Company as depositary issued under said agreement of October 10, 1910.

In order that all holders of certificates of deposit of the Bankers Trust Company and of undeposited first mortgage and collateral trust six per cent. gold bonds of The Whitney Company may have the benefit of the aforesaid plan, the time of said holders to deposit such bonds and certificates of deposit under said agreement and plan has been extended by the Committee to December 27th, 1910, after which date no further bonds or certificates of deposit will be received except upon such conditions as may be imposed by the Committee.

Dated, December 13th, 1910.

FREDERICK J. LISMAN,
HENRY L. COHEN,
LEWIS G. YOUNG,
Committee.

PASKUS, COHEN & GORDON,
JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE,
Counsel.

TENNESSEE COPPER COMPANY

SIX PER CENT. GOLD NOTES

DATED AUGUST 2, 1909, DUE AUGUST 1, 1912.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.

Notice is hereby given that the Tennessee Copper Company will redeem all of the above-mentioned notes at 102½ per cent. of the face value thereof, together with the accrued interest, on January 16, 1911, at the office of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 30 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y., which has been designated the agency of the Tennessee Copper Company for the purpose, upon presentation and surrender of said notes, with unmatured coupons attached, at the office of the said Trust Company.

On January 16th, 1911, the interest upon all notes of said issue shall cease.

Holders of any of said notes, at their option, may surrender their notes at any time before January 16, 1911, at said office, and in that case will receive an amount equal to 102½ per cent. of the face value thereof and accrued interest to date of such surrender.

TENNESSEE COPPER COMPANY,
By EDWARD C. WESTERVELT,
December 14th, 1910. Secretary.

HOLDERS OF

BROOKLYN & NEW YORK FERRY CO. FIRST MORTGAGE 6s

Please communicate name and address to
Joseph J. O'Donohue, Jr. }
Seymour L. Husted, Jr. } Trustees.
101 FRONT ST., NEW YORK CITY.

DIVIDENDS.

The Battery Park National Bank of New York.

New York, December 22d, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Three Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, payable January 3d, 1911, to stockholders of record at close of business December 22d, 1910.

EDWIN B. DAY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT Company, N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Sts. Philadelphia, Dec. 14, 1910.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. ($1 Per Share), payable January 14, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31, 1910. Checks will be mailed.

LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

FOUNDED 1803

215th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend
THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK
of the City of New York.

Dec. 22, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (3½%), free of tax, payable January 3, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

254th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend

ESTABLISHED 1784

The Bank of New York
National Banking Association

New York, Dec. 20th, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Seven (7%) per cent., payable on and after January 3rd, 1911.

The transfer books will remain closed from Dec. 23rd, 1910, to Jan. 3rd, 1911.

CHAS. OLNEY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF
J. G. WHITE & COMPANY, INC.,
43 Exchange Place, New York,
ENGINEERS—MANAGERS.

THE TRI-CITY RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of The Tri-City Railway and Light Company has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company for the quarter ending December 31st, 1910, payable Tuesday, January 3d, 1911, to stockholders of record Friday, December 23d, 1910.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

209th DIVIDEND.

CHARTERED 1799.

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.

New York, December 19th, 1910.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have declared a dividend of eight per cent., free from tax, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after January 3rd, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 28th, 1910. Transfer books will remain closed until January 3rd, 1911.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 46.

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable January 14th, 1911, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24th, 1910.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

CITIES SERVICE COMPANY

The Directors of the Cities Service Company have declared a dividend of 1¼% on the preferred stock and ¾ of 1% on the common stock, payable January 1st, 1911, to holders of record on December 20th, 1910.

Thereafter dividends on the preferred stock will be paid at the rate of ½ of 1% a month to stockholders of record on the 20th of each preceding month.

CARLE B. GILBERT, Sec'y.

The German Exchange Bank

New York, Dec. 16th, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of TEN (10%) PER CENT., free from tax, payable on and after January 3d, 1911. The transfer books will remain closed from Dec. 17th, 1910, until January 3d, 1911, inclusive.

EDMUND F. SWANBERG, Cashier.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK,
Fifth Avenue & Twenty-third St.,
New York, December 21, 1910.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a Quarterly Dividend of THREE PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock of this bank was declared, payable, free of tax, on and after December 31, 1910.

The Transfer books will be closed until Tuesday, January 3, 1911.

W. L. DOUGLASS, Cashier.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

49th COMMON DIVIDEND

THE Board of Directors have declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent on the Common Capital Stock of the Company, payable January 14, 1911, to stock holders of record at the close of business, December 28, 1910. Transfer books will not be closed.

F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

THE PHENIX NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

December 20th, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 4%, free of tax, payable on January 3d, 1911. Transfer Books will be closed from December 24th, 1910, until January 3d, 1911.

B. L. HASKINS, Cashier.

Office of the Electric Storage Battery Co.,
Allegheny Avenue & 19th Street,
Philadelphia, December 21st, 1910.

The Directors have this day declared a dividend of one per cent. from the net earnings of the Company on both Common and Preferred Stocks, payable January 3rd, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 24th, 1910. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER G. HENDERSON, Treasurer.

East River National Bank.

New York, December 20, 1910.

A semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Bank, payable on and after Tuesday, January 3, 1911. Transfer books will remain closed from this date until Thursday, January 5, 1911.

Z. E. NEWELL, Cashier.

The Market and Fulton National Bank.

New York, December 20, 1910.

A QUARTERLY dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the capital stock of this bank has been declared, payable, free of tax, on and after January 3d, 1911. The transfer books will remain closed from December 24th, 1910, until January 3d, 1911.

T. J. STEVENS, Cashier.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
Atlantic Building,
NOS. 49 AND 51 WALL STREET.
New York, Dec. 23, 1910.

The transfer books of this company will be closed from January 1st, 1911, to February 7th, 1911, inclusive.

G. STANTON FLOYD-JONES, Secretary.

Western Electric Company

"SAVE TIME AND FREIGHT"

"TELEPHONE OUR NEAREST HOUSE"

TWO YEAR 4½% COLLATERAL TRUST GOLD NOTES

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the **MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY and GEORGE L. PEABODY, AS TRUSTEES, under the Collateral Trust Indenture of the Western Electric Company, dated January 3rd, 1910,**

and

To the **HOLDERS OF THE TWO YEAR 4½% COLLATERAL TRUST GOLD NOTES issued under said Collateral Trust Indenture.**

Pursuant to Article III., Section 4, of the Collateral Trust Indenture above mentioned, Notice is hereby given that the Western Electric Company has elected to redeem on January 1, 1911, at 100½% of their face value and accrued interest to said date, the entire issue of the above mentioned two year 4½% Collateral Trust Gold Notes.

Notice is further given that all of the said notes will be paid at said redemption price, together with interest thereon, on or after the said first day of January, 1911, at the office of the Manhattan Trust Company, No. 113 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., upon presentation and surrender of such notes, with the January 1st, 1911, coupon and all subsequent coupons thereto attached.

From and after January 1, 1911, said notes shall cease to bear interest.

WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY
By H. B. THAYER,
President.

Dated December 1, 1910.

DIVIDENDS.

The United States Finishing Company.
320 Broadway, New York, December 15, 1910.

Coupons No. 13, due January 1, 1911, on consolidated mortgage 5% gold bonds of this Company will be paid at the office of The Trust Company of America, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

Coupons No. 10, due January 1, 1911, on first mortgage 5% bonds of THE STERLING DYEING & FINISHING COMPANY will be paid at the office of The Trust Company of America, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

F. S. JEROME, Treasurer.

The United States Finishing Company.
320 Broadway, New York, December 15, 1910.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 46.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable January 2, 1911, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 21, 1910.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 8.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of one per cent. (1%) upon the Common Stock of this Company, payable January 2, 1911, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 21, 1910.

F. S. JEROME, Treasurer.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.
OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
New York, December 8th, 1910.

The Seventieth semi-annual DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. (3%) on the capital stock of the Company has this day been declared out of the earnings by the Board of Directors, payable January 3d, 1911, to the stockholders of record at 12:00 M., December 20th, 1910.

The Stock transfer books of the Company will be closed from 12:00 M., December 20th, 1910, to 10:00 A. M., January 3d, 1911, inclusive.

E. E. PALEN,
Secretary.

NIPISSING MINES COMPANY.
165 Broadway, New York, December 10, 1910.

The Board of Directors has to-day declared a regular quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT., also an extra dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., payable January 20, 1911, to shareholders of record as of December 31, 1910. Transfer books will close December 31, 1910, and reopen January 18, 1911.

P. C. PFEIFFER, Treasurer.

STATE INVESTING COMPANY,
15 Exchange Place,
Jersey City, N. J., December 22, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the capital stock, payable January 3d, 1911, to holders of stock of record on the books of the Company at the close of business on Saturday, December 24th, 1910.

FRANK C. LOWE, Treasurer.

COLUMBIA BANK,
507 Fifth Ave., near Forty-second St.
THE FORTY-FIFTH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.
New York, Dec. 21, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Six (6%) Per Cent., free of tax, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on Jan. 1, 1911. The transfer books will remain closed untily Jan. 3, 1911.

W. S. GRIFFITH, Cashier.

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
55 Cedar Street.
New York, December 23, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable December 30, 1910, to stockholders of record December 24, 1910.

ALEXANDER PHILLIPS, Secretary.

Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Co.
NASHVILLE, Tenn., December 15, 1910.

The Directors this day declared regular quarterly dividend, being number one hundred and nine, of Two Per Cent., payable January 2d, 1911, to stockholders of record, close of business, December 24th. Stock books will reopen for transfers of stock on December 27th.

T. D. WEBB, Treasurer.

The Fourth National Bank of the City of New York.
New York, Dec. 20, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO PER CENT., free from tax, payable on and after Jan. 1st, proximo.

The transfer books will close at 3 P. M. this date, reopening Jan. 3, 1911.

DANIEL J. ROGERS, Cashier.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.
New York, December 20th, 1910.

The Board of Directors have to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of Thirteen (13) Per Cent., free of tax, payable January 3rd, 1911, to stockholders of record of this date.

The transfer books will remain closed until January 4th, 1911.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
New York, December 23, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after January 3d, 1911. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

Merchants Exchange National Bank of the City of New York.
Dec. 20, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of THREE PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after January 3, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 22, 1910.

E. V. GAMBIER, Cashier.

FIFTH NATIONAL BANK,
Corner Twenty-third Street and Third Avenue.
New York, December 23, 1910.

142ND CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.

This Bank has declared the usual quarterly dividend of THREE PER CENT. (3%) payable January 3, 1911, free of tax.

AMERICAN COAL PRODUCTS CO.
New York, Dec. 21, 1910.

A Quarterly Dividend of one and five-eighths per cent. (1⅝%) on the Capital Stock of the American Coal Products Company has been declared, payable on or before January 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record December 22d, 1910.

T. W. WEEKS, Treasurer.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY,
51 Wall Street, New York City.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of Four Per Cent. (4%) on the Common Stock of the Company, payable January 3, 1911, to Stockholders of record at close of business December 27, 1910.

CHARLES B. POND, Treasurer.

YORKVILLE BANK,
New York, Dec. 19th, 1910.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi-annual dividend of ten per cent., payable on December 31st to shareholders of record. Transfer books will be closed from December 21st until January 11th, 1911.

WM. L. FRANKENBACH, Cashier.

GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF N. Y.
New York, December 7th, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a quarterly dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable Dec. 31, 1910, to stockholders of record at close of business that day.

E. C. HEBBARD, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.
Notice of Annual Meeting.
31 Nassau Street,
New York, December 10, 1910.

To the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York:

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of Directors to serve the ensuing year will be held at its Banking House, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, on said date.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon till 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

NEILSON OLCOTT, Cashier.

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
25 BROAD STREET.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
New York, December 21, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the Regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Standard Trust Company of New York will be held at the office of the Company, No. 25 Broad Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, January 10, 1911, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

C. M. BILLINGS, Secretary.

Annual Meeting of Childs Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Childs Company will be held at the office of the Company, 42 East 14th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The polls will remain open for one hour.

CHARLES L. ROBERTS,
Dated December 17th, 1910. Secretary.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Sunray Electric Lamp Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company, 109 West 42d Street, Manhattan, N. Y., on Monday, January 9th, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. The Stock Transfer books of the company will be closed at 3 P. M. December 31st, 1910, and remain closed until 10 A. M. January 11th, 1911.

Dated Dec. 23, 1910.

ARTHUR T. RUTTER,
Secretary.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of the next succeeding election will be held at the company's office, No. 734 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on Wednesday, January 11th, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon.

Transfer books will close December 31st, 1910, at 3 P. M., and reopen at 10 A. M. January 13th, 1911, at 10 A. M.

JOHN W. H. BERGEN,
Secretary.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
45 Wall Street, December 20, 1910.

AN ELECTION for Trustees to supply the places of those whose terms of office expire, and for Inspectors of the next election ensuing thereafter, will be held at the office of the Company on the third day of January next (the first Tuesday) between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary.

New York Produce Exchange Bank.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, including a change in the number of Directors, if thought advisable, will be held in the Banking Room, No. 10 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, at one o'clock P. M.

JOHN R. WOOD, Cashier.

IRVING NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.
New York, December 10th, 1910.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the banking rooms, No. 92 West Broadway, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911 at twelve o'clock noon.

The polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

HARRY E. WARD, Cashier.

BRYANT PARK BANK.
December 10, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it will be held at the banking house, 122 West 42d Street, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911. Polls will be open from 1 o'clock to 2 o'clock P. M.

E. F. GIESE, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
New York, December 10, 1910.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

New York, December 2d, 1910.

The annual election of Directors of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Directors.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

The Chatham National Bank.

The Annual Meeting of shareholders of this bank for the election of Directors will be held at the banking house, No. 192 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911. Polls open from 12 noon to 1 P. M.

W. H. STRAWN, Cashier.

New York, December 8th, 1910.

AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, held on Tuesday, December 6th, 1910, Walter Kerr was unanimously nominated to fill a vacancy in the Board.

New York, December 6th, 1910.

Z. W. VAN ZELM, Asst. Secretary.

Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Royal Metal Manufacturing Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at 520 Broadway, Jan. 3, 1911, 10 A. M.

IKE LEWENTHAL,
Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

GULF AND SHIP ISLAND RAILROAD CO.
First Mortgage Refunding and Terminal Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.
REQUEST FOR TENDERS OF BONDS.

As provided in Section Seven of Article Two of the Mortgage securing the issue of bonds above described, the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on January 10th, 1911, for the sale to it of such bonds for account of the Sinking Fund, at a price not exceeding 110 per cent. and accrued interest, to the amount of Fifty-nine thousand two hundred and fifty-seven and 91-100 Dollars, ($59,257.91,) conditioned upon the payment to the undersigned of that amount, on or before January 3d, 1911, as provided in the said mortgage.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Formerly New York Security & Trust Company,
Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.

December 7th, 1910.

JACK GOODMAN AND LEW POWELL DRAW

New York and California Boys Fight One of the Best Bouts of the Season.

Jack Goodman of the west side and Lew Powell of California met last night in the main fight of ten rounds before the National Sporting Club and incidentally furnished one of the hottest battles seen in a New York ring this season. Each bore many marks of the stiff encounter, leaving the ring, and each had been able to gain a slight advantage in four rounds, two being even. The finish found the pair pounding away as hard as at any time during the bout, and both apparently able to go several more rounds in spite of the hard going throughout the ten rounds. Neither was in distress at any stage of the battle, and there was little to entitle either man to a decision over the other.

Powell had a little advantage on Goodman in height, but there was slight difference in their reach, and each used a straight left jab with telling effect. Goodman was the first to show any signs of hard usage, his left cheek showing a jagged cut just below the eye in the third round. Powell had a piece taken out of the right side of his nose in the same round. Before the battle ended the faces of the two fighters bore positive evidence that they had stopped some terrific jabs, Goodman showing the punishment more than the Californian.

From the first round to the final bell the fighting was of the most strenuous kind, and there was considerable roughness injected into the fray. The crowded house was strong for the local boy in the beginning and he received a great cheer when he appeared, but sentiment switched to Powell quite noticeably after the third round when Goodman showed a tendency to butt Powell with his head. The west side boy repeated these tactics two or three times later during the fight and also was inclined to clinch and wrestle when the tide of battle was going in Powell's favor. The Californian fought much cleaner than the local boy.

That neither was out to take any long chances with stray swings was evident in their style of breaking from the clinches. The men had agreed to protect themselves in the break, and this served to prolong the clinching after orders were given to break. Referee Haley had as busy a time in the ring as either of the fighters, and often was compelled to go between the men and work his head up between their clinging arms to separate them. This method proved slow on several occasions and often proved decidedly dangerous, as both took extra swings every time the occasion offered in the breaks. In the seventh round, which was the hottest of the fight, the referee collided with a stray swing as the fighters broke away, and it was no light jab either. At the finish the immaculate shirt with which the official had entered the fray was soiled with blood.

Immediately after shaking hands in the first round Powell rushed at Goodman, and the two were soon clinching in Jack's corner. Neither was able to get in any hard blows in the infighting. After the break Powell shot a left jab to Goodman's face, and Jack came back with a blow of the same kind, following up with a hard right swing, which Powell partly blocked. The round was not marked by any toe-to-toe fighting, the two being satisfied to jab away at each other, and neither had any advantage.

Powell rushed from his corner in the second round and backed Goodman to the ropes. Both fought hard in the clinches, but without being able to get over any damaging blows. Goodman guarded well in Powell's rushes and got over an occasional left jab on the Californian. This round was marked by considerable clinching. Just before the bell rang Powell rushed Goodman to his corner and landed four lefts in quick succession. The round was even.

Shortly after the third round opened Goodman rushed Powell to the ropes, and while in this position the west side boy repeatedly worked his head up against Powell's chin. This work brought much hissing from the crowd and the first enthusiasm for Powell was the result. In the first fast mix-up of the evening, Powell had the advantage, and when it was over a deep cut had been opened under Goodman's left eye, which was partly closed. Goodman drew forth some more hisses for his rough tactics, and then got in a hard right swing which opened a cut on Powell's nose. Goodman got his left jab working well in this round and landed it often as Powell rushed in. The west side boy also led in the infighting and had a slight shade the better of the milling for the round.

In the fourth round the referee did more work than the boxers. The two walked from one clinch into another for the first two minutes of the round, and Referee Haley had all he could do to pry them apart. Near the end of the round Goodman rushed Powell to the ropes and had the better of the infighting. He was also able to get his left past Powell's defense and ducked some hard swings of the Californian. Goodman had the better of the round.

The fifth opened with a fast mix-up, which started almost with the bell, and Goodman had a shade in the fierce fighting. He jabbed often with his left, countering occasionally with his right, and on Powell's rushes the west sider covered cleverly. More clinching was in order, and again the referee had to work his hardest to get the men apart. Goodman got in several left jabs without a return, but just before the bell the two indulged in another fast exchange, in which Powell led. The round was Goodman's.

Powell came back strong in the sixth and jabbed Goodman hard as he rushed the west sider to the ropes. He worked a right uppercut which rocked Jack's head and Goodman's face bore much evidence of the hard jabs he was getting. Powell was weathering the storm better, and, although he had to take some wicked jabs from Goodman, Powell landed the better blows in this round, and pounded Goodman hard in both the open fighting and in the clinches. Goodman's left eye was the objective point of Powell's jabs, and the west side boy, who apparently felt the stinging blows, was guilty of holding considerably in this round.

The seventh was the hottest round of the bout. The two rushed into a clinch and Goodman again butted his head against Powell's chin. Powell was forcing the fight at this stage, but Goodman succeeded in getting over a hard jab which raised a swelling under Lew's left eye. In a long clinch just before the bell Referee Haley's head was the stopping point for a hard swing. After breaking the two indulged in the fastest exchange of the evening, and Powell had the advantage. It was another round for the Californian.

Powell was still forcing matters in the eighth round, and he rushed Goodman to the ropes, but the latter guarded so well that little damage was done in the infighting. There was more clinching and wrestling in evidence, and the referee had his troubles. Goodman was working hard in the clinches, but did not land many effective blows on the Californian. Both faces were well puffed when the round ended, Goodman's eye being almost closed, and Powell's left cheek considerably swollen. Goodman had a shade the better of the round.

The ninth round was full of hard and fast fighting, with Powell generally in the lead. He was taking some hard jabs from the west side boy, but usually handed back a trifle more than he received. He rushed Goodman to the ropes and landed some hard uppercuts on the west sider.

The tenth round was another fast one, each trying hard to finish in the lead. The last bell found the two slugging away at each other, neither being at all weak in spite of the hard going. Goodman worked hard for Powell's stomach in the closing chapters but did little damage.

In the semi-final bout of six rounds Jack Denning had the better of Jeff Smith. George McDermott and Sailor Schaefer furnished a great four-round burlesque in the last semi-final, Frank Fleming outpointed Harry Phillips in four rounds, and Eddie Sherman boxed a four-round draw with Mike Carroll.

Hackenschmidt Throws Mandino.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 23.—George Hackenschmidt, Russian wrestler, won in straight falls last night from Alberto Mandino, Italian. The first fall came after ten minutes and the second in half that time.

Oswego Five Beat Queens University.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Dec. 23.—The Oswego Normal School basket ball team defeated the five from Queens University, Kingston, Ontario, to-night by a score of 55 to 22 in one of the few international basket ball games ever played in this country.

DORMAN FAILS TO APPEAR.

Main Bout at Metropolitan A. C. Called Off—Gus Show Knocked Out.

After witnessing four good preliminary bouts that were full of action and just to the liking of the crowd that appeared to enjoy the slam-bang kind of work, the management gave out "rain checks" at the weekly stag of the Metropolitan Athletic Club last night.

Jack Dorman was to have boxed Benny Franklin for ten rounds in the star bout, but for some reason the former did not appear and the management engaged the always-ready substitute, Harry Stone. Stone appeared on the scene and stripped for action, and Franklin was also seen at the club in the early part of the evening, but when it came time for him to enter the ring he could not be found.

In the scheduled semi-final, which served as the final, a six-round bout, Gus Show, who met Jimmie Conway, was put to sleep in the fifth session, after a hard and fast fight.

Charlie Price and Bobby Gleason went four rounds to a draw, and Tommy Lewis and Young Sailor fought four rounds that ended about even. Two other preliminaries were also carded.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

A big collection of promising boxers will take part in the regular amateur show of the Long Acre Athletic Association to-night. Manager Neumann has brought together a number of youngsters who are more than anxious to get a try-out in the Long Acre ring. There are so many of them that the bouts have been limited to three rounds each, and in all fourteen pairs of ambitious youngsters will get a chance to show what they can do. The club has arranged a big bill for next Thursday night, when three ten-round bouts, two six-round bouts, a four-round go, and a wrestling match will make up the card. Young Brown, who recently beat Jack Ladbury of Australia, will meet Eddie O'Keefe, the clever Philadelphian, in one of the ten-round bouts. Eddie King of Jersey will meet Fighting Barber, another promising boxer from New Jersey, Young Seiger, brother of the iron man from Hoboken, will box six rounds with Jimmy Curtiss. Young Rago, Tommy Buck, Kid Guerini, and Jimmy Laponer are among the other boxers who will take part.

The Sharkey Athletic Club will hold its weekly amateur show this evening, when a special programme will be presented. Among the boxers who will appear are Eddie Shannessy, Dave Lynch, Eddie Reilly, Fred Spahr, Scotty McGlynn, Young Gallagher, William Bernstein, and "Skinny" Bob.

For the regular boxing show next Wednesday night Manager Buckley of the Sharkey Athletic Club will bring together Jimmy Howard, the Chicago welterweight, and Ted Nelson of Australia. Nelson is a hard, rugged fighter, and has not lost a bout since he came to this country. Howard recently lost in a bout to Connie Schmidt, but he explains this by the fact that he had a hard battle on the previous night in an up-State city, and was not in the best condition. He has trained hard for this bout, and should put up a good battle against the Australian. There will be a semi-final of six rounds, and three preliminaries.

MORRIS SHOOTERS UNBEATEN

Bronx Boys Win Wingate Banner in Round Robin Tournament.

The schoolboy marksmen of the Morris High School finished the round robin shooting contest of the Public School Athletic League with a remarkable performance of nine successive victories, defeating every other team in the tournament, and carrying off the Wingate banner, emblematic of the championship.

The final match of the series was between the Morris team and the eight from the Boys' High on the latter's range yesterday, the visitors winning by the score of 263 to 260. In every match the Morris gunners showed superior work, and there was never a question of doubt as to their superiority, as they won every contest with a fair margin. Only one clean score of 35 was made in yesterday's match, which was by Phelps of the Morris team. Anderson was the best of the delegation representing the home team with a score of 34.

De Witt Clinton, which contested their last match early in the week, won second place in the tournament. The scores:

MORRIS.		BOYS' HIGH.	
Phelps	35	Anderson	34
Fogg	34	Green	33
Clark	33	Steinmuller	33
Elias	33	Salwin	33
Linicus	32	Anthony	32
Joost	32	Ulmar	32
Van Dusen	32	Curtis	31
Jaeger	32	Morch	30
Total	263	Total	260

NEW GIANTS' PLAYERS.

Two Recruits Sign Contracts—Eastern League Opens Offices.

The New York National League Club officials yesterday received the signed contract of Outfielder Forsythe, drafted from the Pekin, Ill., Club of the Illinois-Missouri League. He led that league in batting last season with an average of .380. Wilbur Roach, sub-infielder, signed with the Highlanders yesterday. He is wintering in Windber, Penn.

New offices for the Eastern League were opened in the St. James Building yesterday by President E. G. Barrow, who has decided to retain Murray, Kelly, and Byron as umpires next season and will pick the other six men who are to be on his arbitrating staff from a dozen applicants.

Yankees to Train at Athens in March.

ATHENS, Ga., Dec. 23.—It was announced here to-day that the New York Americans will spend the month of March in Athens, training for next season. The team had made conditional arrangements to go to Richmond, but will come to Athens instead.

Light Wind Prevents Races.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Dec. 23.—The light winds prevented ice yacht racing, and but a few yachts of the club fleet were out to-day on the North Shrewsbury tuning up for the initial race of the season—the Commodore's race, which has been officially called by Commodore Thomas Henry Grant for Monday at 10 o'clock. The warmer weather and rain of to-day has cleared off the remaining snow and a cold snap will put the ten-inch ice in ideal condition. Monday's race will be a fifteen-mile event over the club's regular triangular course. The starters will likely be the Daisy, Tyro, Wizard, Silver Heels, and Eagle. Capt. Charles Burd of the championship yacht Imp said to-day he would not enter that race, but would have his yacht ready for the big championship races between the North and South Shrewsbury and Pleasure Bay Clubs. W. Harold Powers of Riverside Avenue, a son of William Powers of New York, who is an enthusiastic ice yachtsman, has offered a valuable cup on condition that it be competed for by any boat of any club. Mr. Powers owns the Edna M., and also a smaller ice boat, and is also planning to get an auto-sleigh built on the same plans as that of Fred Waters, except with a thirty-five horse-power engine installed instead of only ten horse power. Mr. Waters will build the auto-sleigh.

Ice Yacht Races Postponed.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Dec. 23.—Another successful attempt was made to-day by four yachts of the Long Branch Ice Boat and Yacht Club to sail for the Commodore's Pennant. Only one round was sailed. The Isabel led, with the Blanche second, the Drub third, and the Jack Frost last. It took 15 minutes and 24 seconds to sail a lap of two and one-half miles.

The club will sail two races to-morrow and finish for the Clarence Porter Cup between the Jack Frost and the Drub and the race for the Commodore's Cup. The South Shrewsbury Club will also sail its first race of the season for the Commodore's Pennant.

Trinity Wins at Basket Ball.

The Trinity School second team defeated the Hoboken Academy quintet at basket ball on the Trinity Court yesterday, 37 to 11. Whitehouse was the star performer for the winners and Hunzinger did the best work for the Hoboken boys. The line-up:

Trinity.	Position.	Hoboken.
Green	Left forward	Hunzinger
Eno	Right forward	A. Tinkin
Shettlar, Powers	Centre	Mountford
Whitehouse	Left guard	L. Tinkin
Bennerwitz	Right guard	Henning

Goals from the field—Eno, 4; Green, 3; Powers, 3; Whitehouse, 6; A. Tinkin, 1; Hunzinger, 2. Foul goals—Eno, 3; Bennerwitz, 2; Hunzinger, 5. Referee—Mr. Geyer, Trinity. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

Diamond Prizes for Xavier Games.

From the present indications the novice events at the games of the Xavier A. A. on Jan. 7 at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory will surpass any event of its kind held in New York for years past. It was at these games several years ago that Dearborn of the N. Y. A. C., then of Princeton University, was uncovered. It is needless to say that many a fast youngster has held back for these games in order to get one of the diamond prizes that will be awarded to the winner. Practically every college in the vicinity of New York has entered one or more of their youngsters, and both the 70 and 440-yard novice should show up some coming Olympic winners.

COMMERCIAL HIGH AWARDED TROPHY

Gen. Wingate Ends High School Baseball Wrangle by Awarding Championship.

Protests and rumors of protests were the order of things yesterday in connection with the public school athletic controversy, as at the Newtown-Flushing basket ball championship game J. D. Dillingham, Principal of the former school, disapproved of a ruling of the High Schools Games Committee, which had declared one of his boys ineligible after having granted him permission to play on the team, thereby reversing itself. Mr. Dillingham is the Secretary of the Principals' Committee, which has aligned itself on the side of the High Schools Games Committee, so that all indications point to the fact that there is a diversity of opinion among the would-be rulers in scholastic athletics which may end in the elimination of all the malcontents by the Board of Education, such as happened last year when three Principals were disciplined for practices not anywhere near so grievous as those which have marked the doings of the Minor Games Committee during the last few months.

In yesterday's game Newtown refrained from playing Ballin, who had played left guard for the Eastern District team, who moved from Williamsburg to Newtown about Sept. 13, and received permission early in October from a special committee of the high schools, of which Dr. Pyne was Chairman, to play on the Newtown team. This committee—a special one for supposed extraordinary cases, of which this was one, as the boy had not been in attendance at the school for the required twenty weeks—granted the desired permission, and the Principal of Eastern District also assented.

When, however, Newtown acquired a winning gait, Commerce and De Witt Clinton protested all the victories of the Newtown team, and at the outlaw meeting of last Tuesday their representatives helped to cause the High Schools Committee to reverse itself when it declared Ballin ineligible to play.

This matter will be taken up by the P. S. A. L. Games Committee early next week, the members asserting that Ballin was eligible to play as determined by the special committee, and they will so declare at that time, their contention being that early in the year it was agreed that in just such cases as the above the special committee could rule affirmatively as it did in the Ballin case. One of the members of the committee mentioned the case of an Erasmus boy, who had been out of school because of ill health, but who got back in time to play football. He was a bona fide student, a good amateur, and in an endeavor to curtail the playing forces of the Brooklyn school the minor commitee attempted to keep the lad out of the game. In commenting on the refusal of the High Schools Games Committee to permit Ballin to play the Principal of the school most interested said it was no wonder that the minor committee had chosen the course it did in its insurgent meeting of last Tuesday, when, behind closed doors, it did things in such irregular fashion.

Strangely enough, it was this same Principal, J. D. Dillingham, acting as Secretary for the Principals' Association, who sent out the following resolutions commending the actions of the High Schools Games Committee which read:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the High School Principals' Association that the Representatives of the high schools derive their powers in high school athletics from their Principals, and not from the Public Schools Athletic League.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the High Schools Principals' Association that the High School Games Committee is not, and never has been, a committee of the Public Schools Athletic League.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the High Schools Principals' Association that the High School Games Committee was justified in assuming complete jurisdiction in the Green race, subject to the review of the Board of Education or its Committee on Athletics.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the High School Principals' Association that the High School Games Committee was justified in deciding the Green case and awarding the championship.

Resolved, That a copy of the above resolutions be sent to the President of the Public Schools Athletic League, the Chairman of the High School Games Committee, and the Chairman of the High School Committee of the Board of Education.

In connection with the above a committee of the Principals' Association will meet Gen. Wingate in his office, 20 Nassau Street, to-day, when the whole matter will be thrashed out. As if to give the High Schools Games Committee an inkling of how it is viewed by the Public Schools Athletic League, Gen. Wingate yesterday presented to the Commercial High School team the Spalding Trophy—emblematic of the high schools baseball championship, and ten gold medals to the members of the team. This is the prize which has been held up by the tactics of the minor committee, and the action of Gen. Wingate forever disposes of any further controversy in connection with the Green case, about which the trophy revolved, as the General says that if his committee receives any more protests concerning the case they will be pigeonholed, and never heard by the committee.

A member of the Board of Education, having reviewed some of the reports of the Games Committee, recalled that at a meeting on June 6 W. H. Andrews, Chairman of the High Schools Games Committee, promised to investigate the case of Tabor, a member of the Boys' High School team—his own—who had been accused of playing on the Riverhead team professionally. Up to date nothing has been heard of the case. Tabor has been for two years the all-scholastic right end and a star player.

Further than this, the member pointed out that the by-laws of the Board of Education, Section 26, Article 1, provides: "The committee on athletics shall have charge of all matters relating to athletics in connection with the public schools other than those conducted as a part of the regular school exercises."

The members of the committee are Gen. Wingate, President of the P. S. A. L.; James E. Sullivan, Chairman of the Games Committee of the P. S. A. L.; Mrs. James H. Post, President of the Girls' Branch; Frank L. Polk, and A. G. Miller.

Weed Defeats Cohen at Billiards.

In last night's game of the amateur three-cushion carrom billiard tournament now in progress at McGraw's Billiard Academy, Thirty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, James Weed defeated E. J. Cohen by the score of 40 to 31. It was an even and up-hill game throughout, and required 155 innings to decide it. From the first to the thirty-fifth inning Cohen had the advantage of 7 points over his opponent, but at this stage of the game Weed caught up to him and gained a lead which he held throughout the latter part of the contest. Both men were in good form and displayed some remarkable cue work, making some difficult shots. The high run 3 was made by each contestant.

Levy Wins at Billiards.

Sylvester Levy defeated R. Barbosa in the game last night of the Class B amateur handicap 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the Riverside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, by the score of 210 to 112. Levy is playing at scratch (210 points) while Barbosa is handicapped at 180 points. Levy averaged 5 5-41 and made high runs of 29, 22, 21, and 20. Barbosa's best efforts netted him an average of 2 30-41 and high runs of 20, 17, 14, and 12.

Morningside A. C. Run.

The Morningside A. C. will hold its weekly invitation cross-country run to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, starting from the clubhouse, 400 West 126th Street. These runs will be held every Sunday until the handicap run, which will be held on March 12, 1911. This course is one of the best in the metropolitan district. All athletes are cordially invited to participate.

Van Tyle Wins Cross Country.

HACKENSACK, Dec. 23.—The first cross-country run between the runners of the high schools of Passaic and Hackensack was held this afternoon and was won by Van Tyle of Passaic in 18:45, the distance being about three and one-quarter miles. Russel Phillips of Hackensack was twenty yards behind the winner. Flower of Passaic was third. Gold and silver medals were presented to the winners. Fifteen men started.

LARGER LINKS NOT WANTED.

Longer Distances Between Golf Holes Unpopular.

To golfers who have made a study of the subject there is really no cause for the continued alarm expressed in certain quarters concerning the tendency toward longer courses. There was a time, and not so long ago, that it did seem as if the golf architects were carrying matters to extrêmes, but that period has passed, and if a reaction has not set in the tendency at least is to go no further. If this were not the case there might be some just grounds for the belief that golf stood in danger of becoming a slave to the rubber-cored ball.

Charles B. Macdonald, whose efforts were responsible for the existence of the ideal course near Shinnecock Hills, has always been opposed to extreme lengths. Although the eighteen-hole circuit there is in a sense a reproduction of the most famous holes abroad it is significant that the total length is only a trifle more than 6,000 yards.

Because modern players drive further nowadays than golfers of old it does not necessarily follow that courses should be stretched out several hundred yards. In discussing the subject recently an expert said:

"The advent of the lively ball is not the only change in modern conditions which needs to be considered. One other factor, at least, equally important, is the improvement in the art of greens-keeping, which makes a good lie on the fairway a matter of course. The result is that brassie shots are few and far between. The lies are so good that the second shot really called for is another slog with the driver.

"Now the player's prowess in this direction is surely sufficiently tested when he plays fifteen or sixteen full shots from the tee in the course of the round without it being necessary to call upon him to repeat the same stroke through the green. The par five-hole of an earlier day, by demanding a full wooden shot for the second from lies that were often indifferent, tested the real brassie stroke, but this has almost disappeared, and the most important test of the wooden club shot through the green is the par four-hole. This is long enough to require a driver or brassie to be used for the second shot, and yet sufficiently short to admit of that shot being played with some accuracy and judgment in order to bring it to rest on the green.

"The drive is, after all, the simplest, although the most exhilarating stroke in golf. It is the only stroke in which the player is called upon to do the same thing every time, and to increase the number of such shots tests nothing more than the players ability to keep it up. Approach play, on the other hand, may be from all distances from twenty yards to 200 yards, and calls for all sorts of conditions of strokes and clubs. It provides the most varied test of all, and yet there can never be more than eighteen approach shots called for, though there may easily be twice that number taken in the course of the round. It is the difficult par four-holes, especially those which are at the same time bogie 5s, which do most to make the would-be champions show the golf that is in them."

The opening of another indoor golf resort uptown calls to mind the fact that devotees of the game are willing to try almost any substitute rather than wait indefinitely for the snow to melt. In Chicago the indoor schools are being patronized as well as ever, not only by the duffers, but by many of the leading amateurs as well.

Nets, of course, constitute the main feature of these indoor schools, the nets having marked divisions to catch the ball in its flight. Fortified with a regulation rubber-cored ball and a set of clubs, the player is ready for business. He drives from a mat tee. The centre square and pocket of the net is marked 200 yards, and counts for a drive of that length if the ball be swept away from the tee as in a good drive. In the square immediately above that, indicating a "sky drive," the value of the shot is 180 yards, while the value of the pocket below, for the half-topped shot, is only 140 yards.

The upper left-hand square, catching a high-pulled drive, is 160 yards, and the lowest left-hand square, for a pulled tee shot, is 130 yards. These same values obtain on the right-hand side for sliced tee shots. After the drive the brassie is used, providing the hole is more than 200 yards, and the value of the brassie shot as it falls in the squares of the net is ten yards less than the drive. A cleek shot is twenty less than the drive, and the midiron shot into the net is 160 yards if it lands true. The centre division square is the mashie shot goal.

When the player has reached the "green" at any hole the length of the put on the big oblong putting green is determined by the mashie work to the various squares. Dead to the flag for the centre, the player has a six-foot put if the ball lands in the square above that one, and an eight-foot put is required if he has found the square below. The upper left-hand square yields a put of ten feet, while the lower yields a twelve-foot put. The same values obtain on the right-hand side of the squares.

Despite the frigid weather, Philadelphia golfers are said to be displaying unusual activity for this season of the year. Play on a number of the links in the vicinity of the Quaker City is in progress over shortened courses. At the Huntingdon Valley Country Club two tournaments are progressing, one on the Winter course of nine holes and the other on the putting green, both of which have been cleared of snow.

INTERCOLLEGIATE CHESS.

Columbia Players Have Excellent Chance in To-day's Final Matches.

Surprising the talent in the second round of the nineteenth annual intercollegiate chess tournament, contested at the West Side Republican Club in this city, yesterday, Yale's representatives overcame those of Harvard by a margin of three games to one. Incidentally, Yale was of material assistance to Columbia, even though the Blue and White were not really in need of aid. The New Yorkers, helped as they were by a forfeited game at the top of the board, experienced no dificulty in defeating Princeton by the score of 3 to 1, precisely the same total by which they downed Yale on the opening day. Columbia is scheduled to meet Harvard in the final round beginning at noon to-day, and if the figures here given are any criterion whatever, they appear to spell certain victory for the Morningside Heights combination.

Before play started yesterday morning announcement was made that Princeton would be a player minus in consequence of the departure for the South of L. M. Bement. As the result of his withdrawal, Princeton forfeited one game, and an unearned victory went to the credit of C. H. Ramsdell of Columbia. In this fashion Columbia's total was increased to four points, or half of a point ahead of that of Harvard. Having thus assumed the lead, the New Yorkers never relinquished it. S. H. Childs, fourth board for Columbia, was the first to bring his game with Kenyon of Princeton to a conclusion.

Capt. J. E. Beadle was again to the fore in behalf of Columbia and defeated Shafer of Princeton. E. L. Gluck, second board for Columbia, was again defeated. The hardest fight of the round was between J. R. Chandler of Yale and Johnson of Harvard, the Yale man finally winning.

Capt. Byerly of Harvard saved his side from being blanked and administered defeat to Hooker of Yale, who had been the only one to score for New Haven in the first round.

C. Burgess, Bishop Burgess's son, won for Yale against Hadley of Harvard, the game lasting thirty-four moves. After winning one of his opponent's pieces, Burgess had everything his own way. E. E. Stearns of Yale defeated Harris of Harvard in a hard struggle, lasting fifty moves. The Cleveland player succeeded in winning a pawn in the opening and doubled this advantage in due course. It was a hopeless struggle on the part of Harris. The summaries of the second round follow:

COLUMBIA.		PRINCETON.	
B'ds.		B'ds.	
1—Ramsdell	1	1—Bement	0
2—Gluck	0	2—Van Vliet	1
3—Beadle	1	3—Shafer	0
4—Childs	1	4—Kenyon	0
Total	3	Total	1

The openings—Board 1, forfeited; 2, 3, and 4, French defense. Columbia played white on the odd-numbered boards.

HARVARD.		YALE.	
B'ds.		B'ds.	
5—Johnson	0	5—Chandler	1
6—Byerly	1	6—Hooker	0
7—Hadley	0	7—Burgess	1
8—Harris	0	8—Stearns	1
Total	1	Total	3

The openings—Board 5, Ruy Lopez; 6, Ruy Lopez; 7, French; 8, Queen's gambit declined. Harvard played white on the odd-numbered boards.

OLDFIELD CANNOT DRIVE FOR A YEAR

Contest Board of A. A. A. Makes Suspension of Auto Pilot Definite—Others Punished.

Barney Oldfield has been disqualified from racing under the rules and sanction of the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association until Jan. 1, 1912. The specific charges against Oldfield are that after he was suspended at Readville, Mass., Oct. 19, for flagrant violation of the rules, he has persistently defied the Contest Board and denied the jurisdiction of the Contest Board by an appeal to the courts for an injunction. A further charge of managing an outlaw meet at Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 11, was also brought against Oldfield.

The disqualification of Oldfield was decided upon at a meeting of the Contest Board of the A. A. A., held at the National headquarters, 437 Fifth Avenue, with President Robert P. Hooper of the A. A. A. in the chair. The other members of the board present were T. A. Wright, Joseph H. Wood, David Beecroft, Samuel M. Butler, Chairman; E. R. Hollender, and Alfred Reeves.

In addition to disqualifying Oldfield, the 200 horse power Benz, the Prince Henry Benz, and the Vanderbilt Darracq and six-cylinder Knox cars were put under the ban for the same length of time. The suspension of J. Alex Sloane, Oldfield's manager, heretofore indefinite, was made definite for twelve months up to and including Jan. 1, 1912. The disqualification also included Leslie Henry of Los Angeles and the Pacific Coast Motor Racing Association, while Ascot Park track, Los Angeles, was declared ineligible to hold any sanctioned meets until after Jan. 1, 1912.

Several other drivers and their cars came under the ban of the A. A. A. for taking part in the outlaw meet. George H. Clark, who drove under the assumed name of E. Z. Martin, was suspended for two years from Jan. 1, 1911. E. R. Stearns and Ben Kerscher, racing drivers, had their licenses revoked. The following drivers and cars were also suspended for one year: J. R. Kittle and Louis Arms, (Cutting 30;) Williams, Los Angeles, agent of the Petrel; Henry Koch, (Durocar;) William Carlson, (Winton 6;) W. H. Faust, (Winton 6;) Henry Butley, (Pope-Toledo, 1905;) E. H. Bechtel, (Parry,) and Condit, Los Angeles, agent of the Stover-Chicago car.

Charles F. Stamps, L. R. Mellus, and W. Gray, who acted as officials at the Los Angeles outlaw meet, were each disqualified and suspended for one year. In the case of Barney Oldfield the disqualification was made international, and automobile governing bodies in every part of the world will be notified.

For competing in an unsanctioned meet on Dec. 1, 2, and 3 on the Norfolk (Va.) Fair Grounds track the following drivers and cars were suspended for one year: J. E. Sheldon, (B. L. M.;) Louis S. Hallowell, (American;) Bryant, (Flanders;) George Edwardes, (Maxwell and Rambler,) and George Allen, (Brush.) The Coburn Motor Car Company of Norfolk, Va., was also suspended for a year. The disqualification of the Maytag-Mason cars was removed by the A. A. A.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

General Chemical Co. Need Not Pay Duty on Broken Carboys.

The General Chemical Company was partially successful yesterday before the Board of United States General Appraisers in its contention that it should not be required to pay duty on acetic acid which it was claimed never arrived in this country. The importations consisted of glass carboys containing the acid. Duty was assessed at 2 cents a pound under Paragraph 1 of the Dingley Tariff act of 1897 on the acetic acid and 40 per cent. ad valorem on the glass carboys, under Paragraph 99 of the act.

The General Chemical Company objected to the action of Collector Loeb in assessing duty on the entire importation, it being claimed that 222 of the carboys were broken and were in such condition that they constituted a "non-importation," as that word is used in the tariff law. Under these circumstances, the Chemical Trust averred that it should not be taxed for goods never received. Judge Somerville, who writes the decision for the board, says that the testimony shows that 111 of the carboys were broken and the contents entirely lost while in transit before arrival in this country. He says that the remaining 111 carboys were in a partially broken condition, so that only a part of the acetic acid was lost, the remainder arriving in this country.

"The testimony, however," says the decision, "fails to show with sufficient accuracy the quantity of the acetic acid which was lost prior to arrival, a portion of it having been lost after arrival, and for this reason the testimony does not furnish any basis upon which a proper reliquidation can be made. The protest is sustained as to 111 of the carboys and is overruled as to the balance of the merchandise. The Collector is instructed to reliquidate the entry accordingly."

THESE RAILROADS' BEST YEAR

Connecticut Lines Report $6,833,952 Increased Earnings.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 23.—The fifty-eighth annual report of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners gives the gross operating revenue of the steam railroads for the year as $64,819,495.12, an increase of $6,833,952.22 over the revenue for the previous year, and exceeding that of any prior year. The amount of revenue derived from passenger service was $25,422,102.49, and the number of passengers carried 84,519,264. The amount of revenue received from the transportation of freight was $33,463,648. The total operating expenses for the year were $41,333,039.07, being $2,788,130.74 more than in the preceding year.

The operating expenses per mile of road was $16,879.99. The amount of taxes paid by the company was $4,120,566.79. The number of passengers carried by the street railways in the year was 151,631,091.

BANK ASSOCIATIONS STRONG.

32 Per Cent. of National Banking Power in Currency Associations.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Completed statistics show that more than 32 per cent. of the National banking power of the United States now is represented in emergency currency associations which Secretary MacVeagh has been urging the bankers to form.

Returns made to-day show that out of the 7,204 National banks in existence 227 of them are members of currency associations, but that small number represents $542,024,720 of capital and surplus.

The capital of all the banks in the associations is $288,954,710, and under the Aldrich-Vreeland law they are authorized in event of an emergency to issue that amount in notes, which have already been prepared. The law provides that at no time shall the issue of emergency currency exceed $500,000,000.

"Super-Coils"
Worth their Weight in Gold
to any Auto if it rides easily when partly loaded, but bumps when fully loaded or on rough roads. Booklet "Y" FREE.
"SUPER-COILS,"
1876 Broadway, New York City.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately existing between MORRIS S. MAYER and TIMOTHY F. CROWLEY of No. 5 East 17th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, under the firm name of MAYER & CROWLEY, expired on the 9th day of December, 1910, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by MORRIS S. MAYER and TIMOTHY F. CROWLEY, at No. 5 East 17th Street, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented at that address for payment.

Dated New York, December 9th, 1910.
MAYER & CROWLEY.

TAKE NOTICE THAT THE FREEDMAN TAILORING COMPANY of No. 101 Crosby Street, New York City, composed of the undersigned, has this day been dissolved.
Dated December 24th, 1910.
H. TANNENBAUM.
H. FREEDMAN.

Sparkle! Snap! Wholesome Goodness!
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers,
BEADLESTON & WOERZ
New York.
Order from any dealer.
You'll Pronounce It the Best You Ever Drank!

Can't you hear him to-morrow?
"By George! Just what I wanted—
"A dressing gown, hunting boots, hat box, folding umbrella, silk socks, slippers, dressing case, sweater waistcoat, cigar case,—and all from a man's store too. Thanks! thanks!! thanks!!!"
Open until six to-day.
ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

SAVINGS BANKS.

ASSETS
SIXTY-FIVE MILLIONS
SURPLUS JAN'Y 1, 1911,
OVER EIGHT MILLIONS
The Williamsburgh Savings Bank
Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn
December 5, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that on and after the Twentieth day of January, 1911, a Semi-Annual Interest at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who on the First day of January, 1911, may be entitled thereto.
Money deposited on or before Jan'y 10, 1911, will draw interest from Jan'y 1.
Accounts can be opened by mail.
Send for booklet and full instructions.
E. B. TUTTLE, President.
WILLIAM F. BURNS, Cashier.
S. M. MEEKER, Secretary.
Bank Open Daily, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
On MONDAYS from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK
The trustees have ordered interest credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, on January 1, 1911, at the rate of
4% PER ANNUM
on all sums of $5 and upward to $3,000, payable on and after January 16, 1911.
Deposits made before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1911.
Accounts can be opened by mail.
Booklet, "Banking by Mail," sent free.
WM. J. ROOME, President.
JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Secretary.
23RD ST. N.E. COR. 6TH AVE.

Metropolitan Savings Bank
1 and 3 THIRD AVE. (opp. Cooper Institute).
CHARTERED 1852.
115th DIVIDEND
New York, Dec. 13th, 1910.
INTEREST FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING DEC. 31ST, 1910, at the rate of
Four Per Cent. Per Annum
will be credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $3,000.
INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 18th, 1911.
MONEY DEPOSITED on or before January 13th will draw interest from January 1st.
JONATHAN B. CURREY, President.
EDWARD SHERER, Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue.
Jan. 1, 1911, dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000, entitled thereto under the by-laws.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1.
WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

THE BERKSHIRE ICE COMPANY 6% FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS.
Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee under Mortgage dated July 2, 1906, made by The Berkshire Ice Company, hereby gives notice pursuant thereto, that proposals to sell The Berkshire Ice Company 6% First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds at prices not exceeding 110% and accrued interest, may be made to said Trustee for account of the Sinking Fund due January 2, 1911. All such proposals must be in writing, addressed to Bankers Trust Company, Trustee, No. 7 Wall Street, New York City, and must be delivered before the close of business March 2, 1911.
Dated New York, December 2, 1910.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
FIFTEENTH YEAR.
ASSETS $3,000,000.
$100 GOLD BONDS 6%
CONVERTIBLE BONDS 6.86%
WRITE FOR CIRCULAR E.
METROPOLITAN AGENCY, 489 5TH AV.

6% Short Term Bonds
DUE 1914.
$100-$500-$1,000
ON IMPROVED BROOKLYN PROPERTY.
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185 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN.

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
On New York City Real Estate
LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital and Surplus..........$9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan.
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

Automobile Exchange
Advertisements in the Automobile Exchange strike a note of genuineness inspired by confidence in the medium.
ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 25c.; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 20c.; seven consecutive insertions, 15c.

BARGAINS SELDOM OFFERED!—MITCHELL 1909, MODEL L, 4 CYLINDER, 40 H. P. COMMERCIAL delivery Automobile, Wanamaker's style body, perfect running order, no better delivery car made, thorouhly overhauled and repainted recently; any reasonable offer accepted. COLONIAL RUBBER CO., 28 Radde St., one block from 59th St., Queensboro Bridge, Long Island City.

ON ACCOUNT OF DEATH OF MY SON, WILL SACRIFICE HANDSOME, stylish, up to date 1910 model A Empire roadster, only used four months; warranted perfect running order; full equipment, including magneto, top, lamps, horn, tools, &c.; bargain, $450. Mrs. ANNETTE COSGROVE, 28 Radde St., Long Island City, one block 59th St. Queensboro Bridge plaza.

Oldsmobile, rumble seat, runabout, 1908; fully equipped; excellent car for doctor, collector, or ladies' use; surely pay any one looking for a first-class automobile to inspect same any time. Baldwin's Storage House, 304 West 54th.

ALL MAKES BOUGHT AND SOLD. DELIVERY WAGONS—ALL CAPACITIES. 20TH CENTURY AUTOMOBILE CO., 244 W. 49th St., near Broadway. Write Dept. C. "Valuable Hints" mailed free.

COURIER 1910 Roadster, slightly used for demonstrating, $600; and two 1910 COURIERS, new, listing at $1,050, for $750; each fully guaranteed. Used Car Department, Dayton Motor Company, 227 West 57th St.

Why buy a low-powered cheap car when you can buy a high-grade, high-powered car for less money, and every car fully guaranteed? Visit our Used Car Department and save yourself trouble and money. Dayton Motor Company, 227 West 57th St.

1910 Chalmers 40, equipped with 37x5 tires, Continental rims, Jones speedometer, top, wind shield, two extra shoes; in perfect condition. Address George Stowe, 1,627 Broadway.

CHALMERS REBUILT CARS.
Attractive prices on 30 and 40 H. P. Models. Guaranteed same as new cars. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway.

STODDARD-DAYTON '09 45 H. P. Limousine, 7-pass.; factory overhauled; newly painted and fully guaranteed; $2,200. Used Car Department, Dayton Motor Company, 227 West 57th St.

1909 Mitchell runabout, with double rumble seat; top, magneto, speedometer; good condition; $500. Cimiotti Brothers, 1,855 Broadway.

For sale or hire for month, 30 Packard Landaulet, first-class condition. Simon, 131 East 83d St. Telephone 5674—Lenox.

Auction sale of automobiles every Tuesday, 4 P. M. New York Exchange, 215-217 W. 48th.

AUTOMOBILES TO RENT.

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE.
Open and Closed,
by the hour, day, or monthly contract.
F. T. SANFORD AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
44, 46, 48 West 43d St.
'PHONE 1381—BRYANT.

To Rent—Packards.—Beautifully equipped Limousines and Landaulets, also Touring Cars, reasonable terms by the month. Telephone Bryant—358. Packard Car Livery Co., 164 West 48th.

FOR HIRE—PACKARD AUTOMOBILES AT LOW RATES; TRIP, WEEK, OR MONTH. Starr, 124 West 50th St. Tel. 409—Columbus.

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STORAGE AUTOS AND CARRIAGES.
AUTOMOBILES, $4 PER MONTH.
CARRIAGES, $2 PER MONTH.
SALES, 5 PER CENT. COMMISSION.
Automobiles painted any color, $25; work guaranteed.
Baldwin Storage House, 304 West 54th.

STORAGE.
Fireproof storage for automobiles, $5 per month. CARMAN FIREPROOF STORAGE WAREHOUSES, 465-469 West 150th St. Tel. 1312—Audubon.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

ATLAS Perfecto two-cycle engine. Atlas Motor Car Co., 2010 B'way. F. H. Adams, Mgr.
AUTOCAR Commercial—Pleasure. 425-430 W 19 St. Tel. Chelsea 6060.
BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
BRUSH Cars. 1,875 Broadway. 'Phone 5369—Columbus.
Carhartt Cars HOTEL PLAZA. 59th St. & 5th Ave.
CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 3810 Col.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,786 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
HUDSON Cars. The A. Elliott Ranney Co., 1928 B'way. 'Phone 3293 Col.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4338 Col.
LEXINGTON 40 H. P., $1,650. C. S. Baeder, Agt., 210 W. 78.
NATIONAL POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8168-7 Col.
OAKLAND 30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1,785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.
PULLMAN Cimiotti Bros., 1,855 Broadway. Telephone 1772 Columbus.
"SIMPLEX" "Made in New York City." 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.
STEVENS-DURYEA A. G. Spalding & Bros., 29 W. 42d. Tel. 433 Bryant.
TRUCKS New; used; 50 ready for work. FRED. SMITH, 232 W. 58th St.
WHITE WHITE CO., B'way & 62d St. 'Phone 2952 Col.
ZUST 30 H. P., $3,900; "Chain or Shaft." 45 H. P., $4,750; 1 year guarantee. American Zust Co., 1,989 B'way. Tel. 4233.
ALL MAKES Bought, Sold and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 731-3 7th Av.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

BALL BEARINGS HESS BRIGHT CO., 1,974 B'way, (67th St.)
SPLITDORF MAGNETO Walton Ave. & 138th St. Branch 1,679 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL
Small group classes; up-to-date equipment; 5 or 10 weeks' course; private course for owners and ladies. Write for booklet. 233 West 54th St., New York City.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. New term just starting. Individual road lessons. Small group classes. Booklet. 302 West 57th Street.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

HIRE MY FRENCH TOWN CAR, Landaulet, reasonable rates; owner drives; week or month. 4593 Melrose. WESLEY, 985 Aldus St.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Flat and Apartment House Property for Investment Proves the Feature of a Dull Market—Big Long Island City Deal—Bronx and Suburban Sales.

Flat and apartment house property proved the feature of what little business was transacted in the realty market yesterday. The Morningside Heights section, which has produced a sale every day this week, kept up its record in the sale of the six-story elevator apartment 513 and 515 West 124th Street.

The structure, which occupies a plot 58 by 100.11, was sold by A. J. Gray to an investor. It has been held at about $110,000, and is located between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue. Another sale is reported to be pending on the same block.

Trade in Waramaug Deal.

Oscar B. Thomas was the buyer of the eight-story apartment house known as the Waramaug, at 629 and 631 West 115th Street, and the seller the Alcazar Realty Company, Anthony Schwoerer, Jr. Mr. Thomas gives in exchange a plot of about seven lots on the northeast corner of Aqueduct Avenue and 190th Street. The deal, which involved about $250,000, was negotiated by Calder, Nassoit & Lanning.

Many Tenements Sold.

Among the Harlem flathouse property sold was the six-story apartment, with stores, at 2,468 and 2,470 Seventh Avenue, on a plot 50 by 75. It was sold by Peter Eckert to an investor. Another west side sale was that of 232 West 144th Street, a five-story double flat, on a lot 25 by 100.

The Easter Realty Company sold, through Charles Edelson, 208 West Sixty-second Street, a five-story tenement, with stores, on a lot 25 by 100. The same broker also sold 261 West Tenth Street, a five-story tenement, with stores, on a lot 25 by 94. The buyers in each case were investors.

West 99th Street Dwelling Sold.

Louise M. Smith has sold through N. Brigham Hall & Son 144 West Ninety-ninth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, for occupancy.

Bronx Sales.

A choice Bronx plot on the northwest corner of 142d Street and Southern Boulevard has been sold by J. Clarence Davies for Robert R. Naslen to a builder for improvement. The plot has a frontage of 30 feet by 82, with a rear line of 72 feet.

Timothy Keegan has sold the lot 25 by 120 on the west side of Eagle Avenue, 300 feet south of Westchester Avenue. D. H. Scully & Co. negotiated the sale.

K. R. Finestone & Co. have sold for the Heuson Powell Realty Company 1,814-1,316 Stebbins Avenue, a five-and-a-half-story twenty-eight-family apartment house, 50 by 98 by 110, to Frank M. Paul, who gave in part payment 59-63 Southern Boulevard, two five-story flats, 25 by 89.

Brooklyn Sales.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three-story and basement brick and stone private house 16 Fiske Place, between Garfield Place and Carroll Street, for Mrs. Elizabeth H. Wilson to a client for occupancy.

Bulkley & Horton have sold 125 and 127 Rogers Avenue, between Park and Sterling Place, three-story double terra cotta stone-front, steam-heated apartment houses. Each building is on a lot 26 by 100. Sold for Mrs. Theresa Schramm to individual clients for investment.

The Somerville Realty Company has sold to the Penn Construction Company a plot of eleven lots on the east side of Ocean Parkway, between Neptune and West End Avenues, Coney Island. The buyers will improve the property with eleven three-story brick apartment houses, with all modern improvements. These will overlook the ocean and be a new departure in the building line at Coney Island.

G. W. Harman has sold to an investor the four-story double apartment at 64 Herkimer Street, 38.6 by 100.

Sixty-two Thomson Hill Lots Sold.

The Thomson Hill Land and Improvement Company has sold through Joseph P. Day a parcel of sixty-two lots located on Thomson, Nott, and Laurel Hill Avenues, Long Island City, to a syndicate of investors. This is the second large sale reported in this section by Joseph P. Day within the last two weeks.

Long Island City.

The Ryanal Realty Company has sold to Margaret C. Butler and Rae Lowe a parcel having a frontage of 55 feet on the south side of Fourth Street and 100 feet on the east side of Vernon Avenue, Long Island City, subject to a mortgage of $32,000.

Suburban Sales.

S. D. Oppenheimer of Manhattan has purchased from Walter Clark a dwelling on Fifth Avenue, New Rochelle. C. B. Allen negotiated the sale.

H. B. Donnelly has sold for different owners six lots on Eastchester Road and Clinton Avenue, New Rochelle.

Masons Buy Temple Site.

The Masonic Temple Association has purchased from Frederick D. Marquardt the two-and-a-half-story frame house 835 Bergen Avenue, between Highland Avenue and Vroom Street, Jersey City. The property has a frontage of 51 feet on Bergen Avenue and a depth of about 161 feet. The price paid is reported to have been in the neighborhood of $9,500. The present building will be removed and a brick lodge building will be erected on the property.

$700,000 Seventh Avenue Apartment.

Plans were filed yesterday for another high-class apartment house on Seventh Avenue in the Fifty-seventh Street vicinity. The structure will be erected on the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, a plot 100.5 by 89.10, which was recently purchased by the Charles E. McManus Building and Operating Company for the present improvement. The new apartment will cost $700,000, as estimated by the architects, Neville & Bagge. It will be twelve stories high, fireproof, with a façade of brick and limestone, and will have accommodations for sixty-eight families. There will be stores on the avenue frontage.

Upper Broadway Apartment.

Plans have been filed for an eight story apartment house on the south side of 115th Street, 175 feet west of Broadway, for the Carnegie Construction Company, of which Charles Newmark is president, at a cost of $100,000. The building will have a frontage of 49.11 feet and a depth of 85.11 feet and will provide accommodations for thirty-two families. Schwartz & Gross are the architects.

Big Lafayette Street Loft.

Plans have also been filed for a twelve story store and loft building at 237 and 239 Lafayette Street for Dominick Abbate, at a cost of $200,000. The building will have a frontage of 50.1 feet and a depth of 99 feet with a façade of brick, limestone and terra cotta. The cost has been estimated at $200,000 by the architect, William H. Birkmire.

Notes.

Pease & Elliman have been appointed managers for the "Liberty Tower," a thirty-one story office building at the northwest corner of Liberty and Nassau Streets.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

INVESTORS, ATTENTION.

6% interest on mortgage loans. Principal and interest guaranteed. Title insured by Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company. I will invest for you sums from $300 to $3,000. For particulars, Henry Y. Halley, 103 Park Av., N. Y. City.

$6,000 SECOND MORTGAGE for sale, due in three years, 6% interest; first mortgage by Title Company; $10,000 equity above all mortgages. Box W 63 Times.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

3d Av, 3,539, w s, 159.8 ft n of 168th St, 25x104.4x irregular, three-story frame dwelling; administrator's sale; to Gustave Frey..$7,650

34th St, 331 and 333, n s, 340 ft e of 2d Av, 40x97.6, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to Tommaso P. Rossea....$50,390

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

115th St, s s, 175 ft w of Broadway, for an eight-story apartment, 49.11x85.11; Carnegie Construction Co., 608 West 111th St, owner; Schwartz & Gross, architects; cost....$100,000

7th Av, s e corner of 54th St, for a twelve-story brick apartment and stores, 100.5x89.10; Charles E. McManus Building and Operating Co., 45 East 42d St, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost....$700,000

Lafayette St, 237 and 239, for a twelve-story brick loft and store, 50.1x90; D. Abbate, 226 Lafayette St, owner; W. H. Birkmire, architect; cost....$200,000

Elizabeth St, e s, 175 ft s of Bleecker St, for a one-story brick shop, 25x21; J. Lovotel, premises, owner; A. Sheinart, architect; cost....$400

187th St, s s, 129 ft e of Cypress Av, for a one-story frame shop, 44.5x31.3; Hudson Structural Steel Co., owner; F. Hollerith, architect; cost....$1,500

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, DEC. 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney.

WALTON AV, w s, 468.9 ft s of Fordham Road, 818.9x101.5; Colin W. MacLennan, referee, to Hamilton Securities Co., 165 Broadway, Dec. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$95,000

SAME PROPERTY; Hamilton Securities Co. to Liberty Investing Co., 165 Broadway, Dec. 22; same attorney....$1

182D ST, 163 and 165 West, n s, 40x99.11; C. Cecilia Coleman to James A. Murphy, Auditorium Hotel, Chicago, Ill., (mtg $50,000,) Dec. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

16TH ST, 653 East, n s, 16.8x92; City Real Estate Co. to Augustus Goodman, 601 West 110th St., Dec. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

14TH ST, s s, 425.6 ft w of 6th Av, 74.6x103.3; Pincus Lowenfeld and others to John H. Bodine, 201 East 79th St., Dec. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

2D AV, 1,449, w s, 25x105; Prudential Bond and Mortgage Co. to Israel Crystal, 63 East 118th St. Dec. 6; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$1

62D ST, 233 West, n s, 25x100.5; Sarah Rosenkranz to Max Rosenkranz, 79 Norfolk St., June 22; address, party of second part..$100

4TH AV, n s, ¼ part of Lot 648, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Charles P. Hallock to Charles Johnson, 3,575 White Plains Road, Dec. 22; attorney, R. Hickox, 3,832 White Plains Av....$100

FREEMAN ST, n s, 98.8 ft e of Union Av, 20x86.9; Franciska B. Hohmann to Agnes M. Pragnell, 819 Ritter Place, (mtg $4,000,) Dec. 15; address, party of second part....$100

22D ST, n s, 225 ft e of 8th Av, 18.9x98.9; 22d St, n s, 262.6 ft e of 8th Av, 18.9x98.9; 23d St, s s, 225 ft e of 8th Av, 25x98.9; 23d St, 250 West, s s, 25x98.9; Empire State Surety Co. to Fannie C. Hoadley, 18 East 82d St, (mtg $65,000,) Dec. 15; attorneys, Anderson, Pendleton & Anderson, 25 Broad St....$1

LOT 61, map of 120 lots of Daily estate, Parker Av, w s, 125 ft n of Rose Place, 25x100; Charles J. Verro and Kate C., his wife to Francesca P. Verro, 1,639 Parker Av, (mtg $3,500,) Dec. 21; address, party of 2d part....$100

LOTS 286 and 298, Map 981 of Laconia Park; Domenico Agnita to Melrose Realty Co., 2,775 Webster Av, Dec. 21; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

162D ST, s s, 200 ft w of Broadway, 75x97.7; Florence Hinchcliffe to Yayne Investing Co., 100 Broadway, (mtgs $105,000,) Dec. 21; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

236TH ST, s w corner of Hobart St, 25x100; William F. Kaysser to John M. Buehlen, 1,412 Longfellow Av, (mtgs $5,600,) Dec. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

LOTS 216 and 217, Map 876 of 250 lots of Thompson-Rose estate; Dora Schwenk to Christine Schwenk, 3,200 3d Av, Dec. 3; attorney, Lawrence K. Brown, 261 Broadway.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Christine Schwenk to August C. Schwenk, 3,200 3d Av, ½ part, Dec. 8; attorney, Lawrence K. Brown, 261 Broadway....$1

58TH ST, n s, 95 ft e of Lexington Av, 50x100.5; Robert Weber to John Weber, 1-5 part, subject to life estate of his father, quitclaim, July 30, 1909; attorneys, Shephard, Smith & Harkness, 128 Broadway....$1

58TH ST, n s, 95 ft e of Lexington Av, 50x100.5; Rachel Weber, administratrix of Hugo J. Weber, to Emilie C. and George H. Keim and Laura A. Weber, 1,109 Madison Av, and Robert Weber, 22 West 120th St, and John J. Sullivan, Woodcliff, Hudson Co., N. J., 1-5 part, Dec. 20; Shephard, Smith & Harkness, 128 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Rachel Weber to same, 1-5 part, quitclaim, Dec. 20; attorneys, same....$1

LEXINGTON AV, 1,717, e s, 16.8x65; Sigmund Nichthauser to Benjamin Bernstein, 584 7th Av, (mtg $9,000,) Dec. 23; address, party 2d part, 105 Park Av....$1

97TH ST, 259 WEST, n s, 18x91.11; Joseph M. Rigney, (mtg $12,000,) June 22, 1909; attorney, John F. Churlo, 790 Franklin Av, Brooklyn....$100

LOTS 29 to 32, Amended Map 1,131 of Adee Park; Ray Levy to Catherine C. Hill, 15 Beechwood Road, Summit, N. J., all liens, Dec. 7; George Hill, 41 Park Row....$1

BEACH (now Tinton) AV, w s, 73.1 ft n of 145th St, 150x100; Edward Sykes to Lucy Manning, 530 West 144th St, C. A. G., (mtg $8,400,) Sept. 8; attorney, E. E. Byrne, 229 East 41st St....$1

137TH ST, n s, 240.8 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 50x100; Columbia Wax Works to Columbia Wax Products Co., 749 East 137th St, (mtgs $24,500,) Dec. 9; attorney, Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av....$100

AVENUE A, s e corner of 71st St, 100.5x98; Edw. and Auguste Roesler, executors of August Roesler, to Roesler Realty Co., 2 Rector St, (mtg $60,000,) Dec. 21; attorney, John C. Travis, 2 Rector St....$100,000

9TH AV, s w corner of 22d St, 72x28.6; Robert G. Furey to Richard J. Donovan, 234 9th Av, (mtgs $36,000,) Sept. 6; attorney, W. F. Donnelly, 99 Nassau St....$1

174TH ST, n e corner of Monroe Av, 95x25; Charles Buckbee to Frederick Weller, Jr., 2,163 Crotona Av, and Ernest L. Meeker, 135 West 83d St, Dec. 8; George E. Buckbee, 507 Tremont Av....$100

46TH ST, 404 West, s s, 25x100.5; Julius Hammel, 619 9th Av, to Sigmund Gutfreund, 619 9th Av, Dec. 22; attorney, Samuel P. Goldman, 141 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY, release dower; Emma, wife of Emanuel Fox, to same, Dec. 22; attorney, same....$1

FINDLAY AV, s e corner of 165th St, 94.7x160.3 to w s of Teller Av x 108.11 to s s of 165th St x 185.2; F. T. Construction Co. to Solomon M. Schatzkin, Rutherford, N. J., (mtgs $121,000,) Dec. 22; attorney, Edw. A. Brown, 50 Church St....$1

5TH AV, 2,148, w s, 20x75; John H. White to Jennie Kind, 22 East 111th St, Dec. 23, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

121ST ST, 206 West, s s, 40x100.11; Percival C. Smith and another, executors, &c., of Rosanna T. T. Boyer, to Moses Ezekiel, 18 Piazza Termini, Rome, Italy, (mtg $24,000,) Dec. 23; attorneys, Lyon & Smith, 128 Broadway....$44,000

KINSELLA AV, n s, Lots 76 and 77, map of 211 lots, portion of Downing estate at Van Nest, 50x100; Mathilde Busch to Maria E. Bunz, 833 Kinsella Av, (mtg $6,000,) Dec. 22; William Peters & Co., 2,015 Boston Road....$100

159TH ST, 478, s e corner of St. Nicholas Av, 113.8x27x108.7x27.5; Delaware Realty Co., Walton, N. Y., to Martha E. Peck, Walton, Delaware Co., N. Y., (mtgs $46,000 and all liens,) Dec. 8; M. Susskind, 192 Bowery...$1

SAME PROPERTY; Martha E. Peck to R. H. Susskind, (mtgs $46,000,) Dec. 9; attorney, same....$1

MOTT AV, e s, 100 ft n of 144th St, 100x151.8x100.4x139; Louis M. Jones to Mott Avenue Realty Co., 451 Tinton Av, (mtg $7,500,) Dec. 21; attorneys, Krakauer & P., 309 Broadway....$100

VYSE AV, 1,476, e s, 25x100; Adela M. Harrington to John Gilmartin, 432 East 148th St, (mtgs $13,000,) Dec. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

81ST ST, s s, 325 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100; Hudson Trust Co. to Marie Mangels, 220 East 81st St, B. & S. and C. A. G., Dec. 23; attorney, same....$1

83D ST, s s, 148 ft w of Central Park West, 17x102.2; 83d St, s s, 165 ft w of Central Park West, 0.2x25.9x0.3x25.9, (foreclosure Nov. 19, 1910;) Colin W. MacLennan, referee, to Oakley Myers, 202 West 103d St, Dec. 22; address, party of the first part, 45 Broadway....$16,800

4TH ST, 399, n s, 47 ft e of Lewis St, 24x96, (foreclosure Dec. 7, 1910;) Charles W. G. Barter, referee, to Dora Schroeder, 346 East 139th St, Dec. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$7,030

14TH ST, s s, 425.6 ft w of 6th Av, 74.6x103.3; John H. Bodine to Pincus Lowenfeld, 106 East 64th St, and William Prager, 129 East 74th St, (mtg $130,000,) Dec. 22; attorney, same....$1

107TH ST, n s, 350 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, (foreclosure Dec. 21, 1910;) Leighton Lobdell, referee, to Nanette Weber, 38 West 92d St, (mtg $6,500,) Dec. 23; attorney, L. P. Goebel, 41 Park Row....$12,000

107TH ST, 338 East, s s, 50x63.6; Salvatore Pergolizzi to Selma Alexander, 338 East 15th St, B. & S., all liens, Sept. 12; B. Alexander, 165 East Broadway....$100

CANAL ST, 304 and 306, s s, 37.6x62.6, to n s of Lispenard St x36.11x68, w s; George G. De Witt and others, executors, and Matilda W. Bruce to George Whittel, 166 Geary St, San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 8; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$7,900

AVENUE B, n w corner of 3d St, 48x75; Morris Wolfe to Hyman Lazarus, 15 East 116th St, (mtgs $94,000,) July 15; address, party of the second part....$100

PLOT 5, map of property of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Fort Washington Syndicate to Charles Lowen, 2,884 Morris Av, B. & S., May 17, 1909; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

GLEBE AV, e s, 160 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x147.5; William G. Ruppel to Lena L., his wife, 2,251 Westchester Av, half part, (mtg $1,500 on whole,) all title, Dec. 23; attorneys, De La Mare & Morrison, 299 Broadway..Gift

MORRIS AV, 1,064, e s, 20x95; Israel M. Cohen to John H. Loscarn, 3,604 Broadway, (mtg $9,500 and all liens,) Dec. 16; address party second part, 119 Nassau St....$100

18TH ST, 255 West, n s, 26x67.5x irregular; Jacob Corday to Philip Krauss, 159 East 92d St, Dec. 21; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$1

10TH ST, 261 East, n s, 25x94.8; Charles Edelson to Easter Realty Co., B. & S. and C. A. G., all liens, June 7; attorneys, Wentworth, Lowenstein & Stern, 350 Broadway..$1

EAGLE AV, 640, e s, 19x115; Jacob Ackermann to Celia Kommel, 1,225 Madison Av, (mtg $5,000 and all liens,) Dec. 20; attorney, Jacob I. Berman, 346 Broadway....$1

77TH ST, s s, 255 ft w of 2d Av, 25x102.2; Jacob Ackerman to Celia Kommel, 1,225 Madison Av, (mtg $26,000 and all liens,) Dec. 20; attorney same....$1

PIKE ST, 52, w s, 24x86; Jacob Ackermann to Celia Kommel, 1,225 Madison Av, half part, (mtg $18,500,) all title, Dec. 20; attorney same....$1

3D AV, 289, e s, 21x75; Andrew J. Mullaney, executor of James Mullaney to Walstein S. Reade, 484 Clermont Av, Brooklyn, Dec. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$18,000

SAME PROPERTY; Margaret V. Mullaney, widow, to same, quitclaim, Dec. 23; attorney same....$1

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

PRAGNELL, Agnes M., to Franciska B. Hohman, 1,858 Clinton Av.; Freeman St, n s, 98.2 ft e of Union Av, 20x86.9, Dec. 15, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, William L. Allen, 885 Brook Av....$1,000

LIBERTY INVESTING CO to Mrs. Frank Leslie, Sherman Square Hotel, 2,039 Broadway; Walton Av, w s, 70.1 ft n of 184th St, 19.11x96.5x22.2x96.5, Dec. 22, 3 years; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,500

SAME to same; Walton Av, w s, 90 ft n of 184th St, 19.11x96.5, Dec. 22, 3 years; attorneys, same....$6,500

SAME to same; Walton Av, w s, 109.2 ft n of 184th St, 19.10x96.5, Dec. 22, 3 years; attorneys, same....$6,500

B. WOLOWITCH REALTY CO to Rosehill Realty Co., 85 Nassau St; Avenue B, s w corner of 14th St, 95x68.11, Dec. 19, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St....$2,000

BARKIN CONSTRUCTION CO. to Samuel Barkin, 459 West 141st St; Riverside Drive, e s, 106.10 ft s of 99th St, 106.5 to 98th St x96.11x100x130.11, prior mtg $450,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. A. Seidman, 61 Park Row..$60,000

GREENWOOD, Isaac J., Jr., to Gertrude J. Ingraham, Hempstead, L. I.; 6th Av, 457, w s, 20x irregular; 6th Av, 771, s w corner of 44th St, 25.5x75; 6th Av, 791, s w corner of 45th St, 25.5x60; 14th St, 214 West, s s, 25x131.6; Murray St, 53, n s, 25x100.4, ¼ part, prior mtg $14,000, due March 1, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, Fred Ingraham, 192 Broadway..$1,200

GOODMAN, Augustus, to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway; 16th St, 653 East, n s, 16.6x92, Dec. 22, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$5,500

BODINE, John H., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; 14th St, s s, 425.6 ft w of 6th Av, 74.6x103.3, Dec. 22, 5 years; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St....$130,000

FALLON, Thomas F., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Baxter St, 16, w s, 25x116, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway....$12,000

KILIAN, Daniel, to Bertha Sattler, 306 West 102d St; Hughes Av, 2,143, w s, 146.4 ft s of Oak Tree Place, 16.8x95, Dec. 22, due Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, T. Sattler, 147 4th Av....$3,000

HOADLEY, F. C., to Empire State Realty Co, 192 Montague St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 22d St, n s, 225 ft e of 8th Av, 18.9x98.9; 23d St, s s, 225 ft e of 8th Av, 25x98.9; 22d St, 261 West, n s, 18.9x98.9; 23d St, 250 West, s s, 25x98.9, Dec. 15, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hirsh & R., 391 Fulton St, Brooklyn, N. Y....$35,000

SCHROEDER, Dora, to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East; 4th St, 399 East, n s, 24x96, Dec. 23, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St..$4,500

SCHROEDER, Dora, to Henry Keim, 132 East 65th St; 4th St, 399 East, 24x96, prior mtg $4,500, Dec. 23, due as per bond; attorneys, Huth & Baker, 84 Nassau St....$2,500

JOHNSON, Charles, to Charles P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St; 4th Av, n s, ¼ of Lot 648, map of Wakefield, 25x114, Dec. 22, 3 years; address, party second part....$1,250

HAYWOOD, Daniel H., to Janet L. McVickar, 47 East 78th St, and others; 149th St, 511 West, n s, 17.6x99.11, Dec. 22, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Dexter, O. & F., 71 Broadway....$10,000

MYERS, Oakley, to Manhattan Mortgage Co, 200 Broadway; 83d St, 10 West, s s, 17x102.2, Dec. 22, due as per bond; address, party second part....$14,000

BERKOWITZ, Max, to Drayton Burrill, at Summit, N. J., trustee; Lexington Av, e s, 49.4 ft n of 27th St, 24.8x100, Dec. 22, 5 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$27,000

KAYSSER, William F., to E. S. Prince Co, 1,870 Webster Av; 236th St, s s, 25 ft w of Hobart St, 75x100, Dec. 22, due July 1, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St....$1,687

SAME to Charles Massoth, 1,217 Tinton Av; same property, Dec. 22, 2 years, 6 p. c.; same attorneys....$12,000

MANGELS, Marie, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 81st St, 220 East, s s, 25x100, Dec. 23, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$8,000

BOOTH, Anna N., to Grace D. Gaylor, 16 River St., Stamford, Conn.; Fordham Av, s s, adjoining land of Public School of the City of New York, 60x113, City Island, Dec. 23, due May 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Rufus L. Scott, 93 Nassau St....$2,000

BLYTH, Margery H., to James Everard's Breweries, 12 East 133d St; Bowery, 27 and 29, and Bayard St, 35 and 37, leasehold, Dec. 22, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Gratz Nathan, 261 Broadway....$1,700

TENBROOK, Frank A., to Antonio D'Angelo, 720 East 212th St; Evelyn Place, n e corner of Davidson Av, 46x100, prior mtg $27,000, Dec. 23, due as per bond; attorney, John P. Joyce, 391 East 149th St....$3,250

KASSEL, Abraham, to New York County National Bank, 79 8th Av; 3d St, s w corner of Thompson St, 75x116.7, Dec. 22, 4 months; attorney, F. B. Colton, 52 Wall St....$20,000

FLOWER, Harriet, to James Rollins, 112 Milton St, Brooklyn, and another; 74th St, s s, 183.4 ft w of 2d Av, 16.8x102.2, Dec. 20, due June 20, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, Theodore Baumeister, 35 Nassau St....$1,400

ROSENBAUM, Max I., to Frank Gens, 204 West 119th St; 8th St, 318 and 320 East, s s, 39.8x97.6, prior mtg $53,500, Dec. 17, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Leo Lerner, 230 Grand St....$2,000

MELROSE REALTY CO. to Edward McK. Whiting, 606 West 116th St, guardian; Lots 286 and 298, map of Laconia Park, Dec. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$1,000

WELLER, Frederick, Jr., and another to Paragon Mortgage Co., 507 Tremont Av; Monroe Av, n e corner of 174th St, 25x95, building loan, Dec. 8, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, George E. Buckbee, 507 Tremont Av....$22,500

SAME to Charles Buckbee, 2,705 Kingsbridge Terrace; same property, Dec. 8, due as per bond; same attorney....$2,000

GILMARTIN, John, to Adela M. Harrington, 1,478 Vyse Av; Vyse Av, 1,476, e s, 25x100, prior mtg $13,000, Dec. 22, due June 23, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Harry Overington, 2,804 3d Av....$2,000

BROAD REALTY CO. to Albert J. Leon, 2,109 Broadway; Longfellow Av, w s, 350 ft n of Lafayette Av, 153x101.10x133.10x100, Dec. 23, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles P. Latting, 34 Pine St....$10,000

KIND, Jennie, to John H. White, 2,148 5th Av; 5th Av, 2,148, w s, 20x75, Dec. 23, due as per bond; attorney, Charles F. Kelley, 203 Broadway....$10,000

LEFKOWITZ, Yetta, to Jacob Newstate, 945 Park Av; Delancey St, n s, 73.6 ft e of Allen St, 14x25, prior mtg $9,500, Dec. 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Jerome & Rand, 37 Wall St....$3,000

MOTT AVENUE REALTY CO. to Louis M. Jones, 30 West 87th St; Mott Av, e s, 100 ft n of 144th St, 100x151.8x100.4x139, prior mtg $7,500, Dec. 21, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. B. Marx, 257 Broadway....$12,250

DAWSON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Saul Bernstein, 1,847 7th Av; Cathedral Parkway, n s, 350 ft w of 7th Av, 125x100, Dec. 23, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$235,000

JOHN VIOLANTE REALTY CO. to Prospect Investing Co., Purchase, N. Y.; Mapes Av, n w s, Lot 130, map of East Tremont, 61x150x75x150.5, Dec. 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St....$50,000

BARNEY ESTATE CO. to East River Savings Bank, 280 Broadway; 55th St, 139 to 145 West, n s, 100x100.5, Dec. 22, 5 years; attorneys, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$110,000

SAME to Niagara Fire Insurance Co., 25 Liberty St; 51st St, 105 to 113 West, n s, 83x100.5, Dec. 22, 3 years; attorney, same....$100,000

BARNEY ESTATE CO. to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; Park Av, 703, e s, 20x88.11, Dec. 22, 3 years; attorney, same....$40,000

SAME to same; Park Av, 707, e s, 20x88.11, Dec. 22, 3 years; attorney, same....$45,000

SAME to same; Park Av, 711 and 713, e s, 60.5 ft s of 70th St, 2 lots, each 20x88.11; 2 mtgs, each $45,000, Dec. 22, 3 years; attorney, same....$90,000

KENYON, William N., to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; 82d St, 321 West, n s, 20x102.2, Dec. 23, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St...$20,000

SCHUCK, George, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Bassford Av, n w corner of 183d St, 55.5x67.7, Dec. 23, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$28,000

SAME to same; Washington Av, n e corner of 183d St, 68.2x67.10, Dec. 23, due as per bond; same attorney....$30,000

KIND, Jennie, to Adolph Altman, 593 Riverside Drive; 5th Av, 2,148, w s, 20x75, prior mtg $10,000, Dec. 23, installments, 6 p. c.; address, party of the second part....$2,500

STEWART, John, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 46th St, 508 West, n s, 25x100.4, Dec. 23, due as per bond; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St....$16,000

MONEGHAN, Elizabeth J., to Henry Brady, 330 West 27th St; 18th St, 414 West, n s, 25.7x92, prior mtg $15,500, Dec. 23, 2 years, 5 p. c.; attorneys, Freyer & H., 141 Broadway....$1,500

RAPORT, Mathias, and Solomon Hirshkorn to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; Dawson St, n w s, 225 ft s w of Longwood Av, 25x100, Dec. 23, 5 years; address, 160 Broadway....$9,000

KRAUSS, Philip, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 18th St, 255 West, n s, 26x irregular, Dec. 23, 3 years, 5 p. c.; address, 160 Broadway....$8,400

HUMPHREYS, Edward W., to Jacob Stern, 58 East 58th St; 38th St, s s, 206.6 ft e of Madison Av, 18.6x98.9, Dec. 23, 3 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$52,500

READE, Walstein S., to Harris D. Colt, 14 East 60th St, and another, trustees; 3d Av, 289, e s, 21x75, Dec. 23, due Jan. 1, 1914; attorneys, Curtis, M., P. & C., 30 Broad St....$15,000

NETTEL, Sigmund, to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 34 Nassau St; 109th St, n s, 468.3 ft w of 11th Av, 50x86.7, Dec. 23, due as per bond; address, 34 Nassau St....$2,260

McDERMOTT, Luke, to Frederic de P. Foster, Tuxedo Park, N. Y.; 3d Av, 2,130, e s, 26x100, Dec. 23, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, F. de P. Foster, 44 Wall St....$15,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 92d St, 100x52.8, Jan. 2, 1900; Daniel B. Freedman to Henry A. C. Taylor, South Portsmouth, R. I.; Yorkshire Realty and Construction Co., 2,875 Broadway; Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St....$75,000

60TH ST, 109 West, n s, 100.5x25, Nov. 29, 1898; Andrew Strange and Jessie Strange, his wife, owners, 322 West 15th St, to Coleman Smith and the Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$17,500

2D AV, 1,973, w s, 25x100, Dec. 19, 1907; Theresa Michael, owner, 1,851 7th Av, to Frank H. Patteson, Lake Mahopac, N. Y., and William Nelson Cromwell, 12 West 49th St, executors, &c, of Hy. B. Patteson, deceased; Sullivan & Cromwell, 49 Wall St....$16,000

SUMMIT AV, 971, w s, 95x293, Dec. 23, 1907; The Kemp-Jones Realty Co., 35 Anderson Av, to Ambrose Spencer Murray, Jr., Goshen, Orange Co., N. Y., trustee for Dr. Robert Coleman Kemp and remaindermen, under will of Maria J. Kemp Cooke, deceased, owner; Hy. Massey, 971 Summit Av; Murray, Bennett & Ingersoll, 22 William St....$16,000

COLUMBIA ST, w s, 105.10 ft n of Broome St, 100x25.4, Dec. 8, 1886; Jacob Raichle and Sophie, his wife, to Frederick A. and Frances J. Schwab; owners, R. Hoe & Co., 504 Grand St; De Forest Brothers, 30 Broad St..$15,000

COLUMBIA ST, w s, 85.10 ft n of Broome St, 50x20x irregular, Dec. 8, 1886; same to same; owner and attorneys, same....$10,000

25TH ST, 316 East, s s, 25x98.9, Feb. 21, 1901; George M. Bruestle, unmarried, to East River Savings Institution, 280 Broadway; owner, Jacques B. Schlosser, 51 East 96th St; Michael C. Gross, 271 Broadway....$15,000

4TH ST, 108 and 110 East, s s, 50x96.2, Oct. 11, 1904; Isaac Grossman and Rosie, his wife; Charles Michael and Celia, his wife, to Charles Jacobs, 873 West 116th St; owner, Jacob Propos, 95 West 119th St; Manheim & Manheim, 302 Broadway....$20,000

87TH ST, 415 East, n s, 231 ft e of 1st Av, 100.8x25, Dec. 21, 1896; Frans Geyer and Maria, his wife, to Harriet W. Winslow and Theodore F. Jackson, trustees of John F. Winslow, deceased; owner, Mary Betz, on premises; Ernest H. Jackson, 891 Fulton St, Brooklyn....$11,000

103D ST, 303 West, n s, 100.11x20, Aug. 6, 1908; David Weidenschlag, owner, on premises, to Chelsea Realty Co.; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$9,500

111TH ST, 173 East, n s, 30x100.11, Jan. 22, 1891; John Furey to Carl Fischer; owner, Thomas F. Furey, 413 East 156th St; Rabe & Keller, 243 Broadway....$9,000

2D ST, 16 East, n s, 66.8x25x65.11x25, July 10, 1885; Joseph Glaser to Newman Cowen; owner, Virginia Glaser, 4,720 Evans Av, Chicago, Ill.; Simon M. Roeder, 119 Nassau St...$8,000

SAME PROPERTY, Feb. 26, 1907; Virginia Glaser of Chicago to Hugo Cohn, 19 Av A, executor, Rosa Scheffel; owner, party of the 1st part; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Av A....$1,000

22D ST, 419 East, n s, 98.9x31.6, Sept. 14, 1880; Redmond Forrestal to the New York Life Insurance Co., 346 Broadway; owners, Barnet Michalover, 47 Forsyth St, and Nathan Michalover, 304 East Broadway; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$8,500

22D ST, 421 East, n s, 98.9x31, Sept. 14, 1880; same to same; owner and attorney, same....$8,500

165TH ST, s s, 60 ft w of Cauldwell Av, 120x25, Dec. 15, 1906; Katherine M. Tiernan to Louis and Maria Kucera, owner; Rose G. Cornell, 586 East 165th St; Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$7,000

WEST END AV, 666, e s, 19x80, Nov. 12, 1906; Ellen M. Haas, owner, on premises, to Berthold Hochschild, 565 West End Av; Eugene Blumenthal, 32 Broadway....$7,000

MADISON ST, 95, n s, 25x100, June 15, 1906; Samuel Ashman to Margaretha Hein and Blanche Wesselman; party of the 1st part, 55 East 11th St; Wesselman & Kraus, 55 Liberty St....$7,000

VYSE AV, e s, 50 ft s of 172d St, 100x50, Oct. 4, 1909; Gertrude Hotts to Arnold and Susanna Timmerhans, 2,123 Gleason Av; satisfaction by Jackson Associates, 1,282 Southern Boulevard; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,600

UNION AV, w s, 25 ft n of 147th St, 275x100, Feb. 11, 1909; Joseph Cucurullo, unmarried, to George J. Brown; owner, Charles Monday, 308 East 50th St; Elmer G. Sammis, 56 Pine St....$5,000

LIND AV, s e s, 455.7 ft n e of Devoe St, 81x26x84x26.6; Michael H. Haffey and Mary, his wife, owners, 62 West 107th St, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

2D AV, 1,973, w s, 100x25, April 1, 1903; Julius Braun and Jennie, his wife, to Katie Henning; owner, Theresa Michael, 1,851 7th Av; R. Dudensing, 156 Broadway....$2,500

LUDLOW ST, 75, 87.6 ft s of Broome St, 87.6x25, Oct. 14, 1909; Theodore Polumbo and Eliza, his wife, to Freehold Construction Co.; Shapiro & Levy, 119 Nassau St..$2,270

MORTGAGE on lease, June 14, 1909; Harry Feldman and Isaac Lesinger to Carl Schulz; Louis Sachs, 2 Rector St....$1,345

4TH ST, West, s e corner of Perry St, 73x50, June 27, 1910; David Eliovich and Paulina, his wife, to Jacob Busch, 1,035 Faile St; Samuel Zipitz, 151 East Broadway...$1,200

2D AV, n w corner of 5th St, 89x30, Oct. 1, 1909; Damiano and Vincenzo Pizzo to Melrose Realty Co., 2,775 Webster Av; Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$360

LOT 74, map building lots in 24th Ward, near Williamsbridge Station, New York & Harlem Railroad, Dec. 11, 1905; A. Thatzkin & Sons, incorporated, to Sophie Duden; Herman Duden, Bronxville Park, Yonkers, N. Y.....$475

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

BROOME ST, 44½ to 46, all; John H. Henshaw to Bernard Waldinger, 3 years, from Oct. 1, 1910, (Sept. 28, 1910;) attorney, A. W. Wadlinger, 361 East 3d St....$2,925

22D ST, 150 and 154 West, store and basement; Marmac Construction Co. to Louis Scher, 34 West 17th St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1911; attorney, Herman Kahn, 170 Broadway....$4,050

174TH ST, 490 East, all; Aznio Assarion to Isaac Levine, 21 East 98th St, 3 years, from Jan. 5, 1911; attorney, Hamburger & G., 73 Nassau St....$684

8TH AV, 401, all; Annie Miller et al., heirs, &c., Anthony W. Miller, to Frederick Liegibel, 3 years, from May 1, 1912, (Aug. 22, 1910;) attorneys, Fitch, Mott & Grant, 32 Nassau St....$4,000

117TH ST, 538 and 540 East, basement stores; Szerana Reitman to Stephen Huath, 540 E. 117th St, 5 years, from May 1, 1911; attorney, Louis D. Frohlich, 140 Nassau St.....$900

40TH ST, n s, 325 ft w of 11th Av, 105x98.9; 50th St, n s, 450 ft w of 11th Av, 75x98.9, all; Charles S. Appleby to Frederick Figge, Sr., at Freeport, L. I.; Charles Hutwelker, 455 7th St, Brooklyn, and Alex. Figge, Freeport, L. I., 15 years, from May 1, 1915; attorney, E. T. Harwill, 215 Montague St, Brooklyn; taxes, &c., and not less than $3,600

Mechanics' Liens.

116TH ST, 610 West; Joseph A. Cansonery against Larkin-Thompson Realty Co., owner and contractor....$700

PELHAM AV, 613 to 617; Robert A. Nolan against Joseph Levoli, owner and contractor....$790

16TH ST, 128 East; Rose & Van Buren against Lewis Levussove, owner and contractor....$1,857

165TH ST, n s, 42.1 ft w of Summit Av, 34.2x112.7; Lass & Netusak against William Schlichter, owner; J. Spearing & Son, contractors....$345

MULBERRY ST, 73; Alberene Stone Co. against Raffaele Prisco, owner; Luigi Russo, contractor....$100

129TH ST, 122 West; Canton Steel Ceiling Co. against Congregational Hope of Israel, owner and contractor....$300

BROOK AV, n e corner of 170th St, 50x100; Alessandro Medici against W. F. Lennon Construction Co., owner and contractor....$270

141ST ST, 101 West; Poletto Bros. against Joseph Golding Realty Co., owner and contractor....$2,910

GREENWICH ST, 402 and 404; Union Fibre Co. against Greenwich Cold Storage Co., owner and contractor....$2,385

SAME property; Karl Wegemann against same....$536

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 177th St, 100x100; John J. Kelly against Heightstown Construction Co., owner and contractor..$4,200

MOTT AV, s e corner of 144th St, 100x100; same against Handy Realty Co., owner and contractor....$1,800

16TH ST, 114 and 116 East; R. J. Donovan Co. against Second Manhattan Office Building Co., owner; Bliss & Griffith, contractors....$800

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 176th St, 99.11x100; Maxwell & Dempsey, Inc., against Granite Construction Co., owner and contractor....$550

FREEMAN ST, s e corner of Southern Boulevard, 100x50; Thomas C. Edmonds & Co. against Mabel E. Ernhaut, owner; Roth Construction Co., contractor; Philip H. Krausch, sub-contractor....$775

74TH ST, 406 East; Morris Kirschenbaum against John Heller, owner; Annie Reisman and Hyman Reisman, contractors....$60

WEBSTER AV, w s, 225.4 ft n of 179th St, 75x100; Charles H. Schumann against Isaac Chaitin, owner and contractor....$200

125TH ST, 454 West; Raffall Tkotch against Morris Weiss, owner and contractor.....$122

21ST ST, 43 West; Faxton & Brose against Charles J. Gould, owner; Remmos Construction Co., lessee and contractor....$200

MADISON AV, 1,992; Gersman & Lozner, Inc., against Mary C. Therry, owner; Theodore Hagemann, contractor....$70

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

147TH ST, n s, 50 ft w of Concord Av; Abraham L. Lowenstein against Cullo & Co. et al., Dec. 13, 1910, (by deposit)....$85

JEFFERSON ST, 33; Morris Hochberg against Louis Shulsky Co. et al., Sept. 13, 1910...$465

27TH ST, 242 West; Rocker Brothers against Joseph Strout et al., Sept. 27, 1910....$150

BROADWAY, 1,480 to 1,490; Waterproofing Co. against Mary A. Fitzgerald et al., Oct. 25, 1910....$11,146

SAME PROPERTY; McNulty Brothers against same, Oct. 26, 1910....$26,595

SAME PROPERTY; Richey, Browne & Donald, Inc., against same, Oct. 25, 1910, (by bond)....$26,750

SAME PROPERTY; Thomas S. Moran against same, Dec. 19, 1910, (by bond)....$80

SAME PROPERTY; Sargent & Co. against same, Oct 25, 1910, (by bond)....$3,731

SAME PROPERTY; Hull-Grippen & Co. against same, Oct 25, 1910, (by bond)..$813

SAME PROPERTY; John W. Rapp Co. against same, Oct. 25, 1910, (by bond)....$5,809

SAME PROPERTY; Levy & Gilliland Co. against same, Nov. 5, 1910, (by bond)....$200

SAME PROPERTY; H. W. Palen's Sons against same, Oct. 24, 1910, (by bond).$18,598

SAME PROPERTY; Pittsburg Plate Glass Co. against same, Oct. 24, 1910, (by bond).$7,500

SAME PROPERTY; George H. Storm Co. against same, Oct. 27, 1910, (by bond)..$1,857

SAME PROPERTY; Vermont Marble Co. against same, Oct. 28, 1910, (by bond)....$877

SAME PROPERTY; National Fireproofing Co. against same, Oct. 24, 1910, (by bond)..$3,977

SAME PROPERTY; A. W. Burritt Co. against same, Nov. 10, 1910, (by bond)....$2,973

SAME PROPERTY; J. F. Blanchard Co. against same, Oct. 27, 1910, (by bond)...$650

SAME PROPERTY; Sayre & Fusher Co. against same, Oct. 25, 1910, (by bond)..$902

SAME PROPERTY; Houghtaling & Wittpenn against same, Nov. 12, 1910, (by bond).$1,291

SAME PROPERTY; Peter McKay against same, Oct. 25, 1910, (by bond)....$5,925

SAME PROPERTY; Keystone Fireproofing Co. against same, Oct. 20, 1910, (by bond)....$2,909

SAME PROPERTY; Manhattan Sand Co. against same, Dec. 13, 1910, (by bond)...$223

SAME PROPERTY; Atlantic Terra Cotta Co. against same, Oct. 25, 1910, (by bond).$35,898

SAME PROPERTY; E. Keeler Co. against same, Dec. 20, 1910, (by bond)....$1,910

SAME PROPERTY; A. Schwoerer & Sons, Inc., against same, Nov. 7, 1910, (by bond)....$2,818

SAME PROPERTY; Levering & Garrigues Co. against same, Oct. 25, 1910, (by bond)....$12,840

EVELYN PLACE, n e corner of Davidson Av; Antonio D'Angelo against Frank Ten Brook et al., Dec. 12, 1910....$3,250

Lis Pendens.

DELANCEY ST, 154, and Rivington St, 158; Isabella A. Sigrist against Josephine Kammerer and others, (partition;) attorney, J. P. Niemann.

THOMPSON ST, 29½ to 37; Watts St, s s, 70.9 ft w of Thompson St, 26.2x23.9x8.1; Thompson St, w s, 150 ft s of Broome St, runs w 104x s 75x e 8x n 58x n e 13x e 88 to Thompson St x n 9 to beginning; Colson E. Hamilton against Margaret L. Secor and others, (action to set aside conveyance;) attorney, C. T. Terry.

25TH ST, s s, 123 ft e of 6th Av, 27.6x98.9; Elizabeth B. Grannis against Alcourt Realty Co. and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. G. Whaley.

WEBSTER AV, 1,522 and 1,524; Samuel Hess against Lena Simon and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Brand.

10TH ST, n s, 381.4 ft e of 6th Av, 24.6x94.10; Frederick H. Cleaveland against Jeanie M. Levee, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Guernsey & Guernsey.

MAGENTA ST n s, whole front between White Plains Road and Olinville Av, —x100; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 89 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 150x100; Gun Hill Road, s s, 50 ft w of Bronx Boulevard, 50x89; John MacNamara against Matthew MacNamara and others, (partition;) attorney, J. R. Halsey.

COLUMBIA ST, 75½; David Levy against Beckie Koppelman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Reiss & Reiss.

WALTON AV, w s, 208 ft s of 183d St, 20x95; Maria Eggers against Bedford Park Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. C. Hirleman.

165TH ST, n s, 42.2 ft w of Summit Av, 30x100; Hudson Woodworking Co. against William Schlichter and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, E. H. Kelly.

123D ST, 214 and 216 East; Philip Schulang against Abram Perelman and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lese & Connolly.

229TH ST, s e corner of 3d St, 52.6x114; John H. Post against Teresina Dursie and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Dutton & Kilsheimer.

86TH ST, 230 to 240 East, six actions; George F. Johnson against William Jasie and others, (foreclosure of six mortgages;) attorneys, Ferriss, Roeser & Storck.

FORDHAM ROAD, s e corner of Loring Place, 44.2x90.6; Rudolph F. Knockenhauer and others against Alma L. Merritt, now Kayser, and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Appell & Taylor.

21ST ST, 48 West; Joseph Foxtow and others against Remmos Construction Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, M. D. Moss.

MADISON AV, s e corner of 53d St, 100.5x47.9; Fort Amsterdam Realty Co. against St. Catherine Corporation and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. G. Holstein.

Building Loan Contracts.

KELLY ST, w s, 125 ft s of Westchester Av, 40.5x100; Longchester Realty Co. loans Burnett-Weil Construction Co....$27,000

MONROE AV, n e corner of 174th St, 25x95; Paragon Mortgage Co. loans Frederick Weller, Jr., and Ernest L. Meeker....$22,500

WILKINS AV, e s, 500 ft n of 170th St, 50x100; Prospect Investing Co. loans Charles Herrman & Co....$35,000

MAPES AV, n w s, Lot 130, map of village of East Tremont, Bronx; same loans John Violanti Realty Co....$50,000

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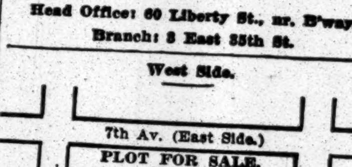

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LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of NAUMBURG PRINCE CO. for authority to change its name to PRINCE LAUTEN CO.

Notice is hereby given that the Naumburg, Prince Co., a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City of New York, County of New York, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, State of New York, on the 16th day of January, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that date, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to Prince Lauten Co.

Dated, New York, December 13, 1910.

NAUMBURG PRINCE CO.,
By J. PRINCE, President.

THEODORE PRINCE, Attorney for Petitioner. Office and Post Office address, Fifteen William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, Dec. 28th, 1910
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS ESTATE OF
MARY L. MORRISON.
$1,000 Canada Southern Rway Co. 2d Mtge. 5 p. c. Bd., due March 1913.
$1,000 Evansville & Terre Haute R. R. Co. 1st Consid. Mtge. 6 p. c. Bd., due Jany., 1911.
$1,000 Ulster & Delaware R. R. Co. 1st Consid. Mtge. 5 p. c. Bd., due 1928.
5 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
8 shs. National Bank of Commerce.
8 shs. Mechanics & Metals Natl. Bank.
4 shs. Chatham National Bank.
8 shs. Corn Exchange Bank.
22 shs. Delaware & Hudson Co.
BY ORDER OF TRUSTEE ESTATE OF M. E. HUTCHINSON.
100 shs. Cleveland & Pittsburg R. R. Co.
$1,000 Wabash R. R. 2d Mtge. 5 p. c. Bd. 1939.
27 shs. Utica Steam & Mohawk Valley Cotton Mills.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATORS.
$1,000 North Carolina Special Tax Bond, Ctf. of Deposit.
$3,000 Montana Coal & Coke Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1920.
BY ORDER OF REFEREE IN BANKRUPTCY.
30 shs. York Silk Mills Co.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
20 shs. Lackawanna Steel Co.
$10,000 Standard Milling Co. 5 p. c. Bds., due 1930.
30 shs. Ostrander Fire Brick Co.
75 shs. Tripler Liquid Air Co.
$10,000 Wisconsin, Minnesota & Pacific R. R. 1st 4s, 1950.
10,000 shs. Nevada United Mines Co.
$2,000 Criterion Club, City of New York, 1st Mtge. 4 p. c. Regstd. Bd., on 683 5th Avenue, due 1954.
$4,000 Chic. & Eastern Illinois R. R. Consol. 6s, 1934.
$3,000 Chic. & Eastern Illinois R. R. 1st Extn. 6s, 1931.
$3,000 Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg R. R. Lincoln Park & Charlotte 1st 5s, 1939.
$16,000 Baltimore & Harrisburg Ry. 1st 5s, 1936.
8,000 shs. Colville Mining & Smelting Co.
4,000 shs. Colville Mining & Smelting Co.
66 shs. Tabard Inn Corporation Prefd.
89 shs. Tabard Inn Corporation common.
135 shs. First National Bank of Paint Rock, Texas.
490 shs. Miller Mining Co.
87 shs. Bleecker St. & Fulton Ferry R. R. Guar. 1½ p. c.
900 shs. United Copper Co. Prefd.
20 shs. Aeolian-Weber Piano & Pianola Co. Pfd.
20 shs. Queens County Trust Co.
25 shs. Broadway Trust Co. of N. Y.
$10,000 Sturtevant Realty Co. 2d Mtge. Bonds.

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	Original Cost.	Our Price.
Steinway Upright	$650	$300
Christman Upright	550	275
Estey Upright	500	225
Sohmer Upright	450	175
Weber Upright	425	150
Mason & Hamlin Upright	475	200
Haynes Upright	350	150
Chickering Upright	400	100
Erard Upright	250	65

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BUSINESS TROUBLES

IRVING WORTHMAN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Irving Worthman, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 647 Third Avenue, show liabilities of $6,448 and assets of $2,704, consisting of stock, $2,400; fixtures, $300, and cash in bank, $4. The largest creditor is Gustave Lebett, $3,500.

BENJAMIN LEWKOWITZ.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Benjamin Lewkowitz, furrier, at 19 East Eighth Street, show liabilities of $10,808 and assets of $2,771, consisting of stock, $300; fixtures, $150; accounts, $283; equity in assigned accounts, $38, and 200 penny slot peanut machines scattered about in Newark, N. J.

JOHN J. WILSON.—John J. Wilson, bathing contractor, of 1,358 Lyman Place, the Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,602 and no assets. He was formerly a partner in the firm of Murray & Wilson, which has been dissolved, and of the liabilities $1,045 is a firm debt and $557 are personal debts.

HUNTER CLOTHING COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Joseph Dorf, doing business as the Hunter Company, clothing dealer, at 2,141 and 2,336 Third Avenue, show liabilities of $15,083 and assets of $6,200, consisting of stock, $6,000, and fixtures, $200. He also has 4,997 shares of stock of the Breathe-Rite Company, par value $49,770, no actual value as the company is insolvent and has been out of business for two years.

HARTWELL STAFFORD.—Hartwell Stafford, advertising solicitor and publisher, of 154 Nassau Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,539 and assets of $3,528, consisting of notes, $396; accounts, $2,432; claims, $600, and copyright of "Greater New York Men of Affairs," $100. The debts are for merchandise, rent, printing, telephone services, bond and mortgage, &c. Among the creditors are Robert Kiesewetter, Jersey City, $4,000, secured; Nassau Bank, $1,000, secured; Baird-Cavan Publishing Company, Nashville, Tenn., $2,000, and the Concalamated Order of the Hoo Hoo, Nashville, $1.97 dues.

ISAAC L. BARNETT.—Isaac L. Barnett, a merchant living at 146 West Eighty-second Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $67,862 and no unavailable assets. He had some shares of stock in the old corporation of Barnett Brothers, which went into liquidation, but they were pledged. Among the creditors are the estate of Helen S. McLean, $16,500, secured to the extent of $500; Annie N. Barnett, $12,500, secured for $1,500; Dora G. Barnett, Pensacola, Fla., $4,875; Barnett Brothers, $6,799; Lincoln Trust Co., $9,374; Lord & Taylor, $4,562; Mills & Gibb, $4,562; G. Sidenberg & Co., $4,562, and Lizzie H. Dreyer, $4,125. Mr. Barnett has been in the dry goods business for thirty years and was President of the corporation of Barnett Brothers.

THOMAS H. McKEE.—Thomas H. McKee, a lawyer living at 20 West 101st Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $7,808 and assets of $488 in claims for services and a loan. This is his second petition. The first one was filed on May 20, 1910, and was withdrawn in Sept. 21 because he stated that he wished to pay his debts in full, having come to an arrangement with his principal creditor, Julia H. Emery, for installment payments of her claim, and he desired to avoid the stigma of bankruptcy. The liabilities in the first petition were $57,443, of which $50,000 was a claim against him by Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall for libel. In the second petition no figure is given for this claim, and it is stated that the claim is unliquidated. Julia H. Emery of White Sulphur Springs, Mon., is a creditor for $6,104 on stock transactions and for money loaned. The other debts are for legal services, doctor's bill, rent, and stationery. The libel suit was on account of an article in The Broadway Magazine when Mr. McKee was connected with it in 1907.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Bugbee, Dana J.—W. I. Overstreet, $418.
Bowman, Myrtle—M. Raimon et al, $317.
Barshatky, John or Barshutz—B. Kalina, $143.
Borst, John—D. Mapes, Jr., $114.
Brown, Joseph G.—Ludwig Baumann & Co., $102.
Ball, Louise M.—J. P. Nolan, $121.
Bieber, Henry—H. Kuestner et al, costs, $106.
Campbell, Walter G.—Colonial Bank, $2,121.
Cruikshank, Clarence D., et al.—Eben S. Martin Co., $405.
Citron, Nathan & Herman—M. Friedlander et al, $1,213.
Cohn, Hulda—W. Mellis, $508.
Connolly, John F., et al.—Tribune Association, $2,385.
Crucito, Francesco—M. Campiglia, $110.
Clark, Edward S.—E. Clary, $11,162.
DeAndrade, Alfred—E. P. Crissman, $184.
Dupont, Joseph E.—J. A. Lefaivre, $1,109.
Dominik, Paul—G. F. Wilhelm, $479.
Dollin, Edgar N., et al.—Tribune Association, $2,385.
Doff, Samuel—Brooklyn, Queens County Suburban R. R. Co., $128.
Gleeckman, Louis, et al.—D. Kwitman et al., $143.
Gingold, Joseph, et al—People, &c., $300.
Hess, Henry—S. Shuter, $102.
Hayner, Herman J.—S. L. Havey et al., $108.
Hendrickson, Christiana—G. A. Austin, costs, $255.
Hirschberg, Henry, et al.—Tribune Association, $2,385.
Hill, Henry L.—E. Maringer, $1,668.
Jennings, William S.—G. A. Beauvelt, $482.
Kunkel, Henry—G. P. Reinhardt, $776.
Keenan, Rose, (not summoned,) et al.—M. Whalen, $227.
Korman, Louis J.—Oliphant Steel & Iron Co., $255.
Keenan, John T.—Hudson & Manhattan R. R. Co., $726.
Kaplan, Samuel—H. Pomrinse, $79.
Katz, Louis, et al.—D. Kivitman et al., $143.
Klein, Henry—A. Rabinowitz, $134.
Krause, Laura—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., $142.
Last, Bernard—S. Cooperman, $122.
Lubelsky, Louis Y.—B. Frankenfelder et al., $142.
Loffredo, Giuseppe—R. Capo, $2,115.
Leach, Charles N., et al.—Eben S. Martin Co., $405.
Lauhentracht, George, et al.—Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of N. Y., $206.
Laskey, Henry B.—W. H. Wheeler, $278.
Levin, Harry—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $359.
Same—Same, $322.
Moore, John J. and John D., et al.—Long Acre Electric Light and Power Co., costs, $193.
Martigrano, Natale—C. Norriggia, $300.
Mandeltort, David—A. Gardner, $7,077.
Matthews, Robert V.—E. L. Mohn Coal and Iron Co., $414.
Marks, Israel, et al.—G. R. Comrie, $669.
McCloy, Joseph F., et al.—Tribune Assn., $2,385.
McCahill, Thomas—R. Peyton, $245.
Nichols, William E., et al.—Northern Bank of N. Y., $2,241.
Patterson, Patrick J.—K. Fitzgerald, $7,479.
Pecharsky, Moses—R. G. Yaguston, $184.
Pierson, Charles G.—W. D. Putnam, $122.
Prisco, Pasquale, (guardian)—Degnon Contracting Co., costs, $193.
Robichon, Hextor A., committee—M. Whalen, $227.
Rosh, Max—American Bonding Co. of Baltimore, $803.
Riley, Charles F.—F. Westheiner et al., $131.
Riley, Margaret—Ludwig Baumann & Co., $419.
Rogers, Harry, et al.—People, &c., $300.
Rosenbaum, Charles—Nassau Electric R. R. Co., costs, $116.
Rabin, Issedor—Brooklyn Union Elevated R. R. Co., costs, $149.
Rothenberg, Levi, Samuel, and Marks, et al.—G. R. Comrie, $669.
Sasso, Albertino—F. Vols, $388.
Stadler, Charles—B. Wilensky, $162.
Slevin, Charles E.—B. Fox, $250.
Sayler, Austin C.—Stationers' Board of Trade, $361.
Straub, Frank—A. J. L. Dolon, $147.
Schwartz, Toplas—S. Baxter, $147.
Spiegel, Louis—S. Weingart, $226.
Shafer, Walter—Ludwig Baumann & Co., $146.
Stack, Augusta—J. Koster, $175.
Tucker, George A.—J. L. Elliott, costs, $109.
Taylor, Jacob—W. F. Gillies et al., $2,030.
Vlachos, Apostale—G. B. Tripler, $145.
Wolfsohn, Clara—Komarow & Silverman, $105.
Walsh, Avery M.—Thatcher Furnace Co., $254.
Warsheuer, Joseph—J. Jordan et al., $167.
Wolfsrath, William H., (not summoned,) et al.—Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York, $206.
Wiedenfeld, Camille—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $162.
Wolfe, Joseph C.—R. Rosenberg, $187.
Weinfeld, Wolf, et al.—Harmon, Fardow & Lowenstein, $221.
James Murtaugh Co.—L. Appell, $185.
St. Nicholas Construction Co.—Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Co., $305.
Katonah Construction Co.—F. X. Keil, $471.
Elmohar Co.—P. Felix, $454.
Universal Standard Electric Co.—L. Schmidt, $227.
Anti-Monopoly Light and Power Co. et al.—Long Acre Electric Light and Power Co., costs, $193.
Imperial Road Co. et al.—Northern Bank of New York, $2,241.
James H. Davidson, Inc.—F. Lyons, $194.
Associated Independent Film Manufacturers—J. Manheimer, $519.
Arizona Morenci Copper Co.—T. D. Garrett, $4,207.
Maryland Tidewater Coal Co.—A. E. Seliger, $685.
G. & W. Manufacturing Co. et al.—J. B. Currie et al., $1,389.
Casey O'Brien Co.—Wotherspoon Plaster Mills, $118.
Hudson Live Poultry Co., (not summoned) et al.—Harmon, Fardow & Lowenstein, $221.
West End Hotel Co.—City of New York, $1,040.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second is that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Associated Lumber Co.—R. W. Branson, Nov. 16, 1910, $365.
Ackson, Samuel—J. Auerbach, Dec. 5, 1910, $136.
Butterly, George P.—A. C. Waeterling, Feb. 25, 1908, $164.
Bemak, Louis—John B. Stetson Co., July 10, 1897, $523.
Same—N. A. Merritt, July 15, 1897, $312.
Comisky, Charles, Marshall, &c.—Egyptian Flag Cigarette Co., April 20, 1908, $220.
Crompton, William—A. E. Ommen, Feb. 18, 1908, $534.
Hall, Louis R.—V. W. Hall, Dec. 7, 1910, $5,911.
Hand, John W.—J. W. Schelpert, July 30, 1909, $114.
Jones, Nettie J. and Cyrus P.—M. A. Lazareff, Oct. 11, 1910, $140.
Kelly, John W.—G. C. Gross, Dec. 2, 1910, $119.
Levine, Hyman—J. Fishbein et al., May 6, 1910, $110.
Lummis, Samuel H.—S. Spingarn, Dec. 14, 1910, $139.
Mooney, Thomas J. and John E. Duffy—S. A. Israel, Jan. 19, 1910, $402.
Shallick, Dora—A. Pearlberg et al., Oct. 29, 1908, $131.
Cincinnati Abattoir Co.—R. Heiser, May 4, 1910, (reversed,) $8,422.
Lyttle, Samuel—City of N. Y., June 2, 1910, (vacated,) $194.
Golde & Cohen—City of N. Y., March 18, 1909, (vacated,) $382

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 271 business failures in the United States during the week against 290 for the previous week, and 264, 196, 248, and 161 for the corresponding week of 1909 to 1906. The Middle States had eighty-three, New England twenty-six, Southern sixty-five, Western fifty-three, Northwestern seventeen, Far West twenty-five, and Territories two. Canada had twenty-seven against thirty-two for the preceding week. About 84 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less and 9 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Capt. A. F. Casad, Capt. M. McCloskey, Ordnance, to Fort Morgan and Fort Gaines, Ala., to inspect armament and proof firing of twelve inch mortar carriages.

Capt. M. McCloskey, Fourth Field Artillery, to West Point for duty at Military Academy.

Capt. C. P. Summerall, Second Field Artillery, relieved from duty at Military Academy, proceed to San Francisco and take transport May 5 for the Philippines.

Capt. H. A. Sievert, to Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., and report to Cavalry Equipment Board to demonstrate and explain principles of a saddle designed by him.

Capt. M. S. Battle, Coast Artillery, detailed for general recruiting service; proceed to Columbus Barracks, Ohio, for instruction for ten days, thence to Roanoke, Va., relieving First Lieut. N. P. Rogers, Jr., Coast Artillery, who will proceed to Fort Logan, Colo., for temporary duty, thence to Salt Lake for recruit duty.

Lieut. Col. A. Cronkhite, Coast Artillery, to Washington for conference with Chief of Staff.

Major W. M. Wright, Eighth Infantry, detailed to vacancy in adjutant general's department, March 12, vice Major C. M. Truitt, assigned to Eighth Infantry. Major Wright will proceed to San Francisco and take transport May 5 for the Philippines for duty with Philippines Division. Major A. Campbell, Coast Artillery, detailed to Adjutant General's Department, April 13, vice Major S. S. Jordan. Major Campbell will proceed to San Francisco for duty with Department of California. He will stand relieved from duty at Department of California at such time as will enable him to proceed on transport May 5 for Honolulu, Hawaii, for duty with District of Hawaii.

Major D. J. Baker, Jr., Eleventh Infantry, detailed to Adjutant General's Department May 31, vice Major W. H. Sage, Adjutant General, relieved and assigned to Eleventh Infantry. Major Sage will proceed to join regiment to which assigned. Major Baker will report to commanding general, Department of the Lakes for duty in office of the Adjutant General of that department. He will take transport from San Francisco May 5 for the Philippines for duty with Philippines Division.

The Navy.

Commander W. A. Edgar, to the Wilmington.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Ajax at Norfolk; Culgoa at Gravesend; Potomac at Santiago de Cuba; Caesar at Portsmouth, N. H.

Sailed—Solace from San Juan for Pointe-a-Pitre, Guadeloupe; Marietta from Guantanamo for Kingston, Jamaica.

The Patapsco has been ordered to proceed to Navy Yard, New York.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Peter Wynne, an infant, &c., respondent, vs. Borden's Condensed Milk Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Edith Faurie, respondent, vs. Harry Lazelle, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The Salvation Army in the United States respondent, vs. The American Salvation Army, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs on authority of Salvation Army in the United States vs. American Salvation Army, (135 App. Div., 268.) Order filed.

Curtis Blaisdell Company, plaintiff, vs. Frank H. Chapman, defendant.—Exceptions overruled and judgment ordered for plaintiff on the verdict, with costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

William F. Easley, respondent, vs. Max Loewenstein, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Rawson L. Wood et al., respondents, vs. Herbert S. Harvey, as Sheriff, &c., appellant.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiffs stipulate to reduce verdict to $275 with interest from date of entry of judgment, May 13, 1909, in which event the judgment as so reduced and the order appealed from will be affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Valesca Jellison, respondent, vs. The City of New York et al., appellants.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel Daniel W. Clare, respondent, vs. Kitty Smith, appellant.—Order affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Evangelican Lutheran Church of the Epiphany, plaintiff, vs. Charles F. Rabell et al., defendants.—Judgment ordered for defendant, with costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Rateau Sales Company.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Claudia T. Wheeler, respondent, vs. Albert G. Wheeler, Jr., appellant.—Order modified as directed in opinion and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

Alice S. Davenport, respondent, vs. Harry G. B. Davenport, appellant.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Mary Berardini, respondent, vs. Michael Berardini, appellant.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Oredr filed.

Jennie L. Doebler, appellant, vs. C. Frank Doebler, respondent.—Order affirmed without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Constance C. B. Latham, respondent, vs. Frederick G. Latham, appellant.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Mary Lawrence, respondent, vs. James H. Lawrence, appellant.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Ida C. Bracher, respondent, vs. Losier Motor Co. of N. Y., appellant.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles Goldsier as receiver, &c., respondent, vs. Joseph Foerst et al., appellants. Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Elsek Korn et al., respondents, vs. Max Lipman et al., appellants.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements on the authority of Gay v. Ulrichs (136 App. Div., 809.) Ingraham, P. J., dissenting. Dissenting memorandum by Ingraham, P. J. Order filed.

Apollo Woolen Mills, appellant, vs. William T. Stearns, respondent.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Mary Hilz, as administratrix, &c., respondent, vs. Baker, Smith & Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

People vs. Emilio Dicicio. Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

People vs. Frank Giamanco. Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

People vs. Joseph Morrison. Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

People ex rel. Saul Flaum vs. Warden of City Prison. Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

Matter of Arax H. Tavshanjian as general guardian, &c. Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

Matter of Arax H. Tavshanjian as general guardian, &c. Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

Hermann G. Von Rodenstein vs. Herbert W. Noble et al. Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Georgiana H. Salter vs. Henry R. Drowne et al.—Motion denied. Order filed.

Margaretha Nickel, as administratrix, vs. Frederick Ayer. Motion denied. Order filed.

Matter of Georgiana M. Amiden, as executrix, &c.—Motion granted unless appellant company comply with terms stated in order.

Tobias Schwarts vs. Samuel Klar et al.—Motion granted unless appellant's company comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Ferdinand Siegel et al., vs. Benjamin Hillman.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

People vs. Belle Moore.—Motion granted and case set down for Jan. 3, 1911.

Solomon Brill vs. Rudolph P. Miller et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

William Fox vs. Automatic Vaudeville Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Emma N. Tiffany vs. Ida Hess, as executrix, &c.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Francis J. Lambert vs. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Matter of Charles H. Kirk et al., &c.; matter of George Stolz et al., &c.; matter of Michael Brennan et al., &c.; matter of Pauline Haebler et al., &c.; matter of Henrietta Bartow et al., &c.; matter of William Walsh, &c.; matter of Mary E. Hand, individually, &c., as executrix, &c.; matter of Alicia A. Hentze et al., &c.; matter of Edward Jennings et al., &c.—Motions granted; time extended for one year. Settle order on notice.

Norbert B. Kates, appellant-respondent, vs. Gustav Bok et al., respondents-appellants.—Order of March 15, 1910, modified, as directed in opinion, and, as modified, affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements to plaintiff. Order denying motion for rehearing affirmed, with $10 costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Gertrude L. Moore vs. Henry G. Moore.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Same vs. same.—Motion for a stay denied, with $10 costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Amend, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S. Will for probate—Genefera Maier.

CITY COURT—Chambers.—McAvoy, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed, New York.

SUPREME COURT.—Amend, J.—Kirk v. Garsony, (2)—Alfred B. Jaworower.

Receivers Appointed, New York.

SUPREME COURT.—Amend, J.—Samuel Hess v. Lena Simon—Morris Goldfein. Maria Eggers v. Bedford Park Con. Co.—John Eggers.

SUPREME COURT.—Page J.—Michele Pinta v. Vincenzo De Vito—Alfred U. Giallorenzi.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. Tucker, flowers; M. G. Wiener, silks and laces; 621 Broadway.

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Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. M. O'Farrell, dress goods, silks, and cloths; 115 Worth Street.

Phillips Shirt Company, Atlanta, Ga.; C. Phillips, shirts; Hotel Grand.

Hodges Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; D. Larrabee, general merchandise; Hotel Grand.

Emporium Department Store, Portland, Ore.; J. E. Solomon, millinery and ready to wear; Hotel Imperial.

Williams, Y. B., Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; G. B. Williams, furnishing goods, hosiery, and gloves; Hotel Broztell.

SALESMEN.—A well-established house making a specialty of misses' and children's fur sets is open to engage salesmen for East and West; satisfactory arrangement made with right parties; will also consider proposition as side line. N 26 Times.

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N. Jannelli, 324 East 14th St. (Imported.)
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HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, Importer, 87-89 University Place.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 43 Franklin.
NECKWEAR Men's.
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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ELIZABETH C. TOAL, Plaintiff, against MADELEINE FISHER, Alfred Weiss, Ernest F. W. Havermeyer, Janet Dawson, and any other heirs, devisees or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, the grantee named in a certain deed of the premises described in the complaint, and their successors in interest or estate, the persons designated as any other heirs, devisees, or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, being unknown to the plaintiff, and the wives, if any there be, of such heirs, devisees, or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, defendants.—Amended Summons:

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the amended complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the said amended complaint.

Dated New York, October 27th, 1910.

MURRAY, WEED & HARNED,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Office and Post Office address, No. 154 Nassau St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendants, Madeleine Fisher, Janet Dawson, and any other heirs, devisees, or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, the grantee named in a certain deed of the premises described in the complaint, and their successors in interest or estate, the persons designated as any other heirs, devisees or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, being unknown to the plaintiff, and the wives, if any there be, of such heirs, devisees, or grantees of John Simonson, deceased.

The foregoing amended summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Vernon M Davis, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 29th day of November, 1910, and filed with the original summons and complaint and original amended summons and complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, December 1st, 1910.

MURRAY, WEED & HARNED,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
No. 154 Nassau St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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ON THE EAST COAST OF FLORIDA

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JACOB LOEWENBERG, trading as THE STAR CLOTHING CO., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 14,428.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Pursuant to an order of this court, the assets of the above estate will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, on the premises of the bankrupt, Nos. 90-92 Bowery, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Friday, December 30th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold consists of men's suits and overcoats; counters, tables, cashier's desk, store fittings and fixtures, together with all the right, title, and interest of Hamilton M. Dawes, receiver of, in, and to the unexpired term of the lease of said premises.

The said property may be inspected on the premises any week day prior to the day of sale, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M. and 2 and 4 P. M.

Information concerning the lease may be obtained from the undersigned or his counsel.

HAMILTON M. DAWES, Receiver.
H. LINSLY JOHNSON, Attorney for Receiver, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRIS & COMPANY, Bankrupts.

By order of this Court the assets of this estate, consisting of rolls of woolens, worsteds, and other suiting, uncalled for suits, samples, &c., also fixtures, will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Official Auctioneer, at his warehouse, No. 118 Leonard Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 29th day of December, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and immediately after such sale, will sell at 1,361 Broadway, New York City, certain wall cases and fixtures belonging to this estate. The above can be inspected on Dec. 27 and 28, 1910. FRANKLIN H. BROWN, Receiver.

OPPENHEIMER & ARNOLD, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y. City.

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Also Manager Frontenac Hotel, Thousand Islands, N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOSEPH DORF, alleged bankrupt.—No. 14,405.

To the creditors of Joseph Dorf of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that by an order, duly made and entered on the 23d day of December, 1910, action upon the petition for adjudication herein has been stayed pending determination upon an offer of the alleged bankrupt of terms of composition to his creditors, and that a meeting of creditors as provided in Section 12a of the Bankruptcy Act will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 50 Church Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3d day of January, 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the allowance of claims, examination of the alleged bankrupt, preservation and conduct of the estate, and the consideration of such offer of composition as the alleged bankrupt may make, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.

Dated December 23, 1910.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,155.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of PAUL ROTH, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of October, A. D. 1910, the said Paul Roth was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 80 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 6th day of January, A. D. 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
December 23d, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,438.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANTON DAVIDIS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Anton Davidis of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1910, the said Anton Davidis was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 3d day of January, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
December 23, 1910.

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Minnetonka	Dec. 24, 12:00 Noon	Kroonland	Jan. 4, 10:00 A. M.
Baltic	Dec. 24, 12:00 Noon	Oceanic	Jan. 7, 10:00 A. M.
Vaderland	Dec. 28, 10:00 A. M.	Minnewaska	Jan. 7, 10:30 A. M.
St. Louis	Dec. 31, 10:00 A. M.	St. Paul	Jan. 11, 10:00 A. M.

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*Oceanic....Jan. 7, 10 AM | *Adriatic..Jan. 21
*White Star Line Steamer, Pier 61, N. R.

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Min'tonka..Dec. 24, noon | Min'polis.Jan. 14
Min'waska.Jan. 7, 10:30 AM | Min'haha.Jan. 21

Red Star Line Pier 59 N. R.

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Vaderland..Dec. 28, 10 AM | L'pl'd (nw) Jan. 11
Kroonland..Jan. 4, 10 AM | Finland..Jan. 18

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Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

†St. Louis..Dec. 31, 10 AM | †St. Paul..Jan. 11
Oceanic......Jan. 7, 10 AM | Adriatic...Jan. 21
†American Line Steamer from Pier 62 N. R.

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Baltic......Dec. 24, noon | Baltic.....Jan. 28
Megantic...Jan. 14, 11 AM | Laurentic.Feb. 11

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Romanic.Mar. 18, noon | Romanic......April 29
Cretic..Mar. 29, noon | Cretic........May 10

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Campania, Jan. 4, 10 A. M. | Campania, Jan. 25

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Pannonia.Feb. 25, noon | Saxonia.......Mar. 30
Ultonia.Mar. 23, noon | Pannonia.....April 13

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HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

Shipping and Malls.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:22 | Sun sets..4:36 | Moon rises..12:43

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:07	2:22	8:20	8:33
Governors Island	2:30	3:08	9:14	9:24
Hell Gate	4:40	4:53	10:49	10:59

Arrived—Friday, Dec. 23.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool, Dec. 17.
SS St. Louis, Southampton, Dec. 14.
SS Exeter City, Bristol, Nov. 30.
SS Hoadley, Cardiff, Nov. 29.
SS Metapan, Kingston, Dec. 18.
SS Cristobal, Cristobal, Dec. 16.
SS Merida, Havana, Dec. 20.
SS Curityba, Nipe, Dec. 18.
SS Clement, Barbados, Dec. 7.
SS El Occidente, Galveston, Dec. 17.
SS Oregonian, Puerto, Mexico, Dec. 15.
SS Muncaster Castle, Boston, Dec. 21.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, Dec. 22.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Dec. 19.
SS Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Dec. 6.
SS Sabine, Brunswick, Dec. 20.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Malls Close.	Vessels Sail.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Minnetonka, London		12:00 M.
Columbia, Naples	———	1:00 P.M.
California, Glasgow	———	3:00 P.M.
Floride, Marseilles	———	3:00 P.M.
Russia, Rotterdam	———	2:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Zulia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tagus, Kingston	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Grenada, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Sarnia, Inagua	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Egbert, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Scottish Prince, Brazil	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Basil, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Julia Luckenbach, Ponce	———	
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Brazos, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Saramacca, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Sabine, Brunswick	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Parima, Grenada	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
C. of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Derbent	Antwerp	Nov. [illegible]
Ultonia	Naples	Dec. 7
Cunaxa	St. Lucia	Dec. 12
Arcadia	Hamburg	Dec. 9
Principe di Piemonte	Palermo	Dec. 10
Lyria	St. Lucia	Dec. 13
Nueces	Galveston	Dec. 17
Havana	Havana	Dec. 21
Cristobal	Cristobal	Dec. 16
Tapajos	New Orleans	Dec. 17
Guyane	Fayal	Dec. 13
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Celtic	Liverpool	Dec. 17
Mesaba	London	Dec. 15
Campine	Ghent	Dec. 10
Vigilancia	Tampico	Dec. 17
Advance	Cristobal	Dec. 16
DUE MONDAY.		
Allemania	Inagua	Dec. 21
Val Sallce	Algiers	Nov. 27
Kroonland	Antwerp	Dec. 17
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Dec. 17
Bretagne	Havre	Dec. 17
Caracas	San Juan	Dec. 21
San Juan	San Juan	Dec. 21
Comus	New Orleans	Dec. 21
Harry Luckenbach	San Juan	Dec. 21

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Bretagne, incoming from Havre, was reported 1,000 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:20 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Ultonia, incoming from Trieste, was reported 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4:40 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this forenoon.

By United Wireless.

SS Larimar, Port Arthur, 130 m. E. of Sabine Bar at 7 A. M., 23d.
SS Advance, Christobal, 65 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 23d.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, 65 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 23d.
SS Ligonier, Port Arthur, 49 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 23d.
SS Vigilancia, Vera Cruz, 560 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 23d.
SS Seminole, San Domingo, 485 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 7 P. M., 23d.
SS Neuces, Galveston, 278 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 23d.
SS Caracas, Curacoa, 735 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 23d.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, 225 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 23d.
SS San Juan, San Juan, 843 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 23d.
SS Panama, Cristobal, 435 m. N of Colon at 8 P. M., 23d.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Mauretania, at Liverpool, Dec. 23.
SS Philadelphia, at Plymouth, Dec. 23.
SS Uhenfels, at Malta, Dec. 22.
SS Clearfields, at Algiers, Dec. 18.
SS Clearense, at Para, Dec. 21.

Sailed.

SS Prinzess Irene, at Naples, Dec. 23.
SS Clyde, from St. Michaels, Dec. 22.
SS Hamburg, from Havana, Dec. 21.
SS Germania, from St. Michaels, Dec. 21.
SS Marina, from Antwerp, Dec. 22.

Passed.

SS Swazi, Colombo for New York, passed Perim.

Pacific Steamships.

Steamer and Destination.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Australia, (except West) and New Zealand, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Marama	Dec. 25 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Dec. 31 6:30 P.M.

(For Latest Shipping See Page 1.)

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The Western disturbance extends to-night from the South Atlantic States through Ontario, but with somewhat lessened intensity. It was attended during Friday by general snows over the northern and rains over the southern districts east of the Mississippi River, and much higher temperatures in the Atlantic States.

In the Middle West pressure is rising rapidly, with clear and decidedly colder weather, and cold wave warnings have been ordered in the Upper Mississippi Valley, and frost warnings as far down as the West Texas Coast. In the extreme West pressure is again falling rapidly, with much higher temperature.

Snows and rains Saturday in the Atlantic States will be followed by clearing and much colder weather during the night.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast will be increasing south, shifting to southwest and west becoming high; South Atlantic Coast, brisk to moderately high west and northwest.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have brisk to high south to west winds with rain to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Rain or snow Saturday; colder in west portion and at night in east portion. Sunday, fair, much colder; brisk to high southwest to northwest winds.

New Jersey—Rain in south, rain or snow in north portions Saturday; colder at night. Sunday, fair, much colder; brisk to high shifting winds, becoming northwest.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain or snow Saturday; colder by night. Sunday, fair; much colder; brisk to high shifting winds, becoming northwest.

New England—Snow in north, rain or snow in south portion Saturday. Sunday, fair in south, local snows in north portion; much colder; brisk to high southwest to west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	30	26	4 P. M.	39	39
6 A. M.	30	23	6 P. M.	36	39
9 A. M.	32	27	9 P. M.	35	42
12 M.	37	32	12 P. M.	37	44

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 34; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 28; at 8 P. M. it was 41. Maximum temperature, 44 degrees at 10:35 P. M.; minimum, 23 degrees at 4:15 A. M. Humidity, 69 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 69 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Latest works in fiction, poetry, history, and biography, science and art described in The New York Times Saturday Review of Books. The Book Exchange is the recognized medium of communication between buyers and sellers of rare old volumes. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

Try a New Audience.

You have to get the right audience to make your Situation Wanted advertisement bring results.

If you've reached all the people you can through private sources, and advertised in other newspapers without result, see what *The New York Times* audience may do for you. It is large, intelligent, well to do, and has confidence in *The Times* Advertisements.

Telephone your advertisements to Bryant 1000, *The New York Times* Want Department.

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Receipt issued by U. S. Assay Office, No. 641, dated Dec. 22, 1910, for 460 and 15-100 ounces of silver, payable to Joseph Creshhoff, has been lost. Public are cautioned not to receive same, as payment has been stopped at the Assay Office. Joseph Cheshhoff, 204 East 54th St.

LOST—Small circular pin of alternate diamonds and rubies, Thursday evening, between 97 Central Park West and Empire Theatre, possibly in 8th Av. or Amsterdam Av. and Broadway cars; reward. N 47 Times.

LOST—Reward lady's diamond ring with two stones; lost between 23d and 6th Av. and Hearn's dry goods store, or in said store, about 6 or 7 o'clock Wednesday evening. E. Rudd, 'Phone 3542 Tremont.

LOST.—Wednesday afternoon in the vicinity of Thirty-fourth St. and Fifth Av. or Broadway, lady's old-fashioned hunting case watch, gold with black enamel, black silf fob. Reward if returned to Halsey, 542 West 149th St.

LOST—Vicinity 42d St. and 50th St., plain gold band ring with diamond, valued because of association; large reward. Return "A. V. N.," Hotel Buckingham, 5th Av. and 50th St.

LOST—On 5th Av., between 44th and 65th, large brooch, large pear-shaped ruby surrounded with diamonds; liberal reward. Mrs. Eben Wright, 10 West 53d.

LOST.—Between St. Nicholas Av. and 127th St. and 125th and Amsterdam, Small photograph album. Reward to finder. Snyder, 1,308 Amsterdam.

LOST.—Cameo brooch, between Fourteenth and Seventy-sixth Sts., on Dec. 23. Reward. M. P. Sheardown, 237 West Seventy-sixth St.

LOST.—Dec. 14, around Hester and Christie Sts., 3 lady's diamond pins; $100 reward. Cooperman & Springer, 124 Hester St.

LOST—In the vicinity of lower 5th Av., wallet containing money; reward. Notify W. D. C., 16 West 12th St., City.

REWARD for gold card case, marked "A. G. W.," with pencil and cologne bottle attached; return C. E. W., Hotel Gotham.

LOST—A lady's gold watch, open face, Tiffany make, monogram on back "L. P. J."; reward offered. Box N 38 Times.

LOST AND FOUND, CATS, DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Thursday, Dec. 22, Boston terrier, name Sir Pat, partly white head, white breast and front legs; one and a half feet; no collar; ran away near Central Park. Return to 687 Lexington Av.; reward. E. G. M. Swahn.

LOST—Red pointer dog; answers to name of Dash. Reward if returned to Paine, 35 Claremont Av., city.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Stick pin, tie, check book, purse, belt, handbag, pin, gauntlets, boxes, packages.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Rosary, hat, dress, &c., stockings, apron, &c., glass ornament, oil, fixtures, valise, handbag, bag, pocketbook, watch, books, mittens, glove, three pair gloves, pawn ticket, cap, overalls, shoes, rubbers, handkerchiefs, underwear, box cuffs, &c., box, two muffs, can, chisel, wire, jars preserves. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Saws, handbag, two purses, two pair eyeglasses, spectacles, two odd gloves, pair gloves, music roll, shirt, books, silk, canvas bag, net bag, stockings, photo mountings, book, roll papers, railroad ticket, letter, case. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Cane, purse, gloves, shirt, hat. SUBWAY—Cane, cigars, four handbags, mesh bag, two pocketbooks, spectacles, two purses, two books, school memorandum, three pair gloves, key, knife, stationery, belt, letters, hat, cap, supporters, six muffs, medicine, casting.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—BROOKLYN R. T. LINES. Apply 167 Montague St., Brooklyn. SURFACE and ELEVATED: Muffs, book, lady's waist, trousers, eyeglasses in case, lady's belt, napkin ring, shoes, school books, guide book New York and Brooklyn; lady's belt, coat, pocketbook, umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Cloak, 2 packages, box laundry; package of papers, pair eyeglasses, 2 umbrellas, 2 packages. LIBERTY ST. FERRY: Veil, umbrella, pair shoes.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Ring, envelope, glove, box, handbag, check, key, 3 packages, muff.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five packages, pair gloves, 2 odd gloves, pair rubbers.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Two books, package of goods, package containing hat, package containing shirtwaist, package, gloves, sewing bag, muff, 2 packages, pocketbook.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Room, Jersey City, N. J.: Book, derby hat, pair rubbers, lady's muff, grip, package, pair rubber boots, 2 umbrellas. JERSEY CITY LOBBY—Package.

FOUND, Dec. 22.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply 33d St. and 7th Av., baggage room: Cap, 2 packages, Masonic pin, 2 pairs rubbers, brush and comb, 4 muffs, umbrella, memorandum book, umbrella, book. WAITING ROOM: Book, silk muffler, pair rubbers, dress suit case.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AN EXPERIENCED subscription magazine traveling auditor and collection manager; must have experience in the management and organization of magazine collection business and qualified to take charge and appoint district collectors, audit accounts, etc.; salary and expenses and permanent position, with good prospect of advancement to qualified party. Apply, giving full particulars of past experience, salary expected, to Monthly Magazine, Box C 303 Times Downtown.

CHIEF ENGINEER and master mechanic wanted, having thorough experience with high-pressure steam boilers and direct current work; executive ability sufficient to advantageously direct energy of repair gang in minor repairs an absolute essential; references required. S. B., Box N 32 Times.

SALESMEN.—A well-established house making a specialty of misses' and children's fur sets is open to engage salesmen for East and West; satisfactory arrangement made with right parties; will also consider proposition as side line. N 26 Times.

SALESMAN to handle a popular-priced line of ladies' garments throughout the States of New York and Pennsylvania; this is a good opportunity for right man to connect with a well-known house. Address Box N 51 Times.

SALESMAN.—Notions and small wares for the cloak, skirt, waist, costume, and dress manufacturing trade; experienced. Cloak and Suit Supply Co., 40 East 14th St.

SALESMAN on strong line of popular-priced suits and coats, for office trade exclusively; salary and commission to the right man. Box N 24 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, Christian, neat, careful, accurate, steady; familiar with detail work; not afraid of hard work; salary $12; good future. Address, stating qualifications and experience. K 170 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT for Silk Mill.—An old established firm requires a high-grade man of proven ability to handle a large proposition; novices need not apply; a desirable and lifelong position awaits man of experience, possessing the necessary qualifications. It is essential to furnish unquestionable credentials and details showing uninterrupted and efficient services with up-to-date weaving concerns. Application will be considered solely upon past records. State salary, addressing EFFICIENCY, N 166 Times.

VEILING AND LACE SALESMAN desiring A1 line imported neckwear communicate; state territory. N 12 Times.

WANTED—A young man accustomed to newspaper accounts to assist in adjustments and collections. Box N 50 Times.

WANTED.—By pipe manufacturer, first-class salesman for West and Middle West. N 29 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Wanted.—Capitalist to identify himself with a growing manufacturing enterprise; established trade, with great possibilities, in Central West. For further particulars address L. L., 331 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Competent manufacturer, labor expert, and organizer, is open for permanent connection; will furnish bond or make small investment. N 33 Times.

Complete manufacturing plant requires $8,000 working capital; enormous profits; appoint interview. Tryon, 280 Broadway.

A young architect desires a business manager as partner. Address H. S. Olin, 358 Delaware Av., Buffalo, N. Y.

Moving picture theatre, bargain, $2,000; profit $75 weekly; afternoons. Tryon, 280 Broadway, Room 140.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Young lady stenographer and typewriter (Christian) for medical laboratory; wages low to begin; steady advancement for competent service; experience not essential. Address, giving references, experience, &c. E. L. F., Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

STENOGRAPHER.—Familiar with office work; high school graduate; refined, conscientious; first-class references; four years' experience; $12. Successful, C 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Operates machine quickly and neatly; good speller; limited experience; anxious to locate with reliable firm; references. C 291 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent young woman; rapid, neat, accurate worker; references. Ambitious, 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ambitious beginner will accept low salary with advancement opportunities. Executive, 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—A1, bright, experienced, fine education; skilled correspondent; best references. Sense, 277 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, neat, and capable; anxious to succeed; excellent references. Thorough, 219 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up; audits, investigations, financial statements, cost system, estate accounting by public accountant; terms reasonable; references. Accountant, 328 West 41st St. Telephone 5781 Bryant.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,317. 'Phone 2998—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper; books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Tel. 2825—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; opens, audits, and closes books; A1 references. S. Mittel, 271 Broadway, Room 95.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified public; experienced; moderate; good references. E. B., 263 West 125th St.

A POSITION; good character, trustworthy; age 22. Apartment 5. H. Smith, 572 West 141st St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER. — Young man; references; small salary; architectural drawing student. Dawson, 64 East 105th St.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, to assume complete charge; good correspondent; moderate salary. Bookkeeper, 1,047 Westchester Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—A gentleman about to give up his automobile desires to find a situation for his chauffeur (single man), whom he recommends highly as sober, honest, obliging, and excellent mechanic and driver. Lloyd Warren, Esq., No. 3 East 33d St.

SALESMAN, wide experience, exceptional record, as sales manager; resourceful personality. New Englander, 48 Times.

SALESMAN.—Children's dresses; knowledge of bookkeeping and shipping, desires permanent position. Address P., 153 6th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 18, (Christian,) willing to work at anything; city or country. 604 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn, W. M. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS.	High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

Domestic.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, firemen; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 124th St. Telephone 486 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46, (corner.)—Steam-heated, large front room or suite; table guests accommodated.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Large second-floor rooms; steam; excellent board; well-kept house.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large and small; private baths; 'phone; exclusive; table guests.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large back parlor, well heated, 2 beds, good board; $7 each.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms, table guests; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Neatly furnished hall room, large closets; excellent table; reasonable.

73D, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room, with bath; also small room; fine meals; Jewish.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Clean, bright suite; private bath; single rooms; quiet; refined; table guests.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Two large rooms and bath, and other rooms; newly furnished; decorated; large closets; parlor dining room; excellent table; table board; telephone; Christians; references.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Desirable large and single rooms; every convenience; parlor dining room.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; excellent table; Broadway Subway.

122D ST., 620 WEST, (Claremont.)—Excellent dining room, home cooking; rooms if desired. Apartment 2.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms, connecting; all conveniences; steam heat, telephone; references; table guests.

149TH ST., 540-546 WEST, near Broadway Subway, "The Audubon," Washington Heights. —Best-recommended private family hotel; vacancies expected; large, pleasant room, $18 weekly; another, $14; single room, $8; excellent meals; home comforts. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service, baths, and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, Washington Square N. W.—Large, sunny rooms; single, suite; steam heat, private baths; excellent table.

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (corner 103d.)—Block from Riverside Park; Subway express station, surface cars, and Riverside buses; finest location in New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

WEST END AV., 240.—Large and small rooms for gentlemen; large, pleasant suite for man and wife; all conveniences.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; nicely furnished large, small rooms; telephone.

30TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large, elegant room; private bath; elevator; select house; excellent table.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Large and single rooms, with superior table; parlor dining rooms.

1.—MADISON ARMS.
VERY ATTRACTIVE. 146 MADISON AV.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 290.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AVENUE, 61. — Corner apartment, one flight; running water, steam, electricity, telephone; gentlemen. Campbell.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Desirable rooms; single, en suite; hot and cold water; private house; gentlemen; references.

14TH ST., 202 WEST.—Large and small clean rooms, $2.50 up; select German faimly.

19TH ST., 274 WEST.—Very attractive front parlor in modern elevated apartment, also small. Hales.

19TH ST., 237 WEST.—Nice large room with hot water and bath.

23D ST., 325 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; some light housekeeping. Childs.

27TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms; newly decorated; well heated; private bath; reasonable.

42D ST., 242 WEST.—Near Broadway, large, elegantly furnished room; private bath; toilet; heat.

45TH ST., 27 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Newly furnished bright rooms; references.

56TH ST., 355 WEST.—Extra nice rooms; suitable, one, two; steam heat; bath; telephone; reasonable.

64TH ST., 100 WEST.—Bright, overlooking Lincoln Square Park; one minute Subway, elevated; conveniences. Graham.

70TH ST., 370 WEST.—Newly furnished room and bath, running water, 'phone; excellent locality; gentleman only.

73D ST., 177 WEST.—Unusually attractive front room, unexpectedly vacated; private family; references.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Medium-sized room, also large room; handsomely furnished; bath; telephone; reasonable.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, warm rooms; first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large front room with running water; newly furnished; private family.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant room; home comforts; for gentlemen; telephone; all conveniences. Thill.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; southern exposure; large single room; running water.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms, private bath; clean, select house; all conveniences.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant front hall room; southern exposure; all conveniences.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

[illegible] ST., 135 WEST.—Attractive clean room, convenient Subway and "L" express; board optional. Scott.

102D ST., 254 WEST.—Private house and family; near Subway station; refined environment; attractive, sunny room, adjoining bath; telephone; gentleman; moderate.

113TH ST., 300 WEST.—Large outside room, bath, steam heat, suitable for gentlemen; all conveniences; reasonable. Reid.

122D ST., 514 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—High-class rooms; single, double; steam, electricity, elevator. Kenyos.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Sunny rooms, parlor, piano, telephone; every convenience; Subway, elevated; gentlemen preferred.

149TH ST., 558 WEST, near Broadway Subway.—Newly furnished private house offers floor of 3 bright rooms and kitchenette and bath, $50 month, or separate; pleasant, large room, bathroom adjoining, $6 weekly; board optional.

140TH ST., 520 WEST.—Desirable room; private house; all conveniences; near Subway, "L;" gentlemen; references.

A PHYSICIAN taking house in Seventies, near Broadway, will rent floor (two rooms and bath) to gentleman appreciating refinement and attentive service. N 35 Times.

A.—A.—A.—At 3 University Place, opposite Washington Square, large and small elegantly furnished rooms; private residence; gentlemen; references.

Exceptionally attractive outside rooms, corner Broadway, near Columbia; well heated; elevator, telephone. M 154 Times.

WEST END AV., 534.—Second story front room with dressing room; steam heated; other rooms; gentlemen; references.

East Side.

15TH ST., 105 EAST, (Subway express.)—In private apartment, newly furnished parlor, bedroom, bath; elevators, steam, electric lights, telephone, etc.; bachelor.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms, without board; steam heat; overlooking park.

28TH ST., 16 EAST, (Near Subway.)—Bachelors' quarters; swimming pool, showers; $6 weekly and up.

43D, 131 EAST.—First-class, sunny, heated, closet, bath; permanent gentleman; $4; references. Neilson.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, large and small; gentlemen; reference.

123D ST., 229 EAST.—Nice furnished room, bath, for gentlemen; nice, quiet house.

ROOM, with private bath, Hungarian or German board, in an elevator apartment near Subway; state lowest price. Address Alex White, 477 Broome St., New York City.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for gentlemen, with, without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Wanted—By young married couple, 2 rooms and board, with private family, (no boarding house,) upper west side, between 65th and 80th Sts. N 44 Times.

To-Morrow's Sunday Times

will contain these features:

- The Dinosaur in New York
- Baltimore's Plan to Segregate Negroes
- "Toby, M.P.," on the English Peerage
- The Passion Play at Eisenach
- James Lane Allen on Christmas
- Israel Zangwill Writes of Anti-Suffrage Humors
- Best Remembered Christmases of Well-Known Men
- Messenger Boy Wins Fame as Sculptor
- Roger W. Babson on Recovery from Panics
- Uncrowned Rulers of Little Kingdoms
- The Creators of the World's Fashions
- Bernard Shaw's Newest Play
- "Back to the Farm" a False Cry, Says Josiah Strong
- New York's Sewage Problem
- Togo Discovers Champ Clark
- Santa Claus's Mistake

and a delightful page of cartoons,

The Passing Show, by Hy. Mayer

The Pictorial Section

Will contain these features:

- The Christmas Ship Mauretania
- Fatal Explosion at New York Central Power House
- Exhibition at the Corcoran Art Gallery, Washington, D. C.
- Well Known in Society
- An Interesting Group of Sovereigns

And full-page painting, "ROOM FOR ONE MORE," by Elsley

Be sure to order early **To-Morrow's Sunday Times**

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

AMITY BAPTIST CHURCH, 308-312 West 54th St.—Rev. Leighton Williams, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M., Dr. Williams will preach on "The Greatest Birthday of the Year." 8 P. M., Sermon by the Rev. H. H. Peabody, D. D. Christmas music at both services.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d and Amsterdam, Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—11, "World-wide Peace." The Von Ende Violin Choir will assist in the music. 8, "Those Feet of Yours." Fifth in popular course. An old-year sermon.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE Covenant, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs.—Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor, preaches morning, 10:45, "Bethlehem." Evening, 7:45, "Immortal Youth." Baptism in the evening. Singing by men. All invited.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
8 West Forty-sixth Street.
CHRISTMAS SUNDAY.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock. Preacher,
DR. CHARLES F. AKED.
Special Christmas Music.

Evening at 8 o'clock. Musical Service. Dr. Harry Rowe Shelley and the Choir will give selections from Handel, Schnecker, and Saint-Saens, as well as Christmas Carols. Address by DR. ADDISON MOORE. Subject: "The First Christmas Anthem."

BIBLE CLASSES FOR YOUNG MEN AND YOUNG WOMEN AT 9:30 A. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST STREET.
C. A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR,
Will preach Sunday morning and evening.
11 A. M.—"The Cradle of the World's Hope."
8 P.M.—"What Shall We Bring to Bethlehem?"

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square. EDWARD JUDSON, Pastor, will preach, 11. Mr. Simmons, 8.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue, near 126th St.
Rev. J. HERMAN RANDALL, D. D.,
will preach to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.
Subject: "The Christmas Spirit."
4 o'clock: Sunday School Christmas Services.
NO EVENING SERVICE.

SPANISH BAPTIST CHURCH, 123 West 57th St., Rev. SAMUEL F. GORDIANO, Pastor.—Bible class, 3 P. M.; preaching, 4. Students of Spanish welcome.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH
145th St., Convent Av.—Rev. Rufus P. Johnston preaches, 11 A. M., "Peace on Earth"; 8 P. M., "The Evolution of Religion."

Brooklyn.

WASHINGTON AVE. CHURCH,
Cor. Gates Ave.,
Brooklyn.
ROBERT MacDONALD, Minister.
CHRISTMAS SERVICES:
11 and 7:45.
DR. MacDONALD will preach.
A. M., The Wise Men's Quest.
P. M., Social Uses of Christmas.

The choir will be assisted by Wilhelm Beirns, violinist; Katherine Neidhardt, violoncellist; Fraulein Homan, Metropolitan Orchestra, harpist, and Madison Male Quartet in Christmas carols.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th Street.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. 8 P. M., Special musical service, "The Message of the Star," by Woodman. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

FIRST CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.
WILLIAM L. FISHER, Minister.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.
Founded 1876.
Meeting-House, Central Park W. and 64th St.
11 A. M.
Christmas Festival for Young and Old.
Addresses by
DR. FELIX ADLER
AND DR. JOHN L. ELLIOTT.
The Public is Welcome.

Jewish.

TEMPLE BETH-EL, 5th Av. and 76th St.—Sunday morning at 11, the Rev. Dr. Schulman will preach on "Judaism and Christianity Co-operating, Though not Worshipping in Common." All welcome.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St.—Sunday, 11:15 A. M., Dr. Silverman on "National and International Peace." All welcome.

THE FREE SYNAGOGUE,
CARNEGIE HALL,
SUNDAY MORNING AT 11
DR. WISE WILL PREACH.
"WHY JEWISH PRIDE?"
ALL ARE WELCOME.

Lutheran.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Central Park West at 65th St., The Rev. Charles J. Smith, Pastor.—Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Chief Service at 11 o'clock. Vespers at 8 P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, (St. James,) Madison Av. and 73d St.—Dr. Remensnyder, Pastor. Services, 11 and 8. Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.

EVANG. LUTH. CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d, W. M. HORN, Pastor.—Serv. 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A.M.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. ROBERT H. KELLEY, Pastor. 10:45, Pastor will preach. 7:45, Christmas exercises by the Sunday School.

PERSONAL

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

Will Michael Welsh, formerly of Langham and Building Department, call Winans.

FOR SALE.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

BRASS Bed, gas, electric fixtures and all kinds of fancy brass goods refinished; gold, silver and nickel plating and polishing. We also buy and sell second-hand gas and electric fixtures. R. Plumacher & Sons, 344 East 59th St.

Complete turnout to rent by the month; two horses, brougham, victoria, &c.; everything first-class; unusually showy pair of horses. Stewart's Delaware Stables, 120 East 63d St.

High-grade office furniture, desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St. Tel., Spring 5483.

Must sell to-day and to-morrow most of my furniture, all like new; curtains, $1.50; parlor table, $2; rugs, $4, $7, $10; dining, parlor, bedroom things cheap. 215 West 128th St.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, tables, typewriters, mimeographs, vertical files, time clocks, multigraphs, cash registers, adding machines. Nathan's, 4 White.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-63 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

Sample suits and overcoats; also full dress and Tuxedo suits to hire. 226 West 116th.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 18c. a line a day.

MOTOR POWER REPLACES 155 HORSES AT BRANCH STABLE, 435-437 E. 23D ST.

also wagons, trucks, and harness that have been used by the Stuyvesant Transfer Company in and around New York; above horses and mares are young, in good condition, weighing 900-1,700 lbs., including matched teams; also three collectors' horses and carriages; every horse will be sold with 10 days' trial from day of purchase; if not satisfactory returnable in trial time. Inquire Superintendent of stable. Telephone 4380 Gramercy.

Seventeen large young work horses, dumpers, each with windlass trucks; cheap; trial allowed; see Foreman, Express Stable, 230 East 42d St.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

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$175 Steinway upright piano, $5 monthly; $550 Sohmer Baby Grand, $10 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn. Open evenings.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A few desirable suites of 2, 3, and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Furnished.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Parlor, bedroom, bath; elegantly kept; overlooking Park; one block all transportation; gentleman only; meals optional; $30-$60 monthly. 22 West 60th St.

Methodist Episcopal.

CALVARY METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
129th St. and 7th Av. Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M. PREACHING BY THE PASTOR. Subject: "The Overture of the Angels." Special Christmas Music. 8 P. M.: CHRISTMAS ORATORIO, "NOEL." Brief address by the Pastor.
KALTENBORN STRING QUARTETTE,
MADAME LOTTA DE LONE, Harpiste.

MADISON AVENUE M. E. CHURCH,
Corner 60th Street.
Rev. WALLACE MACMULLEN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by the Pastor, "The Christmas Glory." Special Christmas music.
8 P. M.—The Cantata, "The Shepherd's Vision" by Horatio Parker will be sung by the choir. Extra instrumental music morning and evening.

7th Av. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE. 14th St.
JNO. WESLEY HILL.
11.—"The World's Christmas Gift."
8.—"The Cradle Song of Christianity."
Jan. 1.—Harry Taylor commences month of meetings.

SAINT ANDREW'S CHURCH,
76th St. west of Columbus Av.
GEORGE CLARKE PECK, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M., CHRISTMAS SERMON.
8 P. M., MUSICAL SERVICE.

Madison Avenue and 126th Street.
ST. ALLAN MacROSSIE, Pastor.
JAMES 11 A.M.—Christmas Music and Sermon.
8 P. M. Musical Service, "The Messiah."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th Street.
Rev. GEORGE P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor.
CHRISTMAS MUSIC: CHOIR ASSISTED BY MR. GEORGE BARRIERE, FLUTE SOLOIST. 11 A. M., "THE CHRISTMAS MESSAGE." 8 P. M., CHRISTMAS CANTATA, THE STAR OF BETHLEHEM.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th St., West of Broadway, J. Lewis Hartsock, Minister.—11 A. M., "The Faith of the Incarnation." 8 P. M., Christmas Musical Service.

New Church.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM, 25th St., Between Park and Lexington Avs.—Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. Christmas services at 11 A. M., with sermon by the pastor. Subject: "HOW THE GREAT LOVE CAME." Administration of the Holy Communion.

New Thought.

NEW THOUGHT MEETINGS, Plaza Studios, 5 West 58th St.—Sunday, 11 A. M.; Tuesday at noon, and Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
HENRY VAN DYKE will read a Christmas story at 11 o'clock.
Norman Thomas will preach at 4.
Special Christmas Music, with
Strings, Harp, Organ, and Choir,
will begin at 10:45 and 3:45.
Bible School Christmas Service, 10 A. M.
Preparatory Service Wednesday, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West 57th St., between Broadway and 7th Av.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. H. SMYTH, JR., Assistant.
Dr. MERLE-SMITH preaches 11 A. M., & 8 P. M.
Eve'g Subject—"CHRISTMAS OPTIMISM."
Christian Endeavor meeting Sunday morning, 9:45. Young Men's Bible Study Class, 10 A. M. Sunday School, 3 P. M. Devotional meeting, Wednesday, 8 P. M. All welcome.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Ave. and 55th Street.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
REV. FRANCIS L. PATTON, D. D.,
President of Princeton Theological Seminary,
will preach at both services.
Bible School meets at 9:30 A. M.
Men's Bible Class meets at 10 A. M.
REV. J. WILBUR CHAPMAN, D. D.,
will preach on Wednesday Eve. at 8:15; subject, "A Special Message for Christian People."
Every one is invited to these Services.

FIRST UNION PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Lexington Av. and 86th St.
Rev. HARVEY GRAEME FURBAY, Ph. D.,
Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The New Star."
8 P. M.—"Jesus and the Poor Man."

Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, Rev. Walter Buchanan, D. D., minister, preaches to-morrow in the Assembly Room of United Charities Building, 109 East 22d St., at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Midweek prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.,
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
P. ELWOOD ERICKSON, Assistant.
11 A. M.—Christmas Sermon by the Pastor.
8 P. M.—Addresses by the Ministers.
Singing of Christmas Carols.

LABOR TEMPLE, 14th St., 2d Av.—The Rev. Charles Stelzle, Superintendent. Handel's "Messiah," 7:30 P. M. Chorus of 100, direction of Alfred Hallam. Soloists: Mrs. Viola Waterhouse, soprano; Mrs. Bittman, contralto; Mr. Charles Hargraves, tenor; Mr. Marcus Kellerman, bass; G. Scott Hunter, organist. Christmas Eve (Saturday), 8 P. M., Edward A. Mead, recital, Dicken's "Christmas Carol." Miss Fanny L. Heinline, banjo virtuoso, motion pictures.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Dr. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th St.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D.,
Assistant Minister.
The Pastor will preach 11 A. M.
and 8 P. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
FIFTH AVE., 11TH TO 12TH STREET.
REV. HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., PASTOR.
REV. ROBERT MACKENZIE, D. D., will preach.
11 A. M., subject, "The Appeal of CHRISTMAS to the Hearts of Men."
8 P. M., Oratorio, "THE MESSIAH" under direction of Wm. C. Carl, Organist and Choirmaster. Augmented Choir. All seats free.

PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86TH ST., Amsterdam Av.—Dr. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, Pastor. Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d Street.
REV. ABBOTT E. KITTREDGE, D. D.,
preaches at 11 and 8 and conducts the Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening at 8:15. Christmas sermons and music morning and evening.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
in the City of New York.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Reverend Professor Charles P. Fagnani, D. D.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. of 10th St., (one block west from B'way.)
GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.
Public worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the morning service the pastor will preach. In the evening at 8 o'clock, in the church, the Sunday school and Bible classes will have a service appropriate to Christmas Day. Wednesday evening service in the chapel at 8 o'clock.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner Amsterdam Avenue and 105th St.
REV. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D.
At 11 A. M. the Pastor will preach
A CHRISTMAS SERMON.
Special music will be rendered by the choir at 8 P. M. The Sabbath School Exercises will be carried out with full programme.

WEST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
On 42d St., between 5th and 6th Avs.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor,
preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., Rev. S. Delancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion, 8 A. M. Holy Communion and sermon by the rector, 11 A. M. Traditional Christmas Carols and cantata, "The Holy Child," 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4TH AV. and 21ST ST.—Service of Carols Christmas Eve, 9:00 P. M.; Orchestra of Violins and Harp; Christmas Day celebration, 6, 8, 10; Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rev. Dr. Alsop, 11; Choral Evensong.

CHRISTMAS SERVICE FOR NIGHT-WORKERS IN ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL, SUNDAY at 2:30 A. M. SOLOIST AND MALE CHOIR.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION
Fifth Av. and Tenth St.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
CHRISTMAS EVE.
8 P. M.—Sunday School Festival and Christmas Tree.
CHRISTMAS DAY.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Selections from "The Messiah" and Bach's "Christmas Oratorio."
8 P. M.—People's Service. Dr. Grant will preach on "How Can Carnegie's Gift Help Peace?"
9 P. M.—People's Forum. Mr. Sol Fieldman: "Peace."

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.—Low masses 6:30, 7:30, 8:15, 9; solemn mass, procession and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45; Vespers and procession at 4.

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29, Dr. GEORGE CLARKE HOUGHTON, Rector. CHRISTMAS DAY Communions, 6, 7, 8, 9. Concone's Mass, Orchestra, and Sermon, 10:30. CHORAL EVENSONG, 4 o'clock, Orchestra. 8 P. M., Preacher, Rev. Philip Gavan Duffy.

Protestant Episcopal.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20TH STREET AND 6TH AV.
CHRISTMAS SERVICES.
7 A. M.—CAROL SERVICE.
7:30 A. M.—HOLY COMMUNION.
11 A. M.—SERVICE AND SERMON.
12 M.—HOLY COMMUNION.
3 P. M.—CHILDREN'S FESTIVAL.
8 P. M.—SERVICE AND SERMON.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th Street.
Rector, REV. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion (Choral).......... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer, Holy Communion;
Preacher, the Rector .... 11 A. M.
Children's Carol Services; Preacher,
Rev. Dr. Rushton.......................... 4 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45, 27e Rue Est.—Services religieux le dimanche à 10h. ½ et 8h., Rev. A. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, B'WAY AND 10TH ST.
CHRISTMAS DAY SERVICES.
Holy Communion, 8, 10, and 11 A. M.
Preachers—Rector at 11, Rev. W. B. Eddy at 4, Rector at 8 P. M.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, 122d St. and Lenox Av.—Christmas services. Holy Communion, 7:30, 9:30. Festival morning prayer, sermon and Holy Communion, 11:00. Children's festival, 3:30. Carols and sermon, 8 p. m.

INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St.—8 A. M., 10 A. M., 11 A. M.
4 P. M., Parker's Cantata, "The Shepherds' Vision."

ST. ANDREW'S, 5TH AV. AND 127TH ST.
Communion Services, 8 A. M. and Noon.
The Rector, Dr. Van de Water, will preach at 11 A. M., and at Children's Service, 3:30 P. M.
Strangers cordially invited.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue, corner 44th Street,
The Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., Rector.
First Communion, 8:30 A. M.
Morning Prayer, Sermon, and Holy Communion,
11 A. M. Preacher, the Rector.
Children's Sunday School Festival, 2:45 P. M.
Annual Carol Service of the Choir, 4 P. M.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH,
Stuyvesant Square and 16th St.
REV. HUGH BIRCKHEAD, D. D., RECTOR.
Christmas night at 8 o'clock,
"THE CHILDREN AT BETHLEHEM."
One hundred children. Six soloists.
MR. BEN GREET, NARRATOR.
THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
HOMER NORRIS, CONDUCTOR.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, WEST 141ST ST. AND Convent Av.—7 and 11 A. M.; 8 P. M.

ST. MARK'S, 2d Ave. and 10th St., Rev. Dr. L. W. Batten, Rector.—Christmas Services: 8 A. M., Holy Communion, with Christmas Carols. 11 A. M., Morning Prayer, Sermon, and Holy Communion, with special musical programme. 8 P. M., Service of Ancient Christmas Carols.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, West 84th St., near Central Park, Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, Rector. Christmas Services: 7 and 8 A. M., Holy Communion. 11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon. 8 P. M., Parker's "Shepherds' Vision" and address.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, 122 West 69th St.
CHRISTMAS DAY SERVICES.
8 and 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

THE CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, Trinity Parish, Broadway and 158th St.—The Rev. Milo H. Gates, D. D., Vicar. Christmas Day, 7 A. M., Holy Communion; 8:30 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Confirmation and Holy Communion; 8 P. M., special musical service.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services: 7:00, 7:30, 10:30 A. M., (Sermon); 3:30, 8:00 P. M.
Weekday Services: 7:30, 9:00 A. M.; 3 P. M.
Christmas Eve: Children's Service, 3 P. M.
Christmas Day Services: Holy Communion, 6:30, 7:30. High Celebration and Sermon, 10:30 A. M.; Choral Evensong, 3:30, 8:00 P. M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.
The public is cordially invited to the services, both on Sundays and on weekdays.

Reformed.

BLOOMINGDALE REFORMED CHURCH, Broadway and 106th St., Rev. Wm. C. Stinson, D. D., Minister.—11 A. M., sermon and Christmas music. Choir assisted by instruments.

FORT WASHINGTON REFORMED (COLLEGIATE) CHURCH, Ft. Washington Av., 181st St., Rev. A. J. Muste, Minister.—11 A. M., "So Near Is God to Man." 8 P. M., Sunday School exercises.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av., 54th St., Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister.—Services 11 A. M.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH,
57th Street and Madison Avenue.
Rev. WILLIAM CARTER, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Christmas Sermon by the Pastor.
8 P. M.—Annual festival of Christmas carol music by children's chorus and choir.

SOUTH CHURCH, Madison Av. and 38th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister.—11 A. M., Morning Service and Sermon. At 2:30 P. M. and 8 P. M., Afternoon and Evening Service at Park Av. and 85th St.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
Christmas Services at 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAMES BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "The Wolf, the Lamb, and the Little Child."
Evening: "On the Way to Bethlehem."
Special Music.

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.
At 8 P. M.—Christmas Music.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P.M.
Special Music.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.) Meetings for Worship, 144 East Twentieth Street, New York; Washington and Lafayette Avenues, Brooklyn. 11 o'clock.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M. at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS, (Unitarian,) Fourth Av., 20th St. —Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor, will preach a CHRISTMAS SERMON. Special music. Services, 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH,
(UNITARIAN,) Park Av. and 34th St.
Ministers:
Rev. Robert Collyer, Lit. D.
Rev. John Haynes Holmes.
11 A. M.—ANNUAL CHRISTMAS SERVICE.
Rev. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES will preach.
Subject: "THE IDEAL CHRIST."
Special Music by Augmented Choir.
All cordially invited.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st Street. Services at Eleven.
"The Bursting of the Chrysalis of Christianity."
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.
CHRISTMAS SERVICE.
Charlotte Wells Saengen at the Organ.

Universalist.

THE CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY
Central Park West and 76th St.
The Pastor, FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D.,
will preach at 11 A. M. Subject:
"CROWNED WITH MANY CROWNS."
Evening Service, 8 o'clock.
DICKENS'S "CHRISTMAS CAROL" READ
BY Mr. WALTER DAVID.
Special Christmas Music by Quartet and Chorus Choir.

Other Services.

A FRIENDLY SUNDAY AFTERNOON at the Church of the Pilgrims, Henry and Remsen Streets, Brooklyn, 4 to 5:30 o'clock. The choir, augmented, and with strings, will render, entire, the "Cantique de Noel," by Saint-Saens. Sunday Evening Hometime at 7:45 o'clock. Sunday School at 10 o'clock, and preaching service at 11 o'clock.

FIRST ASSOCIATION SPIRITUALISTS, Lincold Square Arcade, Broadway, 65th and 66th Sts.—Sunday, 3 and 8; Wednesday, 8; messages and address, Rev. Rufus A. Macurda; lecture, Miss Amalia Pfenning.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th Street and 8th Avenue, Sunday, Dec. 25th, 10:30 A. M., Rev. A. B. SIMPSON; 8 P. M., Rev. J. HUDSON BALLARD.

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th St.—Mrs. Helen Temple Brigham speaks morning and evening. Evening theme, "What Do We Give?"

TENT EVANGEL MISSION HALL.
Free bread for poor Saturday night.
Evangelists Crabill and Rockwell at
3:30 and 8 Sunday and daily next three weeks.

THE OLD McAULEY WATER STREET MISSION, 316 Water St., (Under Brooklyn Bridge.) —Services every night at 7:30; Sunday at 3 P. M. Perpetual revival. Drunkards especially welcome. John H. Wyburn, Superintendent.

AGED PAIR STRICKEN BY HUBER'S PARDON

Parents of Girl-Wife He Killed Moan in Grief as Children Ask Them About Their Daughter.

WHAT A CHRISTMAS, THEY SAY

Meanwhile the Mother of Man Gov. Draper Set Free Starts with Him to Spend Joyous Holiday in Country.

In pardoning George Huber, sentenced to life imprisonment for hunting down and killing his young wife, Gertrude Rentel Huber, at Monterey, Mass., eight years ago, Gov. Draper of Massachusetts has provided two very different kinds of Christmas gifts for aged parents in Brooklyn.

One of them, Mrs. Amelia Fleischman, Huber's mother, was so overjoyed when the news of her son's release reached her that the family of A. Cassens, with whom, in return for light housework, she had made her home since Huber's imprisonment, could not keep her, despite the fact that she was quite infirm, from taking the first car to the Grand Central Station to meet her son.

On the trip she lost her way, reaching the station long after her son had arrived. She returned almost heart-broken to her room, where she found him waiting for her and eager to begin life anew. The two left the city together yesterday to spend the Christmas holidays with another son of Mrs. Fleischman in Trenton.

Meanwhile, amid the Christmas greens and tinsel and bright paper streamers of their little candy shop at 208 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, just across the street from the public school from which children for eleven years have bought their candies, pencils, pads, and book straps, old Rudolph Rentel and his wife, parents of the murdered girl, sat alone, with heads bowed between their hands.

They have never forgotten the story of their daughter's death; but the neighborhood had forgotten it. And now, from time to time, some of the school children who had read of Huber's pardon and the story of his earlier crime in the papers trooped in again and again to reawaken the painful memories with their questions. They were deeply stirred by the discovery that "Pop" and "Granny" Rentel had had a daughter who was actually shot dead.

"Say, Pop," some of them would say, as they bought a penny's worth of candy or a Santa Claus Christmas card, "did you have a daughter who was shot dead? What was her name?"

"Yes," the old man answered; "we called her Trude."

At that the old woman in the rear of the shop would press her hands against her sunken temples and murmur piteously in German, and the old man would bid the young inquisitors run along.

"She has not slept all night," he said to a reporter, pointing to his wife. "She does not take it calmly, as I do. She says all day that this is a terrible Christmas present that has been given to us—the reawakening of an old story. If they could only leave our names out of it, now that they can do us no good."

According to the old man, his daughter, then only 16 years old, met Huber at a German church picnic in 1899.

"She was only a child," he said, "and believed all the promises of happiness he made to her. He had a fine manner, and was a good talker. We were opposed to her going with him from the beginning. But when she became of age, rather than lose her altogether, we let her go away with him.

"Two days later she sent us a marriage certificate from Chicago, showing that she had been married at a church in Jersey City. I went over there, and found there was no such church. When they returned from Chicago I confronted Huber with this, and he agreed to be married again by the Rev. Mr. Hubbell at 55 Washington Square, Manhattan.

"They lived for three years in Brooklyn and New York. I gave Huber $200 to start a shooting gallery in Coney Island, but it was destroyed by fire. Then he set up as an awning maker, and Trude worked hard with him, sewing awnings till late at night.

"One day she came to us, telling us she had found Huber had another wife living. She brought from the records of the Health Department a certificate of his earlier marriage to a Mary Levine. She gave it to me, saying:

"'Father, keep it; for I fear he is going to kill me because I found it out. You will need it some day.'

"After that, she said, she could not live with Huber and sent away as companion to a woman in Massachusetts. Once she returned and went with me to Huber's flat in Harlem to help me get back some of the furniture I had given him. At that time Huber warned me he would kill her, even if it would put him in jail twenty years. He tried hard to learn from us where she was staying, but we would not tell.

"Then one Saturday I got a postal from him announcing that he had learned of her whereabouts and would settle with her. I wrote to her at once, but the letter could not reach her till the following Monday. On Sunday morning we got a telegram from the Coroner at Monterey, in the Berkshires, telling that Huber had shot our daughter. I brought her body back two days later. You cannot think how pretty she was."

The old woman in her corner began sobbing, and her husband begged the reporter not to ask him anything more.

"Solch ein Weinachten! (Such a Christmas!") sobbed the old woman. "It is much worse than to be dead."

"It is a strange country where a man can go free a few years after killing a young girl whom he lured from her home," said the old woman. "Something is wrong, I am sure. I do not know how the pardon was obtained. A week ago John E. Cleary, who used to be on The Berkshire Courier, who had worked over the case as a reporter, came here and asked my wife and me whether we did not think Huber had been punished enough, and whether we would not sign a paper for his pardon. I told him we were alone now and could not forget the girl we had lost, and that we could never feel kindly enough toward Huber to intercede for him. We are both alone now and cannot forgive him for making us so."

Mr. Cleary, who is now editor of The Eagle of Madison, N. J., said last night that Huber's release had been procured through the efforts of himself, Senator William Turtle of Pittsfield, Charles Giddings, ex-Assistant District Attorney John F. Noxon, Allen Treadway, President of the Massachusetts Senate, and other prominent men in Pittsfield, who, after a careful study of the case, had felt that Huber had been punished enough and had reformed in prison.

MRS. DALRYMPLE AT RENO.

Miss Alger Married Relative of Earl of Stair Last Year.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Dec. 23.—Although few of the colony have been aware of the fact, Mrs. Muriel Dalrymple, wife of a member of the Napier family of Scotland, is in Reno for a six months' residence, apparently to sue for a divorce. She has been living here quietly with her mother, Mrs. Edgar G. Alger of New York, in an apartment.

She has kept away from the divorce colony as much as possible, and has lived here under her maiden name of Miss Muriel Alger. At a dinner given by a number of New York and Philadelphia colonists a few nights ago she was called Lady Dalrymple, and did not deny her right to that title.

She positively refuses to say at this time whether she is here for a divorce. She stated, though, that she lived with her husband in London for only a few months, and then returned to America.

Donald Francis Napier Dalrymple, son of the late Walter F. Dalrymple of Elliston, Scotland, cousin of the Earl of Stair, and grandson of Lady Napier, was married to Miss Muriel M. M. Alger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar G. Alger of this city, on Jan. 10, 1909. The ceremony was performed at the apartments of the bride's parents, who were then living at the Hudsonia, 315 West Seventy-ninth Street.

SKIPPER'S WIFE IN WRECK.

Stormy Honeymoon for Bride of Capt. Rickson of the Cox and Green.

Mrs. Robert W. Rickson, wife of the skipper of the three-master Cox and Green of Boston, was the heroine of the wreck of that vessel in a late November gale. She, with her husband, and the crew of six men, came here as passengers on the American liner St. Louis. The schooner was abandoned at sea, and the crew rescued on Nov. 30 by the tank steamer Sun, Port Arthur for Portland, and landed in England.

The Cox and Green sailed from Baltimore on Nov. 8 for Boston. The skipper was married in September, and his wife was making the voyage with him in lieu of the conventional honeymoon trip. Two days out of port the schooner ran into a fierce gale, which carried away some sails and a part of the rigging. Under the pounding of the sea the seams opened and the vessel began to leak. All hands were ordered to the pumps.

Instead of keeping to the cabin Mrs. Rickson insisted in going about the decks and giving such help to the men as she could. Late on Nov. 14 the two power pumps gave out, and the crew were not able to keep the water from gaining with the hand pumps.

The vessel was a waterlogged wreck on Nov. 18 when a steamship with two yellow stacks, evidently a mailboat making this port, was sighted. The steamer apparently did not make out the distress signal, for she continued on her course.

Early the next day the Sun was sighted. A heavy sea was running and breaking over the schooner. In launching one lifeboat from the steamer it was damaged against the vessel's side. Capt. Rickson launched a power boat he had astern, and in this the crew got away from the schooner. They were picked up by the lifeboat, and with great difficulty managed to get to the Sun.

COOK TO WRITE A BOOK, TOO.

Won't Lecture This Time, but Expects Literature to be Profitable.

Back again at his old-time quarters in the Waldorf-Astoria, from which he conducted his harvesting operations for the season of 1909, Dr. Frederick A. Cook reopened business yesterday. He sidestepped a chance to pose for a photographer, and excused himself from talking at length about the way it felt to come back, this latter on the ground that he had a book to write, and must busy himself with that to the exclusion of all things else.

Dr. Cook had been expected on Thursday evening at the hotel, but did not appear until yesterday shortly before noon. He spent his first night ashore at his brother's home in Brooklyn. He intimated that his harvest this season will not be from the lecture platform, but from literary efforts having to do with "my twenty years of scientific investigation in the north and south polar regions."

A rumor that there might be some trouble for Dr. Cook in the form of action by the District Attorney on account of charges that he had obtained money under false pretenses by his lecture tour of last year, was denied by District Attorney Whitman, who said that no complainant had appeared before him with a claim that he had paid to hear the erstwhile explorer and lecturer without getting his money's worth.

Representatives of "my publisher" or of "the magazine," as Dr. Cook variously referred to the official welcomers who met him down the bay, were the only persons admitted to his presence yesterday for extended conversations, but he intimated that he might help reporters to keep up the public interest in him by giving out a statement of some kind about Monday.

SAY POLICE KILLED O'BRIEN.

Two Policemen Arrested in Brooklyn on Homicide Charge.

Policemen William H. O'Shaughnessy and Hugh McCarthy of the Amity Street Station, Brooklyn, were placed under arrest yesterday on warrants issued by Magistrate Dodd charging them with homicide in connection with the death of John J. O'Brien of 74 Amity Street on Sept. 1. O'Brien was known to the police as "Darby" O'Brien, a member of the "Smoky Hollow" gang in South Brooklyn.

He and some of his friends attended a picnic given by the First Assembly District Democratic organization of Brooklyn, of which Sheriff Patrick H. Quinn is the leader. A fight started as the excursionists came off the barge. The two accused policemen quelled the disturbance. According to O'Brien's friends he received a clubbing, from the effects of which he died.

O'Brien was found dead in the hallway of his home early the following morning. At an inquest before Coroner Rooney the jury apparently exonerated the policemen.

Arthur Rath of 141 Atlantic Avenue, one of O'Brien's friends, was dissatisfied with the verdict, and it was through his efforts that the case was brought to the attention of Mayor Gaynor and taken up by District Attorney Clarke, with the result that the policemen were arrested yesterday. In an affidavit Rath says that McCarthy held O'Brien and O'Shaughnessy hit him with his club.

Both policemen were ararigned before Magistrate Nash in the Butler Street Court, and held without bail. Their counsel, however, prevented them from going to jail by instituting habeas corpus proceedings immediately before Justice Putnam in the Supreme Court. Justice Putnam paroled the policemen in the custody of Capt. Bernard J. Gallagher, their commanding officer, until Dec. 28.

FIRE IN FAMOUS HOTEL.

House in Which Lafayette Was Entertained Damaged $10,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Dec. 23.—The old United States Hotel in Litchfield, built about 130 years ago and the scene of a ball in honor of Marquis Lafayette when he visited this country in 1824, was damaged to the extent of $10,000 by fire and water to-day.

The second and third stories of the hotel were destroyed. The blaze started in the attic from the chimney or from electric wires.

HELD IN A UNION MURDER.

Non-Union Man Said to be Implicated in a Shooting.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 23.—C. Vanderbuss, alias Vandenbusch, is under arrest here in connection with a murder that occurred in Peoria, Ill., Thanksgiving Day.

Camille Zandebutte, who was shot and killed, was a union molder, and it is said Vanderbuss is a non-union molder. The latter is said to have told the police that he shot in self-defense.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
1:30—215 and 217 Hester St.; Louis Perelson	$500
3:15—6 Macdougal St.; Patrick Glynn	None
4:40—75 and 77 Crosby St.; Singer & Son	$1,000
4:55—521 W. 32d St.; Empire Furniture Co.	$5,000
7:35—6 E. 12th St.; M. J. Pfalzer & Co.	Trifling
7:50—44 Avenue D; Harry Ruskin	$5
8:20—102 W. 107th St.; Columbus Garage	Trifling
9:00—5½ Jane St.; Wm. Olert	$50
10:55—223 E. 66th St.; Samuel Werner	$10
P. M.	
12:15—213 6th Av.; John J. Halloran	$10
2:50—180 Henry St.; H. Goldman	Trifling
3:35—564 E. 158th St.; Green & Co.	Trifling
4:10—6 E. 116th St.; Margaret Button	None
4:17—562 E. 158th St.; Green & Co.	Trifling
4:50—46th St. and Lexington Av.; New York and Queens Co. R. R. Co.	Trifling
4:55—32 West Fordham Road; H. Finghi	None
5:10—58 Hester St.; S. Jones	$20
5:40—321 E. 46th St.; James H. Redmond estate	$10
5:40—Grand Central Terminal, New York Central	Trifling
5:45—75 Suffolk St.; J. Zumer	Trifling
6:02—546 E. 175th St.; H. Frank	$10
6:43—84 Bond St.; W. Tompkins & Co.	$1,000
9:05—249 East 10th St.; B. Solomon	$15
10:30—309 East 118th St.; unknown	None
10:45—152 West 26th St.; Adams Express Company	$2,500 (auto)

LITTLE FOLK SWAMP SUFFRAGIST PARTY

Strip Christmas Tree Prepared by Mrs. Belmont's League and Even Carry off the Tree Itself.

POLICE AS COMFORTERS.

"You Can Come Some Other Night," They Tell Youngsters Left in Line Without Gifts.

The woman suffragists had a Christmas tree at 140 East Thirty-fourth Street last night. There were 2,000 children present, and four policemen outside the door, who wished they were forty. When all the presents, candy, red Christmas stars, shining balls, and other Christmas decorations of the tree had been distributed, the children that were left divided the tree, and still children were waiting. There was not so much as a package of suffrage literature or a "Votes for Women" button left to give them.

It was a Belmont-Collegiate-Equal-Suffrage-League party and it had been arranged in a great hurry. There was no time to send out regular invitations, but little red and white Christmas circulars were distributed broadcast in the vicinity of the new Belmont Club headquarters, where the affair was held, inviting every child in the district to come and have a Christmas present.

They all came.

The party was to begin at 8 o'clock last night. The children came at 6. At half past seven two policemen arrived. There was a big crowd then, and they were none too soon. There were boys and girls and babies of all ages, and the babies who were not big enough to walk the mothers brought in their arms. The entrance to the Belmont headquarters is through the basement with a sharp flight of stone steps, and that there were not half a hundred small necks broken on those steps was due to the policemen and the special Providence which is said to watch over children.

Those behind said forward and those in front said back. When the policemen pushed the crowd back in one place a dozen babies would leak out on the other side. At one time it looked serious. The children fell through a place where there was no railing at one side, upset the flower pots of the basement florist, and tumbled over each other. Small Christmas trees that stood in wooden receptacles at the sides seemed to grow babies where the mothers planted the little ones as they grew tired of holding them.

The florist in the thickest of the crush opened his door and let the overflow into his room for a time, to the imminent danger of his wares, but relieving the dangerous pressure until the police could get matters in their hands again. The children endeavored to regulate matters themselves.

"Quit pushin', you kid," a shrill little girl's voice would cry out, to be answered by another:

"She ain't no kid; she's my little sister."

Inside the room, which is a large one, with a seating capacity of 500, matters were less complex. There was the big tree, sumptuously dressed. The college women had sent 800 presents down for the tree. Mrs. Belmont had sent 500, and there was candy galore. It had been planned to take in all the little guests and give them a jolly evening, with recitations and songs, in which they were to take part. They even had a pretty woman Santa Claus—she was said to be Mrs. Claus, who had borrowed her husband's holiday red garments, but the children hardly saw her.

They were let in in single file, and the thirty college women helpers, with Miss Mary Donnelly, who is in charge of the headquarters, and Mrs. Santa Claus, distributed presents and candy as fast as they could, while Mrs. Belmont was here, there, and everywhere, giving out presents, straightening lines of children, and seeing them well out of the door again immediately.

When the line of children began to come out with their presents there were shouts of glee:

"Oh, I got a game!" a little girl would cry to her mother waiting for her.

"See my ball?" a little boy would shout.

"She asked me did I want a doll, but I said I had one. She gave me some birds," said another little girl.

"What is it?" asked a woman going by seeing the crowd, "The Salvation Army?"

There were some very poor children in the crowd, but most of them were clean and attractive. One little boy, with a bright face, who was in the front of the line, which then stretched half way up the block, long after 9 o'clock, said:

"It's a long time waiting for presents."

The little fellow had been there since 6 o'clock, crowded back from time to time, being so little, and at that time the bare tree had already been taken away and there were no more presents.

"Never mind. You can come again some other night," said the good-natured policemen, and they sent the disappointed ones home. A few of the latest of the visitors stayed for a time in the hall upstairs. There was one mother with a rosy cheeked baby in her arms, the little fellow playing with a tin horse that had come from the tree.

"Oh, it was awful rough outside," said the mother.

It was reported that one little boy was cut on the head by a tumble, but it was not serious. The suffragists say that the next time they have a Christmas tree they will know the number of their guests in advance and prepare for them. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, who, with Miss Anthony, was one of the guests of the evening, said:

"Well, the anti-suffragists can't say now that the suffragists haven't any children."

Miss Jessie Ashley, President of the Collegiate Equal Suffrage League, was one of the busiest helpers; the lady Santa Claus was Mrs. Will Bliss, and Capt. James W. Spencer, Tammany leader of the district, was a guest and assisted with the tree.

TOWS STRANGE SCHOONER.

Gresham Headed with Her for Boston—May Be the Thomas B. Gasland.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Dec. 23.—The revenue cutter Gresham to-day took in tow, from Great Point, Nantucket, an unknown schooner, with which she proceeded north, headed probably for Boston. Efforts to communicate with the Gresham by wireless were futile up to midnight, although fragments of conversation by the Gresham's operator were picked up at various wireless stations along the coast.

From none of these points could the identity of the schooner be learned. It is not improbable that she is the Thomas B. Gasland, which ran aground at Great Point during the blizzard of a week ago, the crew of which was taken off by life savers.

EDUCATOR IS A BANKRUPT.

A. S. Downing Owes $111,906 on Notes to Raise Money for Mining Concerns.

UTICA, Dec. 23.—Augustus S. Downing, an educator of Albany, to-day filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court here, showing debts of $111,906.67, contracted as maker or indorser of various notes. His assets are $1,002.14.

Downing states that he used his credit to obtain money for the Opp Mining Company of Jacksonville, Ore., and other mining concerns of which he is an officer.

J. W. DALY'S WILL SUSTAINED.

Contest Over $2,000,000 Estate Ended by Compromise.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 23.—A dozen little heirs of the late James W. Daly, the millionaire railroad contractor, comprising children ranging in age from 5 to 15 years, were brought before Justice Joseph Morschauser in the Supreme Court here to-day and asked if they understood the compromise effected yesterday which had ended the contest proceedings. The estate is valued at $2,000,000.

The children were not all treated alike as to their inheritances under the will, some being left more than others. Those who received the lesser amounts will now have their inheritances increased by the settlement arranged for. The proceeding was unusual, as each child was asked by Judge Morschauser if he or she understood the proceedings and if they were satisfied. All answered in the affirmative.

Justice Morschauser directed the jury to return a verdict sustaining the will, made in June, 1907, and holding with it that Mr. Daly was of sound mind and understanding when he signed the will.

By the terms of the compromise the daughter, Mrs. Mary A. Willis, gets $102,000 and the son, John A. Daly, $95,000. Catherine Butler Daly and Mary Daly, his nieces, and David Welsh, attorney, get $50,000. Alexander Mitchell, the executor and trustee, gets $9,000 in commissions. Besides the real estate, valued at $200,000, the grandchildren will have as follows: James W. Daly, $94,500; Margaret S. Daly, $85,000; Michael J. Daly, $85,000, and Mary Daly, $85,000.

IT'S HEMPSTEAD HOSPITAL.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont Clears Up All Misapprehensions Concerning Name.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Dec. 23.—Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont intends to have all misapprehensions concerning the Hempstead Hospital cleared up now and for all time. She wrote to-day to the Hempstead Sentinel:

"There appears to be a misconception as to the name of the Hempstead Hospital. It is sometimes referred to as the 'Belmont Hospital' or the 'Belmont Memorial.' There seems to be a desire in this misrepresentation to hamper the hospital in its work. It might appear to be the hope of those antagonistic to the hospital that by designating it 'Belmont' it will prevent the co-operation and support of many who might otherwise be interested in the work.

"From the very beginning, to the Trustees, the President, and all who have had any knowledge of the hospital, it has been known as the Hempstead Hospital. Its corporate name is the Hempstead Hospital, and its ambulance, stationery, &c., are and have been so plainly marked.

"The hospital was established to meet what was felt to be a need in the community in which it was built, and not in any sense as a memorial, and it is intended that it shall succeed on the record it makes as a hospital and the character of the service which it renders.

"Every physician who may find this hospital convenient to his practice is invited to make use of its facilities with the assurance that any patient that may be sent to us will receive the best care and attention that it is possible for any hospital to give."

MRS. BELMONT QUITS BAZAR.

But Committee Says Disagreement Over Selling Chances Was Not Cause.

The anniversary of Susan B. Anthony's birthday is to be celebrated by the New York State Woman Suffrage Association with a bazar, luncheon, and tea in the Belvedere of the Hotel Astor, Feb. 14. This is to take the place of the bazar which the association was planning to hold in the Hotel Plaza in January. The officers of the association say the change is not due to a difference of opinion among the members of the fair committee as to chances being sold at the bazar.

Mrs. Belmont, who had been an ardent worker for the Plaza Hotel bazar and who was in favor of chances being sold, while other members were not, has resigned from the committee. It is denied that her resignation had anything to do with this difference of opinion or anything but her various occupations in other lines.

ATTACKS BRITISH TURBINES.

Melville Says Navy Finds Them Wasteful at Low Speeds.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—As the specifications for the building of the new dreadnought, the battleship Texas, calls for reciprocating engines in place of the newer turbines, Rear Admiral Melville was to-day asked the significance of the reversion to the older type of power.

The Admiral's explanation of the Navy Department's reversion to an older type of marine engine was that the two types of turbines that have been tried in the navy have not been found to be as valuable as was believed.

The two scout cruisers, the Birmingham and the Chester, have the British type of turbine, the Parsons, and at high speed it is said they have proved economical, but at the mid or at the low speeds they are the most expensive of turbines. That the British still put these turbines in to their latest ships the Admiral explained on the score of patriotism.

"They would rather lose than admit a British invention was not all they believed it to be," he said.

TWO DOG BITES ENOUGH.

Sentence of Death Executed on Miss Dorothy Martindale's Pet.

Miss Dorothy Martindale, youngest daughter of A. B. Martindale, Vice President of the Chemical National Bank, who lives at the Plaza, is inconsolable over the loss of her pet French bull Bontie. The dog was affectionate until recently, when he suddenly bit his mistress. He was forgiven that time. Then he bit her again, and that was fatal for Bontie. Mr. Martindale said that Bontie would have to be shot, and shot he was. Miss Dorothy has a French brindle bull called Gaston now to replace Bontie, who was black.

"He's a nice dog," said his disconsolate mistress yesterday, "but he is not like my pet that I had kept so long."

PASSENGERS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Arrivals on the Lusitania and St. Louis.

The transatlantic steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

LUSITANIA (Liverpool)—Mischa Elman, Louis Massen, the actor; Major H. Maitland Kersey, D. S. O.; T. B. Hohler, First Secretary British Legation at Mexico; Benjamin S. Guinness, Viscount Hollender, Albert Halstead, American Consul at Birmingham; Robert Thompson, American Consul at Hanover; Mrs. James Henry Smith, Lieut. Timmons, U. S. N.; Dr. E. Starr Judd, of Rochester, Minn.; Travers Humphreys, who was in the prosecution of the Crippen case; Jesse L. Lasky, S. W. Kessler, H. J. Notter, the jockey; James Rowe, F. M. Guedalla, E. J. Hall, Miss Faith Moore, Lieut. Col. C. A. Smart and T. P. Thorne.

ST. LOUIS, (Southampton)—M. Stanley Brown, Miss Mary J. Carroll, Miss B. A. Church, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Colton, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Donovan, H. S. Fitzroy, Norman Gordon-Lennox, Mrs. Josephine Emerson, Randall Jacobs, Count Julius Linden, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Off, Frederic B. Shipley, Mrs. Cecil Taylor, B. H. Voight, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis T. Wolle, and Capt. C. A. K. Barton.

Why not send him a dozen bottles of Evans' Ale?

A barrel containing 10 dozen bottles lasts longer.

THE 11TH HOUR GIFT THAT IS SURE TO MAKE A HIT.

Apply to Nearest Dealer.

C. H. EVANS & SONS, HUDSON, N. Y.

N. Y. City Depot—12th Av. and 35th St.

START CAMPAIGN AGAINST INSANITY

State Aid Association to Undertake the Work for Which Funds Are Provided.

LUNACY ON THE INCREASE

Measures of Prevention to be Taken and Work Conducted Along Lines of Tuberculosis Campaign.

A campaign for the prevention of insanity in New York State, which will be conducted along lines similar to the campaign against tuberculosis, was inaugurated last night at the Academy of Medicine, 17 West Forty-third Street. It was stated that in the last twenty years the population of New York has increased 47 per cent. while he number of lunatics has increased 103 per cent.; that the institutions devoted to the care of the insane are now crowded to more than the safe limit, and that if the increase of insanity continues at its present rate during the next twenty years the problem of taking care of the State's lunatics will be appalling.

At the conclusion of the programme, in which the speakers told about the causes of insanity, the State's duty in the prevention and the campaign that is to be waged against it, a woman who had come in walking with the aid of a stick, rose and called out:

"I'd like to speak a word, and I want the audience to stop and listen to me. I want order. You have spoken about the theory of cause and prevention. Let me tell you something practicable. I have spent some years in the Manhattan State Hospital for the Insane. I am now living in one of the city's largest hotels. I am a member of St. Thomas's Church.

"Let people take more interest in one another and there will be less insanity. For example, I have been sick for three days. Not a single soul has asked me how I felt, how I was getting on, whether or not any one could help me.

"I had to go across the river to that island hospital to get cheerful interest shown in me, to find smiling faces, to know the joy of hearty companionship. Isn't it a shame that in a Christian city we have to go to an asylum for that?

"Start your campaign by all means. God speed it. But, gentlemen, include in it some words about unselfishness, the willingness to speak cheerfully to everybody around one, the thrilling beauty of service to one another.

"I come here uninvited. I saw a notice of the meeting in a newspaper, and I couldn't help coming to say something. I am excited, and I have not been clear in my talk. I hope you see what I mean."

The gray-haired woman said that she was Mme. Marie L. Ranke. She did not care to name the hotel in which she had found such cold cheer. She had hardly sat down before a woman was by her side talking to her.

The campaign for the prevention of insanity is to be waged under the direction of the State Charities Aid Association, of which Homer Folks is Secretary. The meeting last night at the Academy of Medicine was under the auspices of the Section on Public Health of that institution, and Dr. Norman E. Ditman, Chairman of the section, presided. About 100 were present.

Dr. Albert Warren Ferris said that the State is now caring for 35,520 mental defectives, of which number 32,658 are insane. That means that there is 1 lunatic to every 289 persons in New York State.

Dr. Ferris said that alcohol is the greatest cause of insanity, nearly 30 per cent. of all the cases now under the charge of the State being due to that. Another important cause, Dr. Ferris said, is too free immigration. The total foreign population is 35 per cent., but the percentage of foreign-born lunatics in the institutions is 45 per cent.

He mentioned the following as among the measures of prevention that might be adopted: (1) Field work in hospital districts by special physicians attached to the staff; (2) social service by lay committees; (3) co-operation of physicians and special societies; (4) a campaign of interest and education, consisting of distribution of literature, permanent exhibits of former methods and present methods of treating the insane, lectures and moving pictures to illustrate the progress in the care of the insane and the present method of curative occupations, school activity, dances, games, re-education work, and varied industries, and (5) special care of the backward or abnormal child.

Dr. M. Allen Starr, Professor of Neurology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, said that he looked upon the campaign most hopefully. After considering the various causes of insanity and making estimates of the kinds that are known to be preventable, he declared that 35 per cent. of the insanity is due to causes that may be avoided.

Mr. Folks told how the campaign was to be conducted. Already voluntary contributions large enough to undertake the work for three years had been provided.

DELAYS 20TH CENTURY TRAIN

Pony Trucks of the Locomotive Left the Rails—No One Hurt.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Passengers in the first section of the Twentieth Century Limited, westbound, were shaken up to-night when the pony trucks of the locomotive left the rails at Canastota. No one was injured, and the train was only slightly delayed.

TRADE E&W. MARK

The New No. 5

As a dress shirt, all details improved; four stud holes in bosom, three to show.

Combed yarn in body.

EARL & WILSON.

At leading Haberdashers.

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Red Cap

The Red Sparkling Wine of France.

H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York, Sole Agents for the United States.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Ev. at 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:15.
Wm. Gillette THIS WEEK—SECRET SERVICE NEXT WEEK—REPERTOIRE

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:30. Last Mat. To-day, 2:30. Last Night.
The Importance of Being Earnest
Next Mon.—MISS BILLIE BURKE in SUZANNE

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Xmas Mon., 2:15.
ANNIE RUSSELL in THE IMPOSTOR

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way & 38th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Xmas Mon., 2:15.
The Foolish Virgin with MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day, Xmas Mon., & Wed. 2:15.
Engagement Ends Dec. 31. THE COMMUTERS

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Xmas Mon., & Wed. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO Presents BLANCHE BATES in NOBODY'S WIDOW.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed.
LINA ABARBANELL with RALPH HERZ in Madame Sherry
EXTRA MATINEES XMAS & NEW YEAR'S.

NEW YORK B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Xmas & New Year's.
MLLE. EMMA TRENTINI in NAUGHTY MARIETTA
By Victor Herbert & Rida Johnson Young. With ORVILLE HARROLD.

GAIETY B'WAY & 46th ST. EVES. 8:15. MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:15
COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT GET-RICH-QUICK WALLINGFORD

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day, 2:15.
Last Time To-night. Best Comedy in Town
THE COUNTRY BOY By Edgar Selwyn.
Next Mon. Night, Seats Now. Christie Macdonald in "The Spring Maid."

BIJOU 30th St., B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day, Wed., Dec. 28 & Jan. 2.
ZELDA SEARS in The Nest Egg

Joe Weber's. B'way, 29th. Mats. To-day & Wed.
ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE? with TRULY SHATTUCK and JOHN M'CLOSKEY.

GRAND ZIEGFELD FOLLIES OF 1910. NEXT WEEK—THE LILY.

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE Broadway 46th St. Evenings at 8 sharp. Matinees at 2.
MME. SARAH BERNHARDT
To-day Matinee.......JEANNE D'ARC
To-night ....MADAME X

TO-NIGHT

NAHAN FRANKO and His Orchestra at the

YOUNG MEN'S BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION BALL

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE, Lexington Ave. and 43d St.

From 8:00 P. M. to 5:00 A. M.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN WINTER EXHIBITION NOW OPEN. Adm. 50c. Fine Arts Galleries, 215 & 217 W. 57th St. 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. and 8 to 10 P. M.
NOTE:—The Exhibition will be open on Xmas and New Year's Mondays, 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. Adm. free.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. W. 34 St. Ev. 25c-$1. Daily Mat. 15c-50c. Nat. M. Wills, Cohan's Governor's Son, 12 others.

Hammerstein's Victoria. 42d St. Daily Mat. Maclyn Arbuckle, Frank Fogarty, Mrs. Dr. Munyon and 10 others.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque. To-day, 2:15. To-night, 8:15, 25c. to $1. Smoking.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

Men's Department Store

Little shops that pay big rents can't possibly compete with us.

Men's Furnishings In Fancy Boxes Free at Great Savings

Silk Knit Scarfs . . 49c
Silk Socks..... 50c
Silk Suspenders, 49c
Bath Robes, $2.98 up
Silk Umbrellas, 2.00
Pajamas, 98c to $1.49
Kennedy's 4-Ply Collars, 3 for 25c

Holiday Hats at Great Savings
Flexible Derbys $1.90
Beaver Alpines, $2.75
Cloth Alpines, $1.90
Opera Hats, $3.90
Silk Hats . . . $3.90 & $4.80
A Dollar Saved on Every Hat.

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DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.

Don't envy people with good positions. Advertise to-day in The New York Times and get one. Telephone Bryant 1000.

THE NEW THEATRE Cent. P. W. 62d-63d Sts. Phone 8800 Col.
To-day at 2:00. To-night at 8:30.
Wilhelm Meyer-Forster's Romantic Drama, OLD HEIDELBERG
Next Week: Extra Mat. Mon., also Tues., Wed. & Thurs. Nights & Wed. & Sat. Mats., Old Heidelberg; Mon., Fri. & Sat. Nights, The Thunderbolt.

MAJESTIC B'way & 59th St. Evgs. 8:30. Reg. Matinee To-day, 2:15.
Maurice Maeterlinck's THE BLUE BIRD
"The Blue Bird for Happiness." Original Cast. DAILY MATINEES NEXT WEEK AT 2:15.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME
Entire Block, 6th Av., 43-44th Sts. Evs. at 8. Daily Matinees at 2. Best Seats $1.00.
The International Cup | Ballet of Niagara | The Earthquake | 12 New Circus Acts

Nazimova's 39th St. Thea. 39th, nr. B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon., & Wed.
DRIFTING A new play by Preston Gibson.

BROADWAY B'way & 41. Evs. 8. Prices 50c to $1.50. Matinee To-day at 2.
SOTHERN—MARLOWE
Mat. To-day, As You Like It; To-night, Macbeth.
Next and Last Week: Extra mat., Mon., Taming of the Shrew; Mon. Night, Macbeth; Tues. Night, Hamlet; Wed. Night, Romeo & Juliet; Thurs. Night, As You Like It; Fri. Night, Taming of the Shrew; Sat. Mat., Merchant of Venice; Sat. Night, Twelfth Night.

CASINO B'way and 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
SAM BERNARD in He Came from Milwaukee.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
MRS. LESLIE CARTER in "TWO WOMEN."
Next Sun. Mat. & Night, Ellsworth's Oberammergau.

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed.
LULU GLASER in THE GIRL AND THE KAISER

William Collier's Comedy Thea., 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tdy., Mon. & Tues. 2:20.
WILLIAM COLLIER in "I'LL BE HANGED IF I DO."

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Mon. & Wed. 2:30.
"Best Farce in Ten Years."—Eve. Mail. BABY MINE

HACKETT 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Thurs. 2:15.
ALBERT CHEVALIER in DADDY DUFARD

Maxine Elliott's Thea. 39th bet. B'y & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tdy., Mon. & Wed. 2:30.
Charles Klein's New Play THE GAMBLERS with George Nash.

CIRCLE Broadway and 60th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
"It Captivates You."—Eve. Sun. MOTHER

WEST END 125th W. of 8th Ave. Beg. NEXT MON. (Xmas) MAT.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in THE CUB

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. To-day and Wed. 2:15.
Xmas Matinee Monday, Dec. 26. New Year's Matinee Monday, Jan. 2.
THE GREATEST SUCCESS IN MANY YEARS
Louis N. Parker's Comedy of Happiness, POMANDER WALK
"From first to last you are pleased, or nothing on this earth can please you."—Tribune.

CHRISTMAS PERFORMANCE FOR YOUNG AND OLD at Carnegie Hall.
The Children at Bethlehem
Gabriel Pierne, sacred mystery play arranged for stage production, with scenery, costumes, soloists, chorus, and orchestra by WALTER DAMROSCH.
A success equal to Haensel and Gretel. The Sun says, "Representation of exquisite beauty—A succession of delights for eye and ear."
Thursday Aft., Dec. 29, at 3.
Tickets at 1 W. 34 St. & Box Office, Carnegie Hall.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-day, Mat. at 2:15, LA BOHEME. Mmes. Farrar, Alten; MM. Jadlowker, Scotti, Didur, de Segurola, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Podesti.
To-night at 8:15, at Popular Prices, CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA. Mmes. Morena, Flahaut, Mattfeld; MM. Martin, Gilly. Cond., Podesti. Followed by ballet, ARABIAN NIGHTS, and Divert't Mlle. Pavlowa, Mr. Mordkin and their Russian Dancers.
Sun. Evg. at 8:30, at Popular Prices. Grand Sunday Concert. Soloists: KATHLEEN PARLOW, Violiniste; Mmes. Weidt, Case, Milestone; MM. Soomer, Sciaretti, Ruysdael, Rothier. Entire Metr. Orch. Cond. Pasternack.
NEXT WEEK: Xmas Mat. Mon. at 2 at Pop. Prices. HAENSEL und GRETEL and PAVLOWA and MORDKIN and Their RUSSIAN DANCERS.
MON. EVG. at 8, GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST, with the original cast. Regular Prices.
Wed. Evg., Dec. 28, First Time on Any Stage: Humperdinck's KOENIGSKINDER. Mmes. Farrar, Homer, Wickham, Mattfeld; MM. Jadlowker, Goritz, Reiss, Didur, Pini-Corsi, Hinshaw. Cond., Hertz.
NEW YEAR'S EVE. Second Performance. Same Cast. Seats Now on Sale.
Thurs. Evg. at 8, TANNHAEUSER. Mmes. Weidt, Fremstad, Sparkes; MM. Slezak, Soomer, Hinckley, Hall, Hinshaw, Gunther. Cond., Hertz.
Fri. Evg. at 8, RIGOLETTO. Mmes. Lipkowska, Flahaut, Mattfeld; MM. Smirnoff (debut), Amato, de Segurola, Rossi, Bada. Cond., Podesti. Followed by Divert't, PAVLOWA-MORDKIN.
Sat. Aft. at 2, LA GIOCONDA. Mmes. Destinn, Wickham, Claessens; MM. Caruso, Amato. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. Evg. at 8, KOENIGSKINDER, with the original cast as above.
WEBER PIANO USED.

ORATORIO SOCIETY, CARNEGIE HALL
Frank Damrosch, Conductor
THE MESSIAH
Afternoon of Tuesday, Dec. 27th, 1910. Evening of Wednesday, Dec. 28th, 1910.
Mme. de Pasquale, Miss Christine Miller, Mr. Reed Miller, Mr. Arthur Middleton.
Tickets 75 cts. to $2.00, at Box Office.

PHILHARMONIC —SOCIETY OF NEW YORK— GUSTAV MAHLER, Conductor.
Carnegie Hall, Tues. Eve., Dec. 27, at 8:15.
Soloist: EDOUARD DETHIER
All-Tschaikowski Program 2d Symphony D Major Concerto—Suite No. 1
Tickets 50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.
Seats now on sale for the GADSKI WAGNER program, Jan. 10-13.

PLAZA 59th St. & Mad. Av. DAILY MAT. 25c. Commencing Monday Mat. VESTA VICTORIA 22-All Star Acts-22

AMERICAN 22 ALL STAR ACTS 42d St., nr. B'way. DAILY MAT. 25c. Curtain 1:30 & 7:30 GRACE LA RUE, NANA, 4 Norens, William Dillon, Cameron & Gaylord, others.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Mr. Frank Keenan & Co., Master Gabriel & Co., Vilmos Westony, Hoey & Lee.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Odiva, Wm. H. Thompson & Co., Ben Welch, Homer Miles & Co., others.

BRONX 149th St. & 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Clarice Mayne, Kalmar & Brown, Devlin & Ellwood and others.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Tdy., Mon. & Thurs. 2:20. THE NEW COMEDY "THE CONCERT"

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed., 2:15. REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. To-day, 2:15, Mat. Jarno's operetta, "Das Musikantenmaedel." To-night, 8:15, Strauss operetta, "DIE FLEDERMAUS." Mon., Dec. 26, Tues. & Thurs., Ernst v. Possart, "Freund Fritz"; Wed. & Fri., "Merchant of Venice."

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. XMAS MATINEE MONDAY The Aviator with WALLACE EDDINGER.

Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. 28th St. B'way. Daily Mat. 25&50c. BILLY B. VAN & Beaumont Sisters, Claude Gillingwater & Co., Ethel Green, Stuart Barnes, and others.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c. The House of a Thousand Candles. NEXT WEEK—UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

The New York Times
Saturday Review of Books
LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1910 8 PAGES

A SONG FROM FAR AWAY

By AMELIA JOSEPHINE BURR

OF your day I claim no part,
Not a look, not a touch,
Not a beat of your dear heart;
That were joy too much.

Only let me take my place
In your dreams through the night.
I will pass and leave no trace
Ere the east grows light.

You shall waken with a smile,
Smiling still as you muse
How you dreamed of love awhile—
But forgetting whose.

The Century Magazine

TOPICS OF THE WEEK

Some of Dickens's Best Work

MR. CHESTERTON, whose second book on Dickens will be out before long, says that many earnest Dickensians are still rummaging in the files of Household Words and All the Year Round for crumbs from the master's table. The things they have found are often fragmentary; many were begun by Dickens and finished by some one else.

The singular thing is that some of the best work that Dickens ever did, better than the work in his best novels, can be found in these slight and composite scraps of journalism. For instance, the solemn and self-satisfied account of the duty and dignity of a waiter given in the opening chapter of "Somebody's Luggage" is quite as full and fine as anything done anywhere by its author in the same vein of sumptuous satire.

It is G. K. C.'s delight to startle, waylay and alarm the casual reader; and he seldom fails to do it. One usually protests against the gathering together of every scrap of a famous author's writing after his death, but the practice would seem to be justified, if even so many-tomed a writer as Dickens is still yielding up "some of the best work he ever did."

Shelley as an Old Man

IT SEEMS that the irony of our comment, last week, on Prof. Blackie's recollection of the poet Shelley, conspicuously dead in his early thirties, as "an old, infirm, down-bent man," living at Highgate, was a bit too fine. It is quite obvious, of course, that the good old Professor did not, in his youth, "see Shelley plain"; in fact, that he didn't see him at all, but was, so to speak, "barking up the wrong tree." One of the correspondents who were puzzled by our paragraph, suggests that the learned Grecian really referred to Coleridge; and as S. T. C. spent the last eighteen years of his life with the Gillmans at Highgate, and was comparatively old (sixty-two) when he died, it is more than likely that Blackie, in describing an old man who had "thrown overboard all speculative philosophy," did have him in mind. In his later years Coleridge probably looked much older than his years; for even at twenty-four, according to his pen-portrait of himself, he looked like an old man, with fat face, expressionless eyes, dropping jaw and shuffling gait.

Losing a Successful Wife

IT is not often that a book comes so near being hopelessly lost as was G. Dorset's successful novel, "A Successful Wife." In December, a year ago, Mr. Dorset arrived in Paris, with only a single copy of his story, which he had just sold to Everybody's for serial publication and to Harper & Bros. as a book. The manuscript and the contracts were carefully packed away in a valise, which the author himself carried for safety. Arrived at the house where he was to stay, what was his horror at discovering that all his luggage was with him except the valise! It was too late to start out in search of it, but at dawn the next day he started from the house, saying, "If I don't find Esther I shall not come back." He believed the book to be the only one he should ever write. To abbreviate a long story, the valise (which bore neither name nor address) had dropped from a porter's back, had been found in the street, and had been taken back to the station—the Gare du Nord—where Mr. Dorset found it. He now thinks he may write another book!

An Author's Ill-Fated Manuscripts

THE late Joseph O'Connor, the brilliant journalist of Rochester, a volume of whose prose is about to appear, had more than his share of misfortune with manuscripts. He was hardly more than a boy when a large prize ($600) was offered for a national hymn. The prize was not awarded, as none of those offered was considered quite perfect; but the committee placed the manuscripts in the hands of Richard Grant White, who made a book by stringing the best of them on a running essay. O'Connor's was there, and was one of the finest lyrics in the volume; but Mr. White, while praising it, had to append a note "regretting that the envelope containing the name of the author was lost." Years later O'Connor wrote a strong story which the editor of The Atlantic Monthly accepted; but before its turn for publication arrived, he lost the manuscript, and never found it. For a certain Decoration Day in Rochester Bret Harte had promised to write the poem. But when the day drew near, and his poem did not arrive, the committee turned to O'Connor to help them out, whereupon he wrote the strong and beautiful poem, "The White Rose," which stands first in his published volume. At the last moment Harte's manuscript arrived, and O'Connor's was not wanted. Any reader who is curious to know which is the better poem may compare them for himself. A novel written by the three brothers—Francis, Michael and Joseph—was bought and paid for by a man who was about to establish a publishing business in New York; but it never appeared in print, and all trace of it was lost. Joseph was not so unfortunate on the other side of the Atlantic, for when he sent a notable story to Blackwood's, it appeared duly in that magazine. A selection from the essays and comments that he wrote day by day, under the title of "The Rochesterian," is to appear soon, together with his best stories and his last poems, in two volumes uniform with the earlier volume of poems.

Journalistic Accuracy

THE Marquis de Pombal, a layman, having been described by the Lisbon correspondent of a London paper as chief of the Jesuits and leader of the Clericals, and a grandson of the historical Marquis expelled with the Jesuits in the middle of the eighteenth century, one of the Jesuit fathers writes from Farm Street to the editor that the Marquis is not a Jesuit, can scarcely be the grandson of a man who died in 1782, and that the said "historical" Marquis, far from being "expelled with the Jesuits," expelled them from Portugal and the Portuguese dominions in 1759, "being then at the height of his power, and receiving his marquisate in recognition of his services in the matter." "The crab is not a fish, it is not red, and it does not walk backward"!

The City of Dreadful Height

MR. ALVIN LANGDON COBURN, maker of a similar work of which London is the subject, brings out this Winter a large folio containing photogravures of New York (Brentano's). The pictures—there are twenty of them—are as impressionistic as if they were the product of the brush instead of the camera; and the photographer, whose "London" was happily introduced by Mr. Hilaire Belloc, has had the good fortune to get a foreword for his "New York" from so impressionistic (and so distinguished) a writer as Mr. H. G. Wells. As the readers of his book on America will recall, Mr. Wells is an avowed admirer of the City of Dreadful Height. New York, he declares, has the fortune, rare among great cities, of being founded on rock.

It is easy to tower upon this stony headland between the estuaries. St. Paul's Cathedral might stand as high again upon Manhattan, and yet not cause one tremor of all those anxieties about undermining and subsidence which haunt the good Londoner. That same restriction between the Hudson and the East River that cramped New York's lateral expansion brought with it its remedy, and so quite naturally and inevitably the city spurts up into such splendid fountains of habitation as Park Row and the sharp jets of the Singer Building and the Metropolitan Tower.

Posterity will owe much to Mr. Coburn, if Mr. Wells is right in his appraisal of these records of atmosphere and effect, which, in his picturesque phrase, will gleam as "extremely welcome jewels, amidst the dust-heaps of carelessly accumulated facts" relative to our over-documented age. And no doubt Mr. Wells is right.

"THE WINTER QUEEN"

A Romantic Biography of Elizabeth Stuart of England, Electress Palatine and Queen of Bohemia

By HILDEGARDE HAWTHORNE

THERE is much charm in the title "The Winter Queen," chosen by Marie Hay for her romantic biography of Elizabeth Stuart of England, Electress Palatine and Queen of Bohemia—a charm that is repeated in the book.* The heroine is an appealing one, none the less so because of the strength of character and the courage that never wavered through all her trials. For she was hedged from happiness all her days, political intrigue combining with a thousand mistakes to make of her life an emptiness and a failure, and, where these needed assistance, restless death stood ready to give it, snatching from the poor queen every creature dear to her.

As the author informs us, the spirit, characters, incidents and temper of her story are reflected from a bulky mass of ancient manuscript, printed pages, submerged records and "histoires intimes," or from scraps of legend handed down from father to son at the fire-side hour; but though the bones are actual enough, the body woven about them is fashioned from the shimmering fabric of romance, clothing them in the warm contours of life, and making of the volume not only a historic picture of no little value, but a touching human story that leads the reader back to old days and old ways among the gifted and the noble, the base and the selfish, to ideals and thoughts of a time long past. A time that has its curiously modern moments too, unexpected yet convincing, as a true picture of ancient days always must have.

This lovely woman's life is told with a color, a magnificence that recall an old embroidered tapestry so sumptuous with gold and jewels as to glow with a light of its own. Pageants, splendid garments, faces framed in precious stones, city streets hung with rich stuffs and strewn with flowers and greenery, descriptions that do not pall, but wake the mind to an inner vision, so that the reader moves along, himself an actor in the gorgeous play. And dark behind the brilliance is the Calvinist thunderculoud, muttering and flashing out anon with a dangerous white fire, signal of the red blaze to follow.

"England had sent forth her royal daughter with a very halo of romance, an almost legendary splendor of magnificence, calculated to stir the imagination of all Europe." To Heidelberg she came, her wedding gown equal to a duke's revenue, her "deep ambered-colored hair" hanging in thick plaits to her waist, braided with pearls and rubies, and a hundred and forty thousand pounds in her white hands for dowry. But in the shadow, a shadow not all the flashing jewels and golden broidery of the princely throng could illumine, lurked evil and unhappy shapes. And each of these had stepped into the full light of day before (fifty years later) Elizabeth, with gray hair and empty hands and a dismal track of ruin behind her, returned again to England.

A better subject for romance than this particular moment of history, with its picturesque characters and background, could hardly be found. Its heroine is one of the Stuarts, and worthless as this family has often been, it has rarely lacked charm and a haunting beauty in its members, a something that drew men's hearts and women's too, that roused a desperate loyalty even where respect could not be granted. Elizabeth, sister to the first Charles, daughter of heavy Scotch James with his soul of a miser, namesake of the great Elizabeth, possessed to the full the Stuart gifts of personal grace, of a beauty lying rather in a subtle and haunting suggestion than in actual moulding, and that quality of mystery that attracted the crowd in the street equally with the courtier in the palace or the soldier in the field. Moreover, there is not lacking that added touch of fascination, a sense of doom hanging over those fair heads with their dark eyes, a fate that is to bury the noble, ill-balanced race in hurrying tragedy.

(Continued on page 727)

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*THE WINTER QUEEN. A Romance. By Marie Hay. Illustrated. Houghton Mifflin Co. $4.

A SPIRITUAL PILGRIMAGE

Brother Angelo Tells the Story of His Conversion from the Roman Catholic to the English Church

THE usual objections to the religious autobiography—ordinarily the fruits of egotism—cannot be urged against "Franciscan Days of Vigil," by R. De Bary, perhaps better known in this country as "Brother Angelo." The late Father Tyrrell, who seems to have suggested the work, approved it on the ground of its public interest and of its originality of view. It has the further merits of absolute honesty and of an unflinching introspective effort expressed in scholarly terms and without extravagance or heat. Mr. De Bary sets out to tell the story of his religious life and to describe his pilgrimage from Fanciscanism to Anglicanism. Whatever may be the individual judgment on his change of faith, he gives at least no cause for anger on the part of either churchman or logician. It is possible to deplore his convictions but at least we know that they are convictions, that they were reached through a Gethsemane of self-conflict, and that in the picture of that conflict there are no evasions, no suppressions and no compromises.

It is indeed an extraordinary atmosphere to which we are introduced. Mr. De Bary's father was on a pilgrimage to Rome when the book opens, and his brothers and sister, like himself, were wholly immersed in the religious life. As a boy he tells us that he read Sister Emmerich's "Dolorous Passion," and was convinced that the world's present sorrows are associated with a kind of mystical rehearsal of the Passion. He describes his daily life at the same period as divided between his lessons, examining the neighboring Irish shrines, building toy houses, and playing at mimic war between the Greeks and the Romans. But an almost incredible earnestness of religious speculation was his main occupation, and already he felt himself devoted as by a prenatal determination to the spiritual life, and to priesthood. No other career presented itself to him or could have been thinkable to him at that time. Henceforth his whole subjective life was to be a struggle between the outward influences thus brought almost irresistibly to bear upon him and the inward tendencies that were to become articulate by slow stages and with all the semblance of a higher revelation.

And yet it is easy, almost from the beginning, to detect the seeds of the final breach with Rome, although it is not quite so easy to see why that breach should have carried him into Anglicanism. Religion presented itself to him from the very first as a road to Theocracy, to the establishment of the Kingdom of God upon earth, and this sublime ideal became the dominant note, the burning vision, of his life. It was the measure by which all things were to be measured, the gauge to be applied to all religious institutions and observances. The divine will was to be done among men here and now, governments were to be brought into subjection to the heavenly plan; and judged by such a standard as this, he found himself at variance first with the monastic life and with asceticism, and finally with a complete religious system that fixed its gaze upon a life to come and that was comparatively indifferent to the reign of justice and of compassion upon earth. So saturated was he with the spirit of an exalted and mystic humanitarianism that he was powerfully attracted to Mohammedan governments. Here at least was a God, even though a false one, who had stamped his laws upon human codes. Here was an earthly rule based upon the plain and simple commands of Allah.

The breach necessarily grew with the first insertion of the wedge, with the first recognition that the Church was more concerned with heaven than with earth. He had been ordained as a Franciscan priest, and the significance of his new functions clamored with a hundred voices for interpretation. He tells us that he had lived for years through a period of unquestioning faith, and also of complete and absolute darkness as to the meaning and purpose of that faith. He seems indeed to have had the power to believe the scholastic teachings and at the same time to reject them—an anomaly by no means uncommon and too often permanent. They were truths to be accepted but not to be absorbed. They were to be believed but they were not to become living realities or parts of himself. Two antagonistic states of consciousness were growing up within him, and when they were brought face to face the result was inevitable. The Theocratic vision upon one hand and the realities of Church government on the other were irreconcilable, and the conflict was prolific of ever wider areas of doubt. And yet it is strange to find that before he left the Church—just how long before is not apparent—he had explained the dogma of the Virgin Birth as meaning that Jesus had been born without inherited taint of sin and therefore as the "Son of the Virgin" or as the Son of God. The events of the world hastened the final change. What hope could there be for a Theocracy to be inspired by the Papacy when the Pontiff himself had limited his own sovereignty to a small part of the Divine Kingdom and had abdicated the universality of his jurisdiction? How could there be a Theocracy at all under a religious system that had no reproof for the anti-Semitism of the Dreyfus case but reserved its condemnation for liberal opinions on theology, and its activities for the suppression of such men as Dr. Schnell?

Into the question of the validity of the author's Franciscan vows, taken as they were under the conviction that any other course would involve the loss of his soul, there is no need to enter. It has small general interest in comparison with the deep-seated change of view that made that validity a matter for question. Mr. De Bary wisely subordinates it to the description of his slowly taken steps from Catholicism to Anglicanism, and of his gradual passage not so much from one conviction to another as from a religious system in which he was misplaced from the first, and from constraints imposed upon him, not by the exercise of his own free will but by the outer circumstances of an overwhelming environment.

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*FRANCISCAN DAYS OF VIGIL. By R. De Bary, ("Brother Angelo.") Longmans, Green & Co.

THE AMERICAN GIRL

THAT conquering and contemptuous young Juno, looking as if she had been bullyragging her maid, who as the "Gibson girl" passed current for so long as the typical representative of feminine young America, has had to step aside for quite another type. If we are to credit the pictorial interpreters of the American girl now at the fore with faithfulness and sincerity, that young woman has suffered a mighty upsetting in temperament and character since the days when her somewhat sullen and supercilious beauty filled all the land and spread her fame across the seas. Two Autumn picture-books, votive offerings at her shrine, portray a being so different from the "Gibson girl" and her followers as to make one wonder whether the variation has been in the girls, the artists, or merely in that fickle lover, the public.

Harrison Fisher's "Pictures in Color" (Scribner, $3.50) is a very handsome folio, bound in cream and brown paper boards, containing sixteen full-page compositions, some of which have not been printed before. They all represent young women, of the well-known Fisher type, engaged actively or passively in the pursuit of pleasure. In most of them the maid is being aided and abetted in her pursuit, or is being herself pursued, by a Fisher young man. She is always lovely, happy, radiant, and one could not possibly imagine her scolding her maid, or any one else.

Henry Hutt's "Girls" (Scribner, $3), in small quarto size, contains sixteen full-page pictures in color, as many line-drawings and an equal number of pen-and-ink decorations upon the title-pages of the several pictures. Here the young women are presented alone, modishly clad and coiffured, reading, bathing, drinking tea, or otherwise enjoying themselves. Mostly, they are soulful young women, with Japanese eyes, a sentimental expression and mouths that do not quite seem to fit. They are more conventional in appearance and less spirited in manner than the American girl is portrayed by most of her interpreters, and they do not in the least suggest high-handedness or ill-temper. None of these pictures has had previous publication.

MR. LANG AS HOMER'S CHAMPION

The Gallant Scot Again Seizes His Pen to Prove That the Poet Was a Person

A NEW book by Mr. Lang on whatever subject has always in a high degree what must be called a sporting interest. Whether it is Joan of Arc or Mary Stuart or Homer who figures in the title, the tradition dealt with does but offer a fair ring within which Mr. Lang tries out the issue with a contemporary antagonist. Often before has he put on the gloves to defend the thesis of a personal Homer, and the varying methods of his "science" reflect the changing aspects of the problem. In "Homer and the Epic," published in 1893, he fought chiefly on the lines then in vogue of à priori literary criticism. Wolf, the father of the "Homeric question," was brought to scepticism by his inability to conceive that one of the world's greatest poets sprang out of nothing. Things do not happen in that way. Darwinism, which colored everything, confirmed this way of looking at Homer. If we had to rule out cataclysms from geology and special creations from biology, we certainly could not allow poetry to spring fully armed from the head of Zeus. The criticism of the last century was devoted to supplying her with a human infancy. Everyone who read the Homeric poems was entitled to his own opinion of the different stages of dentition exhibited in different portions of the works. The famous discrepancies began to grow more and more striking. The question was whether Homer had exceeded the allowance made to every voluminous writer of fiction. The agnosticism of the learned world became a fixed habit. But the new impatience of discrepancies was based more or less consciously on the assumption that Homer represented the beginning of things, and this assumption has gone to pieces before the advance of archaeological knowledge.

Since 1876 the excavators have built up a whole world before Homer, a civilized, prosperous, artistic world in the basin of the Aegean. Of course the finds as they came to light were eagerly applied to the "question." They ought to have settled it, but they only changed its aspect. In 1893, then, Mr. Lang's book was a polemic against Mr. Leaf and the literary disintegrators. In 1906, in his "Homer and His Age," although the literary question was still present, the fresh evidence had to do with burial versus cremation and with iron versus bronze. It was no longer mere literary and linguistic inconsistencies with which Homer was charged. Mr. Leaf, in company with Reichel and his school, declared the poems a treasure-house of antiquities, folk-lore and customs of different periods and irreconcilable types. But since 1906 even these new considerations have become old-fashioned, overshadowed by the development of interest in the history of religion, and particularly of ritual. It is therefore Mr. Gilbert Murray with whom Mr. Lang is genially disagreeing in 1910. The literary question is relegated to two final chapters. The archaeological question is dealt with in a comparatively expository and pacific manner. The casus belli is Mr. Murray's views as expounded in his "Rise of the Greek Epic," and notably his contention that the Homeric poems show signs of a gradual elevation of religion and morals signified by a process of expurgation in the poems themselves. "The special myths, beliefs and rites," says Mr. Murray, "that were characteristic of the conquered races are pruned away or ignored; the hero-worship, the oracles, the magic and witchcraft, the hocus-pocus of purification, all that savors of the 'monstrous regiment of women,' the uncanny powers of dead men, and the baleful confusion between man and God." This is the thesis that Mr. Lang takes for his point of attack.

His own contention is that one great poet wrote the Iliad and the Odyssey, not exactly as they stand in our texts to-day, but practically so, and that they are a picture of an actual state of society existing briefly between the Aegean period revealed by excavations in Crete and elsewhere, and the Dipylon period, reconstructed mainly from vases found near Athens and in other sites. According to Mr. Lang, this interval was the moment after the invasion of the Achaeans from the north before they had begun to assimilate the religious and social ideas of the conquered races. Homer shows no expurgation because the objectionable elements were never present in his work. Before Homer and after Homer men worshipped the dead, but he knows nothing of it. Before Homer the dead were buried; after Homer they were generally buried; but during Homer (if we may so speak) they were uniformly burned, and urns of gold, bronze or pottery were placed in a stone chamber beneath a mound of earth on which was set a memorial pillar.

Where are these tombs to-day? Mr. Lang himself frankly states the chief difficulty in the way of attributing an objective existence to Homer's world as it stands: it has left no physical trace. Not a cairn with its characteristic contents has been unearthed among the memorials left by many ages of men. "For the Homeric period, except in the case of the fibulae marking the change of costume * * * we have little evidence except in the Homeric poems themselves." Many of the objects described by Homer have been found, but they are assigned to widely different periods. Nowhere has there been found a collection consisting of Homeric objects and nothing else. Nevertheless, Mr. Lang argues for the existence of this world with eloquence, with learning, with zest, and, we may add, with faith, with hope, and all things considered with charity.

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*THE WORLD OF HOMER. By Andrew Lang. Illustrated. Longmans, Green & Co. $2.25.

"UNDER A FOOL'S CAP"

IN regarding the little volume of tender lyrics, "Under a Fool's Cap," which is a late addition to the "Mosher books," one is inclined to doubt anew the old theory that a poet's inspiration is best nursed by poverty. For both Mr. Mosher's foreword and Mr. Norman Roe's admirable critique, reprinted here from The Cornhill Magazine, tell us that the author of the poems, Daniel Henry Holmes, was a writer who could afford not to market his wares, and to follow at leisure his whimsical, beautiful fancy—the weaving of old nursey rhymes into lyrics wherein ancient meanings acquired a new beauty. Usually the meter of the original rhyme is maintained; and always there is an undertone of sadness. Occasionally, as in the case of "Margery Daw" there is as tragic and raw a note as may be found. At first glance it seems a pity that the poet used his rare gift merely to make old things over into new; but perhaps he could weave from the four lines of "My Lady's Garden," fourteen stanzas, each as lovely as the first—

All fresh and fair as the Spring is fair,
And wholly unconscious they are so fair,
With eyes as deep as the wells of sleep,
And mouths as fragrant as sweet June
air—

may be said to have wrought poems that are peculiarly his own.

TEN BOYS FROM HISTORY

IN her preface to "Ten Boys from History" (Duffield, $2) Kate Dickinson Sweetser says that the boys of the stories have been selected "not because they later became famous men, although some of them did, but because each one achieved something noteworthy as a boy. And in each boy's character, whether historic or legendary, courage was the marked trait." Among the histories chosen are those of David, the Shepherd Boy; Peter of Haarlem; Mozart, the Boy Musician, and David Farragut—the story covering in each case the younger years of the hero's life. The book itself is large of page and clear print, and though the author's style is "wordy" and rather uneven, yet it has a certain dramatic quality likely to make it appeal strongly to boys of ten or twelve.

"SIX GIRLS"

THE new volume added by Marion Ames Taggart to her "Six Girls" series, "Betty Gaston, the Seventh Girl" (Wilde, $1.50), tells about the little daughter of Marjorie, one of the six. It is a very happy and loving circle of aunts and near-aunts and other relatives in which small Betty Blossom finds herself; and although many things both good and painful, tragic and comic, happen in the course of the story, it is a sweet and wholesome tale for little girls.

FICTION FOR ALL AGES

Novels of History, of Mystery, and of Adventure, and One About an Unlettered "Bluestocking"

IN "The Mystery of the Green Heart," Max Pemberton (Dodd, $1.30) has given us a detective story so baffling that when it appeared serially in The London Daily Mail, only a bare half-dozen of its many readers were able to claim the prize offered those who should correctly solve the mystery. A beautiful woman found dead in a boat on the Henley racecourse is the centre of the story. She is dressed as for a ball; her jewels are untouched save that from a bracelet on her arm had been taken a small, heart-shaped box of green jade. To find that box is to find the murderer. A certain Prince Maurevale, inventor of methods which would make even the smallest navy "master of the world," conducts the search through involved intricacies until all is made plain. The tale differs from the most of its kind by dealing with national intrigue and exalted personages. Thereby it loses its force. We are always aware of its unreality. A detective story, of all others, needs to keep close to probability; it must make us believe in it, and this "The Mystery of the Green Heart" utterly fails to do.

It is clear that many there be who read historical novels, else there would not be so many to write them. "The Hand of the North," by Marion Fox (Lane, $1.50), takes its readers into the reign of Elizabeth, and gives a striking picture of the aged Queen, terrible in her youthful make-up. It marshals upon its pages some of the most noted characters of the time, and it tells, withal, a tale of courage and of love. It is admirably written; its descriptions are vivid—and yet, and yet—it refuses to take hold. One reads it by an effort of will, not because one cannot help it. In books, as in people, there is a subtle personality behind their qualities, which gives them what, for want of a better word, we call "magnetism." This, as seems to us, is lacking in "The Hand of the North." We approve, we admire—but we do not feel the compelling touch of the North as does David Armstrong, conquered and conqueror.

To all genuine boys who prefer a story of work, courage, and adventure to one of mawkish sentiment "The Boy Ranchers of Puget Sound," by Harold Bindloss (Stokes, $1.50), will bring keen delight, stirring their young blood with longing to go and do likewise. At the age of sixteen Frank Whitney is forced by circumstances to earn his own living. A distasteful position with a Minneapolis milling company having come to an untimely end, he feels the call of the wild, and obtains work on a ranch near Puget Sound. He and the rancher's son at once "hit it off together," and spend a life of hard work and hard play. By and by a mysterious schooner appears off the coast, and the rancher's team is stolen. The boys become detectives, discover a gang of Chinese and opium smugglers, and are involved in actual warfare with them, the strife culminating in a siege and a pitched battle. Of course the boys triumph, and the book ends just as it should. It will be perceived that the pages are well packed with perils and thrills; and, best of all, are vibrant with worthy action. The story, moreover, is admirably told. Parents over whom the shadow of Christmas begins to fall will do well to make a note of it, for boys are not what they used to be if they do not devour it with avidity and speedily accord it the honor of being one of the shabbiest volumes on their shelves.

In a story of the early years of the reign of Henry III of England, Gulielma Zollinger tells of "The Rout of the Foreigner" (McClurg, $1.50) and of his adherents, as achieved by a quick-witted boy, with the aid of "Witch Joan" and a simple-minded swineherd. The tale is not one of love, but of youthful loyalty and courage, ending in the overthrow of the unscrupulous Falkes de Breante, who swallowed estates with an appetite which grew by what it fed upon; and whose agent, Gilbert de Hexham, was worthy of his master. The tale is worth the telling, and is well told, but its "did's" and "be's" are so iterated as to get on to one's nerves. Speech less archaic would better have commended it to the young readers for whom it is especially designed.

"The Vulture's Claw," by C. F. Wimberly (R. F. Fenno & Co., $1.50), reminds one of the Sunday School novels that were the delight of the unsophisticated youth of a generation ago—books wherein there was enough of a love-story to sugar-coat the religion, and enough religion to qualify the love-story for "Sunday reading." It seems to have been difficult for the author of "The Vulture's Claw" to set her tale a-spinning, and she makes so many starts that the reader scarcely knows "where he is at" for some time. The illustrations are pleasing, and the story well-intentioned, but it is badly constructed, and lacks the artistic touch which would give it a place as literature.

"A Bluestocking in India," by Winifred Heston, M. D. (Fleming H. Revell Co., $1), is the inappropriate title of a series of letters from a lively young medical missionary to a friend in America. For a bluestocking, the writer makes queer mistakes, calling "surprise" an "epithet"; speaking of "a French bourgeoisie" as a table-companion; of winds as things that "careen"; of a Brahmin as taller than "most of his ilk." The letters are pleasantly written and are, in some respects, informing. The book is too obviously modelled upon "The Lady of the Decoration," like that graceful sketch closing with a lover, in this case rather lugged in. The chief value of the volume lies in its picture of that darkest India, whose appeal is too often forgotten in the poetry and picturesqueness of the land.

"THE WINTER QUEEN"

(Continued from page 725)

Besides the Stuart princess, there are a host of battling Protestant lords, of grim Puritans and scheming Romanists; there is Duke Christian with his passionate love; there are wild Czechs and sleepy Germans. The scene is the Palatinate and the surrounding principalities during the first half of the seventeenth century, when the struggle for liberty of conscience, a liberty that meant to either side the privilege of hacking the other to pieces, was in process of evolving, through seas of blood and after bitter suffering, into a notion of real liberty.

Bohemia was the spot-light toward which pressed various claimants, and Elizabeth's ambition to be a Queen, spurring on her weak but adoring husband, brought to the two that brief royalty over the gipsy land from which dated all the tragedy of their lives. What a record of silly mistakes and unfortunate misunderstandings that crowned moment was! An ill-timed laugh at an ancient Czech custom; the King's overfamiliarity with his subjects, as when he swims in the Modau with the town rabble; and the equally unlucky times when, asserting a peevish dignity, he stepped on toes not used to trampings whether from prince or peasant. And the religious persecution showing itself in the destruction of monuments dear to the Slav heart, whether it were Protestant or Catholic.

Visions and portents were to be had for the asking. It was a time when men ruled their lives by signs and auguries, and to those who look for it a vision is never wanting.

There is the King at the palace window, gasping before a ghostly sight of a shadowy horde fleeing down the slopes of the White Mountains, throwing aside their weapons, stumbling, falling, dying, while behind him all feet are keeping time to the music of a lively galliard; there is the gypsy woman who cries out ill-omened words, and the slimy army of newts that descend on the Queen and her young son in the plaisance; and there is the comet with its baleful glare. War was bloody war in those days. When the Imperial Army began to sweep across the Bohemian land it spared neither woman nor child; wherever its feet passed the prints were full of blood.

A moving story it is and movingly has the author related it. The "Pearl of England" coming in gorgeous array to Heidelberg, met by her ardent young husband, too impatient to stay for conventional precedents. The easy, merry life there. Then the call of ambition and the journey to Prague, with the miserable years following upon that foolish snatching of a crown. Presently, in exile, the wild love of Duke Christian and Elizabeth, their mutual renunciation, his death. Followed so soon by the drowning of the poor Queen's eldest son, with his cry, his vain cry to his father, "Mon père, mon père, sauvez moi!" A blithe and bonny boy—

Enter the great Gustavus-Adolphus, to rage lionlike across the war-ridden land, sweeping everything before him, with the poor Winter King, hoping for a turn in the tide, at his side. Then the great is killed, soon the little dies, too, leaving a widowed Elizabeth in a world that has neither place nor need for her. As the earth seemed to have no room for poor Friedrich's body, that was jerked hither and yon for three years, to lie at length no man knows where.

Waiting, waiting for years; and then the death of Charles of England on the scaffold.

Unfortunate Elizabeth, in her circle of ghosts.

Finally the last journey back to England. Her children were either dead or scattered. Her nephew, Charles II, made no haste to meet her. Only Lord Craven, faithful through all her troubles, was still by her side. She long past sixty, he a man beyond middle age. Surely a strange end to a life of sad adventure, that marriage; but it brought an interlude of peace until Elizabeth "died straight and brave in her own great crimson chair."

No pleasanter pastime for a Winter's day could well be found than the reading of this tale of a Winter Queen. It is, written with spirit, even with passion, almost as though it were the work of a friend and fellow of this Stuart woman, whose lingering charm the centuries have not been able to dissipate. Its people are living, Mrs. Hay giving them again to the world where their turbulent existencies ended so long ago, and touching the reader with their ancient joys and sorrows as vividly as though her book were a peep-hole through which one gazed on veritable stress and suffering, life and death.

THREE BOOKS OF VERSE

PERHAPS the most masculine touch among recent volumes of verse is that with which a woman sweeps her lyre. Some of the verses in "Herbs and Apples" by Helen Hay Whitney (Lane, $1.25) are confessedly mere dramatic assumptions of a vicarious manhood. Thus, in "The Song of Mokai," Mrs. Whitney is the wronged and vengeful husband (or lover, as you will); in "To Peroanche" she is the unloved and hopeless swain; in "Tempus Edax Rerum," the sated libertine; just as in "The Old Maid" she voices the heart-hunger of unmated spinsterhood. She is at her best, however, in those poems wherein she reveals the potential or actual selfhood of maiden wooed or matron won. These, in other words, if not directly autobiographical, are at least prompted by the accidents of her own condition and sphere in life. Yet even here one doubts whether their point of view would not be better appreciated by men than by women. Could many women, for example, feel just the emotions that are expressed in "The Wife Speaks"? We should be tempted to reproduce this fine sonnet—the best in the book—had we not already done so on Oct. 29.

Mr. Clinton Scollard, who is one of the best of our minor poets (and, alas! it is only minor poets that we can boast of, since William Vaughn Moody's untimely death robbed us of a great possibility) is at his best in his Oriental mood. Long ago some verse entitled "As I Came Down from Lebanon" showed us that he had the art to put the feeling for the East into Western phrase. Involuntarily, though by no flaw of plagiarism, it reminded us of Aldrich's dainty little lyric, "When the Sultan Comes to Ispahan." The cunning craftsmanship was the same. The standpoint was the same—not, indeed, that of the Oriental bard singing of things familiar to him, but of the Western wanderer, acute, sensitive, and sympathetic, thrilled for the nonce by the sights and sounds of the unfamiliar. Exactly this standpoint is reconquered in most of the verses now gathered together under the title "Chords of the Zither" (Clinton, N. Y.: Geo. Wm. Browning, $1.25).

In the death of Father Tabb, American poetry lost only the actual presence of another minor poet, who had quite redeemed the promise of his youth and fulfilled the measure of his possibilities. Arch, graceful, dainty and epigrammatic were the little verses that dropped from a full mind in his maturity; and exactly the same epithets may be applied to the volume of "Last Poems" (Kennerley, $1), which posthumously gathers up his aftermath.

"THE GOLDEN ROAD"

A BIT whimsical in its point of view, brimming with loving pleasure in its feeling toward "out-of-doors," just far enough outside the plausible in its story to possess imaginative charm, Frank Waller Allen's "The Golden Road" (Wessels & Bissell, $1.50) will make a strong appeal to those who have ever felt the call of the open road. It is about two young people, who are children at the beginning of the book, in a town on the Ohio River, and a peddler, of French extraction, who journeys about the country in a yellow cart, and is own brother to the spirit of the hills and the woods and the streams. The book is prettily gotten up, with special reference to gift-season qualities. It has marginal decorations in pale green and several full-page illustrations in color and half-tone by George Hood. A pleasant little love romance and a mystery as to the identity of the French peddler furnish a thread of rather cleverly outlined characters, much whimsical philosophizing, and many charming pictures of outdoor life.

"JOLLY TARS"

"JOLLY TARS," by M. M. Jamieson, Jr. (Dutton), is a very little book for very little people, all rhymes and pictures in black-and-white and colors.

"WITH LYONS IN MISSOURI"

"WITH LYONS IN MISSOURI," by Byron A. Dunn, is a Civil War story in the Missourians Series (McClurg). There are eight illustrations.

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The Three Bears.
Red Riding Hood.
The Forty Thieves.
This Little Pig.
The Fairy Ship.
Frog Prince.
Yellow Dwarf.

JOHN LANE COMPANY THE INTERNATIONAL STUDIO ALL BOOKSELLERS NEW YORK

The New York Times
Saturday Review
of
Books

Literary Section
of
The New York Times

NEW YORK, DECEMBER 24, 1910

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THE AMERICAN ACADEMY

THE meeting of the American Academy of Arts and Letters last week has been made the occasion of more or less sportive comment, and of some rather harsh criticism, amid which the real character, aim, and action of the Academy have been a little obscured. This is not unnatural; for the purposes of the Academy are, perhaps inevitably, not so clearly defined and so logically pursued that the wayfaring journalist may not err with regard to them.

In a general way they relate to the promotion of art and letters. One of the means devised for this end is the awarding of a gold medal, which this year fell to Mr. Rhodes the historian. Certainly nothing could more tend to advance letters in this country than a prize that would encourage writers in his field to emulate his leading qualities—untiring industry, exacting research, patient consideration, and singular candor and impartiality. History is a department of letters in which the United States have produced men of real importance, recognized as such in the Old World as well as the New, and the Academy could not better have justified confidence in its standard than by this recognition of the latest of them.

Another feature of the proceedings of the Academy that may prove capable of useful and interesting development is the preparation of papers upon the work and life of members dying within the year. In the French Academy this takes the form of a pretty frankly avowed eulogy of deceased members by their immediate successors. Eulogy is not the most fruitful exercise of the talent for composition, and much of the output in the French Academy is barely saved from utter banality by the knack of the writers in clothing even the commonplace elegantly. There is a certain awkwardness, too, in the chance allotment of subjects, the new member being sometimes scantily qualified by knowledge or sympathy to deal adequately with his predecessor. Nevertheless, French literature is distinctly the richer for some of the papers delivered by Academicians who have taken the opportunity to defend their own and analyze their predecessor's opposing views. In the American Academy it should be quite practicable to arrange, not for eulogies, but for reasonably critical accounts of the work of deceased members that would substantially aid in the formation of sound general opinion. A volume of these papers at suitable intervals might be made in time to fill a "five-foot shelf" indispensable to the student of American literary and artistic biography.

A like opportunity to create a body of what might be termed Academy literature might be developed in connection with the general papers read, and though most of these are doubtless destined to publication by their authors, it should not be difficult to secure the use of them for this purpose. Can any one, for example, imagine anything more appropriate to the aims of the Academy or better adapted to the work it is engaged in, than an essay on criticism by Mr. Brownell, whose principles, practice, native endowment and sustained devotion have placed him in the front rank of English-speaking critics? It is easy to see, of course, that there would be danger that this policy would tend toward indiscriminate publication, toward the production of "proceedings"—highly valuable, possibly, in technical societies, but fatal to general interest. It would require a stern exercise of exacting selection and exclusion at an early stage, when contributors were being chosen. But this is only saying that a standard is demanded, to be strictly applied; and what is the aim of such an institution if it do not include the framing and the enforcing of a standard?

And here, it may be suggested, one may look for the ragged top of the rock, jutting above the smooth current hitherto vouchsafed to the Academy, on which it may come to grief. Mr. Howells, the other day, with that invincible amiability that blends so curiously with the uncompromising severity of his judgments when he mounts the bench with wig or black cap, intimated that errors of inclusion and exclusion were possible. They are, and even probable, not to say palpably existent. The problem the Academy has to solve is how to establish, by the action of an ample majority of its members, a standard which may be held only by a minority; how to evolve a true aristocracy from a not too closely limited democracy. It is not an easy task, but it may be a useful one; and to those who have valiantly undertaken it, we wish Godspeed.

CHRISTMAS CAROLS

AN interesting example of unique book-making is afforded in "Ancient English Christmas Carols, from 1400 to 1700" (Dutton, $3.25). The medieval guise of its binding, with its worn and heavy leather and time-stained metal and leather clasps, is very cleverly done. The illustrations, seven in number, are from plates from Books of Hours. The collection of carols has been made and arranged by Miss Edith Rickert, whose Introduction traces the history of carol singing and describes the customs by which it was accompanied. She has also supplied plentiful notes for the explanation of time-darkened allusions and doubtful meanings, and a very full glossary. The book is one of the most interesting of the attempts that are being made to revive interest in medieval Christmas customs.

"STEP BY STEP"

THERE is no better reading for young people nor, when it is done well, none out of which they get more satisfaction than biographical narratives of the lives of great and good men and women. Prof. Abram S. Isaacs of the University of New York makes a worthy addition to this kind of literature in "Step by Step" (Jewish Publication Society of America), which pictures the early life of Moses Mendelssohn. It is intended especially for the reading of Jewish children, but other young people, and through them the whole world, would profit by the reading of such works, since they make for the lessening of racial antagonism.

LITERARY NOTES FROM LONDON

A Gossip Round the Town and Its Resultant Budget of Book News

LONDON, Dec. 14.—At the moment publishers are having a bit of a rest, for the winter books are all out and the spring ones are only being taken in hand. So one finds, as one goes round the book world, men with leisure for half an hour's gossip, and that, somehow, always leads to views of forthcoming books. I hear, for example, that Mr. Holman Hunt, who was so great as an artist and so charming as a man, has left something in the nature of an autobiography. It is not exactly a full record of his own life, or a full sheaf of memories of his celebrated friends. Rather this litetrary legacy consists of some chapters of autobiography, but they will make a book.

Another thing which I hear has reference to the writings of George Meredith. When a great author dies there are a certain number of literary scribes who get to work, in a chronicle and comment way, upon his books. This process has begun in relation to Meredith, whose writings, being in the very finely woven style, make endless material for the commentator. Years ago a Browning Society was founded for the study and, may I add? elucidation of Browning. Probably we shall be having a Meredith Society, although the idea would merely have amused him. There has just been issued a volume which gives us, quite ably, an interpreation of "Meredith's Allegory, The Shaving of Shagpat." Now, as to that, I am told by an old friend of Meredith, that what he wrote and meant in "Shagpat" was fantasy, not allegory; and that when people spoke to him about it as an allegory he would always, gently and charmingly, put them right.

Mr. Clement Shorter and some other of our critics have been high in praise of a first novel entitled "The Broad Highway," which came out a few weeks ago. Arrangements have, I am told, been made for its publication in America by the firm of Little, Brown & Co. The author's name is Jeffery Farnol, a name so fresh and well compounded for a new novelist that it might almost be a pseudonym chosen for effect. Mr. Farnol belongs to the English Midlands, but, I gather, his home is in Kent, whose lanes and roads and picturesque woods he knows well. That friendly intimacy has to do with the novel, because it is a romance of Kent—a romance somewhat in the style which we associate with George Borrow. "As I sat of an early summer morning in the shade of a tree eating fried bacon with a tinker," says the hero of the tale at the outset, "the thought came to me that I might some day write a book of my own: a book that should treat of the roads and by-roads, of trees and wind in lonely places, of rapid brooks and lazy streams, of the glory of dawn, the glow of evening, and the purple solitude of night. * * *" Well, that was the note in Mr. Farnol's mind when he set to his book, which you will make acquaintance with in the goodness of a little time.

Are hundred guinea prizes for first novels or best novels worth the trouble they give? Any how, can the writing of good novels be stimulated in this way? One of our leading publishers, Mr. Fisher Unwin, has had two such competitions, and summing them up, in their broad results, he says they have been disappointing. "Hundreds of manuscripts," he tells us, "were sent in, but the average of literary merit was a low one, and only five volumes were published as the outcome of the two competitions. This result would suggest that the undoubted present-day tendency toward commercialism in novel waiting has produced a certain decay. The causes of this decay are, of course, far to seek, but possibly too much consideration of such facts as length, shape, weight and size and what one may call the so-much-per-thousand spirit are to some extent responsible." There Mr. Unwin is quite right, as he also is when he says to the young author: "Don't bother about the material points of a novel, but concentrate on sound literary work."

The trouble is in England, as no doubt it is in America, that if you are to make much of a living out of novels you must write for the big public; in other words, for the market. Time and again I have seen the London papers blazing in commendation of novels into which the writers had put real literary flavor and artistry; those novels which came like a breath of spring on to the desks of weary reviewers. By and by you would meet the writers of the said novels, and you would congratulate them, and they would say, "Yes, but you know there's been no sale worth talking about." It is a sad problem this, which one puts in the words: The better a novel in literary touch and color, the poorer its sale. Of course, the great novel is not counted into this reckoning up of the situation, because its human qualities force it along with readers who would not look at it for its literary talent. I am speaking of the average state of things, and since a novel writer has to pay his way through the world, like other people, he must make a certain amount of money. Posthumous fame is often a monument to what its subject has suffered while he was alive.

Affairs would be so much better if we only had in England more domestic servants with literary tastes. The remark pulls you up suddenly, with surprise, because you may not know that we have been "discovering" various London maids of this perfection and talking about them. There is one in Kensington who reads Tolstoy, George Eliot and De Maupassant translated into English. She has even tried "The Secret of Hegel," but gave that up after a twenty-four hours struggle to read it. There is another in Bayswater who dotes on Dickens, Dumas and Harrison Ainsworth, and who talked in raptures to her mistress about—what do you think?—"Madame Bovary"! Somewhere in another part of London there is a cook who reads "The Cloister and the Hearth" time and again, and who bursts into tears about the beautiful speech of Portia in "The Merchant of Venice." You see we are getting on, although we live in what geographies call the Old World.

JAMES MILNE.

AMONG THE AUTHORS

MR. WILLIAM J. LOCKE has returned to England in time for the Christmas holidays after a prolonged visit to this country. Although a keen and interested student of the various aspects of American life, which he has seen in the West and on the Pacific Coast, in the Southwest and the South, it is said that he has no intention of concerning himself with this field in his forthcoming novel, which will probably be completed and issued late in the Spring or early in the Summer.

MRS. FRANCES HODGSON BURNETT has chosen Miss Maria L. Kirk to illustrate her novel, "The Secret Garden," which will be published next Fall. Miss Kirk—an illustrator of many books for children—made her first trial this year as an illustrator for older people, with twelve paintings for "The Story of Hiawatha."

MRS. KATHERINE CECIL THURSTON, the author of "Max," has just returned to London from Paris, where she spent the autumn. She writes to friends in America that she hopes to come here within the next few months.

MR. HERBERT WESCOTT FISHER, author of "Making Life Worth While," is a native of Rhode Island and a graduate of Yale. Three years ago he took charge of the English department in an out-door boys' boarding-school in the mountains of Southern California. Two years later he returned to New York to practice law.

SIR W. ROBERTSON NICOLL thus disposes of one pathetic story of a novelist's hardships: "I learn from my friend Arthur Spurgeon, that while it is true that R. L. Stevenson received 100 pounds on account of royalties for 'Treasure Island,' up to the present Messrs. Cassell have paid to him and to his executors 4,400 pounds for the book."

MR. EMERSON HOUGH, author of "The Purchase Price," etc., is a noted hunter, as well as a writer of books, and was reported recently as planning a trip after big game in Africa. It appears, however, that Asia is his "spot," owing to the alleged presence in the northern corner of China of a rare kind of long-haired tiger. One recalls Col. Sellers and his cry, "Asia's my spot!"

MRS. GERTRUDE ATHERTON, after two weeks spent at Asheville, N. C., has returned to New York, and expects to stay in this country until after her play has been brought out in the early Spring by Mrs. Fiske.

MR. JAMES O. KALER of Portland, Me., brought out thirty-two years ago "Toby Tyler; or, Ten Weeks with a Circus," by "James Otis," and it is credited with a larger sale than any other boy's book of its kind. Now approaching 60, Mr. Kaler is at work on another "Toby Tyler" book. He wrote a sequel to the first one some years ago, called "Mr. Stubbs's Brother," meaning the monkey in the circus.

MR. REDFERN MASON, author of "The Song Lore of Ireland," has received from Mr. Justin McCarthy a letter in which the historian says:

> The work is all the more valuable to me because it is the work of an Englishman who is thoroughly sympathetic with the Irish nature, with Ireland's history, with Irish literature, and Irish music. * * * I am sorry to have to write to you through the mechanical medium of the typewriter; but my sight has become so weakly of late years that I am not allowed to use the pen for anything much beyond a mere signature.

DR. EMIL REICH, who died this month in London, made up his mind in his thirtieth year that the study of books and documents gave no satisfactory comprehension of history, and so went out into the world to learn from life. He spent five years in the United States, four in France and thirteen in England, and became known as an historical writer.

JUDGE JOHN S. TARKINGTON, author of "The Hermit of Capri," told this: "The new census makes us a great city, but when I came to Indianapolis it was a straggling town of 10,000. I lived at the Governor's house, and he used to make it his business to see that the State House was locked up every night." If too busy to lock it up himself he used to send young Tarkington across the street to do so. These days are recorded in "The Conquest of Canaan" and in "Beasley's Christmas Party," by the Judge's son, Booth Tarkington.

THE POEMS OF EUGENE FIELD

A Completé Edition Affords Occasion for an Estimate of the Value of His Work

IT IS an essential quality of lyric verse that it must be enjoyed in bits. Each song is complete in itself. To read through a whole book of lyrics would be like sitting through a whole long evening of ballad-singing. If the lyrist were the greatest in the world, and the singer the most divinely voiced of the tribe, the thing would still remain dreadful.

The critic who sits down to appraise the collected works of a lyric poet finds himself handicapped by this limitation of the lyrist's art. He must view the work in mass. Yet lyrics are things of a fleeting mood, weavers each of its own spell, to break which and plunge into another spell, induced by another lyric, spoils both. And if you repeat and extend the process often enough, the spells presently refuse to work at all. The total impression blurs into the chaos of things from which the poet snatched the separate bits of enchantment his words are meant to reconstruct for you.

In the case of the present edition of Eugene Field's poems*—an edition which assembles in a single fat volume the contents of many thin ones—there is, of course, the satisfaction of having so many old friends put where one can always find them. But mingled with that satisfaction is a sense of loss. In the first place, the verses of versemakers like Eugene Field properly belong in thin volumes—not in fat ones. Moreover, after having looked over the fat volume, picked out the old friends—the child pieces, mainly—and discovered some new favorites that you had somehow missed before, you find your total impression of the poet dimmed rather than sharpened. That part of Eugene Field's work which was sheer journalism in rhyme—and there is a great deal of it—has naturally shared the fate of all such things as are journalistic and, therefore, in terms, ephemeral. It has lost its savor of timeliness, and the keen edge of its wit is buried in the oblivion of the incidents which inspired it. Thus many a quip of which you cheerished a piquant memory falls flat.

Again, with the verses all strung together, another fact—one you were hardly aware of, perhaps—is thrust brutally upon your attention; and this, too, is a penalty of the versemaker's relation to the daily press. It is the journalistic practice of working over precisely the same material, often with the old phrases merely rearranged, to fit each new occasion. In other and blunt words, you are pained to discover that in this volume of Eugene Field's verse, half the text is almost literal repetition of some other part of the text, while much of it has been said over three or four times. Very likely no single set of verses, considered apart from all the others, is the worse for the line which it shares with another set or other sets of verses. But with two or a dozen such sets of verses before you, there is a frightful sense of monotony and a suspicion driven firmly home that Field's poetic stream was exceedingly thin.

No doubt, in fact, it was a mere rivulet, though there is such wide variety of subject in what he has written. This volume is packed full of that variety—Western verses, New England verses, verses celebrating the Yankee in Europe, songs of the booklover, the winebibber, the pie-eater, the cure-taker, the curio-hunter, mock-antique ballads both grave and burlesque, political skits, Christmas hymns, Horatian carmina—to say nothing of the child verses, quaint or sad, or humorous, or merely nonsensical, which for charm can be matched, perhaps, only by the inimitable fooling of Lewis Carroll.

In the bird's-eye (or small critic's-eye) view, then, the sum of the impression of Eugene Field recalled from a fat volume of his collected verses, is that he was a versatile, clever and amusing rhyming journalist—and a wonderful nursery poet.

The clever rhyming journalist's work is still recent enough to amuse and even delight a great many of us. There are bits of it that may continue to amuse the curious of the next generation. The nursery poet's work—much of it, or some of it—is, we may suppose, a permanent contribution to that literature of which the nursery is as much a province as the court or the battlefield. In the child's garden of verses (which is really, of course, the grown-up child-lover's garden, since children prefer dolls and tin soldiers and red drums to poems about these things) bits like "Shuffle-shoon and Amber-locks," "Seein' Things," "Pittypat and Tippytoe," "Wynken and Blynken and Nod" and some of those sad little songs that hover over the empty cradle, will bloom a long time. They will bloom in that little plot betwixt nursery window and the little mound beyond, alongside lovely and gracious fancies of other poets—some greater, some lesser—but all of those that suffer the little children to come unto them and forbid them not.

The present volume contains a large number of translations, more or less free, from Horace, and such more modern lyrists as Heine and Béranger. Of all the collection these seem least worthy of preservation. However, there are many whose interest in Eugene Field is so personal that these performances also have their rightful place in the book.

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*THE POEMS OF EUGENE FIELD. Complete edition. Charles Scribner's Sons. [illegible]

CHILDREN'S PICTURE BOOKS

THREE Kate Greenaway books offer their touch of winsomeness for the children's Christmas. "Under the Window" and "Marigold Garden" are of pictures and rhymes, while the third is "The Pied Piper of Hamelin" ($1.50 each). Many of the rhymes of the two former are lilting nonsense jingles, such as little folk dearly love to repeat in sing-song tones until their tongues tire; others put into neat rhymes some of the thoughts and feelings of youngest childhood. The colored pictures, which fill a good part of every page, present the same dainty, graceful, quaint little maids and their chubby little brothers that have long been familiar in Miss Greenaway's work. The illustrations of the Pied Piper book are in soft, subdued tones, and are nearly all full-page. They do not very much Germanize the appearance of the children and they give to the Piper quite an Oriental and mysterious suggestion. (Frederick Warne & Co.)

A little book that will be dearly loved by the smallest tots who are beginning to take an interest in literature tells in simple words "The Tale of Mrs. Tittlemouse" (Warne, 50 cents). It is by Beatrix Potter, who has made also a lot of dear little pictures, which are reproduced in color, of the alert figure and tireless labors of Mrs. Tittlemouse.

"The House in the Wood and Other Fairy Stories" (Warne, $1.35) contains ten favorite fairy stories from Grimm, including such as "Snow-White and Rose-Red," "The Brave Little Tailor," "The Table, the Ass, and the Cudgel," illustrated particularly well in colors and line drawings by L. Leslie Brooke.

FOLK PLAYS

ESPECIALLY intended for school use in the grammar grades, the little dramas in Constance D'Arcy Mackay's "The Silver Thread, and Other Folk Plays for Young People" (Holt, $1.10) are quite as suitable for presentation by all sorts of youthful clubs or societies. They have already stood successfully the test of production by several associations and settlements in New York and Boston, and parts of some of them have been used in conjunction with the folk dances given annually by New York school children in the parks and playgrounds. The volume contains eight plays, taken from the folk tales of as many widely different sources: the Cornish mines, the forests of the Rhine, the steppes of Russia, the fells of Lincolnshire, the Irish sea-coast, Brittany and Northern Italy. Each play is prefaced by a brief note explaining its origin, and a description of its scene-settings and costumes.

MLLE. MARGUERITE AUDOUX, author of a novel which has just taken the Goncourt prize, is a seamstress and very poor. Her book is the story of a peasant girl's unhappy life, and although nothing original happens in it, it is so written that it seems original. Mr. J. N. Raphael is translating it from the French.

IN SWITZERLAND

"Recollections of an Old Mountaineer" Covering a Quarter of a Century

THE gathered experiences of twenty-six seasons of Alpine climbing and Swiss exploration are surely enough to justify even so substantial a volume as the "Rocollections of an Old Mountaineer."* And yet Mr. Larden himself has a modest doubt of his ability so to write as to reproduce in his reader the mental ecstasy of lofty wanderings, of the successful ascent and of the well earned rest. It is true enough that these delights cannot be experienced vicariously, but none the less the author need have no misgivings. In spite of a very evident desire to keep his own personality in the background and to avoid the common error that results in a mere catalogue of adventures he succeeds in giving us an admirably balanced picture of life in the Swiss mountains, a picture that assigns a due place to the valleys as well as to the peaks, to the villages and the people as well as to the couloirs, the crevasses and the glaciers.

Mr. Larden seems to think that Switzerland as a health resort is degenerating. Indeed, he says so. There was a time when the visitor must breath the cold mountain air or none at all, when a single stove in the living room was the only source of heat, and when the cooking of simple food was a subsidiary detail of hotel life. But now has come the day of "central heating" and of hothouse interiors. In salon, salle à manger, passage and bedroom alike there is the all-pervading odor of food, and the Winter visitor to Switzerland who supposes that he will "pick up" is more likely to reverse the process unless he is strong enough and valiant enough to stay outdoors all day. The seeker of health, says Mr. Larden, would do well to avoid Switzerland in Winter time or prepare himself to defy the hotel keeper and all his work. Switzerland, in short, has contracted the disease of civilization.

The author must have had many hair-breadth escapes during his twenty-six seasons, but he is distinctly miserly in telling us of them, and this is to be regretted, as his narrative style is excellent. One such escape of which he does tell us was on the Matterhorn and, as his guide reminded him, "the Matterhorn is always the Matterhorn." Eleven hours of continuous climbing brought them to the top and to a situation that justified a frankly confessed state of "funk." A storm of thunder, lightning and snow raged around them:

> My inborn dread of the mountains came back strongly; and I certainly did not expect to get down in safety. It is really a great strain when one feels pretty sure that the slip will come sooner or later. Franz descended last, as chief guide. It was not encouraging when the first man, who like myself had no axe, asked to be let down the full eighty feet of the rope when I, untied, stood in a step to one side. I don't think that there could well be a more lonesome position than mine; untied, on a slope of ice that ended in mist through which black spaces indicated awful depths; and not even the comfort of an axe as a support; getting a twich, too, whenever it lightened. We took one hour getting down the roof, and one hour down the ropes and chains.

The guide, meanwhile, derived some mysterious satisfaction from indicating the various spots where fatalities had occurred. "Here fell Herr ——." "Here was found Herr B's body," etc. By such cheerful gossip did he lighten the way.

Mr. Larden is well advised is addressing his book neither to the expert nor to the layman but in steering a course between the two. Experts, after all, are in a very small minority even among Swiss visitors, while the average climber is usually a novice, or nearly so, among the mountains. Apart from a right understanding, which is the peculiar gift of Providence, he needs good advice more than anything else, and here he will find it in abundance. He is duly warned against solitary excursions, against the eccentricities of guides, and against the many breaches of mountain propriety that seem trivial enough but that may so easily cost many lives. Indeed, a tone of gentle admonition pervades the book.

Some exquisite photographs, a chapter on ancient house inscriptions, and a glossary of mountain terms complete a work that may be read with as much pleasure by the impenitent city or plains dweller as by those who follow in Mr. Larden's footsteps.

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*RECOLLECTIONS OF AN OLD MOUNTAINEER. By Walter Larden. Illustrated. Longmans, Green & Co. $4.

THE MARTIN CHILDREN

THOSE two very human youngsters, "Phoebe and Ernest" (Holt, $1.50), of the Martin household who have been delighting the readers of one of the magazines, make their début between book covers, a few more incidents having been added by their creator, Inez Haynes Gillmore, to those already published. Although the book is concerned with the high school days of a brother and sister and although other boys and girls in their teens will doubtless read it with some appreciation, it is the adult mind that will smile over its pages with clearest understanding. The two young people, just trembling on the verge of womanhood and manhood, the father and mother absorbed in their children, are a very living reflection of an American household in a suburban town. They are all, as some one says of Phoebe, "just spilling over with suppressed character." And the author's sense of humor gives a pungent flavor to every incident and situation. Illustrated by R. F. Schabelitz.

"CHRISTMAS TREASURY"

A REMARKABLE collection of verses, songs, carols and hymns concerned with Christmas is made and edited, in "The Christmas Treasury" (Baker & Taylor Co., $1.25), by Temple Scott, who writes also a pleasant introduction. The several sections of the book divide the poems and songs into those voicing the spirit of the Christmas of the home, the feelings of the wanderer, the inner spiritual significance of the holy day and the Christmas of religion, while two are devoted to Christmas carols and Christmas hymns. The selections range from Martin Luther and his times down through the centuries to our own generation and Andrew Lang, Rudyard Kipling, G. K. Chesterton and Bliss Carman.

"LISTEN TO ME STORIES"

THE wonderful adventure of a brave little Scotch maid who went in search of a pot of gold and what came of it, the even more marvelous experiences of a little Cornish lad when he went out for an afternoon's sail, the curious things that happened to a leap-year boy and several other entertaining narratives are to be found in Alicia Aspinwall's "Listen to Me Stories" (Dutton, $1.50). Four of its half-dozen tales have been previously published. And all of them are just the kind of stories that little folk love to read or have read to them.

Now is the time for an open fire,
an easy chair, and the new novel

JIM HANDS

which the best reviewers say is:—

"A novel of vital and abiding interest."
"Full of delicious and lovable humor."
"An artistic success approaching perfection."
"A book one welcomes with delight."
"Crowded with human documents which Jim unfolds with all the gifts of a born teller of stories."

GET THE BOOK AND READ IT YOURSELF, FOR THERE NEVER WAS ANOTHER LIKE IT, OR ONE HALF AS GOOD

Published at $1.50 by THE MACMILLAN COMPANY Publishers, 64-66 5th Ave.

BOSTON LITERARY NOTES

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—The income derived from her books placed Mrs. Eddy first, in one sense, among the authors of the American Athens; so she may smile serenely (though posthumously) at the stern denial of the London papers that she was a descendant of Sir John McNeill, once British Ambassador to Persia. All his descendants can be traced, says The Spectator, and there was no sort of relationship between them and Mrs. Eddy. Well, what is a mere Ambassador, that one should desire to be reckoned as his kinswoman?

Miss Edith Thomas he sets down as the best of living American poets after Aldrich and Holmes. He met her in New York, to thank her for the pleasure that her work had given him in the tropics, and found her "a thin, sepulchral, black-robed goblin-like creature." and yet "radiating goodness through her mourning, a light oozing through a pitcher of obsidian. She seems to know life only as concrete pain. And still her work has a lightness, a Spring-glow, a beauty that would seem inspired by the possession of all earthly happiness." Scattered everywhere in the book are fragments of similar frankness.

It is better to consider the ways of Lafcadio Hearn with Mr. Kipling, as they are written in the newly published "Japanese Letters." He fairly loses his head over "The Rhyme of the Three Sealers," overlooking the allegory alleged to be concealed within it for the delectation of the book-trade; and after that "most frightful" "Light that Failed," he cries: "What a most damnable thing civilization must be to create such a writer! What complexities of suffering, of knowledge, of penetration, of toleration, of all accursed experience, and of all diabolical intuition are summed up in that one young life! Goodness, how small it makes me feel to read that man."

In one matter, however, Hearn gave undeserved credit. He only, says Mr. Hearn, has seized that astonishing fact and pulled it into the light about the doing of the world's work by boys. Setting aside the rhapsodies of some hundreds of writers about Napoleon, it may be worth while to recall Charles Russell Lowell's valedictory address on "The Reverence due from Old Men to Young." He virtually told the elders that the world belonged to the young, not because of their strength and spirit, but of their fresher and purer ideals. This was in 1854, and Lowell himself was only nineteen. He died ten years later.

The Emerson Journals are selling very rapidly—partly, it is thought, because it is known from perusal of the first two volumes that they are not a mere repetitions of the essays, but reveal many secrets of the writer's inner life, intellectual and spiritual. No one who has found in Emerson a master and friend can afford to neglect these rich and fruitful volumes. The first two are now receiving acclaim in London.

Messrs. Little, Brown & Co. will soon begin to publish the promised Modern Criminal Science series, the volumes of which are chosen by a committee appointed by Prof. John Wigmore, President of the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology. Two volumes are nearly ready and others are soon to follow.

STEPHENSON BROWNE.

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"CHATTERBOX" for 1910 is out (Dana Estes, $1.25), with its usual lot of stories of adventure by sea and land, school stories, natural history, poetry and general information. There are few books in which there is so much good reading-matter for the money.

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QUERIES AND ANSWERS FROM READERS

Authorized Version of "The Lesson of the Water Mill" by Sarah Doudney—The Authorship of "The Old Canoe"—"Longing" by James Russell Lowell—Valuable Panoramic Views of Old New York—John Entick's English Dictionary

COMMUNICATIONS intended for this column should be written on one side of the paper only. They must contain the name and address of the writer, though, if preferred by the inquirer, initials only will be printed. While the endeavor will be made to answer all queries of interest in the order in which they are received, this cannot always be accomplished.

R. E. J.—I have been unable to find an authorized copy of Miss Sarah Doudney's poem, "The Lesson of the Water-Mill." Will you kindly publish it in Queries and Answers? I do not recall ever having seen it correctly printed.

The following letter has been received from Miss Doudney, together with an autograph copy of her poem, which we print below, and thus end the controversy over its authorship:

The Pioneer Club,
London, W.

Dear Sir: Accept my sincere thanks for your honest vindication of my claim to my own poem. Little did I know, when I wrote it, that it would become a bone of contention! For a long time I believed that my claim was firmly established because, as you know, the proofs were in the hands of Mr. William Isbister. But two or three years ago I had to defend myself against a spiteful attack in Mr. O'Connor's paper—the charge of being a deceiver was brought against me, quite unexpectedly, in a most insulting manner. With respect to Mr. McCallum, I think it is likely that he did not intend the verses he wrote as an improved version of mine to appear in public. His book, you say, was printed for private circulation. However, in literary matters, some people appear to have no conscience at all. I am greatly interested in the Review of Books, which you kindly send. What a readable paper it is! With all good wishes for a happy Xmas, I am yours faithfully, SARAH DOUDNEY.

Nov. 29, 1900.

THE LESSON OF THE WATER-MILL.

Listen to the Water-Mill;
Through the live-long day
How the clicking of its wheel
Wears the hours away!
Languidly the Autumn wind
Stirs the forest leaves,—
From the field the reapers sing
Binding up their sheaves;
And a proverb haunts my mind
As a spell is cast,
"The mill cannot grind
With the water that is past."

Autumn winds revive no more
Leaves that once are shed,
And the sickle cannot reap
Corn once gather-ed;
Flows the ruffled streamlet on,
Tranquil, deep, and still,
Never gliding back again
To the water-mill;
Truly speaks the proverb old,
With a meaning vast,—
"The mill cannot grind,
With the water that is past."

Take the lesson to thyself
True and loving heart;
Golden youth is fleeting by,
Summer hours depart;
Learn to make the most of life,
Lose no happy day,
Time will never bring thee back
Chances swept away!
Leave no tender word unsaid,
Love while love shall last;
"The mill cannot grind
With the water that is past."

Work while yet the daylight shines,
Man of strength and will!
Never does the streamlet glide
Useless by the mill;
Wait not till to-morrow's sun
Beams upon thy way,
All that thou canst call thine own
Lies in thy "to-day";
Power and intellect and health
May not always last,
"The mill cannot grind
With the water that is past."

O the wasted hours of life
That have drifted by!
O the good that might have been,—
Lost, without a sigh!
Love, that we might once have saved
By a single word,
Thoughts conceived, but never penned,
Perishing unheard;—
Take the proverb to thine heart,
Take, and hold it fast,—
"The mill cannot grind
With the water that is past."

(Signed) SARAH DOUDNEY.

ARKANSAS.—I wish some "high brow" of the literary world would solve the problem of the dual authorship of poems, "The Old Canoe" being an example of this, as will appear from the following: In response to the request of a correspondent THE SATURDAY REVIEW of Sept. 17 published the poem, and mentioned Gen. Albert Pike as the author. This was challenged by a gentleman in THE REVIEW of Oct. 8, who claimed it as the work of Miss Emily Rebecca Page, residing at the time at Bradford, Vt., near the Connecticut River, and as literary editor of a New England publication, and desiring to set at rest the question of authorship he wrote to Gen. Pike, who replied that "he did not write the poem and never had claimed it."

This is one phase of the problem; now here is another. The Arkansas Gazette, in an article as to the authorship of "The Old Canoe," has this to say in its issue of the 30th ult.: "This poem was published in The Tribune, a Little Rock paper, of 1844. Judge W. F. Pope, an Arkansas historian, says:

"'In the columns of this paper (The Tribune) appeared for the first time the oft-published poem, "The Old Canoe," whose parentage has been variously claimed. This beautiful poem has been attributed by some to Gen. Albert Pike, but Gen. Pike never, to my knowledge, claimed its authorship. This poem was written by Thomas J. Worthen of Little Rock, a young man of much literary promise. Mr. Worthen was a contributor to the literary columns of The Louisville (Ky.) Journal and other periodicals. This brilliant young man was stricken with consumption, and died at an early age.'"

The Gazette concludes its article as follows: "In a paper on old days in Little Rock, Mrs. Harriet Woodruff Jabine said that she cut out 'The Old Canoe' when it was first published and put it in her scrapbook, which was unfortunately lost. 'I am truly sorry,' wrote Mrs. Jabine, 'for it would establish the authorship for Tom Worthen better than my words at this late day.'

"Worthen, who died before he was 30 years old, wrote under the pen name Aleiphron."

In THE REVIEW article of Oct. 8, the gentleman says he knew Miss Page personally, that she died in 1862, age 32, and that "she was not 17 years old when she wrote the poem; it was the best she ever wrote, and was widely copied." This data would fix the time of the poem as 1847, so here is the problem of dual authorship of "The Old Canoe"; it stands thus: Mr. Thomas J. Worthen of Little Rock, Ark., 1844; Miss Emily Rebecca Page of Bradford, Vt., 1847.

FANNIE L. BUNNELL.—Would you kindly publish the poem "Longing," by James Russell Lowell?

Below we give the poem asked for by our correspondent:

LONGING.

Of all the myriad moods of mind
That through the soul come thronging,
Which one was e'er so dear, so kind,
So beautiful as Longing?
The thing we long for, that we are
For one transcendent moment,
Before the Present poor and bare
Can make its sneering comment.

Still, through our paltry stir and strife,
Glows down the wished Ideal,
And Longing molds in clay what Life
Carves in the marble Real;
To let the new life in, we know,
Desire must ope the portal;
Perhaps the longing to be so
Helps make the soul immortal.

Longing is God's fresh heavenward will
With our poor earthward striving;
We quench it that we may be still
Content with merely living;
But, would we learn that heart's full scope
Which we are hourly wronging,
Our lives must climb from hope to hope
And realize our longing.

Ah! let us hope that to our praise
Good God not only reckons
The moments when we tread His ways,
But when the spirit beckons—
That some slight good is also wrought
Beyond self-satisfaction,
When we are simply good in thought,
Howe'er we fail in action.

AUDUBON—I have a colored print, a "Panoramic view of New York," taken from the North River, drawn and engraved by Robert Havell and printed by W. Neale (1844.)

Will you kindly inform me through THE SATURDAY REVIEW if the print sold recently at an auction sale for $500 was similar to the one that I have?

Two panoramic views of New York were painted, engraved, and published by Robert Havell in 1844. One is a view from the East River, the other from the North River. They generally appear together at auction. At the Neill sale last season they brought $375 and at the Holden sale $570. The Holden copies have the brilliant original coloring and wide margins, and are in proof condition. A finer pair, it is said, does not exist. The price paid for them holds the record. The Holden copies were sold as one lot. The Neill copies were sold separately, the North River view realizing $220 and the East River view $155.

C. C. J.—I have a copy of Entick's Dictionary, printed in 1802, with Grammar of the English Tongue, by William Crakelt. The book is in good state of preservation, but of course shows age.

Will you kindly inform me through THE REVIEW of it has any special value?

John Entick says in an "Address" prefixed to his new Latin and English dictionary, published in 1771, that for half a century he was engaged either as tutor, schoolmaster, writer, or corrector for the press. He also published in 1764 a spelling dictionary. He died in 1773, aged about 70 years. William Crakelt and others edited his dictionaries repeatedly down to 1836. The copy our correspondent has is of no special value.

Answers from Readers

S. E. SHERMAN.—Inclosed you will find the poem "Paths," by Sam Walter Foss, two verses of which were published in your issue of Nov. 5 in answer to a request from "E. J. W.":

The path that leads to a loaf of bread
Winds through the swamps of toil,
And the path that leads to a suit of clothes,
Goes through a flowerless soil;
And the path that leads to a loaf of bread
And the suit of clothes is hard to tread.

And the path that leads to a house of your own
Climbs over the bouldered hills,
And the path that leads to a bank account
Is swept by the blast that kills,
But the men who start in the paths to-day
In the lazy hills may go astray.

In the lazy hills are trees of shade
By the dreamy brooks of sleep,
And the rollicking river of pleasure laughs
And gambles down the steep;
But when the blasts of Winter come
The brooks and the river are frozen dumb.

Then woes to those in the lazy hills
When the blasts of Winter moan,
Who strayed from the path of a bank account
And the path to a home of their own.
These paths are hard in the Summer heat,
But in Winter they lead to a snug retreat.

F. T.—In your REVIEW OF BOOKS of Nov. 5 I find a note from Marguerite Burdakin replying to "J. S. M." and speaking of a legend. I find in my scrapbook the inclosed

(Continued on page following)

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Answers from Readers

(Continued from preceding page)

verse from a monkish legend which may be the one "J. S. M." is seeking:

A New Version of Why the Robin's Breast is Red.

(Derived from a Monkish Legend of the Twelfth Century.)

By PAUL H. HAYNE.

Know you why the robin's breast
Gleameth of a dusky red,
Like the lustre 'mid the stars
Of the potent planet Mars?
Tis—a monkish myth has said—
Owing to his cordial heart;
For, long since, he took the part
Of those hapless children, sent
Heavenward, for punishment;
And to quench the fierce desire
Bred in them by ruthless fire,
Brought on tiny bill and wing
Water from some earthly spring,
Which in misty droplets fell
O'er their dwelling of unrest,
While the sufferers' faces grew
Softer 'neath the healing dew.
But, too far within that hell
Venturing, some malicious fiend—
A small devil, hardly weaned.*
Seized bold Robin in his claw,
And athwart the flames did draw
His poor body, until fled
Sight of eyes and sense of head,
Scorched he lay and almost dead.
Then, a child whose tongue and brow,
Robin's help had cooled but now,
Clutched the baby-fiend in ire,
And in gulfs of his own fire
Soused the vile, misshapen elf.
Fluttering upward, scarce himself,
After all the pain and fear
Of his horrid sojourn there
In that realm of flame and smoke,
Lo! earth's happy sunlight broke
On the bird's dazed view at last;
But the ordeal he had passed
Left a flame spot widely spread
Where the wind blown feathers part
Just above his loyal heart,
So the Robin's breast is red.

---

*In the popular theology of the Middle Ages that place which should "never be mentioned to ears polite" was regarded as a marvelous breeding place for devils. Some of the pictures of that epoch contain startling representations of the "seat of bale," liberally besprinkled—not with water certainly, but with groups of infantile fiends and their affectionate "dams," more hideous than Sykorax, but very attentive to their maternal duties.

A. MYERS.—In answer to "M. L. D.'s" inquiry, would say the words of the hymn "Just for To-day" were written by Eben E. Rexford and music by Victor H. Benke. The words are as follows:

My Father, this I ask of Thee—
Knowing that Thou wilt grant my plea—
For this, and only this, I pray,
Strength for to-day—just for to-day.

CHORUS.

Strength for each trial and each task,
What more, my Father, should I ask?
Just as I need it, day by day,
Strength for my weakness—this I pray.

I do not ask a lifted load,
Nor for a smooth and thornless road;
Simply for strength enough to bear
Life's daily burdens anywhere.

Strength for the present hour and need—
This given, then I'm blest indeed;
For each day as it comes will bring
Sufficient strength for anything.

Strength for to-day, that I may make
Some sad souls glad, for Jesus' sake;
Then they, with me, at eve shall say,
Thank God for strength He gave to-day.

HARRY COHN.—Answering appeal of A. Seldin, Oct. 15, the lines similar to those he quoted, beginning, "Yes, loving is a painful thrill," can be found in Moore's poems, "Odes to Anacreon," XXIX.

E. F. K.—Can any of your readers give me the poem complete, which starts thus:—

Oh that those lips had language!
Life has passed with me but roughly since
I heard thee last.
Those lips art thine, thine own sweet smile,
I see
The same that oft in childhood solaced me.

I believe it was written by Cowper.

"A HAPPY LITTLE TIME"

ANY STORY written for little children by Laura E. Richards commands favorable notice, but her latest book, "A Happy Little Time" (Dana Estes, $1.25), deserves especially emphatic mention. The history of how "Betty had scarlet fever, and had to stay in bed, but was not too ill to play and so had a happy little time," is interesting from cover to cover, not only to little but to big folks as well. Moreover, big and little are apt to laugh in exactly the same places—an unusual distinction even for a "book for all ages." Each chapter is entertaining, but perhaps that devoted to the Bottle family is the funniest.

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NEW YORK LITERARY NOTES

History and Fiction for January —Nietzche's Works—Art and Architecture

SEVERAL historical works will be published early in January by Messrs. G. P. Putnam's Sons. "The History of Medicine,'" from its origin to the twentieth century, by Dr. David Allyn Gorton, will give, incidentally, a critical estimate of current medical theories. It is written especially for students. "The Wilderness Trail," in two volumes, with seventy-six illustrations and maps, by Mr. Charles A. Hanna, author of "The Scotch-Irish," etc., gives "the ventures and adventures of the Pennsylvania traders on the Allegheny Path, with some new annals of the old West, and the records of some strong men and some bad ones." Mr. Hanna, who has consulted many unpublished narratives, journals, and maps, corrects various errors.

"A Short History of the Progress of Woman's Rights from the Days of Augustus to the Present Time," by Mr. Eugene A. Hecker, though devoted especially to an account of the status of women here and in England, has also a chapter on women among the Germanic peoples. There will be a "History of Anthropology," by Prof. A. C. Haddon, and a "History of New Testament Criticism," by Mr. F. C. Conybeare. These illustrated books include biographical sketches of great scientific discoverers. "Constitution and Law of the Church in the First Two Centuries," by Prof. Adolf Harnack, and "The Scientific Study of the Old Testament," by Prof. Rudolf Kittel of the University of Leipzig, with 12 plates and sketches in the text, will also appear. Additional "Papers of the American Society of Church History," edited by Dr. Samuel Macauley Jackson, reports the second and third annual meetings held in New York in December, 1908 and 1909.

"Controversial Issues in Scottish History," by William H. Gregg, with more than 300 facsimile reproductions from old chronicles and authentic works, and with maps and illustrations, is published this week by the Putnams. Other books are "Charles II. and His Court," by Mr. A. C. A. Brett, with 16 illustrations; "The Moonlight Sonata, and Other Verses," by M. A. B. Evans; "A Shorter Course in Woodworking," by Mr. Charles G. Wheeler, with about 200 illustrations; and a revised and enlarged edition of "The Art of Revolver-Shooting," with drawings by the author, Mr. Walter Winans, and photographs.

This week Messrs. Harper & Bros. are reprinting Lord Rosebery's new book "Lord Chatham: His Early Life and Connections," and "The Innocents Abroad," by Mark Twain.

A special, large-type, illustrated edition of Florence Morse Kingsley's "Transfiguration of Miss Philura" will be published next month by Funk & Wagnalls Co. This short novel was originally published seven years ago and has been in demand ever since.

Mr. B. W. Huebsch has just reissued "Are You a Bromide?" (eighth edition), by Mr. Gelett Burgess; "The Dragnet" (second edition), by Evelyn S. Barnett, and "Moral Education" (fifth edition), by Prof. Edward Howard Griggs. A special edition of Mr. John Spargo's "Karl Marx" has been bought by the National Labor Press for publication in England. Mr. William De Witt Hyde's "Self-Measurement" is to be translated into Japanese. Bishop Brent's "Sixth Sense" and Mr. Frank Parson's "Legal Doctrine and Social Progress" are postponed until Spring.

Fiction promised for early publication by Messrs. Dodd, Mead & Co.: "What's His Name?" a short character novel, by Mr. George Barr McCutcheon, with full-page color pictures by Mr. Harrison Fisher; "Cynthia of the Minute," an adventure story by Mr. Louis Joseph Vance, illustrated by Mr. A. I. Keller; "Yellow Men and Gold," a story of the "Treasure Island" type, by Mr. Gouverneur Morris; "The Magnet," a story, somewhat in the Chambers vein, of three beautiful girls yachting with their father and an old sea Captain, by Mr. Henry C. Rowland, illustrated by Mr. Clarence F. Underwood, and "The Catspaw," a story of modern life involving a question of law, by Mr. William H. Osborne, author of "The Red Mouse." Novelized versions will also be published of two plays now running in New York, "Mother" and "Baby Mine."

Four more volumes have just been published by the Macmillan Co. in the uniform edition of Nietzsche's works, edited by Dr. Oscar Levy: "The Gospel of Superman: the Philosophy of Frederick Nietzsche," translated by Mr. J. M. Kennedy; "The Will to Power: An Attempted Transvaluation of All Values," translated by Mr. Anthony M. Ludovici, Books III and IV; and "The Joyful Wisdom," translated by Mr. Thomas Common, with poetry rendered by Mr. Paul V. Colin and Maud L. Petre.

Messrs. E. P. Dutton & Co. will soon issue a new Dickens book by G. K. Chesterton, who is the author of "Charles Dickens," in the English Men of Letters series. This will not be a biography, but a series of critical appreciations of the novelist's works by an enthusiastic but discriminating devotee.

This week the Macmillan Company publishes "Some French Kings," by Miss Blanche Behm, dealing with Louis XI, Francis I, Francis II, Charles IX, Henry III and Henry IV. "My children-friends asked me for a history of some French Kings," says the author. "Here it is! It is not meant to instruct but amuse. It is meant to make an impression, to awaken interest, and finally to stimulate to more earnest study." Another book for children is "Three Tales of Hans Andersen," with twenty-two illustrations by Linley Sambourne, printed in large type.

Douglas Jerrold is the subject of a book by his grandson, Mr. Walter Jerrold, which the Macmillans are publishing. It reproduces some of Jerrold's hitherto unknown work; and much space is devoted to an account of the founding and conduct of Punch and of those who were associated with Jerrold in its management.

"A Book of Porcelain," by Mr. Bernard Rockham, published this week by The Macmillan Co., describes the porcelains of China, Japan, Italy, Germany, France and England. Its twenty-eight water-color drawings, mounted on brown mats, show pieces having both a high salesroom value and an aesthetic quality, together with objects having some historical or personal interest.

The English edition of "Who's Who for 1911" has just been received by The Macmillan Co. This is the sixty-third year of the issue of this standard work of reference.

In their Architect's Library, Messrs. Longmans, Green & Co, publish the first volume of "Building Construction," by Messrs. Beresford Pite, Frank T. Baggallay, H. D. Searles-Wood, and E. Sprague, There are 249 illustrations. The library is edited by Prof. F. M. Simpson of the University of London.

"The Pre-Historic Period in South Africa," by Mr. J. P. Johnson, author of "The Stone Implements of South Africa," etc., is based almost entirely on the author's own researches. It contains eight plates and forty-seven other illustrations, and is just published by Messrs. Longmans, Green & Co.

Other books just issued by this house are "A Roman Diary, and Other Documents Relating to the Papal Inquiry into English Ordinations, 1896," by Mr. T. A. Lacey, with bibliography; "The International Relations of the Chinese Empire: The Period of Conflict, 1834-1860," by Mr. Hosea Ballou Morse; "Public Schools for Girls," a series of papers by nineteen headmistresses, edited by Sara A. Burstall, President of the Association of Headmistresses, and M. A. Douglas, also a headmistress; a new and enlarged edition of John Bellows's French Dictionary, revised and extended by Mr. William Bellows and others; "Elementary Principles of Dynamic Flight," by Messrs. T. O'B. Hubbard, Secretary of the Aeronautical Society of Great Britain and other well-known experts; and "Bird Flight as the Basis of Human Flight," recording experiments made by the author and his brother, by Otto Lilienthal, translated by Mr. A. W. Isenthal from the second edition of the original, with illustrations.

To their series of "Garden Flowers in Colors," Frederick A. Stokes Co. will add "Orchids" and "Daffodils," each containing eight illustrations in color made by a new process direct from the original flowers. The text is non-technical and gives directions for cultivation of the flowers described by floral experts. In "Daffodils," it is said that fancy varieties of this flower have recently fetched several hundred dollars a bulb.

The Duttons have just published "The Book of the Animal Kingdom" (mammals,) by W. Percival Westell, describing over 500 kinds of wild beasts with photographs of nearly 300.

Other books published this month by this house are a new translation by Mr. Robinson Smith, of Cervantes's "Don Quixote"; "Lion and Dragon in Northern China," by Mr. R. F. Johnson, with sixty illustrations and maps; "Uganda for a Holiday," by Sir Frederick Treves; two illustrated books on fox-hunting; "Good Sport with Famous Packs," by Mr. Cuthbert Bradley, and a new edition of Vyner's "Notitia Venatica," by the same author, with hand-colored engravings; "The Growth of Napoleon," by Mr. Norman Young; "The Political Development of Japan," by Etsujiro Uyehara; "The Seawolves of the Mediterranean," a history of the Mahommedan pirates, by Commander Hamilton Currey, R. N.; and "Porcelain, and How to Collect It," by Mr. Edward Dillon, M.A.

In the second edition of Miss Georgia Fraser's "Crow-Step," issued by Witter & Kintner, the frontispiece portrait of the heroine and other details have been much improved.

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